

INSTRUCTION SHEET FOR

EXTERNAL-MOUNTING OPTION

MASTER RATIO MODULE

MODEL L722

MODEL L723

MODEL L777

(FREQUENCY INPUT) (CURRENT SIGNAL INPUT)

(VOLTAGE SIGNAL INPUT)

Before installing this module, a TECHNICALLY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL who is familiar with this type of equipment and the hazards involved, should READ this ENTIRE INSTRUCTION SHEET.

INTRODUCTION

The Master Ratio module, Model L722, converts a (master reference) frequency signal to DC voltage and produces five independent DC-voltage-(ratio)--outputs, each with its own gain and bias adjustments.

The Master Ratio module, Model L723, converts a (master reference) 4-20mA current signal to DC voltage and produces five independent DC voltage (ratio) outputs, each with its own gain and bias adjustments.

The Master Ratio module, Model L777, accepts a master speed signal input, either AC or DC, and produces five independent DC voltage (ratio) outputs, each with its own gain and bias adjustments.

RECEIVING

All equipment is tested against defect at the factory. Report any damages or shortages evident when the equipment is received immediately to the commercial carrier who transported the equipment. Assistance, if required, is available from your MagneTek sales representative.

INSTALLATION

WARNING

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE CAN CAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH. LOCK ALL POWER SOURCES FEEDING DRIVE IN "OFF" POSITION.

- 1. Disconnect all electrical power to Drive.
- 2. If being used with a 460V GPD 602, remove Drive front cover for access to terminals r1 and s1.
- 3. Verify that voltage has been disconnected by using a voltmeter to check for voltage at incoming power terminals.

IMPORTANT

This instruction sheet describes direct interconnection with GPD drives. Other applications are possible; interconnection should be modified as necessary for the specific installation.

4. Mount the Master Ratio module in the desired location (see dimensions in Figure 1).

CHANGE RECORD	
1 STD-4373 8-14-90 RPR	

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Table 1. Specifications and Characteristics of Master Ratio, Model L722 or Model L723

Model		L722	L723	
AC Power Supply		220 VAC (180 to 242 VAC), 50/60Hz across term. 2 & 4. 200 VAC (170 to 220 VAC), 50/60Hz across term. 3 & 4.		
AC Power Supply Capacity		Approx. 6VA		
Rated Input Signal		0-2KHz at terminals 7 & 8	4-20mA at terminals 7 & 8	
Rated Input Resistance		1.2Κ Ω	250 Ω	
Signal Voltage Level		Hi: 8.4 V min.; Lo: 1.4 V max.		
Output Character- tstics (5 independent outputs)	Rated Output Signal	+10V, 2.5mA		
	Rated Min Load Resistance	4ΚΩ		
	Ratio Setting Range	0 to 100%		
	Bias Satting Range	±30%		
	Zero-point Offset Voltage	±30 mV max.		
	Zero-point Temperature Drift	1mV/°C max.		
	Input/Output Linearity	.2% max.		
Operation Temperature		-10 to +55°C		
Storage Temperature		-40 to +85°C		

