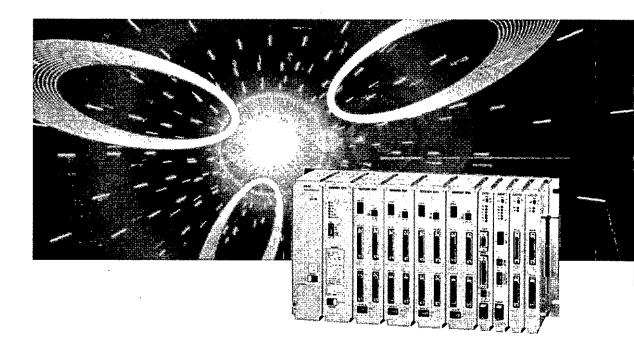
Machine Controller CP-9200SH/PO-01

MOTION CONTROLLER USER'S MANUAL

PULSE-OUTPUT TYPE





This is the User's Manual for the Pulse-output Motion Controller. This provides information about a motion module, PO-01, one of the modules for Machine Controller CP-9200SH (hereafter called "CP-9200SH").

This manual describes the software for the PO-01 module (the basic specification, functions, examples of user's programs, and motion parameters). Refer to the "CP-9200SH User's Manual" for the hardware of the PO-01 module (the outline drawing, display lamps, setting switches, connectors, and examples for connecting to motion drives).

The CP-717, which is described in the document, refers to the Control Pack CP-717 (hereafter called "CP-717"), one of the peripheral units of CP-9200SH. The CP-717 operates on Windows95 and Windows NT4.0. Refer to the manuals for more details.

Refer to the manuals indicated below regarding matters that concern the CP-9200SH.

<Relevant documents>

Document No.	Name of document	
KAE-C879-40	CP-9200SH Catalog	
SIE-C877-17.4	CP-717 Operation Manual - Windows version (Vol.1)	
SIE-C877-17.5	CP-717 Operation Manual - Windows version (Vol.2)	
TOE-C877-17.7	CP-717 Instructions - Windows version	
SIE-C879-40.1	CP-9200SH User's Manual	
SIE-C879-40.2	CP-9200SH Servo Controller User's Manual	
SIE-C879-40.3	CP-9200SH Programming Manual	
SIE-C873-16.4	FDS System Installation Manual	

- ◆ Windows 95 and Windows NT4.0 are trademarks of Microsoft corporation, USA.
- ◆ Ethernet is a registered trademark of Xerox USA Corp.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

• For correct use, be sure to read the Instruction and Maintenance Manual, this supplementary manual, and other attached documents thoroughly before use (installation, operation, maintenance, inspection, etc.). Also, be sure to use the equipment upon acquiring a thorough knowledge of the equipment, the safety information, and all of the precautions.

Be sure to store the documents at a place where they may be readily available for anyone using the device.

"Safety Symbols" Used in this Manual

In this manual, the following symbols are used according to the descriptions on safety.

\wedge	WARNING	○ Warning ¹
		Indicates cases where erroneous handling may lead to a dangerous situation that accompanies the possibility of death or serious injury.
	CAUTION	○ Caution
\ \(\(2 \cdot \c		Indicates cases where erroneous handling may lead to a dangerous situation that accompanies the possibility of medium or light injury or only material damage.
	MANDATORY	○ Mandatory
		Indicates that grounding must be provided.
	PROHIBITED	○ Prohibited
		Strong indication of a prohibited matter which may otherwise lead to serious results depending on the circumstances.

● In this manual, matters, that do not correspond to being a "WARNING" or a "CAUTION" should be adhered to by the user and are indicated next to the relevant items.

1 MOUNTING

Λ

WARNING

Be sure to perform mounting and dismounting work after turning OFF the power.

There is danger of electric shock, death, or serious injury if work is performed with the power ON.

Λ

CAUTION

Use the product in an environment described in the "CP-9200SH User's Manual."

Electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occur if the product is used in an environment with high temperature, high humidity, dust, corrosive gas, vibration, or shock.

Specifically, avoid use in the following environments.

- Places exposed to direct sunlight or places where the ambient temperature falls outside the range, 0 to +55°C.
- Places where the relative humidity falls outside the range, 5 to 95%, and places where dew condensation may
 occur due to sudden changes in humidity.
- Places with corrosive gas or flammable gas.
- · Places where vibration or shock may be transmitted directly to CP-9200SH.
- Places where the product may get splashed with water, oil, chemicals, etc.
- The product should be mounted in accordance with the instructions described in the Instruction Manual.
 Improper mounting may cause accidental fall, failure, or malfunction.
 - ① Fasten mounting screws securely

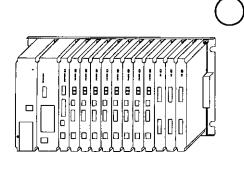
Be sure to securely fasten the mounting screws for CP-9200SH and the fixing screws for terminal blocks so as not to allow them to loosen.

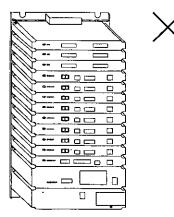
A loose screw may result in the malfunction of the CP-9200SH.



② Install the product correctly.

Incollect installation may lead to abnormal heat generation and failure.





Do not put foreign matters such as wire junks into the unit.

These may cause fire, failure, or malfunction.

2 WIRING

↑ CAUTION

Connect the power supply conforming to the rated power.

Connecting a power source not conforming to the rated power may cause fire.

For the PS-01 power supply 85 VAC to 132 VAC or 90 VDC to 140 VDC For the PS-02 power supply

For the PS-02 power supply 170 VAC to 230 VAC

For the PS-03 power supply 19.2 VDC to 28.2 VDC

Only qualified personnel is allowed for wiring works with the manual.

Wrong wiring may cause electric shock, fire, or failure.

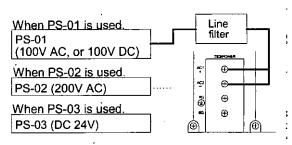
CONNECT THE INTERFACE SECURELY!

• Insert and fix the connectors of the various interface cables to be connected to CP-9200SH securely.

WHAT SHOULD BE DONE WHEN POWER SUPPLY IS UNSTABLE?

When power supply is unstable, connect a line filter to the power supply line.

This will prevent malfunction of the CP-9200SH caused by noises.

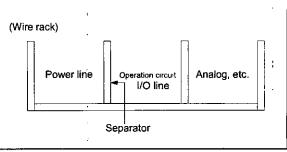


LAY THE EXTERNAL WIRING CORRECTLY.

- Select the I/O lines (external wiring) for connecting CP-9200SH with external equipment in consideration of following.
 - · Mechanical strength
 - · Influence of noise
 - · Wiring distance
 - · Signal voltage, etc.

Lay and wire I/O lines apart from the power lines at the interior and exterior of the control panel.

This will help in reducing the influence of noise.



3 PRECAUTIONS UPON USE

WARNING

Do not touch the terminals while the power is ON.

There is danger of electric shock.

Provide an emergency stop circuit, interlock circuit, etc. at the exterior of CP-9200SH.

When it is anticipated that a failure of the CP-9200SH may cause operators to be hurt or products or peripheral units to be damaged, incorporate an emergency stop circuit or interlock circuit outside the CP-9200SH.

To start up the CP-9200SH by connecting a machine, make sure that the CP-9200SH can be stopped at any time for emergency.



CAUTION

Changing the program, performing forced output, and performing operation such as RUN, STOP, etc.
while CP-9200SH is running may cause program errors and operation errors which may lead to
damage of the machine or to accidents.

Perform these upon adequate verification and with the utmost care.

4 MAINTENANCE AND DISPOSAL

MARNING

Connect plus⊕ and minus⊖ poles of the battery correctly.
Do not charge, disassemble, heat up, throw into fire, or short-circuit the battery.

There is danger of explosion or firing.

A CAUTION



PROHIBITED

Do not disassemble or modify.

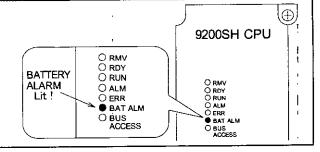
There is danger of fire, failure, or malfunction.

CAUTION

Handle the product as industrial waste upon disposal.

BE CAREFUL OF THE BATTERY LIFE.

Be careful of the battery life.
 Lighting of the Battery Alarm lamp tells the life end of the battery. Replace it for a new battery following



5 GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

the battery replacement procedure.

PRECAUTIONS ON APPLICATION

CP-9200SH is not designated or manufactured for use in devices or systems that concern people's lives.

Users who intend to use the product described in this manual for special purposes such as devices or systems relating to transportation, medical, space aviation, atomic power control, or underwater use must contact Yaskawa Electric Corporation beforehand.

This product has been manufactured under strict quality control guidelines. However, if this product is to be installed in any location in which a failure of CP-9200SH involves a life and death situation or in a facility where failure may cause a serious accident, safety devices MUST be installed to minimize the likelihood of any accident.

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1 OUTLINE

This chapter describes the system configuration diagram, the operating method, and the outline of units. Be sure to read through this chapter because it provides the basis for using the module.

1.1 System Configuration

The CP-9200SH is an integrated controller provided with all general functions required for a machine controller.

Using user's programs allows users to freely design sequences suitable for machines or motion control.

The CP-9200SH consists of the following modules. Refer to the "CP-9200SH User's Manual" for details of each module.

Configuration of CP-9200SH

Power supply module

Available for 24V, 100V, and 200V.

· Mounting base

Available are the short mounting base and the long mounting base.

Up to 4 mounting bases can be connected.

CPU Module

Up to 2 CPU modules can be mounted. Each of them executes user's programs independently.

Motion modules

There are two types of modules; an SVA module of analog output type and a PO-01 module of pulse-train output type (the current module). Up to 16 motion modules, including all types of motion modules, can be connected to a motion module.

The PO-01 module has such position control functions as positioning, zero point return, interpolation, constant speed feed, and constant step feed, and can be connected with a pulse motor driver of up to 4 axes. The PO-01 module can be mounted with up to 16 pieces (module No. 1 to 16), and can control up to 64 axes.

The SVA module has such functions as positioning, speed control, torque control, and phase control, and can be connected with a servo driver of up to 4 axes. And also it is provided with such functions as the reversible counter, interval counter, and frequency measurement unit so that it can be used as general-purpose counter module. The SVA module can be connected to up to 11 pieces (module No. 1 to 11), and can control up to 44 axes.

The SVB module has position control functions such as positioning, zero point return, interpolation, constant speed feed, and constant step feed, and can be connected with MECHATROLINK supported servo drivers and I/Os of up to 14 axes.

Up to 16 SVB modules (Module No. 1 to 16) can be mounted to control up to 224 axes.

The SVB module can be also connected to CP-216 supported inverters such as VS-616G5 and VS-676H5 using CP-216 transmission.

· Communication module

Various interface modules such as the CP-215 interface module, CP-216 interface module, and RS-232 interface module are available. The CP-717 is connected to the RS-232 interface module or CP-215 interface module.

I/O modules

Can be connected with the local I/O and the 2000 series I/O modules.

Others

Also available is a module for connecting between mounting bases.

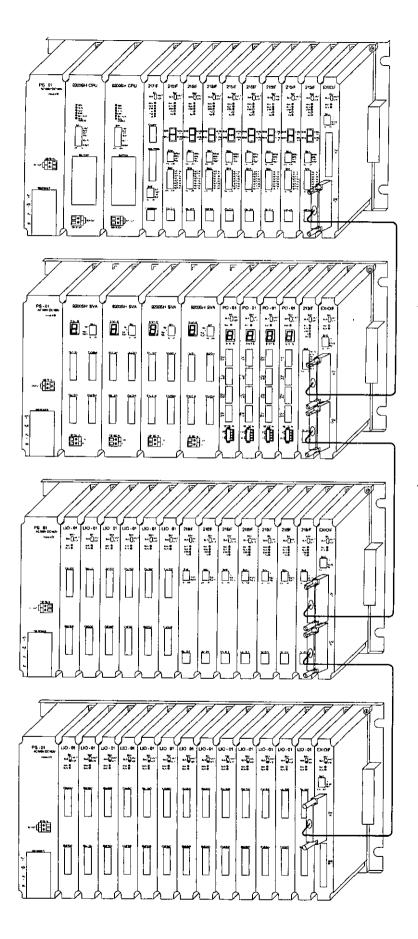


Fig. 1.1 CP-9200SH (Long mounting base)

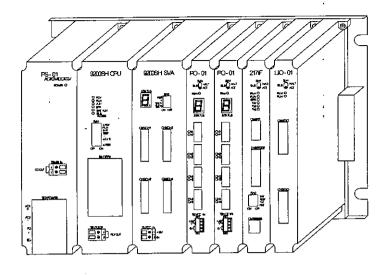


Fig. 1.2 CP-9200SH (Short mounting base)

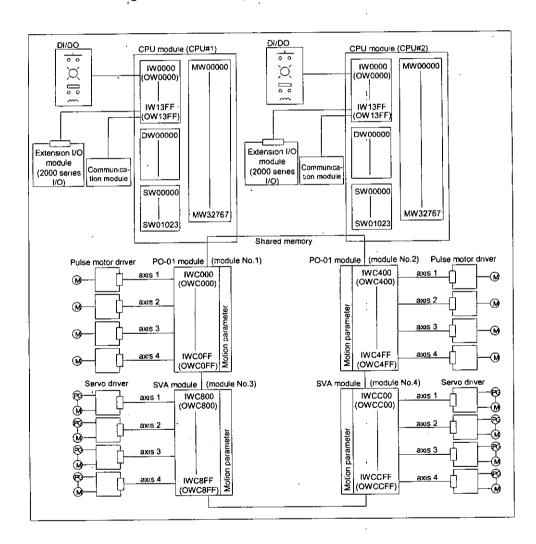


Fig. 1.3 Connection between CP-9200SH and its peripheral units (Software)

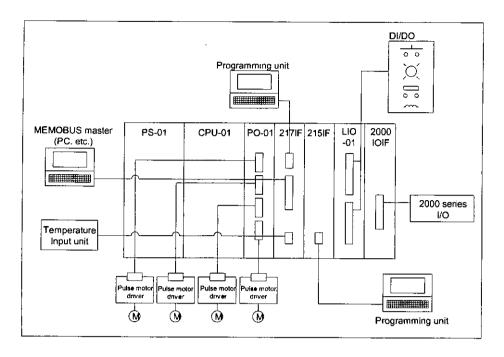


Fig. 1.4 Connection between CP-9200SH and its peripheral units (Hardware)

Table 1.1 List of Registers

Register Type	Description
SW (System register)	Holds the operating status of the system or error information.
IW (Input register)	The I/O register directly connected to the hardware accessible to the CPU module such as DI/DO and 2000 series I/O, and the CP-215 or CP217 which is accessible by the transmission route.
OW (Output register)	Hardware and I/O registers are allocated at the CP-717 Module Configuration Definition Window. IW(OW)C000 to IW(OW)FFFF are used for transferring motion parameters. Accessible to both CPU#1 and CPU#2.
MW (DWG common register)	The general-purpose register common to each DWG. Used for transferring data between DWGs. Transferring data between CPUs is also allowed by defining a part of this register at CP-717. Refer to the "Shared Memory Allocation Window" of CP-717.
DW (DWG individual register)	The general-purpose register individual to each DWG. Therefore, one DWG register cannot refer to other DWG register. Using this register will make it simple to package software.

1.2 How to Run PO-01 Module

First, allocate a module No. to the PO-01 module. Setting motion parameters after this will allow motion control to be performed. Designing these motion parameters freely by user's programs provides motion control suitable for machines.

Allocating module Nos.

Perform the allocation at the "Module Configuration Definition Window" of CP-717.

■ Data transfer between CPU module and PO-01 module

Data are transferred via the motion parameter. The motion parameter is divided into the following three types.

(1) Motion fixed parameter

A parameter which will, once set, normally be never changed as long as the configuration or specification of a machine is not changed. Set it with the "Fixed parameter" tab of the motion CP-717. Changing the motion fixed parameter will result in initializing the motion monitor parameter such as the calculated position of the machine coordinate system.

(2) Motion set parameter

This parameter is used for commanding the PO-01 module by the CPU module. At the beginning of high-speed scan, the parameter is transferred to the PO-01 in a batch. Motion control can be performed only by setting this motion parameter.

(3) Motion monitor parameter

This parameter is used for reporting from the motion module to the CPU module. At the beginning of high-speed scan, the parameter is transferred to the CPU module in a batch. This parameter is also applied for application control and debugging user's programs.

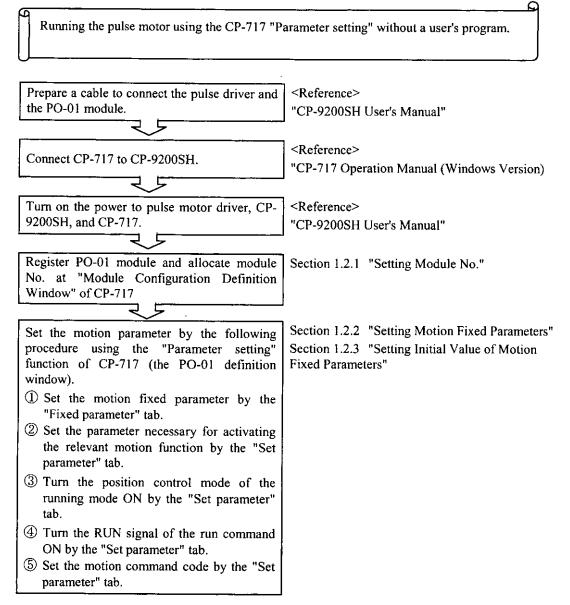


Fig. 1.5 Pulse Motor Operating Procedure

Now, let's prepare a simple user's program. Here is an example of the constant speed feed which is the simplest one for checking the operation of the pulse motor.

Using the user's program, set the motion parameters which have been set by the "Parameter setting" function at the "Pulse Motor Operating Procedure" in Fig.1.5

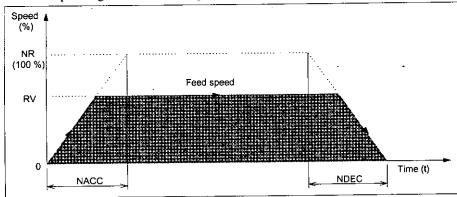


Fig.1.6 An example of Constant Step Feed

<Pre><Preconditions>

Motor rated revolution speed : NR=400r/min

Command unit : in the unit of pulses

The number of pulses per one revolution of motor : 2000 pulses Maximum frequency of pulse output : 100 kHz

Set the parameters mentioned above by the "Fixed parameter" tab of CP-717.

<Operation Conditions>

Running mode : Position control mode
Linear acceleration time : NACC=0.5 seconds
Linear deceleration time : NDEC=0.5 seconds
Motion command code : constant speed feed
Rapid feed speed : 400000 pulses/min

Under the conditions mentioned above, the first axis of module No.1 is used.

For example, Fig. 1.7 shows Fig.1.6 expressed in the programming language. Refer to Chapter 5, "Motion Parameter" for the register (OWxxxx) to be used.

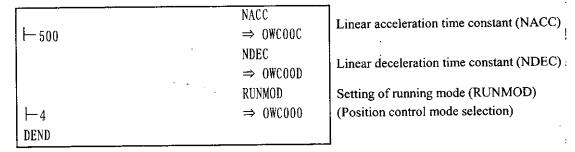
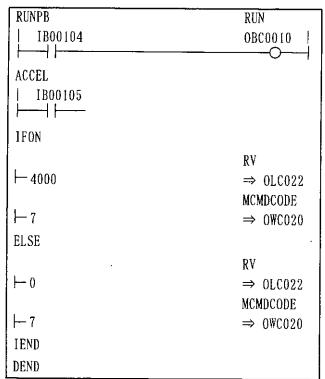


Fig.1.7 Initial Setting (DWG A01)

Although the user's program is prepared at DWG.A for initial setting in the example of Fig.1.7, the initial values of the motion set parameters can be saved by "saving" after having set the initial values by the "Set parameter" tab of CP-717. The saved initial values are automatically set to the motion parameters when the power of CP-9200SH is turned on. Therefore, this is equivalent to the method by which the user's program is prepared at DWG.A for initial setting. Considering the easiness of initial setting, the method by which the initial values are set by the "Set parameter" tab and then saved is recommended.



Run command to driver (Magnetization ON)

Turning IB00104 ON leads to starting the constant speed feed.

When the acceleration command (IB00105) is turned ON, the constant speed feed is performed at 400000 pulses/min in the acceleration time (NACC). Turning the IB00105 OFF leads to decelerating to stop (speed command 0) in the time (NDEC).

(Note) In the case of the rapid feed speed (RV:OLC022), 1=100 pulses/min for the unit of pulses. Therefore, set 4000 for 400000 pulses/min.

Fig. 1.8 Constant-speed Feed Command (DWG H01)

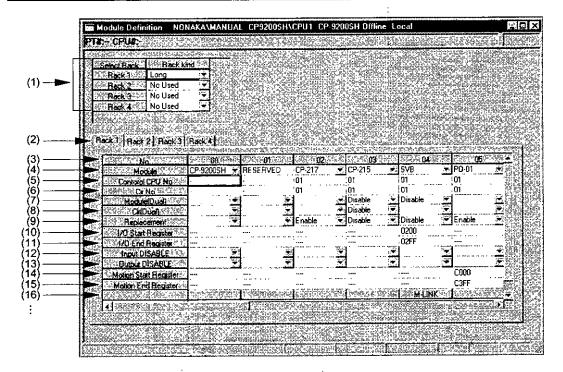
The example in Fig.1.8 has been simplified, however, each register, etc., can be freely controlled by the user's program.

1.2.1 Setting Module No.

Set the module No. at the "Module Configuration Definition Window" of CP-717. The setting procedure is as follows. Refer to the "CP-717 Operation Manual (Windows Version)" for more details.

- ① Register the PO-01 to the slot where the PO-01 module is mounted.
- (2) Set the module No. at the "Cir No." column.
- The above procedures has brought an end to the module No. setting. Completing the setting will allow the range of the register (IW/OW) for the motion parameter to automatically appear at the "Register range" column.
- 4 Save the No.
- ⑤ Turn ON/OFF the power of the CP-9200SH, or turn ON → OFF the master reset of the CPU module.
- 6 The module No. is displayed on the LED of the PO-01 module.

Configuration elements of the "Module Configuration Definition" window



- (1) Configuration rack information

 Select the configuration of the rack to be connected by the module.
- (2) Rack No. selection

 Select the rack No. to which the module is defined.
- (3) No.
 Displays the slot No. on which the module is mounted.
- (4) Module
 Select "PO-01" for the module to be mounted to each slot.
- (5) Control CPU No.

 Enter "01(CPU#1)" to the CPU No. which controls each module.
- (6) Cir No.

 Enter the line No. of each module. For PO-01 modules, enter the module No. (1 to 16) here.

(7) Module [Dual]

Designate the dualization of modules. For PO-01 modules, setting is not necessary.

(8) Cir [Dual]

Set the dualization of the transmission line of CP-215. For PO-01 modules, setting is not necessary.

(9) Replacement

Designate "Enable/Disable" for plug-in/out of the hot line of each module. To allow the plug-in/out of the hot line, set to "Enable."

(10) I/O start register

Input the I/O start register No. of each module. For PO-01 modules, setting is not necessary.

(11) I/O end register

Input the I/O end register No. of each module. For PO-01 modules, setting is not necessary.

(12) Input DISABLE

Set the input DISABLE of each module. For PO-01 modules, setting is not necessary.

(13) Output DISABLE

Set the output DISABLE of each module. For PO-01 modules, setting is not necessary.

(14) Motion start register

Input the I/O start register No. of motion module.

(15) Motion end register

Input the I/O end register No. of motion module.

(16) Detail

The presence of setting in detail for a module will cause M-LINK to appear. For PO-01 modules, setting is not necessary.

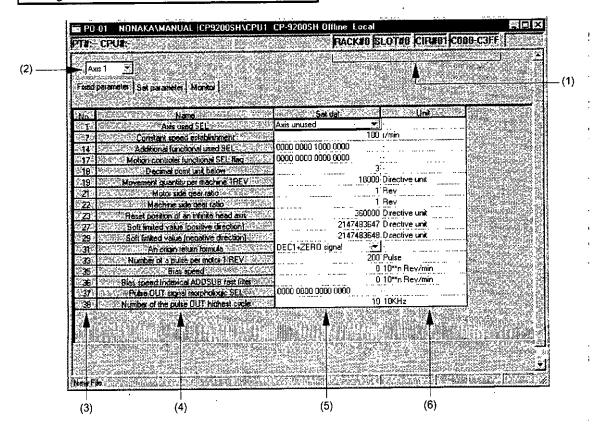
(17) Status

The status of each module in the on-line mode. Nothing is displayed in the off-line mode.

1.2.2 Setting Motion Fixed Parameters

Set required fixed parameters by the "Fixed parameter" tab at the CP-717:PO-01 Definition Window. Refer to the "CP-717 Operation Manual (Windows Version)" for more details.

Configuration elements of "Fixed parameter" tab



(1) Configuration information

The configuration information of the PO-01 module is displayed.

(2) Axis No.

Select the axis No. from axis 1 to axis 4. Set the fixed parameter for each axis.

(3) No

The parameter No. of the fixed parameter is displayed.

(4) Name

The name of the parameter is displayed.

(5) Set dat

Input (select) the parameter value.

(6) Unit

The unit of the parameter is displayed.

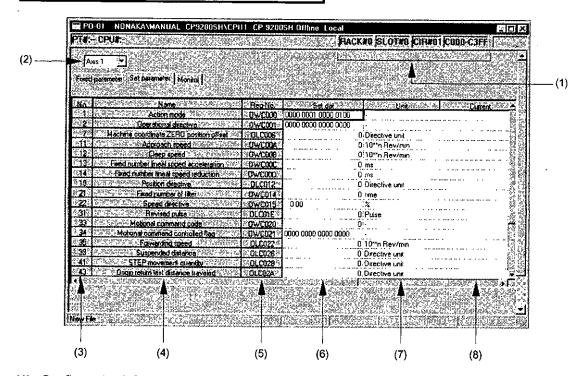
Note

The motion fixed parameter cannot be stored when the current value of magnetization ON (bit 0) is ON at No.2 "Run command setting (OWxx01)" of the motion parameter for setting.

1.2.3 Setting Motion Set Parameters

Set required parameters by the "Set parameter" tab at the CP-7,17:PO-01 Definition Window. The data set here are to be automatically set to the initial values of motion set parameters at the time of turning on the power of the CP-9200SH. Refer to the "CP-717 Operation Manual (Windows Version)" for more details.

Configuration elements of "Set parameter" tab



(1) Configuration information

The configuration information of the PO-01 module is displayed.

(2) Axis No.

Select the axis No. from axis 1 to axis 4. Set a set parameter for each axis.

(3) No.

The parameter No. of the set parameter is displayed.

(4) Name

The name of the parameter is displayed.

(5) Reg-No.

The register No. corresponding to the parameter name is displayed. The range of a register is different according to the currently displayed module No. and axis No.

(6) Set dat

Input the parameter value.

(7) Unit

The unit of the parameter is displayed.