Table 2. Specifications and Characteristics of Master Ratio, Model L777

AC Power Supply Capacity			220 VAC (180 to 242 VAC), 50/60Hz across term. 2 & 4. 200 VAC (170 to 220 VAC), 50/60Hz across term. 3 & 4. Approx. 6VA	
		pacity		
Input Signal Characteristics AC Input Signal AC Tach-Gi Input Signal DC Voltage Signal	Input	Shunt Selectors	S-1, S-3, S-5 (factory set)	
		AC Input Voltage	242 VAC, 60Hz or 220 VAC, 50Hz max. at term. 6 & 8	
	Oignai	AC Input VA	Approx. 0.3 VA (220V, 60Hz)	
		Shunt Selectors	S-1, S-3, S-5 (factory set)	
	Tach-Gen	AC Input Voltage	50 VAC max. at term. 7 & 8 (V/F 30V/50Hz)	
		AC Input VA	1Approx. 0.1 VA (35V, 540Hz)	
		Shunt Selectors	S-2, S-4, S-6	
		Input Voltage	±10 VDC, 2.5mA	
		Input Resistance	Approx. 4K Ω	
Output Character- istics (5 independent outputs) Rated Output Signal Rated Min Load Resistance Ratio Setting Range Zero-point Offset Voltage Zero-point Temperature Drift Input/Output Linearity		Rated Output Signal	+10V, 2.5mA	
		3	4K Ω	
		Ratio Setting Range	0 to 100%	
		Bias Setting Range	±30%	
		Zero-point Offset Voltage	±30 mV max.	
		Zero-point Temperature Drift	1mV/°C max.	
		Input/Output Linearity	1% max.	
Operation Temperature		' 0	-10 to +55°C	
Storage Temperature			-40 to +85°C	

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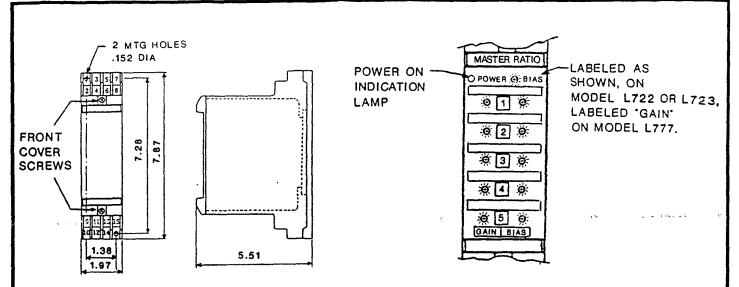