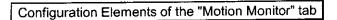
(8) Current

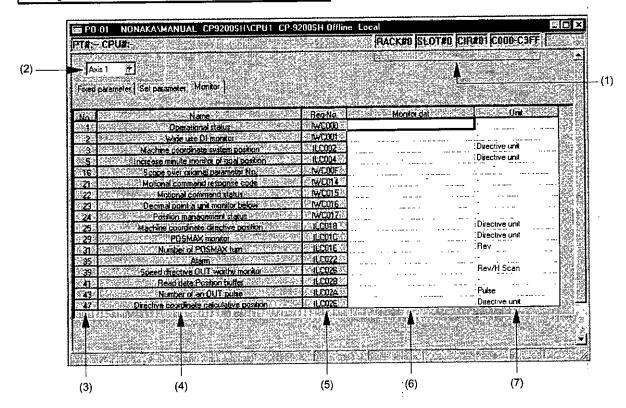
The current value of a parameter is displayed in the on-line mode. Nothing is displayed in the off-line mode.

1.2.4 Monitoring Running Status

Motion monitor parameters are displayed at the "CP-717:PO-01 Definition Window." The window is available for debugging user's programs or tuning the motion control.

This window displays only the current value of the motion monitor parameter and is not available for input.





(1) Configuration Information

The configuration information of the PO-01 module is displayed.

(2) Axis No.

Select an axis No. from axes 1 to axis 4. The motion monitor parameter is displayed for each axis.

(3) No.

The parameter No. of a monitor parameter is displayed.

(4) Name

The parameter name is displayed.

(5) Reg-No.

The register No. corresponding to the parameter name is displayed. The range of a register is different according to the currently displayed module No. and axis No.

(6) Monitor dat

The current value of a parameter is displayed in the on-line mode. Nothing is displayed in the off-line mode.

(7) Unit

The unit of a parameter is displayed.

1.3 Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No.

The motion parameter register No. (I or O register No.) is different according to the module No. and axis No. (1 through 4).

The motion parameter register No. is given by the following equation.

Motion register No. (IWxxxx and OWxxxx) = Module No. offset + Axis offset

The module No. offset is as shown below according to the module No.

```
Module No.1
              = C000.
                           Module No.2
                                         = C400,
                                                     Module No.3
                                                                    = C800,
                                                                                Module No.4
                                                                                              = CC00,
Module No.5
              = D000,
                           Module No.6
                                         = D400,
                                                                    = D800,
                                                     Module No.7
                                                                                Module No.8
                                                                                              = DC00,
Module No.9
              = E000.
                           Module No.10
                                         = E400,
                                                     Module No.11
                                                                   = E800,
                                                                                Module No.12
                                                                                              = EC00,
Module No.13 = F000,
                                         = F400,
                           Module No.14
                                                     Module No.15
                                                                   = F800,
                                                                                Module No.16
                                                                                              = FC00,
```

The axis offset is as shown below according to each axis No.

Axis offset = $(Axis No. - 1) \times 40H(64 words)$

The contents described above are summarized in Table 1.2.

Table 1.2 Motion Parameter Register No.

| Made In Ma | I I A I CO I A A | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Module No. | IW(OW) of axis 1 | IW(OW) of axis 2 | IW(OW) of axis 3 | IW(OW) of axis 4 |
| 1 | C000 to C03F | C040 to C07F | C080 to C0BF | C0C0 to C0FF |
| 2 | C400 to C43F | C440 to C47F | C480 to C4BF | C4C0 to C4FF |
| 3 | C800 to C83F | C840 to C87F | C880 to C8BF | C8C0 to C8FF |
| 4 | CC00 to CC3F | CC40 to CC7F | CC80 to CCBF | CCC0 to CCFF |
| 5 | D000 to D03F | D040 to D07F | D080 to D0BF | D0C0 to D0FF |
| 6 | D400 to D43F | D440 to D47F | D480 to D4BF | D4C0 to D4FF |
| 7 | D800 to D83F | D840 to D87F | D880 to D8BF | D8C0 to D8FF |
| 8 | DC00 to DC3F | DC40 to DC7F | DC80 to DCBF | DCC0 to DCFF |
| 9 | E000 to E03F | E040 to E07F | E080 to E0BF | E0C0 to E0FF |
| 10 | E400 to E43F | E440 to E47F | E480 to E4BF | E4C0 to E4FF |
| 11 | E800 to E83F | E840 to E87F | E880 to E8BF | E8C0 to E8FF |
| 12 | EC00 to EC3F | EC40 to EC7F | EC80 to ECBF | ECC0 to ECFF |
| 13 | F000 to F03F | F040 to F07F | F080 to F0BF | F0C0 to F0FF |
| 14 | F400 to F43F | F440 to F47F | F480 to F4BF | F4C0 to F4FF |
| 15 | F800 to F83F | F840 to F87F | F880 to F8BF | F8C0 to F8FF |
| 16 | FC00 to FC3F | FC40 to FC7F | FC80 to FCBF | FCC0 to FCFF |

Note

Motion register Nos. are inconsecutive for registers with different module Nos. Register Nos. between axes are consecutive when their module Nos. are the same. Care should be taken when a subscript (i,j) is used in the user's program.

(Example)

For OIW(OW)C000i, reading is performed without any error for i=0 up to 255.

For IW(OW)C000, the register range of module No.1, that is, the range from IW(OW)C000 to IW(OW)C0FF, can be read and written without any error. However, reading cannot be performed for i≥256.

1.4 Command Pulse Forms and Maximum Frequency of Pulse Output

1.4.1 Command Pulse Forms

The format of the command pulse is divided into two types; the sign scheme (sign + pulse train) and the CW/CCW scheme. Both schemes are of the differential output at 5V.

· Sign scheme

The CW pulse is the command pulse.

The CCW pulse is the sign.

The motor revolves in the forward direction when the CCW pulse is "High", and in the reverse direction when it is "Low."

· CW/CCW scheme

The CW pulse is the reverse revolution command pulse for the motor.

The CCW pulse is the forward revolution command pulse for the motor.

The polarity of CW/CCW output signal can be selected. The format of the command pulse is shown in Table 1.3.

| | Tuble 1.e. I difficult of | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| <u>(P</u> | Motion fixed parameter (Parameter No. = 37) (Pulse output signal format selection) Bit 8 Bit 12 to 15 | | Command pulse format | Motor forward revolution command (counter-clockwise direction) | Motor reverse revolution command (clockwise direction) |
| | | 0 | Sign + pulse train | PULSE(CW) SIGN "H" (CCW) | PULSE (CW) SIGN L. |
| (Positive logic) | , 1 | CW pulse + CCW
pulse | PULSE "L" (CW) SIGN (CCW) | PULSE (CW) SIGN "L" | |
| | 1 | 0 | Sign + pulse train | PULSE (CW) SIGN (CCW) | PULSE (CW) . |
| (1 | (Negative logic) | 1 | CW pulse + CCW
pulse | PULSE "H" (CW) SIGN (CCW) | PULSE (CW) . SIGN (CCW) |

Table 1.3. Format of Command Pulses

1.4.2 Maximum Frequency of Pulse Output

The command pulse available for output by the PO-01 module is determined by the high-speed scan time to be set to the CPU module and the maximum frequency of the pulse output to be set to the motion fixed parameter.

 $0 \le |$ Command pulse (kpps) | $\le |$ {MAXHz(10kHz) \times 10 \times Ts(ms)-2} /Ts(ms) | MAXHz : Fixed parameter No.38 "Pulse output maximum frequency" (unit: 10 kHz)

Ts : High-speed scan time of the CPU module (unit: ms)

(Example)

1) When Ts=1 (1.0 ms), Pulse output maximum frequency = 10 (100 kHz);

Maximum command pulse = $(10 \times 10 \times 1.0 - 2)/1.0$

=98.0(kpps)

2) When Ts=2 (2.0 ms), Pulse output maximum frequency = 20 (200 kHz);

Maximum command pulse $=(20 \times 10 \times 2.0 - 2)/20$.

=199.0(kpps)

Setting a feed speed (command pulse) more than the above maximum command pulse will cause an alarm, "The excessive speed (IBxx227)", to be turned ON and stop.

Notes

1. The pulse output maximum frequency is common to 4 axes. Set the same value also for unused axes. If different values are set, the value set for the smallest axis number among the axes to be used is taken into effect.

| (Example) | In use/Not in Use | Maximum Frequency |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Axis 1 | Not in use | 100 kHz |
| Axis 2 | In use | 10 kHz |
| Axis 3 | In use | 20 kHz |
| Axis 4 | Not in use | 40 kHz |

In the above example, 10 kHz of Axis 2 is set in common to 4 axes.

Changing the status of Axis 1 to "In use" in the above example changes the value common to 4 axes to 100 kHz of Axis 1. Changing the status of Axis 2 to "Not in use" in the above example, changes the value common to 4 axes to 20 kHz of Axis 3.

2. Set a value for the pulse output maximum frequency so that the result of "200 / Pulse Output Maximum Frequency (1 = 10 kHz)" is an integer: Set one of 1 (10 kHz), 2 (20 kHz), 4 (40 kHz), 5 (50 kHz), 8 (80 kHz), 10 (100 kHz), 20 (200 kHz), 25 (250 kHz), 40 (400 kHz), 50 (500 kHz).

1.5 Outline of Functions

1.5.1 Outline of Motion Commands

The PO-01 module is provided with such motion commands as the positioning (POSING), zero point return (ZRET), interpolation (INTERPOLATE), constant speed feed (FEED), and constant step feed (STEP) which can be independently selected for each axis.

Table 1.4 List of Functions of PO-01

| Function | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Positioning (POSING) | Positioning is performed at the position for positioning with the designated acceleration/deceleration time constant and designated feed speed. |
| Zero point return (ZRET) | Positioning is performed by moving the distance to return to the origin from the
origin signal. The method for returning to origin is divided into four types. |
| Interpolation (INTERPOLATE) | Feed is performed by interpolation according to the position data given by the CPU module for every high-speed scan. |
| Constant speed feed (FEED) | Rapid feed is performed in the designated direction at the designated acceleration/deceleration time constant and the designated feed speed toward an infinite point. Use the NOP command for a stop by deceleration. |
| Constant step feed (STEP) | Positioning is performed in the designated direction by the designated distance of movement (STEP amount of movement) at the designated rapid speed with the designated acceleration/deceleration time constant. |

1.5.2 Types of Acceleration/Deceleration

Types of acceleration/deceleration are largely divided into the linear acceleration/deceleration, the S-curve acceleration/deceleration, and exponential acceleration/deceleration. Setting of bias speed is available for the linear acceleration/deceleration and the exponential acceleration/deceleration.

Table 1.5 Types of Acceleration/Deceleration

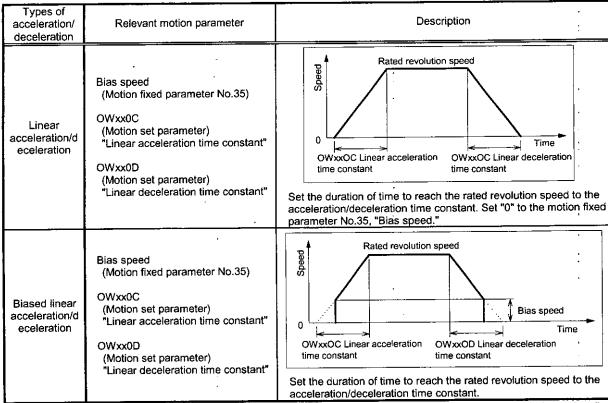


Table 1.5 Types of Acceleration/Deceleration

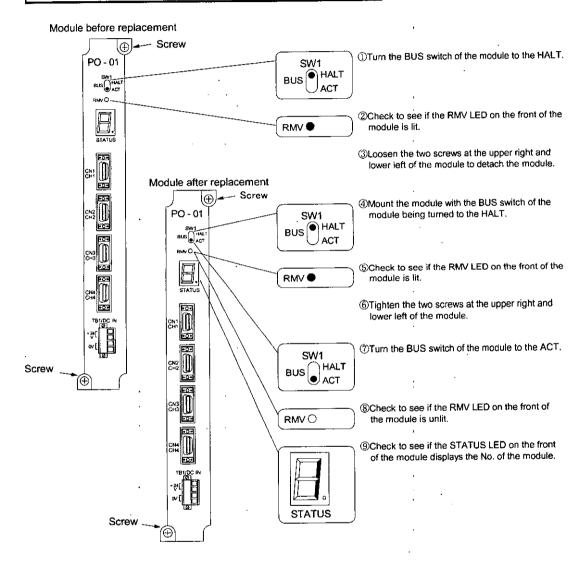
| (continued) | 7,1 | of Acceleration/Deceleration |
|---|---|--|
| Types of acceleration/deceleration | Relevant motion parameter | Description |
| S-curve
acceleration/
deceleration
(Moving
average) | OWxx0C (Motion set parameter "Linear acceleration time constant") OWxx0D (Motion set parameter "Linear deceleration time constant") OWxx14 (Motion set parameter "filter time constant") OBxx214 to OBxx217 (Motion set parameter "filter type selection") | Rated revolution speed OWxx14 OWxx14 OWxx14 OWxx14 OWxx14 Filter time constant time constant time constant Set "2" (the moving average filter) to the filter type selection. |
| Exponential
acceleration/
deceleration | OWxx0C (Motion set parameter "Linear acceleration time constant") OWxx0D (Motion set parameter "Linear deceleration time constant") OWxx14 (Motion set parameter "filter time constant") OBxx214 to OBxx217 (Motion set parameter "filter type selection") Bias speed for exponential acceleration/deceleration filter (Motion fixed parameter No.36) | Feed speed 63.2% of feed speed OWxx14 First time constant Set "0" to the linear acceleration/deceleration time constant (OWxx0C and OWxx0D). Set "1" (Exponential acceleration/deceleration) to the filter type selection. Set "0" to the bias speed for the exponential acceleration/deceleration filter. |
| Biased
exponential
acceleration/
deceleration | OWxx0C (Motion set parameter "Linear acceleration time constant") OWxx0D (Motion set parameter "Linear deceleration time constant") OWxx14 (Motion set parameter "filter time constant") OBxx214 to OBxx217 (Motion set parameter "filter type selection") Blas speed for exponential acceleration/deceleration filter (Motion fixed parameter No.36) | Feed speed OWxx14 Feed speed - 63.2% of bias speed Set "0" to the linear acceleration/deceleration time constant (OWxx0C and OWxx0D). Set "1" (Exponential acceleration/deceleration) to the filter type selection. |

1.6 Plug-in and -out of Hot Line

The PO-01 module is intended to allow the plug-in and -out (to replace the module with the power ON).

It is necessary to suspend the data updating operation between the CPU module and the module to be replaced when the module is replaced because the CPU module is always updating the data between mounted modules. The hot line cannot be plugged in or out when the magnetization is ON (the motion set parameter, "OBxx010" is ON). To assure safety, turn off the power to replace a module.

The method of plug-in and -out of hot line (PO-01 module)



Note

For plug-in and -out, make sure to turn the BUS switch to the HALT of the module to be replaced to see if the RMV LED is lit and then remove the module from the mother board.

When the RMV LED is lit, the CPU module is updating data between each module. For this reason, removing the module when the RMV LED is not lit may result in an error with the data updating of another module, causing a system operation error.

1.7 Precautions on Usage

Pay attention to the following points when using the PO-01 module.

- (1) Set the high-speed scan set time for the CPU module to 150 ms or less. The minimum value of the high-speed scan set time is as mentioned below.
 - Set it so as to exceed the minimum value. The guideline of the setting is 1.5 ms to 150 ms.
 - ① For the axis selection (Bit 5 of the fixed parameter No.17, "Motion controller function selection flag") = Finite-length axis ("0")

The minimum value of the high-speed scan set value = $\frac{400 \,\mu \,\mathrm{s}}{4.00 \,\mu}$ + (150 $\mu \,\mathrm{s} \times$ the number of axes in use)

Common to the finite-length axis/infinite-length axis

② For the axis selection (Bit 5 of the fixed parameter No.17, "Motion controller function selection flag") = Infinite-length axis ("1")

The minimum value of the high-speed scan set value = $\frac{400 \,\mu \,s}{\Lambda}$ + (200 $\mu \,s \times$ the number of axes in use)

Common to the finite-length axis/infinite-length axis

(Example)

① When the 4 axes are set to the finite-length axis;

The minimum value of the high-speed scan set value = $400 \,\mu \,\text{s} + 150 \,\mu \,\text{s} \times 4 = 1000 \,\mu \,\text{s}$ (= 1.0 ms)

When the 4 axes are set to the infinite-length axis;

The minimum value of the high-speed scan set value = $400 \,\mu$ s + $200 \,\mu$ s × 4 = $1200 \,\mu$ s (= 1.2 ms)

When every 2 axes are set to the finite-length axis and the infinite-length axis respectively;

The minimum value of the high-speed scan set value = $400 \,\mu$ s \times 150 μ s \times 2 + $200 \,\mu$ s \times 2 = $1100 \,\mu$ s (= 1.1 ms)

- (2) Do not change the high-speed scan setting of the CPU module during movement (positioning and when the motion command such as zero point return is being issued).
- (3) Make sure to turn the power on and then off when the module configuration definition of the CPU module has been changed.

2 BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter describes basic specifications of the PO-01 module, including hardware and software.

The PO-01 module is available for motion control for up to 4 axes per one module. The PO-01 module has such motion control functions as positioning, zero point return, interpolation, constant speed feed, and constant step feed, which can be selected by each axis independently. Motion control can be selected by each axis independently without any limitation according to axis numbers.

One CP-9200SH can accommodate PO-01 modules up to 16 pieces. Therefore, it can control each axis independently up to 64 axes. Note that, to use other motion modules (such as the SVA module), the total maximum number is 16 modules.

The main features of the PO-01 module are shown in Table 2.1 and the basic specifications in Tables 2.2 and 2.3.

Table 2.1 Main Features of PO-01 Module

| Item | Feature | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| | Positioning up to 4 axes, zero point return, interpolation, constant speed feed, and constant step feed | | |
| Motion function | Command : Pulse output Command unit : Pulse, mm, deg, and inch are available Emergency stop function : 1 point/1 axis | | |
| Pulse output scheme | Sign scheme, CW/CCW scheme | | |

Tables 2.2 Basic Specifications of PO-01 Hardware

| Item | Specifications | |
|---|--|--|
| Command (Pulse train) Forward revolution command (CCW) Reverse revolution command (CW) Pulse train command Speed command: Sign + pulse, ± pulse Interface: 5 V differential type Maximum frequency: 500 kpps | | |
| Digital input
(DI: 5 points) | Magnetization timing monitor/origin : 1 point Emergency stop / decelerating to stop : 1 point (To latch the signal trailir Locking dog signal : 1 point(← available as general-purpose DI) Limit 1 : 1 point(← available as general-purpose DI) Limit 2 : 1 point(← available as general-purpose DI) | |
| Digital output
(DO: 4 points) | Magnetization ON : 1 point For general-purposes: 3 points | |

Tables 2.3 Basic Specifications of PO-01 Software

| Г | Item | Specifications | | | |
|----|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| F | On-board I/O | <u>Specifications</u> | | | |
| Ι` | on Bobie ive | Five points *1 | | | |
| l | DI | | | | |
| | | Magnetization timing monitor / zero point Limit switch | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | Reverse limit signal for zero point return | | | |
| l | 1 | Forward limit signal for zero point return | | | |
| | | Emergency stop / decelerated stop | | | |
| | DO | Four points *2 | | | |
| | | Magnetization ON | | | |
| | | Electromagnetic brake release | | | |
| | | · For other general-purpose DO×2 points | | | |
| N | lotion control function | | | | |
| l | The number of control axes | Up to 64 axes | | | |
| ı | The flamber of control axes | (4 axes / one module, up to 16 modules) | | | |
| | | Fixed parameter | Setting at a CP-717 screen | | |
| | Motion parameter | Set parameter | OWxx00 to OWxx3F | | |
| 1 | | Set parameter | (64 words / axis) | | |
| | | Monitor parameter | IWxx00 to IWxx3F | | |
| | | | (64 words / axis) | | |
| | | POSING | Positioning | | |
| | Motion function | ZRET | Zero point return | | |
| | | INTERPOLATE | Interpolation | | |
| | | FEED | Constant speed feed | | |
| | | STEP | Constant step feed | | |
| | Command unit | pulse | Available | | |
| | | mm | Available | | |
| | | deg | Available | | |
| | | inch | Available | | |
| | Added function | Infinite-length axis selection | Available | | |
| | | Over ride function | Available | | |
| | | Soft limit function | Available | | |
| | | Types of acceleration/deceleration | Linear acceleration/deceleration | | |
| | | | (Biased one is also available.) | | |
| | | | Exponential acceleration/deceleration | | |
| | | | (Bias setting is available.) | | |
| | | · | Simplified S-curve acceleration/deceleration | | |
| Co | onnection driver | Pulse train output type | | | |
| | - | (CW/CCW scheme and Sign (CCW) + pulse (CW) scheme) | | | |

^{*1:} Those except for "Magnetization timing monitor/zero point" and "Emergency stop" are available as general-purpose DI.

*2: Those except for "Magnetization ON" are available as general-purpose DO.

DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION AND EXAMPLES OF USER PROGRAMS



This chapter describes main functions and operating method of the module.

Furthermore, simplified examples of user programs are described. Refer to the examples to prepare your own user programs.

3.1 Setting of Basic Motion Parameters

Descriptions are provided for motion parameters necessary for motion function. Be sure to read through this section before operating the module.

3.1.1 Command Units

The command units to be input to the module follow the settings of the motion fixed parameters mentioned below. Commands have units of pulse, mm, deg, and inch. The units of commands are set by bits 0 to 3 of the motion fixed parameter No.17, "Motion controller function selection flag." The "Minimum command unit" available for commanding the module is set by the unit setting mentioned above or the motion fixed parameter No.18, "Number of decimal places."

Table 3.1 Minimum Command Unit (One command unit)

| Unit | Motion fixed parameter No.17 "Bit 0 to 3 of the "Motion controller function selection flag" | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|-----------|------------|-------------|--|
| Number of decimal places | Pulse (=0) | mm (=1) | deg(=2) | inch(=3) | |
| 0 | 1 pulse | 1mm | 1deg | 1inch | |
| 1 . | 1 pulse | 0.1mm | 0.1deg | 0.1inch | |
| 2 | 1 pulse | 0.01mm | 0.01deg | 0.01inch | |
| 3 | 1 pulse | 0.001mm | 0.001deg | 0.001inch | |
| <u> </u> | 1 pulse | 0.0001mm | 0.0001deg | 0.0001inch | |
| 5 | 1 pulse | 0.00001mm | 0.00001deg | 0.00001inch | |

^{*} Designate the "Number of decimal places" by the motion fixed parameter No.18, "Number of decimal Places."

3.1.2 Electronic Gears

The mechanical movement unit is called the "Output unit" against the command unit to be input to the module.

The electronic gear is the function by which the unit for position or speed is converted from the command unit (mm, deg, or inch) to the output unit (mm, deg, or inch).

It is possible to make the "Command unit" = "Output unit" by using the function of the electronic gear for the mechanical structure where the load axis rotates n times when the motor axis rotates m times.

Set the functions of electronic gears by the motion fixed parameter shown in Table 3.2. The function of the electronic gear is invalid when the unit selection is set to the pulse.

Table 3.2 Parameters of Electronic Gears

| Motion fixed parameter | Name/Description | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Bit 4 of No.17
"Motion controller function selection flag" | Electronic gear validity selection (0: invalid / 1: valid) * Setting the unit selection to the pulse results in invalid. Set it to "invalid = 0." | | | |
| No.19 "Amount of movement per machine 1 revolution" | Amount of movement per machine 1 revolution * Setting the electronic gear validity selection to invalid (=0) will make the parameter setting invalid. | | | |
| No.21 "Gear ratio of the motor side" | Gear ratio of the motor side * Setting the electronic gear validity selection to invalid (=0) will make the parameter setting invalid. | | | |
| No.22 "Gear ratio at the machine side" | Gear ratio at the machine side * Setting the electronic gear validity selection to invalid (=0) will make the parameter setting invalid. | | | |

The meanings and setting examples for the above parameters are shown below.

Table 3.3 Table of Parameters / Definitions of the Electronic Gear

| Motion fixed parameter No. | Name | Description | | | Initial
value |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|------------------|
| No.19 | Amount of movement per one machine revolution | the load per one revolutions obtained by dividing the command unit. The am | oresents the amount of movement of on of the load axis. Set the value amount of movement of the load by of movement of the load per volution of the load axis Command unit | 10000 | |
| | | | nt of movement of the load is shown | | |
| | | below. The amount of movement per one mechanical Loading example revolution | | | |
| | | P [mm] | Ball screw | One revolution P = pitch of the ball screw | 5
5
5
5 |
| | | 360 (°) | Rotary table | 360° One revolution | |
| | | πD [mm] | Belt | One revolution $\longleftrightarrow \pi D$ | |
| | | Setting range of No.19: 1 to 231-1[1=1 designated unit] A setting example • The amount of load movement per one revolution of the load axis =12 mm • Command unit = 0.001 mm In this case, No.19 = 12mm 0.001mm = 12000 is set. | | | |

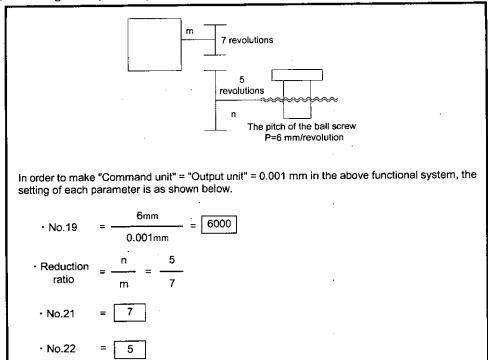
(to be continued)

Table 3.3 Table of Parameters / Definitions of the Electronic Gear

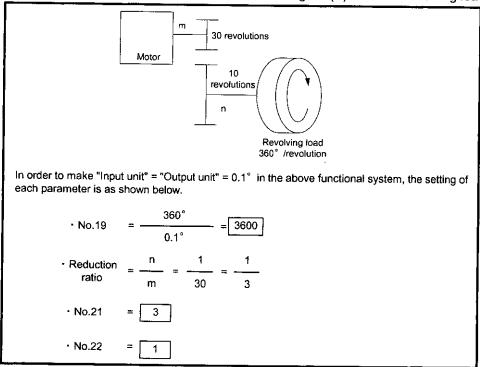
(continued)

| Motion fixed parameter No. | Name | Description | Initial
value |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------|
| No.21 | Gear ratio of the motor side | The parameter which is used for setting the gear ratio between
the motor and load. In the case where the load axis rotates n
times when the motor axis rotates in times, set No.21 to m | 1 |
| | , | revolutions and No.22 to n revolutions. Setting range: 1 to 65535 [revolutions] Setting example | • |
| | | 7 revolutions 4 revolutions | |
| No.22 | Gear ratio of the machine side | Motor axis m revolutions 3 revolutions 9 revolutions | 1 |
| | | In this case, $\frac{\text{reduction}}{\text{ratio}} = \frac{n}{m} = \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{4}{9} = \frac{4}{21}$ Therefore, Set No.21 = 21 and No.22 = 4. | , |

■ A setting example of a parameter of the electronic gear (A) · · · For ball screws







3.1.3 Axis Selection

Position control is divided into two types; the finite distance position control by which movement such as the reciprocal motion is controlled within a specified range, that is, an interval between specified positions and the infinite distance position control by which movement is controlled only in one revolving direction. Furthermore, the infinite distance position control is divided into two types; one controls revolution to reset the belt conveyor to "0" after one revolution and the other controls revolution only in one direction without resetting it. For axis selection, select which position control method to use. Set Bit 5 of the motion fixed parameter No.17, "Motion controller function selection flag", for axis selection.

Table 3.4 Setting of Axis Selection

| Types of position control | Setting of axis selection |
|--|---------------------------|
| Finite distance position control | Finite-length axis (=0) |
| Infinite distance position control by which revolution is directed in a single direction without a reset after one revolution. | Finite-length axis (=0) |
| Infinite distance position control by which revolution is reset after one revolution. (Set the reset position by the motion fixed parameter No.23, "Infinite long-axis reset position.") | Infinite-length axis (=1) |

3.1.4 Position Commands

(1) Position Commands

There are two types of designations for setting the position command; the direct designation for setting the position command directly to OLxx12 and the indirect designation for setting the No. of position buffer which accommodates the position command to OLxx12. Furthermore, there are two methods for the direct designation; the absolute command method for setting an absolute position to OLxx12, and the increment addition method for setting the total amount of the current movement added by the value of the previous position command (the previous value of OLxx12) to OLxx12.

In the case of the indirect designation which designates the No. of a position buffer, the position stored in the position buffer is regarded as an absolute position.

Parameters related to the position command are shown in Table 3.5.

Table 3.5 Position Command Parameters

| Types of Parameter | Parameter No.
(Register No.) | Name | Description | Initial
Value |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Motion Set
Parameter | Bit 12 of OWxx01 | Position command
value selection | Set the designation method of the position command. 0: The direct designation Set the position data directly to OLxx12. Use bit 14 of OWxx01 to designate either the absolute position method or the increment addition method for position data. 1: The indirect designation Set the No. of the position buffer to OLxx12. An absolute position is required to be stored in the designated position buffer in advance. | . 0 |
| Motion Set
Parameter | Bit 14 of OWxx01 | Position command type | Designate the type of position data. 0: Absolute position method Set an absolute position to OLxx12. 1: Increment addition method Set the amount of current movement added by the previous value of OLxx12 to OLxx12. (Note) This is invalid when the position command value selection is the position buffer (the indirect designation). | |
| Motion Set
Parameter | OLxx12 | Position command setting | Set the position data. (Note) Setting data differs according to the position command value selection (bit 12 of OWxx01) and the position command type (bit 14 of OWxx01). | 0 |

Table 3.6 Position Command Value Selection

| Position Command Value
Selection
(bit 12 of OWxx01) | Position Command Type
(bit 14 of OWxx01) | Position Command (OLxx12) |
|---|---|---|
| , | 0
(Absolute position method) | Set an absolute position. (Example) OLxx12 ← 10000 OLxx12 ← 20000 |
| 0 (Direct designation) | 1
(Increment addition method) | Set the amount of current movement (the incremental amount) added by the previous value of OLxx12 to OLxx12. OLxx12 ← previous OLxx12 + the incremental amount of movement (Example) When the previous OLxx12 = 1000 and current amount of movement = 500, OLxx12 ← 1000 + 500 = 1500. |
| 1 (Indirect designation) | . 0 | Set the No. of the position buffer. An absolute position is required to be stored in the position buffer with the designated No. in advance. |

In case of the position command for the infinite-length axis, set the increment addition method (Bit 14 of OWxx01 = 1). That is, set a new position command (OLxx12) at a value obtained by adding the current amount of movement (incremental amount of movement) to the previous position command (OLxx12).

Note that the position command (OLxx12) is not set to the range from 0 to (the reset position of infinite-length axis -1).

What is the position buffer?

A position data group for every axis can be stored in the buffer (the position buffer) of the PO-01 module. Designating the "Buffer No." as position data (OLxx12) will lead to the same operation as by the setting of absolute position in a program.

The position buffer accommodates up to 256 points ×4 axes.

Note

The position buffer is erased by turning the power off or the master reset of the CPU module. For this reason, make sure to set the buffer at the time of power start-up or before using the position buffer.

Preparing the position buffer

Prepare the position buffer in advance using the motion parameters shown in Table 3.7.

Table 3.7 Parameters for Preparing the Position Buffer

| Name | Register No. | Setting Range | Description |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Position buffer access No. | OLxx38 | 1 to 256 | Setting of Position buffer No. |
| Position buffer writing data | OLxx3A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Setting of data to be written to the position buffer |
| Motion command control flag
(MCMDCTRL) | OBxx21E
(Bit 14 of OWxx21) | 0/1 | Execution of writing data to the position buffer 0: Not execute, 1: Execute writing |

Reading position buffer data

The motion set parameters in Table 3.8 allow data in the position buffer to be read out to set to motion parameters. This is used for checking data, etc. Note that it takes two scans (H scan) to issue the read-out command and then set data to the motion monitor parameter (ILxx28).

Table 3.8 Parameters for Preparing the Position Buffer Data

| Name | Register No. | Setting Range | Description |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Position buffer access No. | OLxx38 | 1 to 256 | Setting of Position buffer No. |
| Motion command control flag
(MCMDCTRL) | OBxx21F
(Bit 15 of OWxx21) | 0/1 | Execution of read-out from the position buffer 0: Not execute 1: Execute read-out |
| Read-out data from the position buffer | ILxx28 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Data read out from the position buffer |

Using the position buffer as position command

Data in the position buffer can be used as position command values in accordance with the motion parameter in Table 3.9.

Table 3.9. Motion Parameters

| Name | Register No. | Setting Range | Description |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Position command setting (XREF) | OLxx12 | 1 to 256 | Set the position buffer No. instead of the position command value. |
| Run command setting
(SVRUNCMD) | OBxx01C
(Bit 12 of OWxx01) | 1 | Select to use the position buffer 0: Data of XREF(OLxx12) is the position command value 1: Data of XREF(OLxx12) is the position buffer No. |

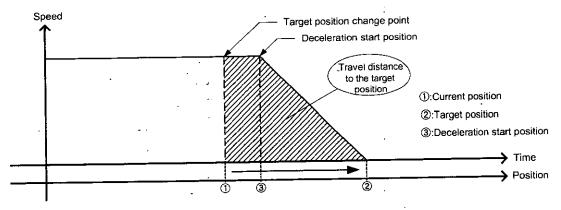
Information

Two patterns of positioning when the position command is changed in position control mode are explained.

The positioning is performed in either of the following two patterns depending on the current position, target position, and deceleration start position when the position command is changed in position control mode (Target Position Change Point).

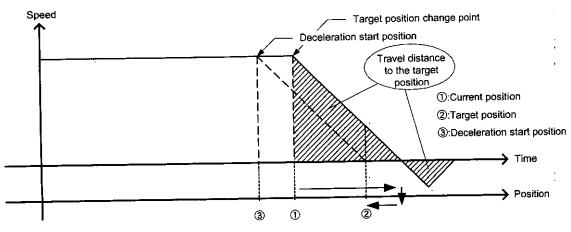
The deceleration start position is the position where the deceleration starts so that the positioning to the target position completes at the set deceleration time.

(a) Current position < Target position and Current position ≤ Deceleration start position The axis decelerates at the set deceleration time.

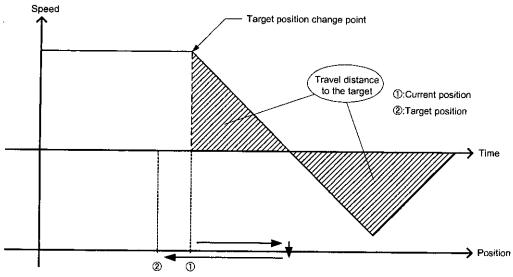


(b) Current position < Target position and Current potion > Deceleration start position or Current position ≥ Target position

The axis decelerates to a stop at the set deceleration time, and then moves in the reverse direction to complete the positioning to the target position at the set acceleration/deceleration time.



As the axis has passed over point 3 to start deceleration, it decelerates to a stop from the target position change point, and starts positioning to the target position from the position where the axis stopped.



As the target position is before the current position, the axis decelerates to a stop, and starts positioning to the target position from the position where the axis stopped.

(2) Position Monitoring

Position monitoring adopts the parameters shown in Table 3.10.

Table 3.10. Position Monitoring Parameters

| Motion monitor | dole c. re. r calder iv | The state of the s |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| parameter No.
(register No.) | Name | Description |
| ILxx02 | A calculated position of the machine coordinate system (CPOS) | A calculated position of the machine coordinate system which is controlled by the PO-01 module is reported. Position data reported to this parameter is normally the target position for every scan. (Note) Setting the axis selection to the infinite-length axis will the range from "0" to "the reset position of the infinite-length axis - 1" to be reported. For the position command in the case of the infinite-length axis, add the current amount of movement (the incremental amount of movement) to the previous position command (OLxx12) to set a new position command (OLxx12). Note that the position command (OLxx12) is not set within the range from "0" to "the reset position of the infinite-length axis - 1." |
| ILxx18 | A command position
of the machine
coordinate system
(MPOS) | The position which the PO-01 module generates as output of pulse trains toward outside of it and the command position of the machine coordinate system are reported. Under the status of machine lock, these data are not updated. (The pulse trains are not sent toward outside of the module under the status of machine lock.) The position is the same as that of the calculated position (CPOS) of the machine coordinate system when the machine lock function is not used. |
| ILxx2E | A calculated position of the command coordinate system (POS) | When the axis selection is the infinite-length axis, this parameter will work. When the infinite-length axis is selected, the target position is reported to this parameter for every scan corresponding to the position command. (Note) For the finite-length axis, this is the same as that of the calculated position (CPOS) of the machine coordinate system. |

■ What is the machine coordinate system?

This is the basic coordinate system which can be set by executing of "Zero point return (ZRET)" or operating "Zero point setting (ZSET)."

The PO-01 module controls positions by means of this machine coordinate system.

3.1.5 Speed Commands

To set speed commands such as rapid feed speed, approach speed, and creep speed, two methods are available; one is to set in the unit of command and the other is to set by the proportion (%) against the rated revolving speed. Parameters relating to speed command are shown in Table 3.11.

Table 3.11. Speed Command Parameters

| Type of parameter | Parameter No.
(Register No.) | Name | Description |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Motion fixed parameter | No.7 | Rated revolution setting | Set the number of revolution for the revolution of the motor at the rated value (100% speed). |
| | , No.33 | The number of pulses per one revolution of the motor | Set the number of pulses per one revolution of the stepping motor. |
| | Bit 13 of OWxx01 | Speed command value selection | Designate the setting units of the rapid feed speed, approach speed, and creep speed, and the register No. of the rapid feed speed. 0: Use OLxx22 (unit: 10 ⁿ command unit/min) as the rapid feed speed. The units for the approach speed (Owxx0A) and the creep speed (Owxx0B) are 1 = 10 ⁿ command unit/min. 1: Use OWxx15 (unit = the proportion corresponding to the rated revolution speed (1=0.01%)) as the rapid feed speed. The units for the approach speed (Owxx0A) and the creep speed are the proportion corresponding to the rated revolution speed (1=0.01%). |
| | OWxx0A | Approach speed setting | Units are different according to the setting of the speed command value |
| Motion set parameter | OWxx0B | creep speed setting | selection (Bit 13 of OWxx01). (1)For the speed command value selection = 0, set in the command unit. 1=10° command unit / min (n: number of decimal places) In units of pulses :1=100 pulses/min In units of mm :1=1mm/min In units of deg :1=1deg/min In units of inches :1=1inch/min (2)For the speed command value selection = 1, set in proportion (%) corresponding to the rated revolution speed. 1=0.01% |
| | OWxx15 | Speed command setting | Valid when the setting of the speed command value selection (Bit 13 of OWxx01) is set to "1." Set the proportion (1=0.01%) corresponding to the rated revolution speed as the rapid feed speed. (Note) Invalid when the speed command value selection = 0. |

(to be continued)

Table 3.11. Speed Command Parameters

(continued)

| Type of parameter | Parameter No.
(Register No.) | Name | Description |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Motion set parameter | OLxx22 | Rapid feed speed | Valid when the speed command value selection (Bit 13 of OWxx01) is set to "0." Set in the command unit as the rapid feed speed. 1=10° command unit/min (n: number of decimal places) Unit selection will result in the following. In units of pulses: 1=100 pulses/min In units of mm :1=1mm/min In units of deg :1=1deg/min In units of inches :1=1inch/min |
| | OWxx2C | Override | The settings of the rapid feed speed can be "changed to use." (Note) "OVERRIDE" means "make invalid" in English, however, take it as "to change to use" settings. Available for switching the override either to "valid" or "invalid" is Bit 9, "Override validity selection" of the motion fixed parameter No.17, "Motion controller Function Selection Flag." Setting it to "invalid" will result in 100 % speed of the setting of the rapid feed speed. |

Setting examples for the parameters mentioned above are shown in Table 3.12.

Table 3.12. Setting Examples of Parameters

| Types of Parameter | Parameter No.
(Register No.) | Name | Description | Initial
Value |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|------------------|
| | No.7 | Number of rated revolution setting | To revolve the pulse motor, which revolves 0.18° by one pulse, at the rated speed (100%) with 6 kpps, | 100 |
| Motion fixed parameter | No.33 | The number of pulses per one revolution of the motor | No.33= $\frac{360^{\circ}}{0.18^{\circ}}$ =2000(ppr)
No.7=6000(pps) $\div \frac{360^{\circ}}{0.18^{\circ}} \times 60(s)$
(ppr)
=180(rpm) | 200 |
| , | Bit 13 of OWxx01 | Speed command value selection | (1) When the speed command value selection is set to "0": | 0 |
| | OWxx0A | Approach speed | when pulse is selected as the unit; in the setting of the fixed parameter mentioned above (at rated revolution speed, 180rpm), for | 0 |
| | OWxx0B | Creep speed | operation at rapid feed speed, 90 rpm, approach speed, 18 rpm, and creep speed, 19 rpm; | 0 |
| | OWxx15 | Speed command setting | OWxxOA=18(rpm)×2000(ppr)÷100
=360
OWxx0B=9(rpm)×2000(ppr)÷100 | 0 |
| | OLxx22 | Rapid feed speed | =180
OWxx15=(Invalid) | 0 |
| Motion set parameter | OWxx2C | Override | OLxx22=90(rpm) × 2000(ppr) ÷ 100 =1800 OWxx2C=10000(100%) ② when mm is selected as the unit; in the setting of the fixed parameter mentioned above (at rated revolution speed, 180rpm), for operation of the mechanical structure where the amount of movement is 10 mm by one revolution at rapid feed speed, 900 mm/min, approach speed, 180 mm/min, and creep speed, 90 mm/min; OWxx0A=180 OWxx0B=90 OWxx15=(Invalid) OLxx22=900 OWxx2C=10000 (100%) (2) When the speed command value selection is set to "1": in the setting of the fixed parameter mentioned above (at rated revolution speed, 180rpm), for operation at rapid feed speed, 90 rpm, approach speed, 18 rpm, and creep speed, 9 rpm; OWxx0A= 180(rpm) =1000 (10.00%) OWxx0B= 9(rpm) ×10000 =500 (50.00%) OWxx15= 90(rpm) ×10000 =500 (50.00%) OLxx22=(Invalid) OWxx2C=10000 (100%) (3) When the operating speed is halved with the rapid feed speed, approach speed, and creep speed remained as they were; (OWxx2C) = 5000 (50.00%) (Note) Set Bit 9, "Override validity selection" of the motion fixed parameter No.17 to "valid"(=1). | 100% |

3.2 Positioning (POSING)

Positioning is performed at the commanded position by the designated acceleration/deceleration time-constant and at the designated rapid feed speed. The rapid feed speed and the position command value can be changed even during operation. When a changed position command value does not allow a distance for deceleration or requires movement in the reverse direction, movement is decelerated to stop once and then positioning is carried out at the position command value.

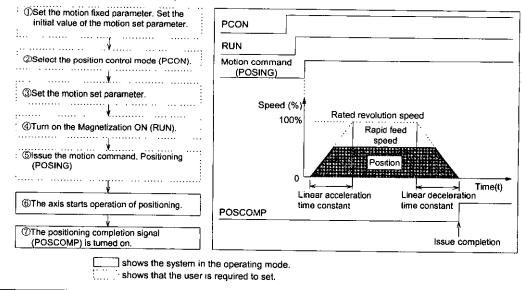
A block diagram is shown in Fig.3.3. Positioning for every axis is performed as follows. The register No. corresponds to the first axis of the module No.1. When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No. For the motion parameter to be used for positioning, a circle "O" is displayed at the "Positioning" column of the "Motion command code to validate data" in Section 5.1.2, "List of Motion Set Parameters" and in Section 5.1.3, "List of Motion Monitor Parameters."

- ① Set the initial value of the motion fixed parameter and motion set parameter. Set them so as to meet the requirements of the user's machines by means of the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- ② Select the position control mode (PCON) (Bit 2 of OWC000).
 - * It is recommended to set the initial value at the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- ③ Set the position command setting (OLC012) and rapid feed speed (OLC022 or OWC015). If necessary, set such motion set parameters to be used for positioning (POSING) as the linear acceleration/deceleration time-constant (OWC00C, OWC00D), and the filter time-constant(OWC014).
- 4 Turn on the Magnetization ON (RUN) (Bit 0 of OWC001).
- (5) Set the positioning (POSING = 1) to the motion command code (OWC020).
- 6 Setting the positioning (POSING) to the motion command code, the axis will perform positioning operation by the designated motion parameter. The settings of the motion parameter can be changed even during the positioning operation. When the suspension has been competed, HOLDL(Bit 1 of IWC015) is turned "ON." To suspend positioning, turn HOLD (Bit 0 of OWC021) "ON." To release the suspension, turn the HOLD (Bit 0 of OWC021) "OFF").

To abort positioning, turn ABORT (Bit 1 of OWC021) "ON." During abortion, BUSY (Bit 0 of IWC015) is kept "ON", whereas it turns "OFF" when the abortion has been completed.

(Note) After abortion has been completed, releasing the abortion (turn ABORT "OFF")will result in as follow.

- If the position command type (Bit 14 of OWC001) follows the absolute position method (=0), positioning is restarted against the position command (OLC012).
- · In the case of the incremental value adding method (=1), positioning is suspended until a new position command (OLC012) is set.
- Completing the issue (Bit 2 of IWC015 is turned "ON") will cause the positioning completion signal POSCOMP (Bit D of IWC000) is turned "ON."



An example of user's programs (Point-to-point positioning)

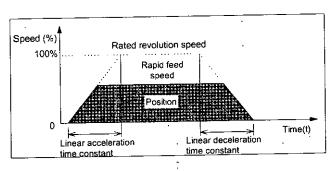


Fig.3.1 An example of positioning pattern

<Pre><Preconditions>

Assume that initial values for the motion fixed parameter and motion set parameter are the same as in Section 5.3, "Examples of Motion Parameter Setting."

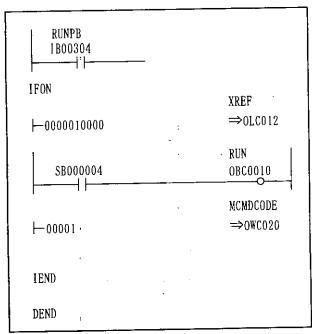
<Operation Conditions>

Movement follows the pattern shown in Fig.3.1 and then stops at an absolute position of 10000 pulses. Position command: OLC012 = 10000 pulses.

This example uses the first axis of module No.1.

When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Motion Parameters" for the details of the register (OWxxxx) in use.



Position command pulse (XREF) (Absolute value :10000)

Positioning (POSING) is issued as the run command (RUN), a motion command to the driver.

Turning IB00304 ON will allow the position control to start to reach an absolute position 10000.

Having reached the absolute position 10000 will cause the position completion signal IBC000D to be turned ON.

Fig. 3.2 An example of positioning program (DWG H03)

The example in Fig.3.2 has been simplified, however, each register can be controlled by the user's program as intended.

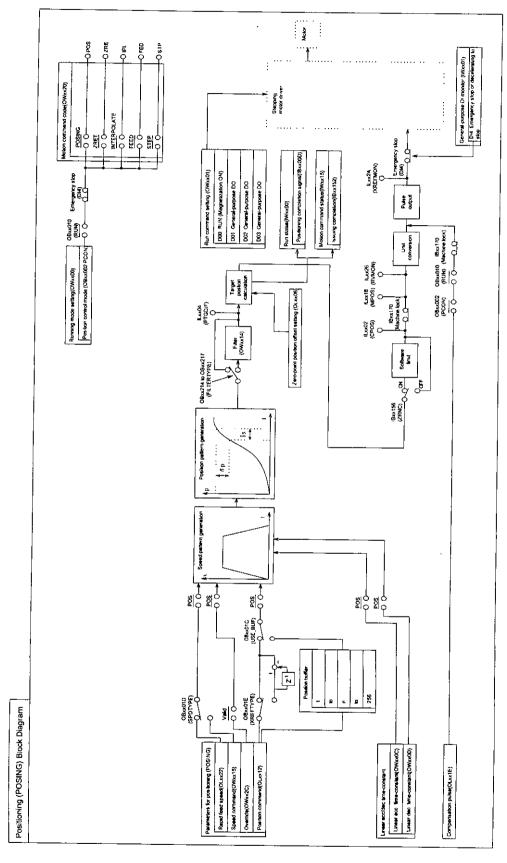


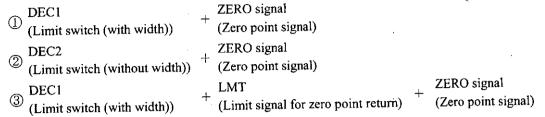
Fig. 3.3 Positioning (POSING) Block Diagram

3.3 Zero Point Return (ZRET)

"Zero point return" is the movement of returning to the machine coordinate zero point. Power failure will cause position data of the machine coordinate system to vanish and therefore a new machine coordinate zero point must be determined when power is turned on. The zero point is determined generally by using the limit switch which shows the zero point pulse and zero point area.

Fig.3.4 shows a block diagram.

There are three methods for zero point return:



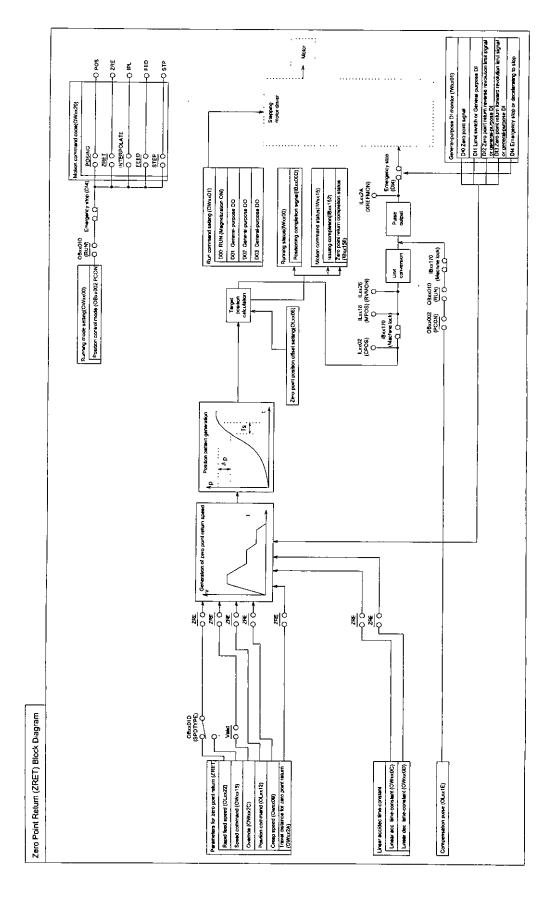
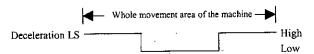


Fig. 3.4 Zero point return (ZRET) Block Diagram

3.3.1 DEC1 + ZERO Signal Method

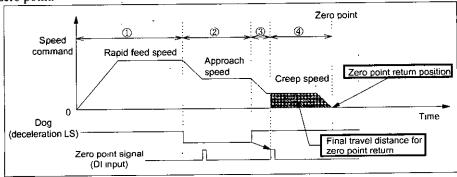
Zero point return is accomplished by using the limit switch (deceleration LS/DI input) and the zero point signal (DI input) from the rapid feed by linear acceleration/deceleration.

This is used when the limit switch has the following mechanical configuration.



The axis:

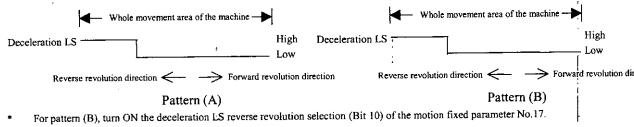
- ① Moves at rapid speed in the direction designated by the motion set parameter (OBxx009).
- ② Decelerates down to the approach speed at the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- 3 Decelerates down to the creep speed at the rise of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- Moves by the final travel distance for zero point return (OLxx2A) from the first zero point signal (DI input) after the dog is turned HIGH and then stops at a point which is taken as the machine coordinate zero point.



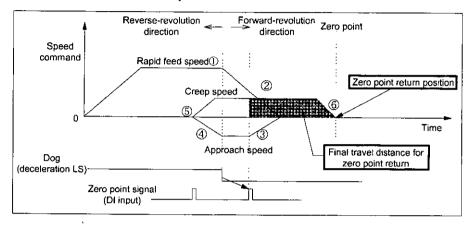
3.3.2 DEC2 + ZERO Signal Method

Zero point return is accomplished by using the limit switch (deceleration LS/DI input) and the zero point signal(DI input) from the rapid feed by linear acceleration/deceleration.

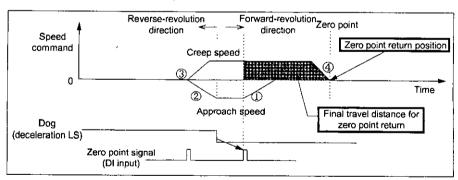
This is used when the limit switch has the following mechanical configuration.



- Operation on starting the zero point return with the dog (deceleration LS) signal at High area The axis:
- ① Moves at rapid speed in the forward direction.
- ② Decelerates at the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- Moves at the approach speed in the reverse direction.
- Decelerates at the rise of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- Moves at the creep speed in the forward direction.
- Moves by the final travel distance for zero point return (OLxx2A) from the first zero point signal after the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal has been detected and then stops at a point which is taken as the machine coordinate zero point.



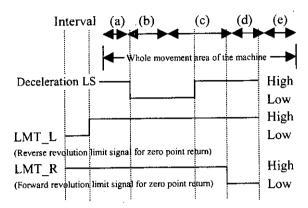
- Operation on starting the zero point return with the dog (deceleration LS) signal at Low area The axis:
- ① Moves at the approach speed in the reverse direction.
- ② Decelerates at the rise of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- Moves at the creep speed in the forward direction.
- Moves by the final travel distance for zero point return (OLxx2A) from the first zero point signal after the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal has been detected and then stops at a point which is taken as the machine coordinate zero point.



3.3.3 DEC1 + LMT + ZERO Signal Method

Zero point return is accomplished by using the limit switch (deceleration LS: DI input), the limit signal for zero point return (DI input), and the zero point signal (DI input) from the rapid feed by linear acceleration/deceleration.

This is used when the limit switch (deceleration LS) and the limit signal for zero point return have the following mechanical configuration.