Figure 1. Master Ratio Module

SHUNT SELECTORS

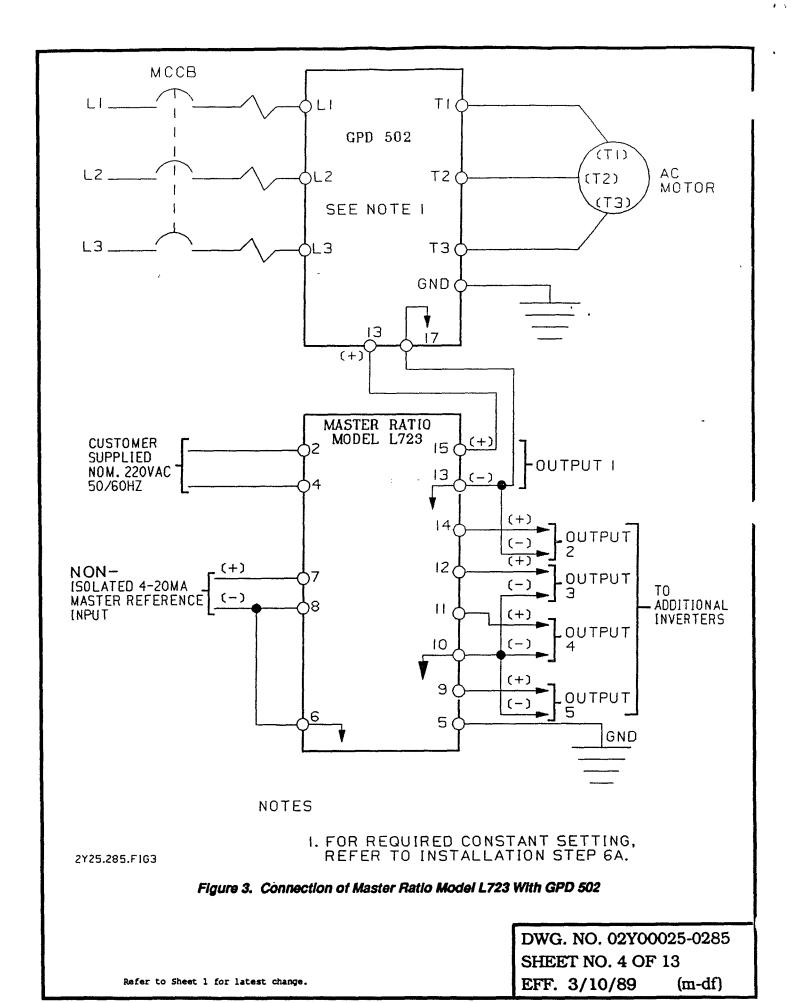
Figure 2. Model L777 Shunt Sleictors

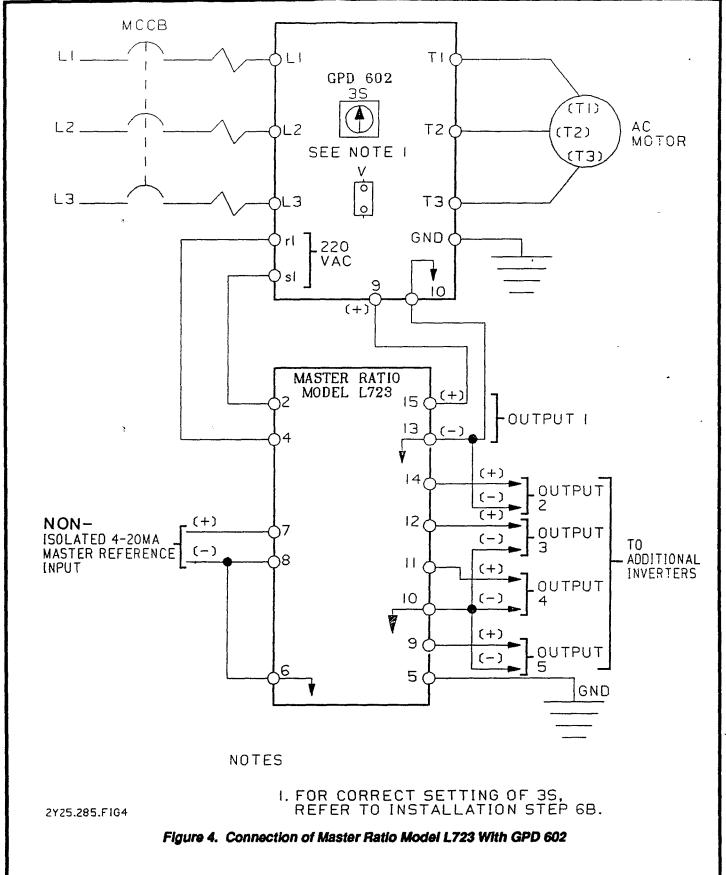
IMPORTANT

If Master Ratio module Model L777 is to be used with a DC voltage signal input, - loosen the front cover screws, pull out the circuit board and switch over the shunt selectors (see Figure 2) from S-1 to S-2, from S-3 to S-4, and from S-5 to S-6. Then secure the module and tighten the front cover screws.