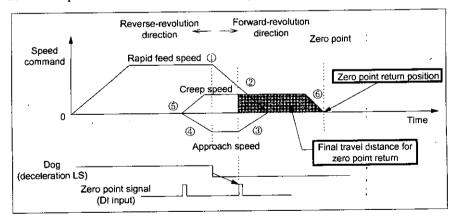


Reverse revolution direction - Forward revolution direction

■ Operation on starting the zero point return within interval (a)

The axis:

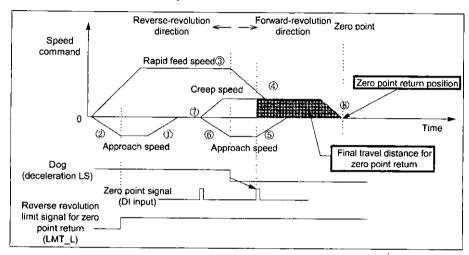
- (1) Moves at the rapid speed in the forward direction.
- ② Decelerates at the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- 3 Moves at the approach speed in the reverse direction.
- 4 Decelerates at the rise of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- (5) Moves at the creep speed in the forward direction.
- Moves by the final travel distance for zero point return (OLxx2A) from the first zero point signal after the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal has been detected and then stops at a point which is taken as the zero point of the machine coordinate system.



Operation on starting the zero point return within interval (b)

The axis:

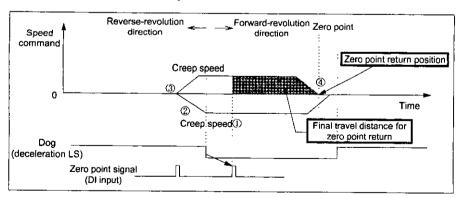
- ① Moves at the approach speed in the reverse direction.
- ② Decelerates at the trailing of the reverse revolution limit signal for zero point return (LMT_1).
- 3 Moves at the rapid speed in the forward direction.
- Decelerates at the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- Moves at the approach speed in the reverse direction.
- 6 Decelerates at the rise of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- Moves at the creep speed in the forward direction.
- Moves by the final travel distance for zero point return (OLxx2A) from the first zero point signal after
 the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal has been detected and then stops at a point which is taken
 as the machine coordinate zero point.



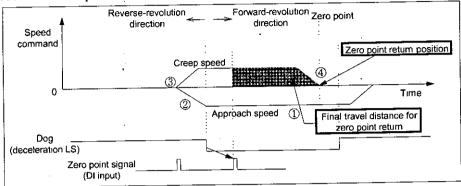
Operation on starting the zero point return within interval (c)

The axis:

- ① Moves at the creep speed in the reverse direction.
- ② Decelerates at the rise of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- Moves at the creep speed in the forward direction.
- Moves by the final travel distance for zero point return (OLxx2A) from the first zero point signal after the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal has been detected and then stops at a point which is taken as the machine coordinate zero point.



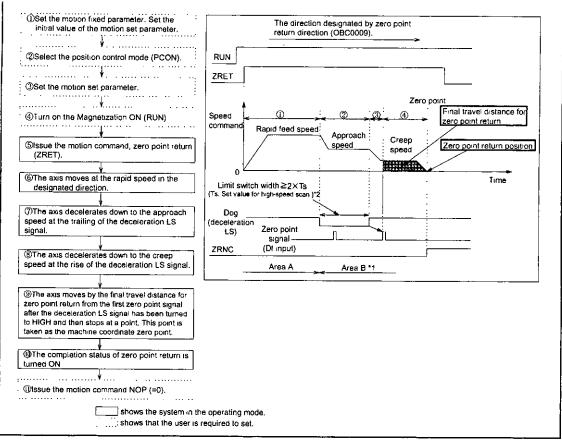
- Operation on starting the zero point return within interval (d) and (e)
- ① Moves at the approach speed in the reverse direction.
- ② Decelerates at the rise of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- 3 Moves at the creep speed in the forward direction.
- Moves by the travel distance for zero point return from the first zero point signal after the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal has been detected and then stops at a point which is taken as the machine coordinate zero point.



■ An example of the method for zero point return operation

Zero point return for each axis is performed as described below. Take "DEC1 + ZERO" signal method as an example the register No. corresponds to the first axis of module No.1. When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No. For the motion parameter to be used for zero point return, a circle "O" is displayed at the "Zero point return" column of the "Motion command code to validate data" in Section 5.1.2, "List of Motion Set Parameters" and in Section 5.1.3, "List of Motion Monitor Parameters."

- ① Set the initial value of the motion fixed parameter and motion set parameter. Set them so as to meet the requirements of the user's machines by means of the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- Select the position control mode (PCON) (Bit 2 of OWC000).
 * It is recommended to set the initial value at the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- ③ Set the approach speed (OWC00A), creep speed (OWC00B), and rapid speed (OLC022 or OWC015).
 - Set such motion set parameters to be used on zero point return(ZRET) as the linear acceleration/deceleration time constant (OWC00C, OWC00D) and the final travel distance for zero point return (OLC02A).
- 4 Turn the on the Magnetization ON (RUN) (Bit 0 of OWC001).
- ⑤ Set zero point return (ZRET = 3) to the motion command code (OWC020).
- 6 Setting zero point return (ZRET) to the motion command will cause the axis to move at the rapid speed in the direction designated by the zero point return direction selection (Bit 9 of OWC000). The settings of the motion parameters cannot be changed during zero point return.
 - Furthermore, suspending the operation is not allowed during zero point return. To abort positioning, turn ABORT (Bit 1 of OWC021) on. The BUSY (Bit 0 of IWC015) is kept "ON" during the abortion and turned "OFF" on completing the abortion.
 - (Note) On completion of the abortion, releasing the abortion (turning ABORT "OFF") will result in keeping stopped.
- The axis decelerates down to the approach speed at the trailing of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- ® The axis decelerates down to the creep speed at the rise of the dog (deceleration LS) signal.
- The axis moves by the final travel distance for zero point return (OLC02A) from the first zero point signal after the dog has been turned to HIGH and then stops at a point to take it as the machine coordinate zero point.
 - Setting the offset value of zero point is also allowed. (Setting the offset value of zero point to 100 makes the position data 100.) Set in advance the offset value of zero point by the motion set parameter (OLC006).
- (I) Completing the issue (Bit 2 of IWC015 is turned "ON") leads to the completion of the zero point return. Completion of the zero point return will cause the completion status of zero point return ZRNC (Bit 6 of IWC015) to turn "ON."
- ① Check to see if the completion status of zero point return (ZRNC) has been turned "ON", and set NOP (=0) to the motion command code (OWC020).



- *I: The machine in area B after powered will not allow for proper zero point return. Return the machine positively to area A to carry out zero point return.
- *2: The deceleration LS requires a setting value at least twice or more than the high-speed scan. The measure of the deceleration LS width can be calculated by the equations below.

```
The measure of rapid speed can be calculated by the equations below. Let Va = Rapid feed speed (%). Then, set as shown below. va = f \times Va/100
L \ge 1/2 \cdot \{va^2/a\}
```

*3: When the distance set to the "Final travel distance for zero point return" is too short, the axis passes the zero point and then returns.

The measure of the final travel distance for zero point return can be calculated by the equations below. Let Vc = creep speed (%). Then $vc = f \times Vc/100$ $x = 1/2 \cdot \{vc^2/a\}$ gives the measure.

An example of user's programs (Zero point return)

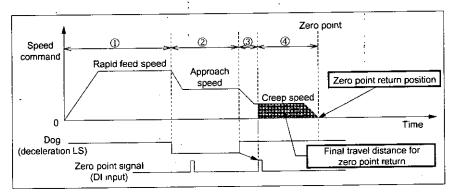


Fig. 3.5 An example of pattern for zero point return (DEC1 + ZERO signal method)

<Pre><Preconditions>

Assume that the initial values of the motion fixed parameter and the motion set parameter are the same as in Section 5.3, "Motion Parameter Setting Example."

<Operation Conditions>

Zero point return is carried out by following the pattern shown in Fig.3.5.

Zero point return method: DEC1 + ZERO signal method

This example uses the first axis of module No.1.

When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Motion Parameters" for the details of the register (OWxxxx) in use.

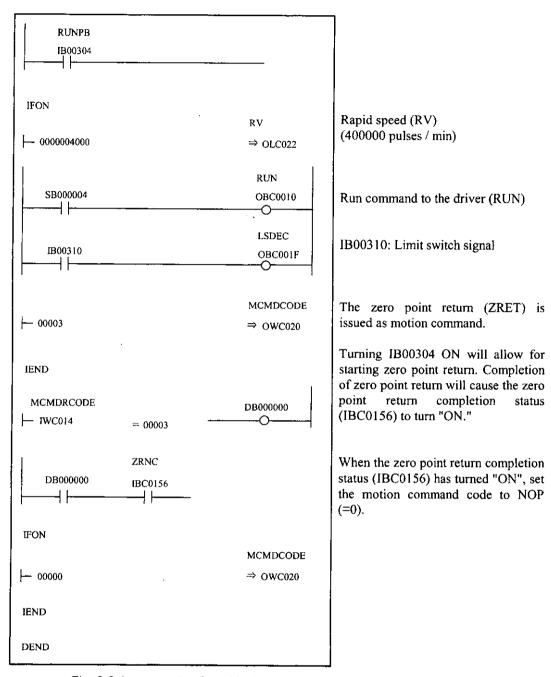


Fig. 3.6 An example of positioning programs (DWG H03)

The example in Fig.3.6 has been simplified, however, each register can be controlled by the user's program as intended.

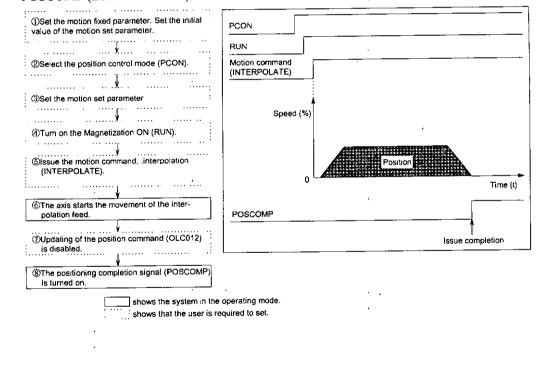
3.4 Interpolation (INTERPOLATE)

Interpolation feed is performed according to varying position data to be issued by the CPU module.

Fig. 3.9 shows a block diagram. The interpolation feed for each axis is performed as described below. The register No. corresponds to the first axis of module No.1. When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No. For the motion parameter to be used for interpolation feed, a circle "O" is displayed at the "Interpolation" column of the "Motion command code to validate data" in Section 5.1.2, "List of Motion Set Parameters" and in Section 5.1.3, "List of Motion Monitor Parameters."

- ① Set the initial value of the motion fixed parameter and motion set parameter. Set them so as to meet the requirements of the user's machines by means of the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- ② Select the position control mode (PCON) (Bit 2 of OWC000).
 - * It is recommended to set the initial value at the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- ③ Set the position command setting (OLC012).

 If necessary, set such motion set parameters to be used on interpolation (INTERPOLATE) as the filter time constant (OWC014).
- ④ Turn on the Magnetization ON (RUN) (Bit 0 of OWC001).
- Set interpolation (INTERPOLATE = 4) to the motion command code (OWC020).
- ⑥ Setting interpolation (INTERPOLATE) to the motion command will allow the axis to perform the interpolation feed according to the designated motion parameters.
- ① Updating the position command (OLC012) is disabled.
- Ompleting the issue (Bit 2 of IWC015 is turned "ON") will cause the completion signal for positioning POSCOMP (Bit D of IWC000) to turn "ON."



■ An example of user's programs (Interpolation)

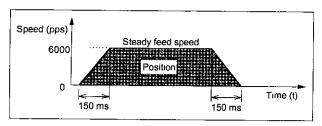


Fig. 3.7 An example of pattern for interpolation

<Pre><Preconditions>

Assume that the initial values of the motion fixed parameter and the motion set parameter are the same as in Section 5.3, "Example of Motion Parameter Setting."

<Operation Conditions>

The axis is stopped following the pattern shown in Fig.3.7.

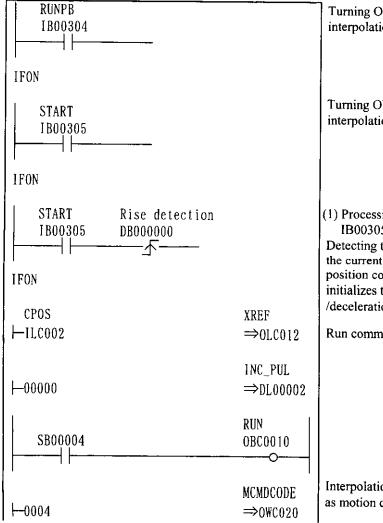
Set value for high-speed scan: 5.0 ms

Steady feed speed = 6000 pulses/s (30 pulses per one scan)

Acceleration/deceleration time constant until the speed reaches the steady feed speed = 150 ms. This example uses the first axis of module No.1.

When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Motion Parameters" for the details of the register (OWxxxx) in use.



Turning ON IB00304 will start the interpolation feed.

Turning ON IB00305 will start the interpolation feed (acceleration).

(1) Processing at the time of the rise of IB00305

Detecting the rise of IB00305 will initialize the current position (ILC002) with the position command (OLC012), and also it initializes the number of acceleration /deceleration pulses (DL00002) (=0).

Run command to the driver (RUN)

Interpolation (INTERPOLATE) is issued as motion command.

| | | | * |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---|
| ELSE | | - | (2) Processing at the time of IB00305 being "ON" |
| INC_PUL
├─DL00002 | ++00001 | INC_PUL
⇒DL00002 | The number of acceleration/deceleration pulses (DL00002) is added by one (+1) for every scan. |
| INC_PUL
 DL00002 | ≥00030 | | When the number of acceleration/ deceleration pulses (DL00002) exceeds |
| IFON | | | the steady feed speed (= 30 pulses), a limit is issued with 30 pulses. |
| ⊢ 00030 | | INC_PUL
⇒DL00002 | |
| IEND | | | |
| XREF
 OLCO 12 | INC_PUL
++DL00002 | XREF
⇒OLCO12 | The position command is updated for |
| IEND | | | every scan (acceleration). |
| ELSE | : . | | , |
| INC_PUL
 DL00002 | 00001 | INC_PUL
⇒DL00002 | (3) Processing at the time of IB00305 being "OFF" |
| INC_PUL
 DL00002 | ≦ 0 ' | | Turning IB00305 OFF will allow for a decelerating to stop. The number of acceleration/deceleration |
| IFON | | | pulses (DL00002) is subtracted by one (1) for every scan, and the axis stops |
| ⊢ 00000 | | INC_PUL
⇒DL00002 | when the number becomes zero. |
| IEND | | | |
| XREF
 OLCO12 | INC_PUL
++DL00002 | XREF
⇒0LC012 | |
| IEND | | | The position command is updated for . |
| ELSE | | | every scan (deceleration). |
| ├ -00000 | | MCMDCODE
⇒0WC020 | |
| IEND | | | (4) Processing at the time of IB00304 being "OFF" |
| DEND | | | Turning IB00304 OFF will release the interpolation feed. |

Fig. 3.8 An example of interpolation feed programs (DWG H03)

The example in Fig.3.8 has been simplified, however, each register can be controlled by the user's program as intended.

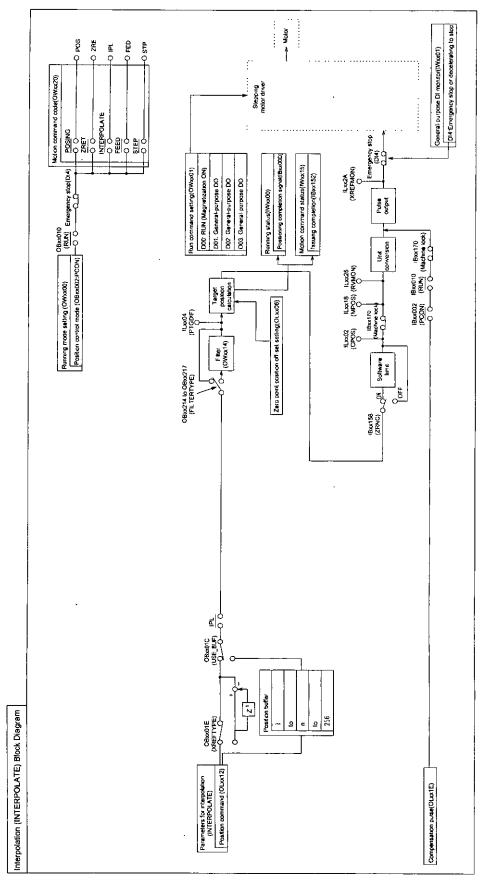


Fig. 3.9 Interpolation (INTERPOLATE) Block Diagram

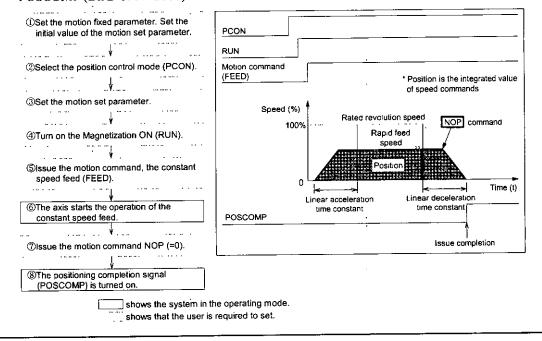
3.5 Constant Speed Feed (FEED)

Rapid feed is performed with a designated acceleration/deceleration time constant and at rapid speed designated for infinite distance. Rapid speed can be changed even during running. Setting NOP (=0) to the motion command code (OWxx20) will cause the axis to decelerate to stop.

Fig. 3.12 shows a block diagram. The constant speed feed for each axis is performed as described below. The register No. corresponds to the first axis of module No.1. When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No. For the motion parameter to be used for Constant speed feed, a circle "O" is displayed at the "Constant speed feed" column of the "Motion command code to validate data" in Section 5.1.2, "List of Motion Set Parameters" and in Section 5.1.3, "List of Motion Monitor Parameters."

- ① Set the initial value of the motion fixed parameter and motion set parameter. Set them so as to meet the requirements of the user's machines by means of the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- ② Select the position control mode (PCON) (Bit 2 of OWC000).
 - * It is recommended to set the initial value at the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- ③ Set the rapid feed speed (OLxx22 or OWC015).
 If necessary, set such motion set parameters to be used on constant speed feed (FEED) as the linear acceleration/deceleration time constant (OWC00C, OWC00D) and the filter time constant (OWC014).
- ④ Turn on the Magnetization ON (RUN) (Bit 0 of OWC001).
- ⑤ Set the constant speed feed (FEED = 7) to the motion command code (OWC020).
- ⑤ Setting the constant speed feed (FEED) to the motion command will allow the axis to perform the rapid feed movement according to the designated parameters.

 The rapid feed cannot be suspended.
- To suspend (abort) the rapid feed, set NOP (=0) to the motion command code.
- Completing the issue (Bit 2 of IWC015 is turned "ON") causes the completion signal for positioning POSCOMP (Bit D of IWC000) to turn "ON."



An example of user's programs (Constant speed feed)

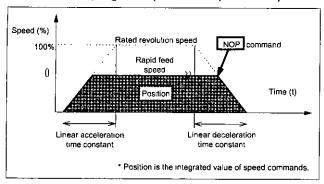


Fig.3.10 An example of pattern for constant speed feed

<Pre><Pre>conditions>

Assume that the initial values of the motion fixed parameter and motion set parameters are the same as in Section 5.3, "Motion Parameter Setting Example."

<Operation Conditions>

In the pattern shown in Fig.3.10, let the rapid feed speed = (400000 pulses/min.

Rapid feed speed: OLC022 = 4000 (1=100 pulses / min)

This example uses the first axis of module No.1.

When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Motion Parameters" for the details of the register (OWxxxx) in use.

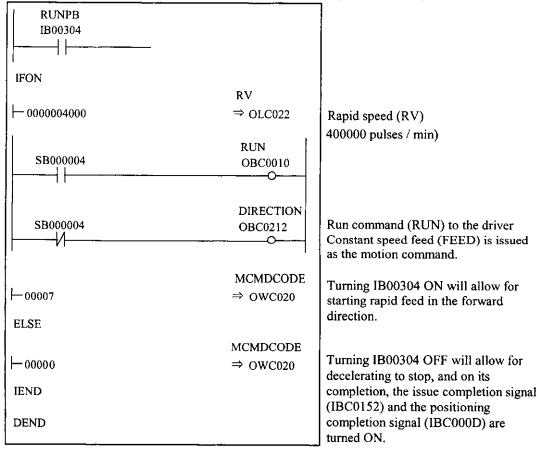


Fig. 3.11 An example of constant speed feed programs (DWG H03)

The example in Fig.3.11 has been simplified, however, each register can be controlled by the user's program as intended.

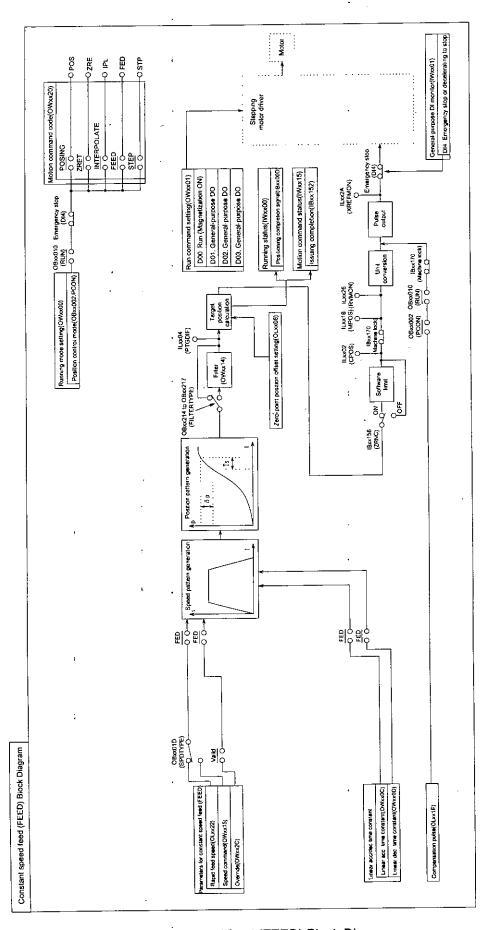


Fig. 3.12 Constant speed feed (FEED) Block Diagram

3.6 Constant Step Feed (STEP)

Positioning is performed at rapid speed by the designated step of movement (by amount of STEP movement) with the designated acceleration/deceleration time constant in the designated direction). Rapid feed speed can be changed even during operation. When the movement step is changed during operation, however, the changed value is reflected on the subsequent execution of constant step feed (STEP).

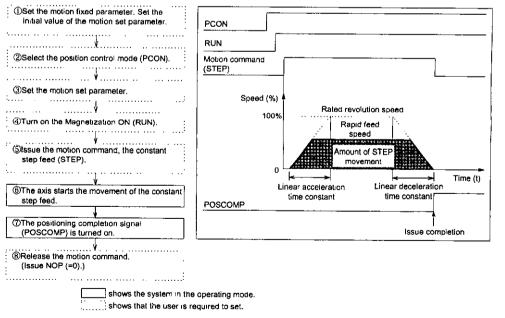
A block diagram is shown in Fig. 3.15. The constant step feed for each axis is performed as described below. The register No. corresponds to the first axis of module No.1. When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No. For the motion parameter to be used for constant step feed, a circle "O" is displayed at the "Constant step feed" column of the "Motion command code to validate data" in Section 5.1.2, "List of Motion Set Parameters" and in Section 5.1.3, "List of Motion Monitor Parameters."

- ① Set the initial value of the motion fixed parameter and motion set parameter. Set them so as to meet the requirements of the user's machines by means of the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- Select the position control mode (PCON) (Bit 2 of OWC000).
 * It is recommended to set the initial value at the Parameter Setting Window of CP-717.
- ③ Set the amount of STEP movement (OLC028) and the rapid feed speed (OLC022 or OWC015). If necessary, set such motion set parameters to be used on constant step feed (STEP) as the linear acceleration/deceleration time constant (OWC00C, OWC00D) and the filter time constant (OWC014).
- 4 Turn on the Magnetization ON (RUN) (Bit 0 of OWC001).
- ⑤ Set the constant step feed (STEP = 8) to the motion command code (OWC020).
- Setting the constant step feed (STEP) to the motion command will cause the axis to perform positioning with the designated motion parameters. To suspend positioning, turn HOLD (Bit 0 of OWC021) on. HOLDL (Bit 1 of IWC015) is turned "ON" on completing the suspension. To release it, turn HOLD (Bit 0 of OWL021) "OFF."

To abort positioning, turn ABORT (Bit 1 of OWC021) on. The BUSY (Bit 0 of IWC015) is kept "ON" during the abortion and turned "OFF" on completing the abortion.

(Note) On completion of the abortion, releasing the abortion (turning ABORT "OFF") will result in keeping stopped.

- © Completing the issue (Bit 2 of IWC015 is turned "ON") will cause the completion signal for positioning POSCOMP (Bit D of IWC000) to turn "ON."
- Release the constant step feed of the motion command code when the positioning has been completed.
 (Note) The rise is detected for the constant step feed. Therefore, once the constant step feed is executed, it is necessary to set the motion command code to NOP for one scan or more and then set the constant step feed to the motion command code again



An example of user's programs (Constant step feed)

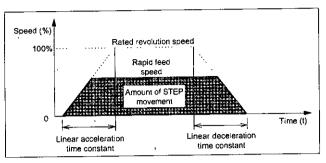


Fig. 3.13 An Example of Pattern for Constant Step Feed

<Pre><Preconditions>

Assume that the initial values of the motion fixed parameter and the motion set parameter are the same as in Section 5.3, "Motion Parameter Setting Example."

<Operation Conditions>

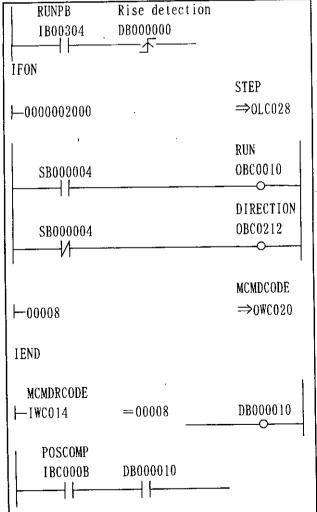
In the pattern shown in Fig.3.13, the axis will stop at an amount of STEP movement of 2000 pulses.

The amount of STEP movement : OLC028 = 2000 pulses

This example uses the first axis of module No.1.

When the module No. or the axis No. is different, refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." to substitute the register No.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Motion Parameters" for the details of the register (OWxxxx) in use.



The amount of STEP movement (STEP) (2000 pulses)

Run command to the driver (RUN) Constant step feed (STEP) is issued as the motion command.

Turning IB00304 ON will allow for starting STEP feed in the forward direction by the amount of STEP movement.

And on completion of the movement, the positioning completion signal (IBC000D) is turned ON.

When the movement has been completed, clear the motion command (=NOP command) in preparation for subsequent operation.

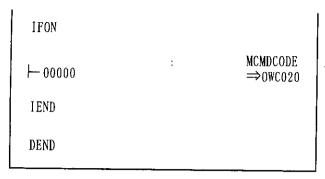


Fig. 3.14 An example of constant step feed programs (DWG H03)

The example in Fig.3.14 has been simplified, however, each register can be controlled by the user's program as intended.