5. Make connections according to the appropriate connection diagram – see Figures 3 thru 6.

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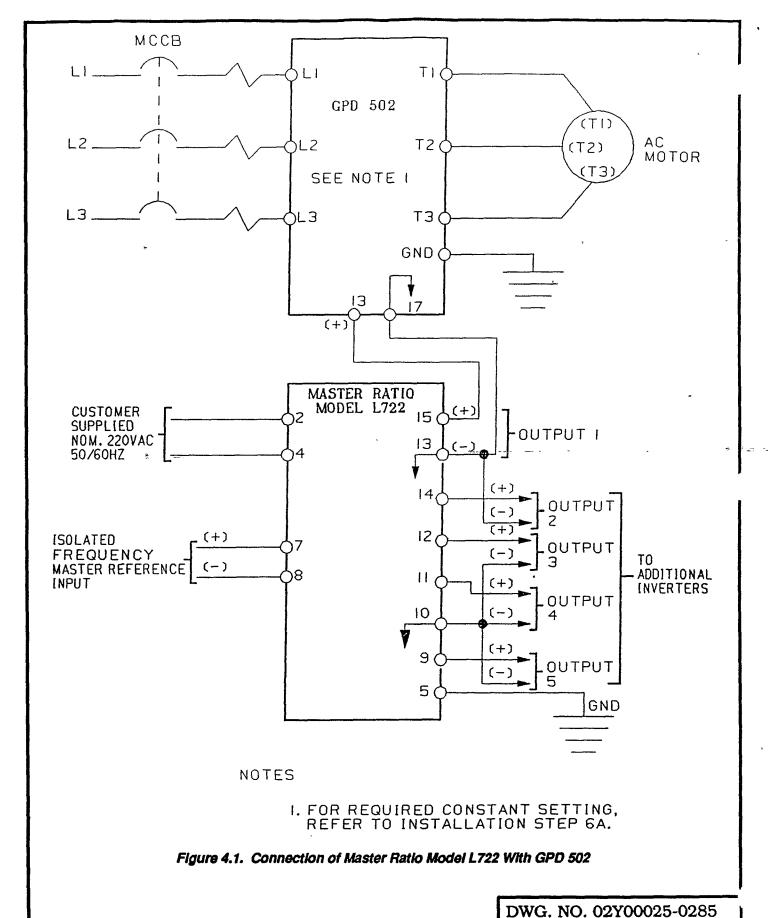




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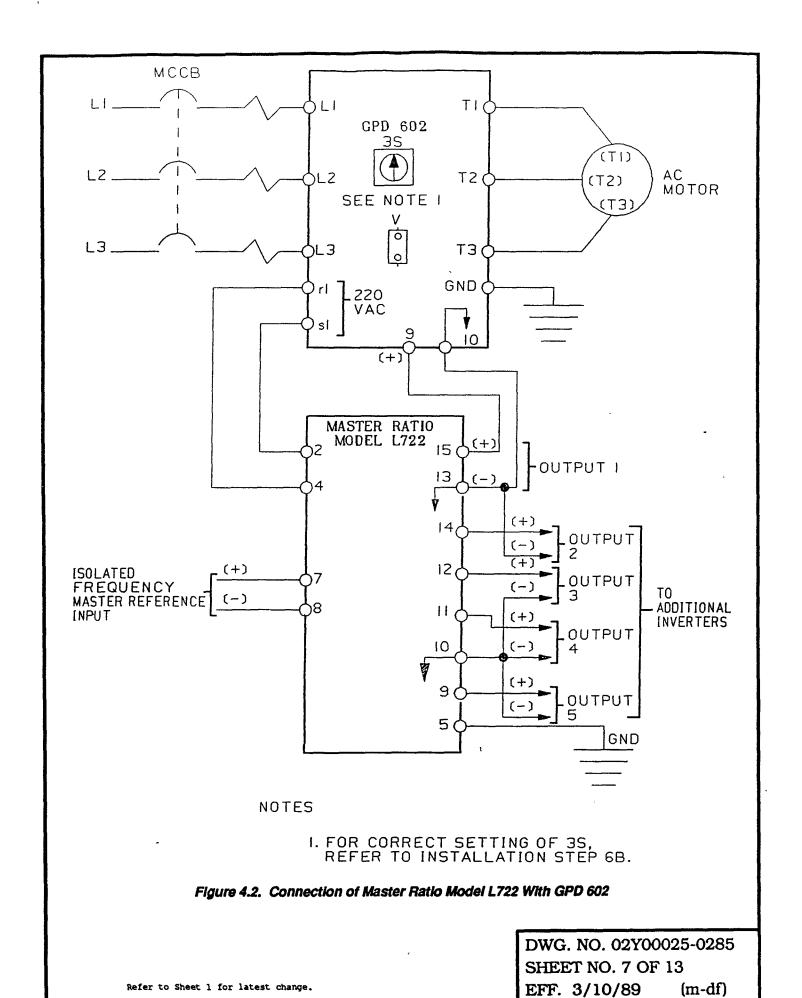
Refer to Sheet 1 for latest change.