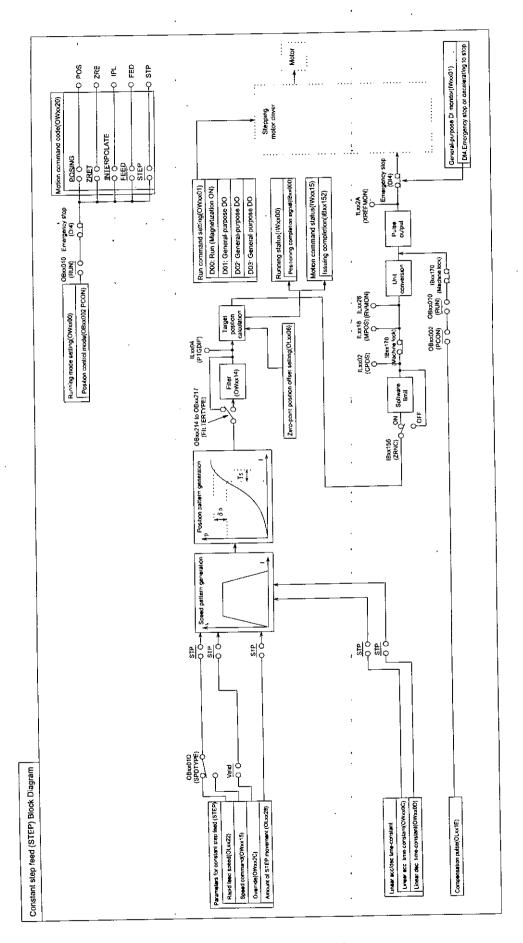


Fig. 3.15 Constant step feed (STEP) Block Diagram

3.7 Zero Point Setting (ZSET)

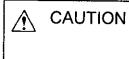
Executing "Zero point setting" will cause the position to be taken as the "Machine coordinate zero point." Therefore, the zero point can be set without the operation of zero point return.

To use the software limit check, make it sure to execute the operation of zero point return or "Zero point setting."

Perform "Zero point setting" as follows.

- Move the machine to the zero point by the constant speed feed, constant step feed, or manual operation.
- ② Set the zero point setting ("9") to the motion command code (OWxx20).

 (Note) The position control mode (Bit 2 of OWxx00) and magnetization ON (Bit 0 of OWxx01) may be "ON" or "OFF."
- 3 On completing the zero point setting, the zero point setting completion (Bit 3 of IWxx15) and the zero point return completion status (Bit 6 of IWxx15) are turned "ON."
- When the zero point setting completion is turned "ON," reset the zero point setting of motion command code. (Set the motion command code to NOP (=0)).



The "Zero point setting (ZSET)" is a command for setting the "Machine coordinate zero point." Therefore, incorrect position setting at the "Zero point setting" will result in a movement operation different from an actually intended one in subsequent operation. Before running the machine, make sure to check that the "Machine coordinate zero point" has been correctly set. Caution should be fully taken because skipping this check may lead to a damage of tools due to interference and possible injury.

3.8 Detection of Step-out

Step-out detection is performed by preparing an application program at DWG.Hxx using the counter module (CNTR-01) of CP-9200SH/CP-317.

An example of the module configuration is shown in Fig. 3.16.

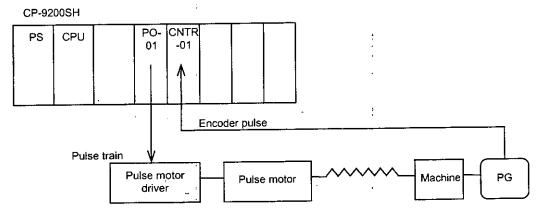


Fig. 3.16 An Example of Module Configuration for Step-out Detection

3.8.1 Outline

Step-out detection is carried out in such a way that the counter value (FB position: Ni) of the counter module (CNTR-01) is converted to the position command (feedback calculation position: Pi) for the pulse motor and the difference between the calculated result (Pi) and command position (Mi) is computed.

The feedback calculated position (Pi) is calculated not by the counter value itself of the CNTR-01 module but by the incremental number of pulses at every scan to correspond to the positioning in the case of infinite distance.

Command position: $M_1 = M_{1-1} + \text{the number of output pulses of one scan (ILxx2A of PO-01)}$

FB position:
$$P_i = P_{i-1} + \frac{\text{The number of incremental pulses of every scan}(ILxxx2) \times M + Remainder}{n \times N}$$

N ; the number of encoder pulses per one revolution of the motor

M: the number of command pulses per one revolution of the motor

n : a multiple for the number of encoder pulses (n=1, 2, 4)

Therefore, when the condition below is satisfied, the machine is regarded as in step-out.

$$\mid M_i - P_i \mid > \epsilon$$
 (ϵ =deviation allowance : to be set by the user)

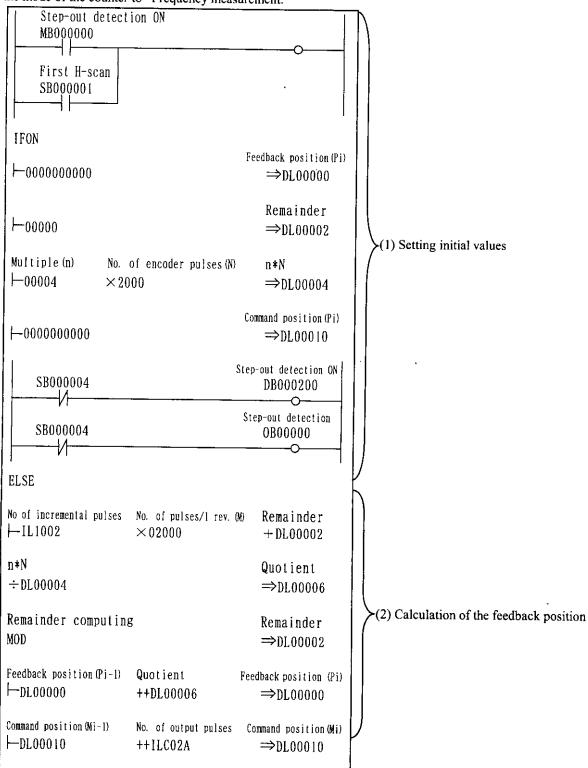
To calculate Mi, use the output data of the monitor parameter (the number of output pulses XREFMON: ILxx2A) of the PO-01 module. As for the incremental number of pulses for one scan, use the incremental number of pulses per one scan (PDV: ILxxxx + 2) as the input data for the counter module.

3.8.2 Examples of Application Programs

A step-out detection program is prepared as a high-speed scanning program (DWG.Hxx) using the monitor parameter (the number of output pulses: ILxx2A) of the PO-01 module and the input data (the number of incremental pulses: ILxx02) of the counter module (CNTR-01).

In this example, the first axis of module No.1 of the PO-01 module is used. To use other axis, change the register No. of the parameter (ILC02A) for monitoring.

In addition, it is assumed that the input data of the CNTR-01 module are allocated to IW1000 to IW100F. When the allocation is found to be different, change the register No. of the input data (IL1002). Finally, set the mode of the counter to "Frequency measurement."



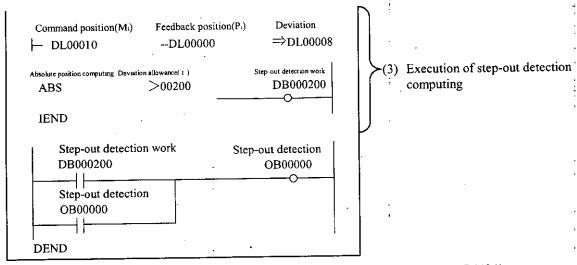


Fig. 3.17 An example of application programs for step-out detection (DWG.H01)

The example of application programs for step-out detection shown in Fig. 3.17 is briefly explained below.

(1) Setting initial values

Set the following initial values when turning off step-out detection (when MB000000 is OFF). Prepare another application program to provide the timing for turning on/off of step-out detection.

Feedback calculation position (DL00000) = 0

Remainder of computing of feedback calculation position (DL00002) = 0

DL00004 = Multiple of encoder pulses (n) \times the number of encoder pulses per one revolution of the motor (N)

* In this example, multiple of encoder pulses (n) = 4 and the number of encoder pulses per one revolution of the motor (N) = 2000, however, set them so that they fit to the machine.

Command position (DL00010)=0

(2) Calculation of feedback position

The feedback calculation position (Pi) can be calculated by the input data of the counter module (the number of pulses for every scan: IL1002), the number of command pulses per one revolution of the motor (M), and the multiple of the number of encoder pulses (n).

or (M), and the multiple of the number of encoder pulses (n).

$$P_{i}=P_{i-1}+\frac{\text{The number of incremental pulses of every scan}\times M + \text{Remainder}}{n\times N}$$

* In this example, the number of command pulses per one revolution of the motor (M) = 2000, however, set it so as to fit to the machine.

(3) Execution of step-out detection computing

When the absolute value of the difference between the command position (Mi) and the feedback calculation position (Pi) exceeds the deviation allowance (ϵ), this is regarded to be step-out and OB00000 is turned ON.

* In this example, the deviation allowance (ε) = 200, however, set it so as to fit to the machine.

<A measure for setting the deviation allowance>

Set 4 times the number of output pulses of one scan when the machine is operated at the rated revolution (rpm).

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\text{NR} \times \text{The number of command pulses per one revolution of the motor} \times \text{Ts}}{600 \times 1000} \times 4$$

NR: Rated revolution (rpm)

Ts: H-scan setting value (ms)

For example, when NR=300 (rpm), the number of command pulses per one revolution of the motor =2000 pulses and Ts = 5 (ms),

$$\varepsilon = \{(300 \times 2000 \times 5) \div (60 \times 1000)\} \times 4 = 200$$

3.9 Emergency Stop

The PO-01 module is provided with a special input signal for emergency stop (DI04) for each axis.

There are two methods for emergency stop; one stops the machine immediately by means of hardware, the other decelerates to stop it by means of software, either one can be selected by the motion fixed parameter.

Table 3.13 Parameter for Emergency Stop

| Motion fixed parameter | Name | Description |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Bit 5 of No.14 | Emergency stop .
signal selection | Selects the stopping method when the input signal of emergency stop (DI04) is input. 0: Emergency stop The machine is immediately stopped by means of hardware. 1: Decelerating to stop The machine is decelerated to stop by means of software. The deceleration rate follows the motion set parameter (OWxx0D). |

Inputting the input signal for emergency stop (D104) will lead to a stop according to the stopping method mentioned above and the emergency stop signal/decelerating to stop signal (Bit 4 of IWxx01) of the motion parameter is turned "ON."

When hardware is used for emergency stop, the PO-01 module holds the position data (the position which the PO-01 module controls) at which the emergency stop input signal has been input, however, the position may differ from the actual machine position due to step-out or load resulted from the emergency stop. In this case, release the emergency stop to clear the motion command code and reset the alarm and then carry out zero point return to re-set the position.

Release emergency stop as follows.

- ① Release the emergency stop input signal (DI04).
- ② Turn the magnetization ON (Bit 0 of OWxx01) "OFF."
- ③ Turn the emergency stop/decelerating to stop signal release (Bit 11 of OWxx01) "OFF" \rightarrow "ON" \rightarrow "OFF."

(Note) Only releasing the emergency stop input signal (D104) will not release the emergency stop/decelerating to stop. When the emergency stop/decelerating to stop is released, the emergency stop signal/decelerating to stop signal (Bit 4 of IWxx01) of the motion monitor parameter is turned "OFF."

④ Clear the motion command code (OWxx20).

When the emergency stop input signal (DI04) is input during movement of axis, the command abnormal termination status (Bit 5 of IWxx15) is turned "ON." Under this condition, the operation cannot be re-started. Setting "0" to the motion command code (OWxx20) will allow for releasing ("OFF") the command abnormal termination status (Bit 5 of IWxx15).

⑤ Turn the alarm clear (Bit 6 of OWxx00) "OFF" → "ON" → "OFF."

When the emergency stop input signal (DI04) is input during movement of the axis, the magnetization OFF alarm (Bit 5 of ILxx22) is turned "ON."

Under this condition, the operation cannot be re-started. Turning the alarm clear (Bit 6 of OWxx00) "OFF" → "ON" → "OFF" will allow for releasing ("OFF") the magnetization OFF alarm (Bit 5 of ILxx22).

Now the re-start of operation is ready. Re-start the operation hereafter according to the ordinary running sequence as follows.

- Turn the position control mode (Bit 2 of OWxx00) "ON."
 - This procedure is not necessary when it has already been turned "ON."
- Turn the magnetization ON (Bit 0 of OWxx01) "ON."
- Set the zero point return (ZSET) to the motion command code to perform zero point return.

(Note) When the position (CPOS: ILxx02) controlled by the PO-01 module coincides with the actual machine position, this procedure is not necessary.

Execute the ordinary running program.

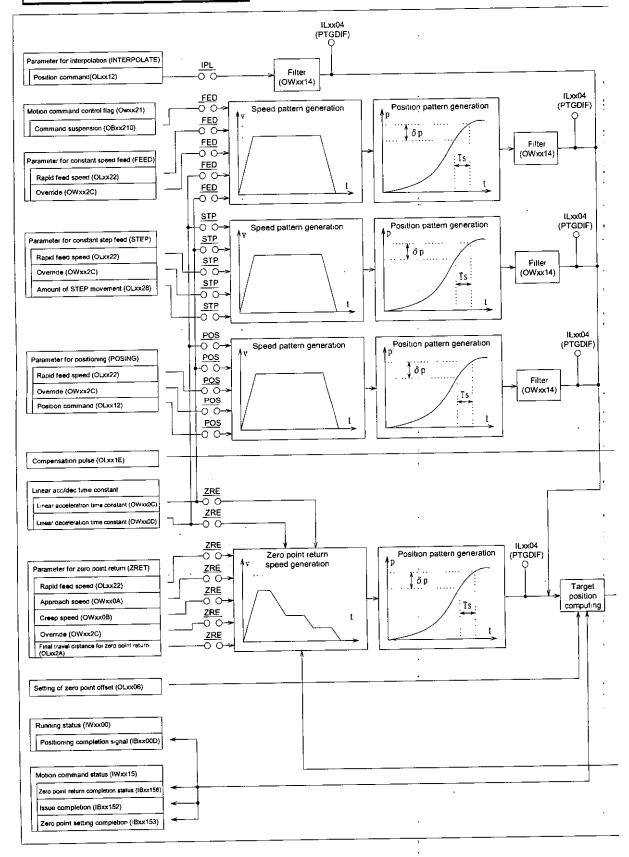
Note

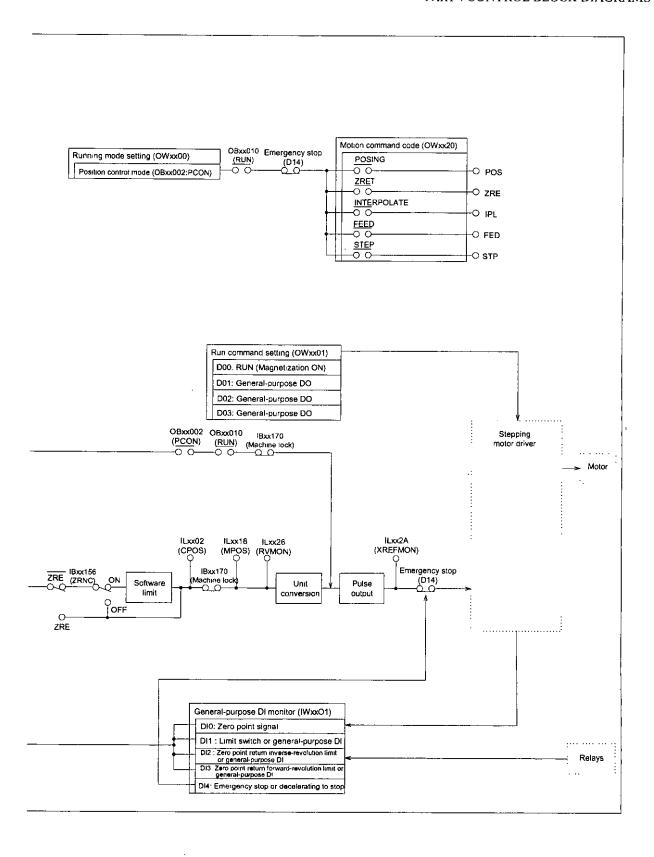
While the emergency stop signal/decelerating to stop signal (Bit 4 of IWxx01) is "ON," operation is kept stopped. Be sure to release emergency stop as mentioned above.

CONTROL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

This chapter provides all control block diagrams to prepare and debug application programs.

PO-01 motion control block diagram





5 MOTION PARAMETERS

This chapter provides a list of motion parameters with details and setting examples.

5.1 List of Motion Parameters.

Each axis is provided with common parameter specifications. The register No. of each axis (1 to 4 axis) is the register No. shown in Tables 5.2 and 5.3 added by axis offset. The axis offset (axis ofs) of each axis is given by (axis No. - 1)×40H (64 words). The "xx" of the register No. differs depending on the module No. Refer to Section 1.3, "Module No. and Motion Parameter Register No." for details.

All settings are automatically set to defaults when power is turned on. Setting data beyond the setting range to each setting item will result in operation with a value limited by the setting range.

Note

Register numbers are inconsecutive for registers of different module Nos. When module Nos. are the same, registers between axes are consecutive. Therefore, care should be taken when a subscript (i,j) is used in the user's program.

(Example)

For OIW(OW)C000i, reading is performed without any error for i=0 up to 255. For IW(OW)C000, the range of registers of module No.1, that is, the range from IW(OW)C000 to IW(OW)C0FF, can be normally read and written. However, reading cannot be correctly performed for i≥256.

5.1.1 List of Motion Fixed Parameters

These are parameters which will, once set, normally never be changed as long as the configuration or specifications of a machine is not changed. Set them with the "Fixed parameter" tab of the PO-01 Definition Window of the CP-717.

Note

Fixed parameters cannot be changed when the current value of Bit 0 of the setting parameter No.2, "run command setting (OWxx01)," is "ON." Care should be taken because changing the motion fixed parameter will result in initializing position information.

Table 5.1 List of Motion Fixed Parameter

| No. | Name | Setting range | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 1 | Axis use selection | 0 or 1 | Meaning 0: Select for no use |
| | (USESEL) | (Default =0) | 1: Select for use |
| 2
to
6 | Reserved | | |
| 7 | Rated speed setting (NR) | 1 to 32000
(Default =100) | 1=1rpm |
| 8 | | | |
| to
13 | Reserved | | |
| 14 | Additional function selection | Bit0: Reserved | |
| ł | for use | Bit1: Reserved | |
| ł | (AFUNCSEL) | Bit2: LIMITSEL | Limit switch signal selection |
| | · | (Default =0) | 0: OBxx01F for use
1: DI signal for use |
| 1 | le | Bit3: LMT_LSEL | Selection of inverse revolution limit-signal for zero point |
| 1 | | (Default =0) | return |
| i | | | 0: Obxx21C for use |
| | • | | 1: DI signal for use |
| [| i | Bit4: LMT_RSEL | Selection of forward revolution limit-signal for zero point |
| i | | (Default =0) | return |
| | | | 0: Obxx21D |
| | | Bit5: EMGSEL | 1: DI signal for use |
| S | | Default =0) | Selection of emergency stop (DI) signal |
| | | (Delauit =0) | 0: Emergency stop (hardware) |
| | | Bit6: Reserved | 1: Decelerating to stop (software) |
| Į. | | Bit7: MCMDSEL | Motion command selection for use |
| | | (Default =1) | * Be sure to set "1" to it. |
| | | Bit8: RUNOUTSEL | Magnetization-ON output signal polarity selection |
| | | (Default =0) | 0: Positive logic |
| | | , | 1: Negative logic |
| | | | (Valid only for the system software version S0102 or |
|] | | | higher) |
| 15 | Bassand | Bit9 to 15: Reserved | |
| 16 | Reserved
Reserved | | <u> </u> |
| 17 | Motion controller function | DHO 2: CMD LIMIT | |
| '' | selection flag | Bit0-3: CMD_UNIT
(Default =0) | Command unit selection |
| | (SVFUNCSEL) | (Delault =0) | 0: pulse (Electronic gear invalid) 1: mm |
| | (| | 2: deg |
| | | | 3; inch |
| | | Bit4: USE_GEAR | Electronic gear validity selection |
| | | (Default =0) | 0: Invalid |
| | ļ | Due Divon 6 | 1: Valid |
| | l | Bit5: PMOD_SEL
(Default =0) | Axis selection |
| | , l | (Delault =0) | 0: Finite length axis 1: Infinite length axis |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Bit6: Reserved | r. minite length axis |
| | ŀ | Bit7: USE_SLIMP | Software limit (positive direction) validity selection |
| | l | (Default =0) | 0: Invalid |
| 1 | | | 1: Valid |
| | 1 | Bit8: USE_SLIMN | Software limit (negative direction) validity selection |
| | | (Default =0) | 0: Invalid |
| | Į. | | 1: Valid |
| l | ļ | Bit9: USE_OV | Override validity selection |
| [| | (Default =0) | 0: Invalid |
| | <u> </u> | Pitto: INIV. DEC | 1: Valid |
| | | Bit10: INV_DEC
(Default =0) | Deceleration LS inverse revolution selection |
| I | | (Delault -0) | 0: Not
1: Valid |
| | ŀ | Dit44 to 45: Danser | I. VOIIU |
| | | Bit11 to 15: Reserved | |

Table 5.1 List of Motion Fixed Parameter

| No. | Name | Setting range | Meaning |
|----------|---|---|--|
| 18 | The number of decimal places | 0 to 5
(Default =3) | Set the number of decimal places of command (Example) For the number of decimal places = 3, |
| | (DECNUM) | | mm: One command unit = 0.001 mm
deg: One command unit = 0.001 deg
inch: One command unit = 0.001 inch |
| | : | | This parameter and the command unit selection (See the motion fixed parameter No.17.) gives the minimum |
| | | | command unit. However, the minimum unit of "pulse" is naffected by this parameter. |
| 19 | Amount of movement per | 1 to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 command unit |
| | one revolution of machine
(PITCH) | (Default =10000) | 4-4 revelation |
| 21 | Gear ratio of the motor side (GEAR_MOTOR) | 1 to 65535
(Default =1) | 1=1 revolution |
| 22 | Gear ratio of the side
(GEAR_MACHINE) | 1 to 65535
(Default =1) | 1=1 revolution |
| 23 | Reset position of infinite-
length axis (POSMAX) | 1.to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =360000) | 1=1 command unit |
| 25 | Reserved | | |
| 27 | Software limit value (positive direction) (SLIMP) | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =2 ³¹ -1) | 1=1 command unit |
| 29 | Software limit value .
(negative direction)
(SLIMN) | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =-2 ³¹) | 1=1 command unit |
| 31 | Zero point return method | 0 to 7 | 0: Reserved |
| | (ZRETSEL) | (Default =2) | 2: DEC1 signal (with switch width) + ZERO signal |
| | | | 3: Reserved 4: DEC2 signal (without switch width) + ZERO signal |
| | _ | | 5. DEC1 signal (with switch width) |
| | · | | + LMT (limit signal for zero point return) + ZERO signal |
| _ | | | 6: Reserved
7: Reserved |
| 32 | Reserved | .31 | 1=1 pulse |
| 33 | The number of pulses per one revolution of the motor (MPPS) | 1 to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =200) | (The number of pulses per one revolution of the steppi |
| 35 | Bias speed | 0 to 32767 | 1=10 ⁿ command unit/min (n: the number of decimal place
For units of pulse: 1=100 pulse/min |
| | (BIASSPD) | (Default =0) | For units of mm: 1=1mm/min |
| | | , | For units of deg: 1=1deg/min |
| | <u></u> | 0.4= 20767 | For units of inch: 1=1inch/min 1=10 ⁿ :command unit/min (n: the number of decimal plac |
| 36 | Bias speed for exponential acceleration/deceleration | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | For units of pulse: 1=1000 pulse/min |
| | filter | , , | For units of mm: 1=1mm/min |
| | (EXPBIAS) | | For units of deg: 1=1deg/min For units of inch: 1=1inch/min |
| 37 | Pulse output signal form | Bit0 to 7: Reserved | i |
| 01 | selection | Bit8: ABPOSEL | Pulse output signal polarity selection |
| | (POSEL) | (Default =0) | 0:-Positive logic 1: Negative logic |
| | | Bit9 to 11: Reserved | |
| | | Bit12 to 15: | Pulse output method selection |
| | | POUTMODE | 0: CW/CCW method
1: Sign (CCW) + pulse (CW) method |
| 38 | Pulse output maximum | (Default =0)
1 to 50 | 1=10kHz(10 to 500kHz) |
| 36 | frequency (MAXHZ) | (Default =10) | (10=100kHz) Note: Set one of 1 (10 kHz), 2 (20 kHz), 4 (40 kHz), 5 (5 kHz), 8 (80 kHz), 10 (100 kHz), 20 (200 kHz), 25 |
| | | , | kHz), 40 (400 kHz), and 50 (500 kHz). Be sure to set a value common to 4 axes including |
| <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | unused axes. |
| 39 | Reserved | | |
| to
48 | 1/6961460 | | |
| | | | |

5.1.2 List of Motion Set Parameters

Parameters are used for commanding the motion module. At the beginning of high-speed scan, the parameters are transferred to the motion module in a batch. Motion control can be performed only by setting the parameters to the register range.

Note

Register numbers are inconsecutive for registers of different module Nos. When module Nos. are the same, registers between axes are consecutive. Therefore, care should be taken when a subscript (i,j) is used in the user's program.

(Example)

For IW(OW)C000i, reading is performed without any error for i=0 up to 255. For IW(OW)C000, the range of registers of module No.1, that is, the range from IW(OW)C000 to IW(OW)C0FF, can be normally read and written. However, reading cannot be correctly performed for i≥256.

Table 5.2 List of Motion Set Parameters

| | | T | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| | İ | | | | Motion command code to validate data (OWxx20) |
| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range | Meaning | Positioning Zero point return Interpolation Constant speed feed Constant step feed |
| 1 | Run mode setting | OWxx00 | | | |
| | (RUNMOD) | Bit0 | Reserved | Set "0." | T |
| 1 | | Bit1 | Reserved | Set "0." | |
| | | Bit2 | PCON | Position control mode | |
| ! | | | (Default =0) | , control mode | |
| 1 | | Bit3 to 5 | Reserved | Set "0." | |
| | | Bit6 | ACR | Alarm clear | Abarrana |
| | | | (Default =0) | 1: Alarm clear inquiry | Always valid |
| l | | Bit7 | Reserved | Set "0." | |
| | | Bit8 | MCDSEL
(Default =1) | O: Motion command code (OWxx20) invalid I: Motion command code (OWxx20) valid Be sure to set it to "1." | Always valid (for motion function) |
| | | Bit9 | ZRNDIR
(Default =0) | Zero point return direction selection 0: Negative (decreasing) direction 1: Positive (increasing) direction | /0/// |
| | | Bit10 to 15 | Reserved | Set "0." | T |
| 2 | Run command | OWxx01 | | | <u> </u> |
| | setting
(SVRUNCMD) | Bit0 | RUN
(Default =0) | Magnetization ON (DO0) | |
| | | Bit1 | DO1
(Default =0) | DO1: General-purpose DO | |
| | | Bit2 | DO2
(Default =0) | DO2: General-purpose DO | Always valid |
| | | Bit3 | DO3
(Default =0) | DO3: General-purpose DO | |
| ' | ļ | Bit4 to 10 | Reserved | Set "0." | |
| | | Bit11 | EMRST
(Default =0) | Releasing emergency stop/decelerating to stop signal | Valid when RUN (Bit 0 of OWxx01) is OFF. |
| | | Bit12 | USE_BUF
(Default =0) | Position command value selection 0: Position command value is OLxx12. 1: Position command value position buffer | 0/0// |

Table 5.2 List of Motion Set Parameters

| ontinu | icu) | | | : | Motion o | omm
data | and
(OV | code
Vxx2 | ; to
!0) |
|----------------|--|------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| No. | Name | Register
No. | Setting range | Meaning | Positioning
Zero point return | $\overline{}$ | Ģ | | |
| 2 | Run command
setting
(SVRUNCMD) | Bit13 | SPDTYPE
(Default =0) | Speed command value selection 0: OLxx22 is valid for the rapid feed speed. The units of the approach speed (OWxx0A) and creep speed (OWxx0B) are 1 = 10n command unit/min. 1: Olxx15 is valid for the rapid feed speed. The units of the approach speed (OWxx0A) and creep speed (OWxx0B) are 1 = 0.01% | 0 0 | | | Э | : |
| | | Bit14 | XREFTYPE
(Default =0) | Position command type 0: Absolute position method for position command (OLxx12). 1: Incremental addition method for position command (OLxx12). | 0/ | | | | / |
| ļ | | Bit15 | LSDEC
(Default =0) | Limit switch signal at zero point return deceleration point | | | | | <u>/</u> |
| 3
to
6 | Reserved | OWxx02
to
OWxx05 | (Dolddit - 0) | Set "0." | | | | | - |
| 7 | Machine coordinate
zero point offset
setting
(ABSOFF) | OLxx06 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit
(1=1 pulse for the pulse unit) | Alway | s val | lid
 | | |
| 9 | Reserved | OLxx08 | | Set "0." The unit differs depending on the speed command | 1 | | 7 | 7 | _ |
| 11 | Approach speed setting (Napr) | OWxx0A | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | value selection (OBxx01D). For the speed command value selection =0, 1=10 ⁿ command unit/min (n: the number of decimal places) | | | | | / |
| 12 | Creep speed setting
(Nclp) | OWxx0B | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | For units of pulse: 1=100 pulse/min For units of mm: 1=1mm/min For units of deg: 1=1deg/min For units of inch: 1=1inch/min For the speed command value selection =1, 1=0.01%(1000=10.00%) | | | | | / |
| 13 | Linear acceleration
time constant
(NACC) | OWxx0C | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | 1=1ms
(300=0.300s) | 0 (| | | 0 | |
| 14 | Linear deceleration
time constant
(NDEC) | OWxx0D | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | 1=1ms
(300=0.300s) | 0 | | | 0 | |
| 15
to
18 | Reserved | OWxx0E
to
OWxx11 | , | Set "0." | | | | | |
| 19 | Position reference setting (XREF) or position buffer No. | OLxx12 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | * For position command value selection (OBxx01C)=1, the position buffer No. (1 to 256). | 0 | | 0 | \angle | |
| 21 | Filter time constant
(NNUM) | OWxx14 | (Moving
(0=1=wit | through 7 of OWxx21 equal to "2," the S-curve Average) time constant 0 to 255 (1=1 time) thout averaging) =0) | 0 | / | 0 | 0 | (|
| | | | (2) For Bit 4
accelera
(Default | =0) I through 7 of OWxx21 equal to "1," the exponential ation/deceleration time constant 0 to 32767 (1=1 ms) =0) | | / | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 22 | Speed reference
setting
(NREF) | OWxx15 | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | Valid when the speed command value selection | | 0 | 0 | 0 | , |
| 23
to | Reserved | OWxx16
to | , | Set "0." | | | | _ | |

Table 5.2 List of Motion Set Parameters

| (conti | nued) | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|---|---|
| | | | | | Motion command code to validate data (OWxx20) |
| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range | Meaning | Positioning Zero point return Interpolation Constant speed feed Constant step feed feed |
| 31 | Offset pulse | OLxx1E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 pulse | Valid when SVCRUN |
| | setting
(PULBIAS) | | (Default =0) | | (IBxx01D) is ON and
the machine-lock-ON
(IBxx170) is OFF. |
| 33 | Motion command | OWxx20 | 0 to 65535 | 0: NOP | (|
| ľ | code
(MCMDCODE) | | (Default =0) | No command available | |
| | (MCMDCODE) | | | 1: POSING | |
| | | | | Positioning 2: Reserved | 4 |
| | | | 1 | 3: ZRET | 4 |
| | | | | Zero point return | |
| | | | | 4: INTERPOLATE | ┥ ! |
| | | | | Interpolation | |
| | | | | 5: ENDOF_INTERPOLATE | Always valid |
| 1 | | | | Final Interpolation segment 6: Reserved | -l |
| | | | | 7: FEED | |
| ł | | | | Constant speed feed | |
| | | | | 8: STEP | 1 |
| | | | | Constant step feed | _ |
| | | | , | 9: ZSET Zero point setting | |
| | | | | 10 to 65535: Reserved | - |
| 34 | Motion command | OWxx21 | | | <u></u> |
| | control flag
(MCMDCTRL) | Bit0 | HOLD
(Default =0) | Command suspension | |
| | | Bit1 | ABORT
(Default =0)
DIRECTION | Command interruption Movement direction | 00/00 |
| | | DILE | (Default =0) | 0: Forward | |
| | | | | 1: Reverse | |
| | | Bit3 | REMCUT
(Default =0) | Selection of no compensation for the remainder of feed speed | 00/00 |
| | ĺ | Bit4 to 7 | FILTERTYPE (Default =0) | Filter type selection 0: No filter available | |
| ĺ | | | (Delault =0) | No litter available Exponential filter (Exponential | |
| ļ | | | | acceleration/deceleration) | |
| | | | | Moving average filter (Simple S-curve acceleration/deceleration) | 0/000 |
| | | Bit8 to
11
Bit12 | Reserved LMT_L | Set "0." | |
| | | | (Default =0) | Reverse revolution limit signal for zero point return Valid only when the fixed parameter No.14, "additional function selection for use" is set to "OBxx21C (setting parameter) in use." | |
| | | | (Default =0) | Forward revolution limit signal for zero point return
Valid only when the fixed parameter No.14,
"additional function selection for use" is set to
"OBxx21D (setting parameter) in use." | |
| | | | BUF_W
(Default =0) | Position buffer write 0: No processing 1: Write | |
| | Ì | | | Position buffer read-out | Always valid |
| | | | (Default =0) | 0: No processing | 1 |
| | <u></u> , | | | 1: Read-out | |

Table 5.2 List of Motion Set Parameters

| contin | | | | | | | | | ind co
(OWx | |
|----------------|--|----|------------------------|--|---|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| No. | Name
- | Re | egister No. | Setting range | Meaning . | Positioning | Zero point return | Interpolation | Constant speed feed | Constant step |
| 35 | Rapid feed speed
(RV) | Ol | _xx22 | 0 to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=10 ⁿ command unit/min (n: the number of decimal places) For units of pulse: 1=100 pulse/min For units of mm: 1=1mm/min For units of deg: 1=1deg/min For units of inch: 1=1inch/min | 0 | 0 | | 0 | :.0 |
| 37 | Reserved | OI | .xx24 | | Set "0." | _ | | | | |
| 39 | Stopping distance
(STOPDIST) | | Lxx26 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit | | | \bigcirc | | \mathbb{Z} |
| 41 | Amount of STEP
movement
(STEP) | O | Lxx28 | 0 to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit | \bigvee | \mathbb{Z} | V | $/\!$ | |
| 43 | Final travel distance
for zero point return
(ZRNDIST) | 0 | Lxx2A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit | V | 0 | \mathbb{Z} | \bigvee | Z |
| 45 | Override
(OV) | | Wxx2C | 0 to 32767
(Default =
10000=100%) | 1=0.01% | 0 | 0 | | 0 | j.C |
| 46 | Position control flag
(POSCTRL) | 0 | Wxx2D
Bit0
Bit1 | MLK
(Default =0)
TPRSREQ
(Default =0) | Machine lock mode setting 0: OFF 1: ON Demand for presetting the number of POSMAX turns | co
is | mple
ON. | | the is
(IBxx | |
| | | | Bit2 to 15 | Reserved | 1: Demand ON Set "0." | - | | | == | |
| 47 | Work coordinate
system Offset
(OFFSET) | 0 | Lxx2E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit
(For units of pulse: 1=1 pulse) | | | vali | | |
| 49 | Preset data of the
number of POSMAX
turns
(TURNPRS) | 0 | Lxx30 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 revolution | de
the
PC | mane
nun
OSM/ | nber
AX tu | prese | 3it 1 |
| 51 | Reserved | 0 | Wxx32 | | Set "0." | | | | | |
| 52 | Zero point position output width (PSETWIDTH) | C | Wxx33 | 0 to 65535
(Default =10) | 1=1 command unit | zε | ero p | oint r | d afte
eturn
nplisi | ı has |
| 53
to
56 | Reserved | c | Wxx34
to
Wxx37 | | Set "0." | 1 | | | eithe | er th |
| 57 | Position buffer access
No. | C | DLxx38 | 1 to 256
(Default =0) | Position buffer access No. (0= Invalid) | p(
(C
p(
O) | ositic
OBxx
ositic
ut (O | on bu
21E)
on bu
Bxx2 | ffer v
is O
ffer r
21F) i | vrite
N or
ead
is O |
| 59 | Position buffer data for write | | DLxx3A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | | p | ositic | n bu | eithe
ffer v | vrite |
| 61
to
63 | Reserved | ļ | DWxx3C
to
DWxx3F | | Set "0." | | | | | _ <u>`</u> _ |

5.1.3 List of Motion Monitor Parameters

These are parameters to be reported by the motion module. They are reported at the head of high-speed scan in a batch. These parameters are also applied for application control and debugging user's programs.

Note

Register numbers are inconsecutive for registers of different module Nos. When module Nos. are the same, registers between axes are consecutive. Therefore, care should be taken when a subscript (i,j) is used in the user's program.

(Example)

For IW(OW)C000i, reading is performed without any error for i=0 up to 255. For IW(OW)C000, the range of registers of module No.1, that is, the range from IW(OW)C000 to IW(OW)C0FF, can be normally read and written. However, reading cannot be correctly performed for i≥256.

Table 5.3 List of Motion Monitor Parameters

| | | | | | Motion command code validate data (OWxx2) |
|-----|--|-------------|--|---|---|
| No. | | Register No | Setting range | Meaning | Positioning Zero point return Interpolation Constant speed feed Constant step |
| 1 | Run status | IWxx00 | | | |
| 1 | (RUNSTS) | Bit0 | Reserved | | 1 |
| 1 | | Bit1 | PRMERR | Motion set parameter setting error | 1 |
| J | | Bit2 | FPRMERR | Motion fixed parameter setting error | 1 |
| | | Bit3 to 6 | Reserved | | 1 |
| İ | | Bit7 | SVCRDY | Preparation for the running of motion controller is completed. | Always valid |
| ļ | | Bit8 | SVCRUN | The motion controller is running. | i |
| 1 | j | Bit9 to 12 | Reserved | | 1 |
| } | | Bit13 | POSCOMP | Positioning completion signal | 1 |
| | | Bit14 | Reserved | | 1 |
| L | | Bit15 | Reserved | | 1 |
| 2 | General-purpose DI | IWxx01 | | | |
| | monitor
(SVSTS) | BitO | HW_ZERO/Dio | Zero point signal/General-purpose DI (Use as general-purpose DI except for the time of zero point return.) | |
| | | Bit1 | DEC/DI1 | Limit switch signal/ General-purpose Di
Set at the fixed parameter No.14,
"additional function selection for use." | |
| | | Bit2 | LMT_L/DI2 | Reverse revolution limit signal for zero point return/General-purpose DI Set at the fixed parameter No.14, "additional function selection for use." | Always valid |
| | | Bit3 | LMT_R/DI3 | Forward revolution limit signal for zero point return/General-purpose DI Set at the fixed parameter No.14, "additional function selection for use." | |
| | | Bit4 | EMRGNCY
(DI4) | Emergency stop signal / Decelerating to stop signal Set at the fixed parameter No.14, "additional function selection for use." | |
| | <u> </u> | Bit5 to 15 | Reserved | | |
| 3 | Calculated position
of machine
coordinate system
(CPOS) | ILxx02 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 command unit For units of pulse, 1=1 pulse. Updating to be performed during machine lock. | Always valid |
| 5 | Target position
increment monitor
(PTGDIF) | ILxx04 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 command unit | Always valid |

Table 5.3 List of Motion Monitor Parameters

| ontinu | (ed) | | | | ï | Motion command code to
validate data (OWxx20) |
|----------|--|----------|----------------------|---|---|---|
| No. | Name | Re | egister No. | Setting range | Meaning . | Positioning Zero point return Interpolation Constant speed feed Constant step |
| 7
to | Reserved | ΙV | /xx06
to | - | | |
| 15 | | | /xx0E | 1. 25 | Making out parameter No | Valid when the |
| 16 | Parameter number for range overrun occurrence | I IV | /xx0F | 1 to 65
101 to 148 | Motion set parameter No. Motion fixed parameter No. + 100 | parameter setting
error (Bit 1 or 2 of
IWxx00) is ON. |
| | (ERNO) | <u> </u> | | | | 144200) 13 014 |
| 17
to | Reserved | | √xx10
to
√xx13 | : | | |
| 20
21 | Motion command response code | | Vxx14 | 0 to 65535 | Motion command currently under execution (Details are the same as OWxx20.) | Always valid |
| 22 | (MCMDRCODE) Motion command | Ιv | Vxx15 | 1 | , | Always valid |
| | status | Н | Bit0 | BUSY | Command-under-execution flag | |
| | (MCMDSTS) | | Bit1 | HOLDL | Command suspension completion | |
| | | | Bit2 | DEN | Issue completion | |
| | | | Bit3 | ZSET | Zero point setting completion | Always valid |
| | | | Bit4 | Reserved | Command abnormal completion status | |
| | | | Bit5
Bit6 | FAIL
ZRNC | Zero point return completion status | |
| | | 1 | Bit7 to 15 | Reserved | • | |
| 23 | Monitor for the number of decimal places (DECNUMM) | | Vxx16 | 0 to 5 | Duplicated data of the fixed parameter No.18,
"number of decimal places (DECNUM)." | Always valid |
| 24 | Position control | | Vxx17 | | | |
| | status | Г | Bit0 | MLKL | Under machine lock | 1 |
| | (POSSTS) | | Bit1
Bit2 | ZERO
PSET2 | Zero point position Second INP completion (for motion functions) (Interlocked with the issue completion) | |
| | | | Bit3 | Reserved | (Interiocked with the issue completely | , |
| | | | Bit4 | TPRSE | Presetting the number of POSMAX turns has been completed. | Always valid |
| | | | Bit5 | GEARM | Duplicated data of the fixed parameter No.17,
Bit 4 of "electronic gear validity selection." |
 |
| | | | ·Bit6 | MODSELM | Duplicated data of the fixed parameter No.17, Bit 5 of "axis selection." | _ |
| | | ╀. | Bit7 to 15
Lxx18 | Reserved -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 command unit | Always valid |
| 25 | Machine coordinate command position (MPOS) | " | LAXIO | -2 102 -1 | For units of pulse: 1=1 pulse Updating not to be performed during machine lock. | |
| 27 | Reserved | 1 | Lxx1A | | | Alumin volid |
| 29 | POSMAX monitor
(PMAXTURN) | Ţ' | Lxx1C | 1 to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 command unit Duplicated data of the fixed parameter No.23, "POSMAX." | Always valid |
| 31 | The number of POSMAX turns (PMAXTURN) | 1 | Lxx1E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 revolution Counted up or down every time the number exceeds POSMAX. (To be initialized to "0" at turning power ON.) | Valid when the infinite length axis selected at the fixe parameter No.17. |
| 33 | Reserved | - | Lxx20 | | | |

Table 5.3 List of Motion Monitor Parameters

| (conti | inued) | <u>, </u> | | | |
|----------|---|--|--|---|--|
| | | | | | Motion command code to
validate data (OWxx20) |
| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range | Meaning | Positioning Zero point return Interpolation Constant speed feed Constant step feed |
| 35 | Alarm | ILxx22 | T - | | |
| | (ALARM) | Bit0 to 2 | Reserved | | - |
| | | Bit3 | SOTF | Positive direction software limit | ╡ |
| ļ | | Bit4 | SOTR | Negative direction software limit | ┪ |
| | | Bit5 | SVOFF | Magnetization OFF | † |
| | | <u> </u> | | (The move command is issued when SVCRUN is OFF.) | |
| | | Bit6 | Reserved | | 1., |
| | | Bit7 | DISTOVER | The speed is excessive. | Always valid |
| | | Bit8 | Reserved | | 7 |
| | | Bit9 | Reserved | | 1 |
| | | Bit10 | MODERR | Control mode error (The move command has been issued except for the position control mode.) |] |
| | | Bit11 to 31 | Reserved | ender, ter the poblicit control mode. |] |
| 37 | Reserved | IWxx24 | | | |
| 38 | Reserved | IWxx25 | | | <u> </u> |
| 39 | Speed command
output value monitor
(RVMON) | ILxx26 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 command unit/H scan
(For system use) | Always valid |
| 41 | Position buffer read-
out data | ILxx28 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | When the position buffer read-out (OBxx21F) = 1, the position buffer data is duplicated. | Valid when the position buffer read- |
| 43 | The number of output pulses (XREFMON) | ILxx2A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 pulse (For system use) | out (OBxx21F) = 1. Always valid |
| 45 | Reserved | ILxx2C | | <u> </u> | |
| 47 | Calculated position of
the command
coordinate system
(POS) | ILxx2E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | 1=1 command unit | Always valid |
| 49 | | IWxx30 | | | |
| to
63 | Reserved | to
IWxx3F | | | |
| ,, | | TYYAAJE | | <u> </u> | 1 |

Details of Motion Parameters 5.2

Details of Motion Fixed Parameters 5.2.1

Note

Fixed parameters cannot be changed when the current value of Bit 0 of the setting parameter No.2, "run command setting (OWxx01)," is ON. Care should be taken because changing the motion fixed parameter will result in initializing position information.

Table 5.4 Details of Motion Fixed Parameters

| 1. | | Namo | | Description | Default value | |
|--|--------|-------------------------------|--|--|--------------------|--|
| lo.
1 | Axis u | Name
se selection
ESEL) | | se (=0)" or "not to use (=1)" the relevant axis. Selecting "not to use" | 0
(Not for use) | |
| (USESEL) Will result in no control of the axis. And also, the motion to the running status (IWxx00). When no IWxx3F) are not updated. However, "0" is stored to the running status (IWxx00). When no axis is used, select "not to use" in order to shorten the processing time. The default for this is set to "not to use (=0)." | | | | | | |
| l | | • | However, be sure to s | et the pulse output maximum frequency even when no axis is used. | 0 | |
| 2 | Reser | ved | | · | | |
| 6
7 | Rated | l speed | to the machine (the st | plutions at the rated (100%) revolution in the unit of 1r/min. Set it to fit becification of the motor) to be used. | 100 | |
| | (NF | • | The default value for t | his is set to 100 r/min. | 0 | |
| 8
to | Rese | rved . | | | | |
| 13
14 | | | selection for use | Provides selection of the type of signals to be used and the function a signal is intended for, etc. | | |
| | (A) | UNCSEL)
Bit0 | Reserved | | 0 | |
| | [| Bit1 | Reserved | | 0 | |
| | | Bit2 | Limit switch signal
selection
(LIMITSEL) | On zero point return, select setting the limit switch signal either to OBxx01F (=0) or to the DI signal (DI01 (=1)). Setting the signal to OBxx01F requires to connect (program) the external signal (DI signal taken into by the LIO-01 module, etc.) to OBxx01F by the user's program. Also refer to Section 3.3, "Zero Point Return." | 0 (ÖBxx01F) | |
| | | Bit3 | Reverse revolution limit signal selection for zero point return (LMT_LSEL) | On zero point return (DEC1 + LMT + ZERO signal), select setting the reverse revolution limit signal for zero point return either to OBxx21C (=0) or to the DI signal (DI02 (=1)). Setting the signal to OBxx21C requires to connect (program) the external signal (the DI signal taken into by the LIO-01 module, etc.) to OBxx21C by the user's program. Also refer to Section 3.3, "Zero Point Return." | 0 (OBxx21C | |
| | | Bit4 | Forward revolution limit signal selection for zero point return (LMT_RSEL) | On zero point return (DEC1 + LMT + ZERO signal), select setting the forward revolution limit signal for zero point return either to OBxx21D (=0) or to the DI signal (DI03 (=1)). Setting the signal to OBxx21D requires to connect (program) the external signal (the DI signal taken into by the LIO-01 module, etc.) to OBxx21D by the user's program. Also refer to Section 3.3, "Zero Point Return." | 0 (OBxx21D | |
| | | Bit5 | Emergency stop
(DI) signal selection
(EMGSEL) | Select the stopping method in the case where the emergency stop signal (DI04) is input. Selecting the emergency stop (=0) will allow for immediate stop by means of hardware without the intervention of software (a stop by means of hardware). Selecting the decelerating to stop (=1) will allow for a decelerating to stop according to the linear deceleration time constant (OWxx0D) of the motion set parameters (a stop by means of software). Also refer to Section 3.9, "Emergency Stop." | | |
| | 1 | Bit6 | Reserved | | 0 | |
| | Į | Bit7 | Motion command | Be sure to set it to "1." | 1 | |
| | # | Bit8 | Magnetization-ON output signal polarity selection | Set the polarity of magnetization-ON output signal (DO00). 0: Positive logic 1: Negative logic (Valid only for the system software version S0102 or higher) | | |
| | 1 | 510 t 15 | December 1 | (Valid Offity for the System Southern Vision 1975) | 0 | |
| | 4_ | Bit9 to 15 | Reserved | 1 | 0 | |
| 15 | | served | 1 | | 0 | |

Table 5.4 Details of Motion Fixed Parameters

| No | itinued) | Name | | Description | Dofoult |
|----|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|--|---------------|
| 17 | Moti | on controller | function selection flag | Provides function selection such as invalid/valid of a function. | Default value |
| 1 | (S | VFUNCSEL) | | Towards remotion account action as invalid/valid of a function. | |
| | 1 | Bi0 to 3 | Command unit | Select the unit of the command to be input. The units for command | 0 (Pulse) |
| 1 | 1 | | selection | available are pulse, mm, deg. and inch. | O (I dise) |
| 1 | | | (CMD_UNIT) | This unit selection and setting of the motion fixed parameter No 18 | |
| 1 | | | | "number of decimal places" will give a minimum command unit by |] |
| | 1 | | | which this module can be commanded. | |
| | | Bit4 | Electric gear | Also refer to Section 3.1.1, "Command Unit." | |
| | | | validity selection | Select whether or not to use the function of the electronic gear. Refer | 0 (Invalid) |
| 1 | 1 | | (USE_GEAR) | to Section 3.1.2, "Electronic Gear," for the electronic gear. | |
| | ŀ | | (552_52,114) | This is invalid when the command unit selection is the pulse (=0). In this case, set this selection to invalid (=0). | |
| 1 | 1 | Bit5 | Axis selection | Select either the finite length axis (=0) or infinite length axis (=1). | O (Finite |
| | Į. | | (PMOD_SEL) | Refer to Section 3.1.3, "Axis Selection," for the finite length axis/infinite | 0 (Finite |
| ĺ | | | | length axis. | length axis) |
| | 1 | Bit6 | Reserved | | 0 |
| ĺ | | Bit7 | Software limit | Select whether or not to use the function of the software limit (forward | 0 (Invalid) |
| | 1 | 1 | (positive direction) | direction). Setting this selection to invalid (=0) will not allow the | o (mraila) |
| į. | | | validity selection | software limit (forward direction) to work. When this bit is set to valid | |
| | | | | (=1) and when zero point return has been accomplished (the zero | |
| 1 | 1 | ļ | | point return completion status, IBxx156, of the motion monitor | |
| 1 | | | | parameter is "ON"), the software limit function is valid. This selection is | |
| | ł | | İ | invalid when the axis selection (Bit 5 of the motion controller function selection flag) is set to the infinite length axis (=1). In this case set it to | |
| 1 | | | | invalid (=0). | |
| | l | Bit8 | Software limit | Select whether or not to use the function of the software limit (negative | 0 (Invalid) |
| l | | | (negative direction) | direction). Setting this selection to invalid (=0) will not allow the | o (ilivaliu) |
| | | Ì | validity selection | software limit (negative direction) to work. When this bit is set to valid | |
| | 1 | } | İ | (=1) and when zero point return has been accomplished (the zero | ı |
| l | 1 | |] | point return completion status, IBxx156, of the motion monitor | |
| ĺ | ļ | | | parameter is "ON"), the software limit function is valid. This selection is | |
| ľ | ĺ | 1 | | invalid when the axis selection (Bit 5 of the motion controller function | |
| 1 | | | 1 | selection flag) is set to the infinite length axis (=1). In this case set it to invalid (=0). | |
| ŀ | | Bit9 | Override validity | Select whether or not to use the function of the override function. | 0.4 |
| | | | selection | Setting this to invalid (=0) will not allow the override to function. | 0 (Invalid) |
| | 1 | | (USE_OV) | Also refer to Section 3.1.5, "Speed Command." | |
| | ! | | | (Note) The override means a function to "change to use" the setting of | |
| | ĺ . | B'140 | | the feed speed. | |
| | | Bit10 | Deceleration LS | Select whether or not to use the limit switch signal (the deceleration | 0 (Not to |
| | i | | reverse revolution selection | LS) by reversing it on zero point return. | reverse) |
| | | Bit11 to 15 | Reserved | Also refer to Section 3.3, "Zero Point Return." | |
| 18 | Numb | | | poimal places of the comment with | 0 |
| - | | al places | This setting and the | ecimal places of the command unit to be input. setting of selection for the command unit (Bit 0 through 3 of the motion | 3 |
| | (DE | CNUM) | controller function se | ection flag) will give a minimum command unit by which this module | |
| | | , | rcan be commanded. | | |
| | | | Also refer to Section | 3.1.1, "Command Unit." | |
| 19 | Amou | | This is a parameter v | which represents the amount of movement of the load per one | 10000 |
| | | nent per | revolution of the load | axis. Set the value of the amount of movement of the load divided by |] |
| ŀ | one re
machi | volution of | the command unit. R | efer to Section 3.1.2. "Electronic Gear" for details | |
| | (PIT | | flan) to invalid will ~~ | gear validity selection (Bit 4 of the motion controller function selection | J |
| 21 | | atio on the | This is a parameter to | ake it invalid. In this case, set the default value. | |
| | motor | | the motor side to this | o set the gear ratio between the motor and load. Set the gear ratio on parameter in the unit of one revolution. | 1 |
| | | MOTOR) | Setting the Electronic | gear validity selection (Bit 4 of the motion controller function selection | l |
| | · | | flag) to invalid will ma | the it invalid. In this case, set the default value. | i |
| 22 | Gear r | atio on the | This is a parameter to | set the gear ratio between the motor and load. Set the gear ratio on | 1 |
| | machir | , | the machine side to t | his parameter in the unit of one revolution. | ' [|
| ļ | | AR_MACHI | Setting the Electronic | gear validity selection (Bit 4 of the motion controller function selection) | |
| | NE) | | riag) to invalid will ma | ke it invalid. In this case, set the default value. | j |
| | | | | | |