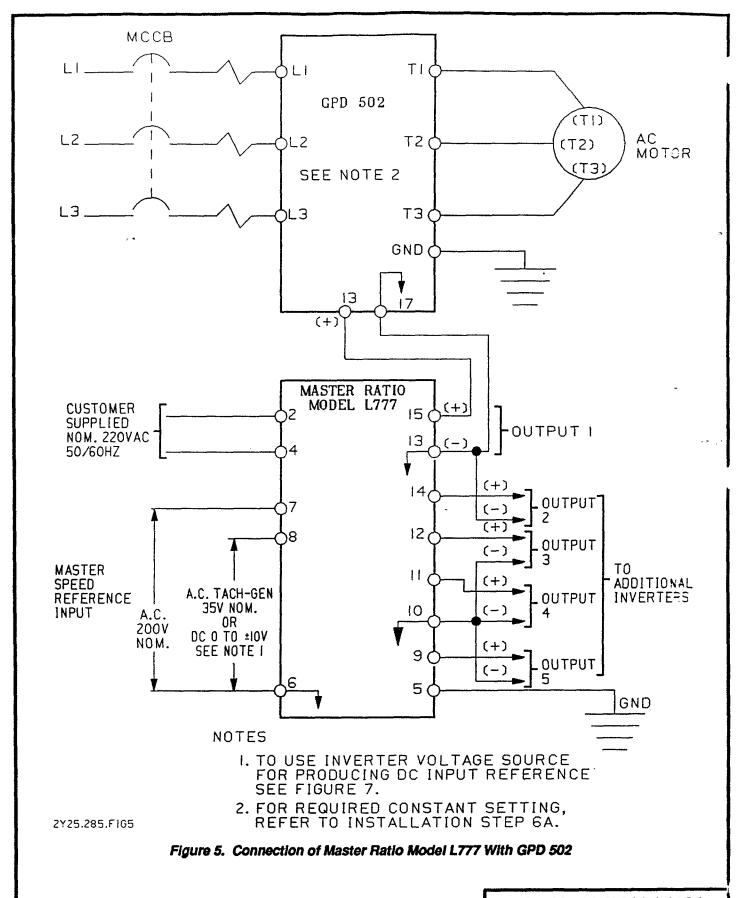
EFF. 3/10/89 (m-df)



Refer to Sheet 1 for latest change.

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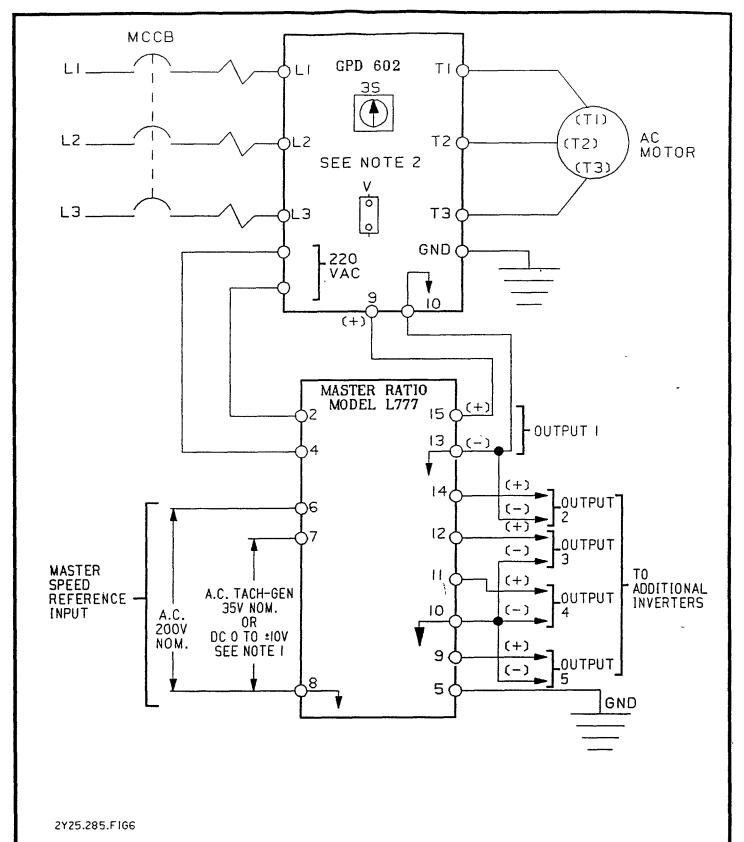