Table 5.4 Details of Motion Fixed Parameters

| contin | | ame | | Description | Default va | iue_ | | |
|----------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------------|----------|--|--|
| 23 | Reset p | | infinite length axis require finite length axis wi | on (Bit 5 of the motion controller function selection flag) to the
prices the setting of the reset position for one revolution. Setting it to
ll make it invalid. In this case, set the default value. | 360000 | | | |
| 1 | (POSMAX) Also refer to Section 3.1.3, "Axis Selection." | | | | | | | |
| 25 | Reserve | | | 0
2 ³¹ -1 | | | | |
| 27 | Softwar
value (p
direction
(SLIM | function selection flag) is set to valid, set the software first value (positive discussion). Setting it to invalid will make it invalid. In this case, set the default value. When this bit is set to valid (=1) and when zero point return has been accomplished (the zero point return completion status, IBxx156, of the motion monitor parameter is "ON"), the software limit function is valid. This selection is invalid when the axis selection (Bit 5 of the motion controller function selection flag) is set to the infinite length axis (=1). In this | | | | | | |
| | | | case, set the default v | mit (negative direction) selection (Bit 8 of the motion controller | -2 ³¹ | | | |
| 29 | Softwar
value (r
directio
(SLIM | negative
n) | function selection flag
Setting it to invalid will
When this bit is set to
zero point return comp |) is set to valid, set the soliware limit value (ringular) and when zero point return has been accomplished (the bletion status, IBxx156, of the motion monitor parameter is "ON"), tion is valid. This selection is invalid when the axis selection (Bit 5 of function selection flag) is set to the infinite length axis (=1). In this | | | | |
| - 0.4 | 7 | oint return | Case Set are delider. | | 2 | | | |
| 31 | method | | Set the zero point retu
Refer to Section 3.3, | urn method on zero point return.
"Zero Point Retum" for details. | (DEC1+Z
O
signal) | <u></u> | | |
| | Basas | rod . | | | 0 | <u> </u> | | |
| 32 | Reserv | mber of | Set the number of cor | mmand pulses per one revolution of the pulse motor. | 200 | | | |
| 33 | pulses | per one
ion (MPPS) | Set this parameter to | the specifications of the pulse motor and pulse motor divor- | 0 | | | |
| 35 | Bias s | | llo-otion/docolors | n linear acceleration/deceleration with bias. Set "0" to use the linear ation without bias. 2, "Types of Acceleration and Deceleration" for details. | 0 | | | |
| 36 | expone
accele
eration | ration/decel
filter | Set the bias speed on exponential acceleration/deceleration with bias. Set "0" to use the exponential acceleration/deceleration without bias. Refer to Section 1.5.2, "Types of Acceleration and Deceleration" for details. | | | | | |
| 37 | Pulse | Output signal | form selection | Set the polarity and method of the output pulse signal of the module. | 0 | ·
 | | |
| 1 | I (PO | SEL) | Decement | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 0 | | | |
| | | BiO to 7
Bit8 | Pulse output signal polarity selection (ABPOSEL) | By the positive logic (=0) or negative logic (=1), set the polarity of the pulse signal for output to the pulse motor driver by module. Set it to the specifications of the pulse motor driver. Refer to Section 1.4.1, "Command Pulse Form" for details. | (positive
logic) | ·
• | | |
| 1 | | Dis0 to 44 | Reserved | | 0 | | | |
| | | Bit9 to 11
Bit12 to 15 | Pulse output
method selection
(POUTMODE) | Set the output method of the pulse signal for output to the pulse motor driver by the module. Set either the CW/CCW method (=0) or sign method (=1). Set it to the specifications of the pulse motor driver. Refer to Section 1.4.1, "Command Pulse Form" for details. | | | | |
| 20 | Dulco | output | Set the maximum from | equency of the pulse signal for output to the pulse motor driver by the | 10 (100 | KMZ) | | |
| 38 | Pulse output maximum frequency (MAXHZ) | | module. Set it to the specifical Refer to Section 1.4 Note: Set one of 1 (| ations of the pulse motor driver.
.1, "Command Pulse Form" for details.
10 kHz), 2 (20 kHz), 4 (40 kHz), 5 (50 kHz), 8 (80 kHz), 10 (100 kHz)
25 (250 kHz), 40 (400 kHz), and 50 (500 kHz).
t a value common to 4 axes including the unused axes. | | | | |
| <u></u> | | | De aute to se | | 0 | | | |
| 39
to
48 | Rese | rved | | | | | | |

5.2.2 Details of Motion Set Parameters

Note

Register numbers are inconsecutive for registers of different module Nos. When module Nos. are the same, registers between axes are consecutive. Therefore, care should be taken when a subscript (i,j) is used in the user's program.

(Example)

For IW(OW)C000i, reading is performed without any error for i=0 up to 255. For IW(OW)C000, the range of registers of module No.1, that is, the range from IW(OW)C000 to IW(OW)C0FF, can be normally read and written. However, reading cannot be correctly performed for i≥256.

Table 5.5 Details of Motion Set Parameters

| No. | Name | Posinte-Na | 0.41 | | 1565 |
|-----|------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|------------------|
| 1 | | Register No. | | 2000110001 | Default
value |
| 1' | Run mode setting
(RUNMOD) | OWxx00 | Set the runni | ng mode such as control mode or alarm reset. The running mo
e configuration of the bits are shown below. | xde is made |
| | , , | Bit0 | Reserved | Set "0." | |
| | | Bit1 | Reserved | Set "0." | 0 |
| 1 | | Bit2 | Position | Set the position control mode. | 0 |
| | | | control mode | out the position control mode. | 0 |
| | | l [| (PCON) | | } |
| | | Bit3 to 5 | Reserved | Set "0." | 0 |
| 1 | | Bit6 | Alarm clear | The rise of this bit will clear (=0) error information. The | 0 |
| | |]] | (ACR) | following items are to be cleared: | " |
| 1 | | I | ı | (1) An error in setting the motion set parameter (IBxx001) | Į. |
| | | Bit7 | <u> </u> | (2) Alarm (llxx22) | 1 |
| | | Bit8 | Reserved | Set "0." | 0 |
| | ļ | Dito | MCDSEL | Set whether or not to use the motion command code | 1 |
| 1 | | Bit9 | Selection of | (Owxx20). Be sure to set "1" for this module. | |
| | | | direction for | Set the direction for zero point return on zero point return (DEC1 + ZERO signal). | 0 |
| 1 | | | zero point | 0: Returns to zero point in the negative direction (in the | 1 |
| ł | | 1 | return | direction of position pulses to be reduced). | |
| | | | (ZRNDIR) | 1: Returns to zero point in the positive direction (in the | i l |
| | | | ĺ | direction of position pulses to be increased) | |
| | | D'440 h | <u> </u> | Also refer to Section 3.3, "Zero point return." | 1 1 |
| 1 | | Bit10 to 15 | Reserved | Set "0." | 0 |
| 2 | Run command setting | OWxx01 | Set the output | pignal from Main and I to III | |
|] | (SVRUNCMD) | • | necessary for | signal from this module to the pulse motor driver and the runr
motion control. The run command is made up of bits. The confi | ing mode |
| | | | the bits are sh | own below | iguration of |
| 1 | , | Bit0 | Magnetizatio | Used as magnetization-ON signal of the pulse motor driver. | 0 |
| li | İ | ľ | n-ON | Connect DO00 to the magnetization-ON signal of the pulse | 10 |
| i ! | 1 | l i | (RUN) | motor driver. | 1 |
| | | | | Under the conditions: | |
| ĺĺ | | 1 | | SVCRDY (IBxx007) is ON | |
| | |] } | İ | Position control mode (OBxx02) is ON | |
| | | 1 | | • Bit0 is "1" | 1 |
| | | | 1 | If Bit8 of the fixed parameter No. 14 is set to "0 (positive
logic)," "1 (Transistor ON)" is output from DO00. | |
| | | | | 2. If Bit8 of the fixed parameter No.14 is set to "1 (negative | |
| | | 1 | | logic)," "0 (Transistor OFF)" is output from DO00. | |
| - 1 | · | | i | When the emergency stop (DI) signal is input, "0 (Transistor) | |
| | | | | OFF") is output in case of 1, and "1 (Transistor ON)" is output | |
| ļ | | | i | in case of 2. | |
| | | | | Under the condition that SVCRDY (IBxx007) is OFF, "0 | i |
| ļ | | | ł | (Transistor OFF)" is output from DO00 in any case. | í |
| | | | | (Valid only for the system software version S0102 or higher) | - 1 |
| | | Bit1 | DO1 | Available as general-purpose DO. | 0 |
| | |]] | | Connect DO01 to an applicable device, DO01 outputs data | Ĭ |
| - 1 | | Dit 2 | | which has been set to this bit. | ĺ |
| | 1 | Bit2 | DO2 | Available as general-purpose DO. | 0 |
| | į | | | Connect DO02 to an applicable device. DO02 outputs data | |
| Į | | Bit3 | DO3 | which has been set to this bit. | |
| | 1 | | | Available as general-purpose DO. | 0 |
| i | | | 1 | Connect DO03 to an applicable device. DO03 outputs data which has been set to this bit. | |
| | | Bit4 to 10 | Reserved | C - 4 70 N | |
| | | | | | 0 |

Table 5.5 Details of Motion Set Parameters

| ntin
No. | | Register No. | Setting range | Description | Default
value |
|-------------|--|------------------------|---|--|------------------|
| 2 | Run command
setting
(SVRUNCMD) | Bit11 | Emergency
stop/
decelerating to
stop signal
release
(EMRST) | Setting this bit to "1" when the magnetization-ON (OBxx010) is "0" will release (=0) the emergency stop / decelerating to stop signal (IBxx014). When the emergency stop signal (DI04) is input, set the magnetization-ON (OBxx010) to "0" and then be sure to turn this bit OFF → ON → OFF. And also refer to Section 3.9, "Emergency stop." | 0 |
| | | Bit12 | Position
command
value selection
(USE_BUF) | Select the setting location for the position command data. 0: Represents that the position command data are those of OLxx12. The position command data is set to OLxx12. 1: Represents that the position command data are position buffers. The position buffer No. is set to OLxx12. At this time, the position data is required to have been set to the designated position buffer No. Refer to Section 3.1.4, "Position Command" for details. | 0 |
| | | Bit13 | Speed
command
value selection
(SPDTYPE) | Select the register No. and unit of speed command value of the feed speed, approach speed, or creep speed. 0: Set the rapid feed speed to OLxx22. The setting unit of the approach speed (OWxx0A) and creep speed (OWxx0B) is 1=10 ⁿ command unit / min. 1: Set the rapid feed speed to OWxx15. The setting unit of the approach speed (OWxx0A) and creep speed (OWxx0B) is 1=0.01%. Refer to Section 3.1.5. "Speed Command" for details. | 0 |
| | | Bit14 | Position
command type
(XREFTYPE) | Select the data type of the position command data. 0: The position command (OLxx12) follows the absolute position method. 1: The position command (OLxx12) follows the increment addition method. Pefer to Section 3.1.4 "Position Command" for details. | 0 |
| | | Bit15 | Limit switch
signal at the
deceleration
point for zero
point return-
(LSDEC) | Functions as limit switch signal for zero point return operation when the limit switch signal selection of the motion fixed parameter (Bit 2 of the addition function selection) is set to "OBxx01F). Therefore it is necessary to connect (program) an external signal (DI signal taken into by the LIO-01 module, etc.) to OBxx01F using a user's program. Refer to Section 3.3, "Zero point return" for the zero point return operation. | 0 |
| 3
to | Reserved | OWxx02
to
OWxx05 | | Set "0." | |
| 7 | Machine
coordinate zero
point offset setting
(ABSOFF) | OLxx06 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | The position information can be offset only by means of the setting value of this register. This is valid even during RUN, however, use it when RUN is OFF. This register accommodates data which constitutes the position control performed by this module. Any incorrect setting to this register will affect subsequent movement operation so that care must be taken when used. Be sure to check whether correct data have been set or not before running. Failure to check it may lead to tool damage due to interference and possible accidents. | 0 |
| 9 | Reserved | | r . | Set "0." | 10 |
| 111 | | OWxx0A | 0 to 32767 | Used for zero point return. It should be noted that the setting unit differs according to the speed command value selection (OBxx00D). (1) OBxx00D=0 makes 10 ⁿ command unit/min. (2) OBxx00D=1 makes 1=0.01% command unit (the proportion to the rated revolution speed). | |
| 12 | Creep speed setting (Nclp) | OWxx0B | 0 to 32767 | And also refer to Section 3.1.5, "Speed Command" and Section 3.3, "Zero Point Return." | o be conti |

Table 5.5 Details of Motion Set Parameters

| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range | Description | Default
value |
|----------------|--|--------------|---|---|------------------|
| 13 | Linear acceleration
time constant
(NACC) | OWxx0C | 0 to 32767 | Set the linear acceleration time. Set the acceleration time to reach from 0 % to 100 % (the rated revolution speed). Also refer to Section 1.5.2, "Types of Acceleration/Deceleration." | 0 |
| 14 | Linear deceleration
time constant
(NDEC) | OWxx0D | 0 to 32767 | Set the linear deceleration time. Set the deceleration time to reach from 100 % (the rated revolution speed) to 0 %. Also refer to Section 1.5.2, "Types of Acceleration/Deceleration." | 0 |
| 15
to
18 | Reserved | | | Set "0." | 0 |
| 19 | Position reference
setting
(XREF)
or position buffer
No. | OLxx12 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Set the position command value. Care should be taken because the setting data will bear a different meaning according to the position command value selection (OBxx00C) and position command type (OBxx00E). Refer to Section 3.1.4, "Position Command" for details. | 0 |
| 21 | Filter time constant
(NNUM) | OWxx14 | (1) When the moving average filter is used, 0 to 255 (0=1=without filter). (2)Exponential acceleration/de celeration 0 to 32767 | Set the time constant to use the moving average filter or the exponential acceleration/deceleration filter. It should be noted that the setting range differs according to the type of the filter to be used. Set the type of the filter by the filter type selection (Bit 4 to 7 of OWxx21). When the filter time constant is changed, care should be taken because this will become valid at the time of completion of issue (IBxx152 is "ON"). Also refer to Section 1.5.2, "Types of Acceleration/Deceleration." | 0 |
| 22 | Speed reference
setting
(NREF) | OWxx15 | 0 to 32767 | When the speed command value selection (OBxx01D) is set to "0", set the rapid feed speed in the unit of 0.01% (the proportion against the rated revolution speed). Also refer to Section 3.1.5, "Speed Command." | 0 |
| 23
to
30 | Reserved | | | Set "0." | 0 |
| 31 | Offset pulse
setting
(PULBIAS) | OLxx1E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | The amount of pulses (1=1 pulse) set to this register is output as compensation pulses when SVCRUN (IBxx008) is "ON" and machine lock ON (IBxx170) is "OFF." The amount of pulses set to this register is output regardless of the position information controlled by this module. This setting is used to compensate the command pulse such as backlash, etc. The amount of pulses set to this register is added to the command pulse to be output at every scan. It should be fully noted because setting a large value to this register may result in step-out. | 0 |
| 33 | Motion command
code
(MCMDCODE) | OWxx20 | 0 to 65535 | Set the motion function (such as move command) to be used. The motion functions available are Positioning (POSING), Zero point return (ZRET), Interpolation (INTERPOLATE), Constant speed feed (FEED), and Constant step feed (STEP). The final interpolation segment (END OF_INTERPOLATE) is intended for the motion functions which you do not need to use. Setting the move command by this register when SVCRUN (IBxx008) is "OFF" will result in an alarm. Refer to Sections 3.2, "Positioning" through 3.7, "Zero point Setting" for details. | 0 |

Table 5.5 Details of Motion Set Parameters

| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range | Description | Defau
value |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--------------|--|---|----------------|
| 34 | Motion | OWxx21 | Set a supplement | tary function of the motion command. | 0 |
| | command
control flag
(MCMDCTRL) | BitO | Suspension of
command
(HOLD) | Valid when the motion command (OWxx20) is at the positioning and constant step feed. When this bit is turned ON during the movement of the axis, the axis is decelerated to stop. On completing the suspension, the suspension completion (IBxx151) is turned "ON." When this bit is turned back to "OFF" under this condition, the suspension is released to restart the positioning operation. Refer to the relevant item of each motion function for the suspension. | 0 |
| | | Bit1 | Abortion of command (ABORT) | Valid when the motion command (OWxx20) is at the positioning, zero point return, and constant step feed. When this bit is turned ON during the movement of the axis, the axis is decelerated to stop BUSY (IBxx150) is turned "ON" during abortion and turned "OFF" at the time of completing abortion. Refer to the relevant item of each motion function for the abortion. To abort the constant speed feed, set the motion command to NOP to allow for the same function. | 0 |
| | | Bit2 | Direction of movement (DIRECTION) | Valid when the motion command (OWxx20) is at constant speed feed and constant step feed. Designate the direction of movement. 0: Forward revolution 1: Reverse revolution | 0 |
| | | Bit3 | Selection of
feed speed
without
remainder
compensation
(REMCUT) | Usually set "0." | 0 |
| | · | Bit4 to 7 | Filter type
selection
(FILTERTYPE) | Set the type of the acceleration/deceleration filter. 0: No filter available 1: Exponential acceleration/deceleration filter 2: Moving average filter Setting "1" or "2" will make the filter time constant (OWxx14) valid. Also refer to Section 1.5.2, "Types of Acceleration/Deceleration." | 0 |
| | | Bit8 to | Reserved | Set "0." | Ö |
| | | 11
Bit12 | Reverse revolution limit signal selection for zero point return (LMT_L) | Functions as reverse revolution limit signal on zero point return when the reverse revolution limit signal selection for zero point return (Bit 3 of the additional function selection for use) of the motion fixed parameter is set to OBxx21C. For this reason, it is necessary to connect (program) the external signal (the DI signal taken into by the LIO_01 module, etc.) to OBxx21C by the user's program. Refer to Section 3.3, "Zero point return" for the operation of zero point return. | O |
| | | Bit13 | Forward revolution limit signal selection for zero point return (LMT_R) | Functions as forward revolution limit signal on zero point return when the forward revolution limit signal selection for zero point return (Bit 4 of the additional function selection for use) of the motion fixed parameter is set to OBxx21D. For this reason, it is necessary to connect (program) the external signal (the DI signal taken into by the LIO_01 module, etc.) to OBxx21D by the user's program. Refer to Section 3.3, "Zero point return" for the operation of zero point return. | |
| | | Bit14 | Position buffer write (BUF_W) | Turning ON this bit will cause the data which have been set to the position buffer write data (OLxx3A) to be stored as absolute position data in the position buffer which has been set by the position buffer access No. (OLxx38). Also refer to Section 3.1.4, "Position Command." | 0 |

Table 5.5 Details of Motion Set Parameters

| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range | Description | Default value |
|-----|--|--------------|--|--|---------------|
| 34 | Motion command control flag (MCMDCTRL) | Bit15 | Position buffer
read-out
(BUF_R) | Turning this bit ON will cause data to be read out from the position buffer designated by the position buffer access No. (OLxx38) to be stored at the position buffer read-out data (ILxx28). This bit is used for checking the position data stored at the position buffer. It should be noted that it takes 2 scans from the issue of the read-out command (this bit is turned "ON") until the data is stored at the position buffer read-out data (ILxx28). Also refer to Section 3.1.4, "Position Command." | 0 |
| 35 | Rapid feed speed
(RV) | OLxx22 | 0 to 2 ³¹ -1 | When the speed command value selection (OBxx01D) is set to "0", this bit allows for setting the rapid feed speed in 10" command unit / min (n: the number of decimal places). For each setting unit, For units of pulse: 1=100 pulse/min For units of mm: 1=1mm/min For units of deg: 1=1deg/min For units of inch: 1=1inch/min | 0 |
| 37 | Reserved | | - | Set "0." | 0 |
| 39 | Stopping distance
(STOPDIST) | OLxx26 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Reserved for system use. Do not use. | 0 |
| 41 | Amount of STEP movement (STEP) | OLxx28 | 0 to 2 ³¹ -1 | Valid when the motion command (OWxx20) is at the constant step feed. Set the amount of movement in the 1 command unit. Refer to Section 3.1.1, "Command Unit" for the command unit. | 0 |
| 43 | Final travel
distance for zero
point return
(ZRNDIST) | OLxx2A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Valid when the motion command (OWxx20) is at the zero point return. This bit allows for moving the distance set by this register after having detected a valid zero point pulse to stop at a position which then be taken as the machine coordinate zero point. Refer to Section 3.3, "Zero point return" for the operation of zero point return. | 0 |
| 45 | Override
(OV) | OWxx2C | | An override value is set when the override validity selection (Bit 9 of the motion controller function selection flag) of the motion fixed parameter is set to "Valid." The override means a function to "change to use" the setting of the feed speed. For example, the speed command setting is multiplied (100 % =1.0) by the value set by this register to take this result as the speed command. | 10000 |
| 46 | Position control flag | OWxx2D | Selects a function | n related to the position information controlled by this module. M | ade up of |
| | (POSCTRL) | Bit0 | Machine lock
mode setting
(MLK) | iguration is as shown below. The motion command is executed as usual and the calculated position of machine coordinate system (ILxx02) is updated, however, this is a mode where the actual control axis is locked and disabled to move because pulse output is not available. This bit becomes valid after the completion of issue (IBxx152 is turned "ON") when it is changed. | 0 |
| | | | Preset inquiry for
the number of
POSMAX turns
(TPRSREQ) | POSMAX turns (ILxx1E) using the data set by the preset data of the number of POSMAX turns (OLxx30). Use this bit to reset to "0." | 0 |
| | ļ | Bit2 to | Reserved | Set "0." | 0 |
| 47 | Offset of work coordinate system (OFFSET) | | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Usually set it to "0." No direct use is required for this module. | 0 |

Table 5.5 Details of Motion Set Parameters

| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range | Description | Default
value |
|----------------|---|------------------------|--|---|------------------|
| 49 | Preset data of the
number of POSMAX
tums
(TURNPRS) | OLxx30 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Turning "ON" the preset inquiry for the number of POSMAX turns (OBxx2D1) allows for presetting the number of POSMAX turns (ILxx1E) using the data set by this register. Used also for resetting to "0." | |
| 51 | Reserved | OWxx32 | | Set "0." | 0 |
| 52 | Zero point position
output width
(PSETWIDTH) | OWxx33 | 0 to 65535 | Sets the range of the zero point position. When 0≦ Machine coordinate command position (ILxx18) ≦ Zero point position output width and the zero point return is under completion (IBxx156 is "ON"), the zero point position (IBxx171) is turned "ON." | 10 |
| 53
to
56 | Reserved | OWxx34
to
OWxx37 | | Set "0." | 0 ; |
| . 57 | Position buffer access No. | OLxx38 | 1 to 256 | Designates the buffer No. of the position buffer when the position buffer write (OBxx21E) is "ON" or the position buffer read-out (OBxx21F) is "ON." | 0 , |
| 59 | Position buffer write data | OLxx3A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Writes the absolute position data set by this register into the position buffer designated by OLxx38 when the position buffer write (OBxx21E) is "ON." | 0 , |
| 61
to
63 | Reserved | OWxx3C
to
OWxx3F | | Set "0." | 0 |

5.2.3 Details of Motion Monitor Parameters

Note

Register numbers are inconsecutive for registers of different module Nos. When module Nos. are the same, registers between axes are consecutive. Therefore, care should be taken when a subscript (i,j) is used in the user's program.

(Example)

For IW(OW)C000i, reading is performed without any error for i=0 up to 255. For IW(OW)C000, the range of registers of module No.1, that is, the range from IW(OW)C000 to IW(OW)C0FF, can be normally read and written. However, reading cannot be correctly performed for i≥256.