Figure 6. Connection of Master Ratio Model L777 With GPD 602

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Refer to Sheet 1 for latest change.

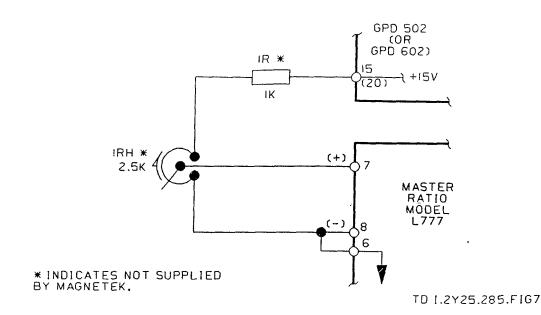


Figure 7. 0 to 10 VDC Master Reference Circuit Using GPD +15V Supply

6. Inverter Setup Requirements

A. GPD 502

If Direct Proportional control is required (Figure 8), set system constant Sn-04 to 0000.

If Inverse Proportional control is required (Figure 8), set Sn-04 to 0100.

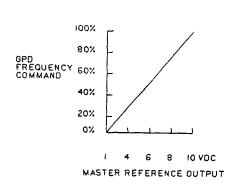
Refer to the GPD 502 Technical Manual for constant setting instructions.

B. GPD 602

If Direct Proportional control is required, switch 3S on the Control PCB should remain at the factory setting of "0" with EPROM 503302 and above present (e.g NSH503305; P/N 97S01000-0001), or "F" with EPROM 500707 and above (e.g. NSH5a00712; P/N 97S01200-0001).

If Inverse Proportional control is required, set switch 3S to "C" with EPROM 500707 and above. (Inverse Proportional control cannot be used with EPROM 503302 and above.)

(A) DIRECT PROPORTIONAL



(B) INVERSE PROPORTIONAL

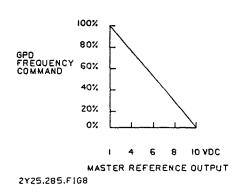


Figure 8. Master Reference/Inverter Frequency

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Refer to Sheet 1 for latest change.

ADJUSTMENTS

7. <u>Description of Master Ratio Model L722 and Model L723 Operation</u> (Ref. Figure 9 & 9.1)

The input signal applied to terminals 7 and 8 is converted to a voltage signal of 1 to 5V by the I/V converter. 1V is subtracted from this voltage signal by the factory-adjusted BIAS adjustment, and it is then amplified to produce a voltage signal of 0 to 10V at TP-4. The 0 to 10V signal is then applied to five independent ratio circuits, each with its own GAIN and BIAS adjustments. Each output signal can be adjusted in the range of 0-100% (gain), with ±30% bias.

8. <u>Description of Master Ratio Model L777</u> <u>Operation</u> (Ref. Figure 10)

The module is shipped with the circuit board set up to receive an AC master speed signal. Terminals 6 and 8 are used for a nominal 200 VAC signal, and terminals 7 and 8 for a nominal 30 VAC (AC tach-gen) signal. The input signal is reduced to 5 VAC by transformer 2T and then passed through the AC/DC converter circuit to give a 0 to 10 VDC signal at TP-4.

Where a DC master speed signal is to be used, the circuit board must be prepared by switching the shunt selectors from S-1 to S-2, from S-3 to S-4, and from S-5 to S-6. This bypasses transformer 2T.

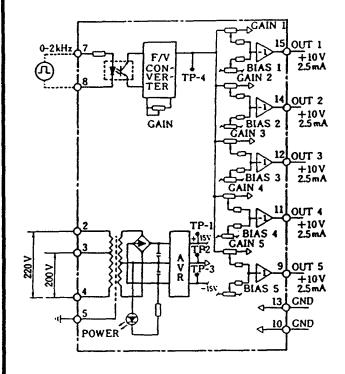


Figure 9. Master Ratio Model L722 Schematic

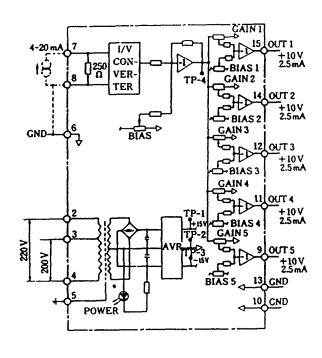


Figure 9.1. Master Ratio Model L723 Schematic

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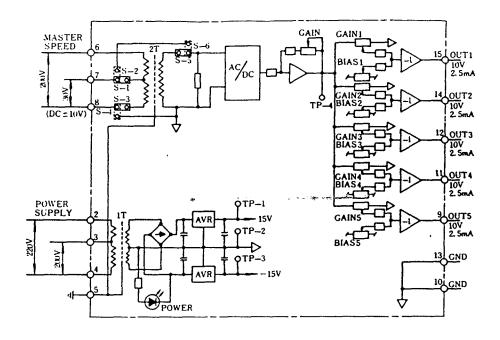


Figure 10. Master Ratio Model L777 Schematic

Regardless of whether the DC input is positive or negative polarity, the output of the AG/DC converter circuit is the same 0 to 10 VDC produced from an AC input signal.

The 0 to 10V signal is then applied to five independent ratio circuits, each with its own GAIN and BIAS adjustments. Each output signal can be adjusted in the range of 0-100% (gain), with ±30% bias.

9. <u>Setting AC/DC Converter Gain (Model L777)</u> (Ref. Figure 11)

Before making output signal adjustments, check that the AC/DC converter output is correct. With maximum master reference signal applied to the module, measure for +10 VDC from terminal 15 (+) to terminal 10 (-). If necessary, adjust the "GAIN" potentiometer (through access hole next to "POWER" LED) to obtain the correct voltage.

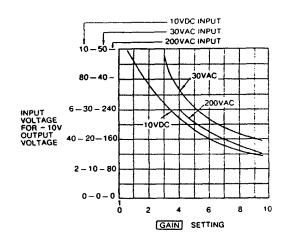


Figure 11. AC/DC Gain Adjustment

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10. Setting Bias and Gain of Outputs

NOTE

Master Ratio modules are shipped with all output "GAIN" potentiometers set to maximum and "BIAS" potentiometers adjusted for o VDC output at minimum (0%) master speed input.

Refer to Figure 12. Make adjustments for each of the outputs that will be used. With master speed signal at minimum (0%), adjust the output's "BIAS" potentioneter to obtain the desired minimum output voltage.

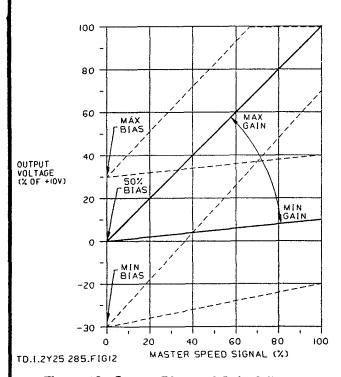


Figure 12. Output Bias and Gain Adjustments

Then increase the master reference signal to maximum, and adjust the output's "GAIN" potentiometer to obtain the desired maximum (100%) output voltage level and/or ratio profile.

NOTE

Space is provided on the front of the module so that each output can be labeled as desired.

- 11. Reinstall and secure front cover on GPD 602 drive, if removed per Step 2.
- 12. Place this instruction sheet with your Drive's Technical Manual.

This completes installation of this module.

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