Table 5.6 Details of Motion Monitor Parameters

| No. | Name | Desistantia | | or Motion Monitor Parameters |
|-----|--|--------------|--|--|
| 1 | | Register No. | | Description |
| ' | Run status
(RUNSTS) | IWxx00 | below, | g status of the module. Made up of bits. The bit configuration is shown |
| | 1 | Bit0 | Reserved | |
| | i | Bit1 | Motion set parameter setting error (PRMERR) | In setting the motion set parameters (OWxx00 to OWxx3F), this bit is turned ON when setting is performed beyond the setting range. The latest motion set parameter No. which has caused the range over error is reported to the range over occurrence parameter No. (IWxx0F). |
| | | Bit2 | Motion fixed parameter setting error (FPRMERR) | In setting the motion fixed parameters, this bit is turned ON when setting is performed beyond the setting range. The latest motion fixed parameter No., which has caused the range over error, added by 100 is reported to the range over occurrence parameter No. (IWxx0F). This bit is automatically turned OFF when a correct motion fixed parameter is set by the CP-717. |
| | | Bit3 to 6 | Reserved | |
| | | Bit7 | Motion controller running preparation completion (SVCRDY) | The module is turned ON at the completion of running preparation. This bit is turned "OFF" (1) when a serious failure has occurred, (2) when the axis has been selected for no use (motion fixed parameter setting), (3) when an error has occurred in motion fixed parameter setting, and (4) while the motion fixed parameter is being changed. |
| | | Bit8 | Motion controller in running (SVCRUN) | This bit is turned "ON" when the above SVCRDY (IBxx007) is "ON" in the position control mode (OBxx002 is "ON") and the magnetization-ON (OBxx010) is "ON" (at the rise). This bit will be turned "OFF" when the emergency stop (DI04) is input. When an alarm is on with this bit "ON", the axis will not move even when a motion command is issued. In this case, clear the alarm and then set the motion command to NOP for one scan or more to reset the motion command. |
| | | Bit9 to 12 | Reserved | |
| | | Bit13 | Positioning completion signal (POSCOMP) | This bit is turned "ON" on completion of positioning. For example, the issue completion (IBxx152) turns this bit "ON." |
| 1 | | Bit14 | Reserved | |
| | | Bit15 | Reserved | |
| 2 | General-purpose
DI monitor
(SVSTS) | IWxx01 | return. DI04 is the de
DI03 are available as
Made up of bits. This | atus of the input signal, dedicated DI signal, or general-purpose DI signal or driver. DI00 to DI03 are available as dedicated signal for zero point edicated signal for the emergency stop/decelerating to stop signal. DI01 to see general-purpose DI. |
| | | BitO | Zero point signal/
general-purpose Di
(HW_ZERO/DI0) | Reports the signal status of Di00. Di00 functions as zero point signal for zero point return. Except for zero point return, Di00 can be used as general-purpose Di. |
| | | Bit1 | Limit switch signal/
general-purpose DI
(DEC/DI1) | Reports the signal status of DI01. DI01 is available for selection of whether or not to use it as the limit switch signal for zero point return or as general-purpose DI, which is allowed by selecting the limit switch signal selection (Bit 2 of the additional function selection for use) of the motion fixed parameter. Refer to the motion fixed parameter for details. |

Table 5.6 Details of Motion Monitor Parameters

| Reports the signal status of DI02. DI02 is available whether or not to use it as the reverse revolution limit signal for zero point return/ general-purpose DI (LMT_UDI2) | | Description | Panas | Decision No. | nued) | |
|--|--|--|---|--------------|-------------------------------------|-----|
| Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor Di monitor Di monitor Di monitor Di monitor (SVSTS) Di monitor | e for selection of | | Range | Register No. | | |
| Bit4 Emergency stop signal / decelerating to stop signal / decelerating to stop signal / (EMRGNCY) Emergency stop signal / decelerating to stop signal / (EMRGNCY) (DI4) Emergency stop signal / decelerating to stop signal / (EMRGNCY) (DI4) (PFF"— "ON" with the magnetization-ON (CPOS) (PTGDIF) | mit signal for zero
owed by selecting
onal function | whether or not to use it as the reverse revolution limit signal for point return or as general-purpose DI, which is allowed by select the limit switch signal selection (Bit 3 of the additional function selection for use) of the motion fixed parameter. Refer to the motion fixed parameter for details. | limit signal for zero
point return/ general-
purpose DI | Bit2 | DI monitor | 2 |
| signal decelerating to stop signal (EMRGNCY) (D14) Bit5 to 15 Reserved 1 | mit signal for zero
owed by selecting
onal function | whether or not to use it as the forward revolution limit signal for point return or as general-purpose DI, which is allowed by select the limit switch signal selection (Bit 4 of the additional function selection for use) of the motion fixed parameter. Refer to the motion fixed parameter for details. | limit signal for zero
point return/ general-
purpose DI | Bit3 | · | |
| Machine coordinate calculated position (CPOS) CPOS | bit is held "1" until
elease (OBxx01B) is
(OBxx010) being
ule display as "니" | signal itself but of latched signal. When DI04 is input, the signal is latched and this bit is held "1" the emergency stop / decelerating to stop signal release (OBxx turned "OFF"—> "ON" with the magnetization-ON (OBxx010) be "OFF." Running is not allowed when this bit is "1." When this bit is turned ON, the LED's of the module display as | signal/ decelerating to
stop signal
(EMRGNCY)
(DI4) | | | |
| is reported. The position data to be reported to this usually the target position for every scan. Also refer to Section 3.1.4, "Position command (2) Target position increment monitor (PTGDIF) Reserved Parameter number for range overrun occurrence (ERNO) (2) For the motion fixed parameters (100 to 148 (2) For the motion set parameters, the latest parameter notion fixed parameter 101 to 148 (2) For the motion fixed parameters (OWxx0 to OWxx3F), as parameters (OWxx0 to OWxx3F), as parameter No. When range over error has been setting of the motion set parameters (OWxx0 to OWxx3F), as parameter No. When range over error has been setting of the motion set parameters (OWxx0 to OWxx3F), as parameter No. When range over error has been setting of the motion set parameters (OWxx0 to OWxx3F), as parameter No. When range over error has been setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. When a setting range over error has setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. When a setting range over error has been unmber of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter or example, when a setting range over error has been unmber of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. When a setting range over error has been unmber of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. When a setting range over error has been unmber of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. When a setting range over error has been unmber of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. When a setting range over error has been unmber of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. When a setting range over error has been detected the motion set parameter setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. W | the module controls | - discount and adjusted position which the module | | Bit5 to 15 | | 1 1 |
| Target position increment monitor (PTGDIF) To (PTGDIF) Reserved 15 Reserved 16 Parameter number for range overrun occurrence (ERNO) (2) For the motion fixed parameter 101 to 148 (2) For the motion fixed parameter No. When a setting range over error has been detected the motion set parameters, the motion fixed parameter 101 to 148 17 Reserved 18 (1) For the motion set parameters (OWxxX) motion fixed parameters, the latest parameter No. When a setting range over error has been detected the motion set parameters (OWxXX) to OWxX3F), as parameter No. When range over error has been setting of the motion set parameters, the motion fixed parameter No. When range over error has been setting of the motion set parameters, the motion fixed by 100 (101 to 148) is reported as parameter For example, when a setting range over error has been umber of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter setting error (IBxx002) is Companied. Reserved 17 Reserved 18 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | is register becomes 2) Position Monitor." | is reported. The position data to be reported to this register bed usually the target position for every scan. Also refer to Section 3.1.4 "Position command (2) Position Mc | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | ILxx02 | coordinate calculated position | 3 |
| to 15 Reserved to | an is reported in 1=1 | | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | ILxx04 | Target position increment monitor | 5 |
| for range overrun occurrence (ERNO) (2) For the motion fixed parameters (OWxx00 to OWxx3F), as parameter No. When range over error has been detected the motion set parameters (OWxx00 to OWxx3F), as parameter No. When range over error has been setting of the motion set parameters, the motion fixed by 100 (101 to 148) is reported as parameter For example, when a setting range over error has setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. When a setting range over error has been number of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWx reported. (Note) Valid when the motion set parameter setting motion fixed parameter setting error (IBxx002) is Companied. IWxx10 | -00 to OW/w2E\ or | (OM) to OM/or | · | to | Reserved | to |
| to Reserved to IWxx13 21 Motion command IWxx14 0 to 65535 The motion command (OWxx20) under execution OWxx20 for motion commands | ed in the setting of), 1 to 65 is reported en detected in the fixed parameter No. as been detected in twoC), 00013 is to be per fixed parameter), 00107 is to an error (IBxx001) or | motion fixed parameters, the latest parameter No. which has to beyond the setting range is reported. When a setting range over error has been detected in the setting motion set parameters (OWxx00 to OWxx3F), 1 to 65 is reas parameter No. When range over error has been detected in setting of the motion set parameters, the motion fixed parameter added by 100 (101 to 148) is reported as parameter No. For example, when a setting range over error has been detect setting the linear acceleration time constant (OWxx0C), 00013 reported. When a setting range over error has been found in the number of the rated revolution (a motion fixed parameter), 00° | parameter 1 to 65 (2) For the motion fixed parameter | | for range overrun occurrence (ERNO) | 16 |
| OM/w/20 for motion commands | n in rangetad Pefer to | (O) M. CO) and a super tipe in concepted | | to | Reserved | to |
| - MONDECODE: | | OWxx20 for motion commands. | | 1Wxx14 | Motion command response code | |
| 22 Motion command Status Reports the execution status of the motion command (OWXX20). Wade up configuration is as shown below. | o of bits. The bit | own below. | configuration is as sho | IWxx15 | Motion command status | 22 |
| (MCMDSTS) Bit0 Command underexecution flag (BUSY) Reports the status of the motion command. 0: Ready (Accomplished) 1: BUSY (under processing) This bit is used in particular as status during susp | pension. | 0: Ready (Accomplished) 1: BUSY (under processing) This bit is used in particular as status during suspension. | execution flag | BitO | | |
| suspension motion function for the suspension function. | | : | suspension completion flag | Bit1 | | |
| Bit2 Issue completion Turned "ON" when the issue of movement amour completed. | (to be continued) | | Issue completion | Bit2 | | - |

Table 5.6 Details of Motion Monitor Parameters

| _ | ntinued) | | | |
|----|---|--------------|--|--|
| No | | Register No. | Range | Description |
| 22 | Motion
command status
(MCMDSTS) | Bit3 | Zero point setting
completion
(ZSET) | Turned "ON" when the zero point setting (ZSET) is issued to the motion command (OWxx20) and completed. |
| ľ | | Bit5 | Reserved
Command | Turned BONIS |
| | | ЫС | abnormal
termination status
(FAIL) | Turned "ON" when an alarm has been given for a reason during the execution of move command (positioning, constant speed feed, etc.). Running is not allowed when this bit is "ON." When this bit is "ON", turn the motion command (OWxx20) to "NOP" for one scan or more. When this bit is turned ON, the LED's of the module display as "J" (axis 1), "L" (axis 2), "П" (axis 3), or "J" (axis 4). |
| | | Bit6 | Zero point return completion status (ZRNC) | Turned "ON" at the time of completion of zero point return or zero point setting. Turned "OFF" at the start of zero point return. |
| | 14 | Bit7 to 15 | | |
| 23 | number of
decimal places
(DECNUMM) | IWxx16 | 0 to 5 | The motion fixed parameter No.18, "Number of Decimal places", is reported. |
| 24 | status | IWxx17 | Reports the status re
configuration is show | elated to the position controlled by the module. Made up of bits. The bit wn below. |
| | (POSSTS) | Bit0 | Under machine-
lock
(MLKL) | Turned "ON" under the condition of machine lock. When this bit is "ON", the output of a command pulse is not performed. Consequently, the actual control axis is locked and held stopped. |
| | | Bit1 | Zero point position
(ZERO) | This bit is turned "ON" when the zero point return is under completion (IBxx156 is "ON") and 0≦ Machine coordinate command position (ILxx18) ≤ Zero point position output width (OWxx33). |
| | | Bit2 | Second INP completion(PSET2) | Available for motion functions. This bit is turned "ON" on completion of issue (IBxx152). |
| | { | Bit3 | Reserved | This art is turned. ON Car completion or issue (IBXX152). |
| ļ | | Bit4 | Presetting
completion for the
number of
POSMAX turns
(TPRSE) | Valid when the axis selection of the motion fixed parameter (Bit 5 of the motion controller function selection flag) is set to the infinite length axis (=1). When the preset inquiry for the number of POSMAX turns (OBxx2D1) is "ON", this bit is turned "ON" at the completion of presetting. Turning "OFF" the presetting inquiry for the number of POSMAX turns will turn this bit "OFF." |
| | | Bit5 | Electronic gear selection (GEARM) | The motion fixed parameter No.17, Bit 4 "Electronic Gear Selection", is reported. |
| | | Bit6 | Axis selection (MODSELM) | The motion fixed parameter No.17, Bit 5 "Axis Setting", is reported. |
| 25 | Machine | Bit7 to 15 | Reserved | |
| | coordinate
command
position
(MPOS) | ILxx18 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | The position which the module outputs in a pulse train, that is, the machine coordinate command position is reported. This position data is not updated under machine lock status (IBxx170 is "ON"). Also refer to Section 3.1.4, "Position Command (2) Position Monitor." |
| 27 | | ILxx1A | | |
| 29 | POSMAX
monitor
(PMAXTURN) | ILx1C | 1 to 2 ³¹ -1 | The motion fixed parameter No.23, "Resetting position of infinite length axis (POSMAX)" is to be reported. |
| 31 | POSMAX turns
(PMAXTURN) | ILxx1E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | Valid when the axis selection of the motion fixed parameter (Bit 5 of the motion controller function selection flag) is set to the infinite length axis (=1). This bit goes up /down every time the motion fixed parameter No.23, "Reset position of the infinite length axis (POSMAX)" is exceeded. Can be preset by the preset data for the number of POSMAX turns of the motion set parameter (OLxx30) or by the preset inquiry for the number of POSMAX turns (OBxx2D1). |
| 33 | Reserved | ILxx20 | | |
| 35 | Alarm
(ALARM) | ILxx22 | the module display as
Made up of bits. The | reported. Running is not allowed except for the register being "0." The rise of k006) clears this register to "0." When this bit is other than "0", the LED's of s " (axis 1), " (axis 2), " (axis 3), or " (axis 4). bit configuration is shown below. |
| | | Bit0 to 2 | Reserved | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | (to be continued) |

Table 5.6 Details of Motion Monitor Parameters

| | nued) | Register No. | Range | Description |
|----------|--|---------------|---|---|
| No. | Name | | Positive direction | When the axis selection of the motion fixed parameter is at the finite |
| 35 | Alarm
(ALARM) | Bit3 | software limit (SOTF) | length axis, when the software limit (positive direction) of the motion fixed parameter is selected to be valid, and at the status of completion of zero point return (IBxx156 is "ON"), |
| | | | | (1) when the motion command (OWxx20) is at the interpolation, when the machine coordinate command position (ILxx18) + stopping |
| • | | | - | distance (OLxx26) ≥ software limit value (positive direction) (the |
| - 1 | | | · | motion fixed parameter No.27), this bit is turned "ON." |
| | | | | (2) when the motion command (OWxx20) is at the positioning, constant speed feed, or constant step feed, and the machine coordinate |
| | | | , , | command position (ILxx18) ≧ software limit value (positive direction) (the motion fixed parameter No.27), this bit is turned "ON." |
| | | Bit4 | Negative direction | When the axis selection of the motion fixed parameter is at the finite |
| | | | software limit
(SOTR) | length axis, when the software limit (negative direction) of the motion fixed parameter is selected to be valid, and at the status of completion |
| | · | | (55) | of zero point return (IBxx156 is "ON"). |
| | | | | (1) when the motion command (OWxx20) is at the interpolation, when the machine coordinate command position (ILxx18) + stopping |
| | | | <u>'</u> | distance (OLxx26) ≤ software limit value (negative direction) (the |
| . | | | | motion fixed parameter No 29) this bit is turned "ON." |
| | | | • | (2) when the motion command (OWxx20) is at the positioning, constant [|
| | | . | | I speed feed, or constant step feed, and the machine coordinate . |
| | | | | command position (ILxx18) ≤ software limit value (negative direction) (the motion fixed parameter No.29), this bit is turned "ON." |
| | | Bit5 | Magnetization OFF | At the position control mode (when OBxx002 is "ON") and when the magnetization-ON (OBxx010) is turned "OFF", setting the move |
| | | | (SVOFF) | command (positioning or constant speed feed, etc.) to the motion |
| · ' | | | | command (OWxx20) will cause this bit to be turned "ON." |
| | | Bit6 | Reserved | |
| | | Bit7 | The excessive speed (DISTOVER) | This bit is turned "ON" when the number of pulses beyond the maximum frequency for pulse output available for issuing at a scan is to be output. |
| | , | | | Refer to Section 1.4.2, "Pulse Output Maximum Frequency" for details. |
| | | Bit8 | Reserved Reserved | |
| | | Bit9
Bit10 | Control mode error
(MODERR) | This bit is turned "ON" when the move command (positioning or constant speed feed, etc.) is set to the motion command (OWxx20) in a mode other than the position control mode (OBxx002 is "OFF"). |
| | | Bit11 to 31 | Reserved | |
| 37 | Reserved | IWxx24 | | |
| 38 | Reserved | IWxx25 | | This hit is "O" |
| 39 | Speed command
output value
monitor (RVMON) | ILxx26 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | The amount of movement for every scan is reported. This bit is "0" under the machine lock status (IBxx170 is "ON"). |
| 41 | Position buffer read-out data | ILxx28 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | When the position buffer read-out of the motion set parameter (OBxx21F) is "ON", the position data is read out from the position buffer designated by the position buffer access No. (OLxx38) to be stored in this register. It should be noted that it takes 2 scans from turning "ON" |
| | | | | the position buffer read-out command (OBxx21F) until the data is stored at this register. |
| 43 | The number of output pulses (XREFMON) | ILxx2A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | The number of pulses which are output at every scan by the module is reported. This bit is "0" under the machine lock status (IBxx170 is "ON"). |
| 45 | | ILxx2C | 24 | Selecting the infinite length axis (=1) at the axis selection of the motion |
| 47 | Command
coordinate
calculated
position | ILxx2E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1 | fixed parameter (Bit 5 of the motion controller function selection flag) gives a sense to this bit. The target position at every scan for the infinite |
| 1 | (POS) | | | Also refer to Section 3.1.4, "Position command (2) Position Monitor." |
| 49
to | 1 = . | IWxx30
to | 1. | |
| 63 | | /Wxx3F | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | |
| | | | | |

5.3 Examples of Motion Parameter Setting

5.3.1 Examples of Motion Fixed Parameter Setting

5.7 Examples of Motion Fixed Parameter Setting

| No. | Name | Setting range | Description Description | Cotting(avariation) |
|---------------|--|---|---|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Axis use selection | 0 or 1 | 0: Select for no use | Setting(examples) |
| 2 | (USESEL) | (Default =0) | 1: Select for use | ' |
| to
6 | Reserved | | Set "0." | |
| 7 | Rated speed setting (NR) | 1 to 32000
(Default =100) | 1=1rpm | 400 |
| 8
to
13 | Reserved | | | |
| 14 | Additional function
selection for use
(AFUNCSEL) | Set for each bit.
(Default =0080H) | Refer to Table 5.1, "List of Motion Fixed Parameters." | 0080 (H) |
| 15 | Reserved | <u> </u> | | T |
| 16
17 | Reserved | | | |
| | Motion controller function
selection flag
(SVFUNCSEL) | Set for each bit.
(Default =0) | Refer to Table 5.1, "List of Motion Fixed Parameters." | 0 (H) |
| 18 | The number of decimal places (DECNUM) | 0 to 5
(Default =3) | Set the number of decimal places of command (Example) For the number of decimal places = 3, mm: One command unit = 0.001 mm deg: One command unit = 0.001 deg inch: One command unit = 0.001 inch This parameter and the command unit selection gives the minimum command unit. However, the minimum unit of "pulse" is not affected by this parameter. This parameter and command unit selection determines the minimum command unit. However, the minimum unit for pulse is not affected by this parameter. | |
| 19 | Amount of movement per
one revolution of machine
(PITCH) | 1 to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =10000) | 1=1 command unit | 10000 |
| 21 | Gear ratio of the motor side (GEAR_MOTOR) | 1 to 65535
(Default =1) | 1=1 revolution | 1 |
| 22 | Gear ratio of the machine side (GEAR_MACHINE) | 1 to 65535
(Default =1) | 1=1 revolution | 1 |
| 23 | Reset position of infinite-
length axis (POSMAX) | 1 to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =360000) | 1=1 command unit | 360000 |
| 25
27 | Reserved Software limit value | 31 31 | | |
| | (positive direction)
(SLIMP) | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =2 ³¹ -1) | 1=1 command unit | 2147483647
(7FFF FFFFH) |
| 29 | Software limit value
(negative direction)
(SLIMN) | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =-2 ³¹) | 1=1 command unit | -2147483648
(8000 0000H) |
| 31 | Zero point return method
(ZRETSEL) | 0 to 7
(Default =2) | 0: Reserved 1: Reserved 2: DEC1 signal (with switch width) + ZERO signal 3: Reserved 4: DEC2 signal (without switch width) + ZERO signal 5: DEC1 signal (with switch width) + LMT (limit signal for zero point return) + ZERO signal 6: Reserved 7: Reserved | DEC1+ZERO
signal (=2) |
| 32 | Reserved | 24 | | |
| 33 | The number of pulses per one revolution of the motor (MPPS) | 1 to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =200) | 1=1 pulse (The number of pulses per one revolution of the stepping motor) | 2000 |

5.7 Examples of Motion Fixed Parameter Setting

(continued) Setting(examples) Description Name Setting range No. 1=10ⁿ command unit/min 0 to 32767 35 Bias speed (n: the number of decimal places) (Default =0) (BIASSPD) For units of pulse: 1=100 pulse/min For units of mm: 1=1mm/min For units of deg: 1=1deg/min For units of inch: 1=1inch/min 1=10ⁿ command unit/min 0 to 32767 Bias speed for 36 (n: the number of decimal places) (Default =0) exponential For units of pulse: 1=1000 pulse/min acceleration/decelerat For units of mm: 1=1mm/min ion filter For units of deg: 1=1deg/min (EXPBIAS) For units of inch: 1=1inch/min 0 (H) Refer to Table 5.1, "List of Motion Fixed Parameters." Set for each bit. Pulse output signal 37 (Default =0) form selection (POSEL) 10 (100kHz) 1=10kHz(10 to 500kHz) 1 to 50 Pulse output Note: Set one of 1 (10 kHz), 2 (20 kHz), 4 (40 kHz), 5 (50 kHz), 8 (80 kHz), 10 (100 kHz), 20 (200 kHz), 25 (Default =10) maximum frequency (MAXHZ) (250 kHz), 40 (400 kHz), and 50 (500 kHz). Be sure to set a value common to 4 axes including the unused axes. 39 Reserved to 48

(Note): The above setting is an example. Set a relevant value to fit your machine.

5.3.2 Examples of Motion Set Parameter Setting

The parameters are used for commanding the motion control module. At the beginning of high-speed scan, the parameters are transferred to the motion control module in a batch. Motion control can be performed only by setting the parameters to the register regions.

5.8 Examples of Motion Set Parameter Setting

| | T | | | , | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|------------------------|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | | | | | | Setting(examples) | | | | | |
| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range | Description | Positioning | Zero point return | Interpolation | Constant speed feed | | | |
| 1 | Run mode setting (RUNMOD) | OWxx00 | Set for each t | oit. (Default =0100H) | 01041 | 0104 | 0104H | | | | |
| 2 | Run command setting (SVRUNCMD) | OWxx01 | Set for each t | oit. (Default =0) | 0001 1 | 00011 | 0001H | 0001H | 0001H | | |
| 3
to
6 | Reserved | OWxx02
to
OWxx05 | Set "0." | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Machine coordinate
zero point offset
setting
(ABSOFF) | OLxx06 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit
(1=1 pulse for the pulse unit) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 9 | Reserved | OLxx08 | | Set "0." | _ | | | | | | |
| 11 | Approach speed
setting
(Napr) | OWxx0A | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | The unit differs depending on the speed command value selection (OBxx01D). For the speed command value selection =0, 1=10° command unit/min (n: the number of decimal places) For units of pulse: 1=100 pulse/min | | 800 | | | | | |
| 12 | Creep speed setting
(Nclp) | OWxx0B | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | For units of dust 1=1mm/min For units of deg: 1=1deg/min For units of inch: 1=1inch/min For the speed command value selection =1, 1=0.01%(1000=10.00%) | | 400 | | | | | |
| 13 | Linear acceleration time constant (NACC) | OWxx0C | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | 1=1ms
(300=0.300s) | 500 | 500 | | 500 | 500 | | |
| 14 | Linear deceleration time constant (NDEC) | OWxx0D | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | 1=1ms
(300=0.300s) | 500 | 500 | | 500 | 500 | | |
| 15
to
18 | Reserved | OWxx0E
to
OWxx11 | | Set "0." | | | | - | | | |
| 19 | Position reference setting (XREF) or position buffer No. | OLxx12 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | (OBxx01C)=1, the position buffer No. (1 to 256). | 1000
0 | | 0002
0 | | / | | |
| 21 | Filter time constant
(NNUM) | OWxx14 | (1) For Bit 4 through 7 of OWxx21 equal to "2," the S-curve (Moving Average) time constant 0 to 255 (1=1 time) (0=1=without averaging) (Default =0) (2) For Bit 4 through 7 of OWxx21 equal to "1," the exponential acceleration/deceleration time constant 0 to 32767 (1=1 ms) (Default =0) | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 22 | Speed reference
setting
(NREF) | OWxx15 | 0 to 32767
(Default =0) | 1=0.01%
(5000=50.00%) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 23
to
30 | Reserved | OWxx16
to
OWxx1D | Set "0." | | | | | I | | | |
| 31 | Offset pulse setting (PULBIAS) | OLxx1E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 pulse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |

5.8 Examples of Motion Set Parameter Setting

| (contir | nued) | | | | | | Setting(examples) | | | | | | |
|---------|--|--------------|--|--|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Name | Register No. | Setting range
: | Description | Positioning | Zero point return | Interpolation | Constant speed feed | Constant step
feed | | | | |
| 33 | Motion command code - (MCMDCODE) | OWxx20 | 0 to 65535
(Default =0) | 0: NOP No command available 1: POSING Positioning 2: Reserved 3: ZRET Zero point return 4: INTERPOLATE Interpolation 5: END OF_INTERPOLATE Final Interpolation segment 6: Reserved 7: FEED Constant speed feed 8: STEP Constant step feed 9: ZSET Zero point setting 10 to 65535: Reserved | 1 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 8 | | | | |
| 34 | Motion command control flag (MCMDCTRL) | OWxx21 | Set for each b | | 0000Н | 0000Н | 0000Н | 0000Н | 0000H | | | | |
| 35 | Rapid feed speed
(RV) | OLxx22 | 0 to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=10 ⁿ command unit/min (n: the number of decimal places) For units of pulse: 1=100 pulse/min For units of mm: 1=1mm/min For units of deg: 1=1deg/min For units of inch: 1=1inch/min | 4000 | 4000 | | 4000 | 4000 | | | | |
| 37 | Reserved | OLxx24 | | Set "0." | | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | Stopping distance
(STOPDIST) | OLxx26 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit | | | 0 | \angle | | | | | |
| 41 | Amount of STEP
movement
(STEP) | OLxx28 | 0 to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit | | | \angle | \angle | 2000 | | | | |
| 43 | Final travel
distance for zero
point return
(ZRNDIST) | OLxx2A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit | | 20 | | | | | | | |
| 45 | Override
(OV) | OWxx2C | 0 to 32767
(Default = 10000=100%) | 1=0.01% | 1000
0 | 1000
0 | / | 1000
0 | 1000
0 | | | | |
| 46 | Position control flag
(POSCTRL) | | Set for each b | oit. (Default =0) | 00001 | 0000Н | 0000 | 00001 | 00001 | | | | |
| 47 | Work coordinate
system Offset
(OFFSET) | OLxx2E | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 command unit
(For units of pulse: 1=1 pulse) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 49 | Preset data of the number of POSMAX turns (TURNPRS) | OLxx30 | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | 1=1 revolution | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 51 | Reserved | OWxx32 | | Set "0." | ⊹ − | | | | - | | | | |
| 52 | Zero point position
output width
(PSETWIDTH) | OWxx33 | 0 to 65535
(Default =10) | 1=1 command unit | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10
be cor | | | | | |

5.8 Examples of Motion Set Parameter Setting

| (conti | nued) | 1 | | T | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|---|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Name | Register No. Se | | Description | Setting(examples) | | | | | |
| No. | | | Setting range | | Positioning | Zero point return | Interpolation | Constant speed
feed | Constant step
feed | |
| 53
to
56 | Reserved | OWxx34
to
OWxx37 | | Set "0." | | | | | _ | |
| 57 | Position buffer access No. | OLxx38 | 1 to 256
(Default =0) | Position buffer access No. (0= Invalid) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 59 | Position buffer data for write | OLxx3A | -2 ³¹ to 2 ³¹ -1
(Default =0) | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 61
to
63 | Reserved | OWxx3C
to
OWxx3F | | Set "0." | - | | | | - | |

(Note 1): The above setting is an example. Set a relevant value to fit your machine.

(Note 2): The diagonally lined boxes show areas not used in motion function. Set corresponding default values.

Machine Controller CP-9200SH/PO-01

MOTION CONTROLLER JSER'S MANUAL

New Pier Takeshiba South Tower, 1-16-1, Kaigan, Minatoku, Tokyo 105-6891 Japan Phone 81-3-5402-4502 Fax 81-3-5402-4580

YASKAWA ELECTRIC AMERICA, INC.

2121 Norman Drive South, Waukegan, IL 60085, U.S.A. Phone 1-847-887-7000 Fax 1-847-887-7370

MOTOMAN INC. HEADQUARTERS

805 Liberty Lane West Carrollton, OH 45449, U.S.A. Phone 1-937-847-6200 Fax 1-937-847-627

YASKAWA ELÉTRICO DO BRASIL COMÉRCIO LTD.A.

Avenida Fagundes Filho, 620 Bairro Saude-Sao Paulo-SP, Brazil CEP: 04304-000 Phone 55-11-5071-2552 Fax 55-11-5581-8795

YASKAWA ELECTRIC EUROPE GmbH

Am Kronberger Hang 2, 65824 Schwalbach, Germany Phone 49-6196-569-300 Fax 49-6196-569-398

Motoman Robotics Europe AB Box 504 S38525 Torsas, Sweden

Phone 46-486-48800 Fax 46-486-41410

Motoman Robotec GmbH

Kammerfeldstraße1, 85391 Allershausen, Germany Phone 49-8166-90-100 Fax 49-8166-90-103

YASKAWA ELECTRIC UK LTD.

Hunt Hill Orchardton Woods Cumbernauld, G68 9LF, United Kingdom

Phone 44-1236-735000 Fax 44-1236-458182

YASKAWA ELECTRIC KOREA CORPORATION

Kfpa Bldg #1201, 35-4 Youido-dong, Yeongdungpo-Ku, Seoul 150-010, Korea Phone 82-2-784-7844 Fax 82-2-784-8495

YASKAWA ELECTRIC (SINGAPORE) PTE, LTD.

151 Lorong Chuan, #04-01, New Tech Park Singapore 556741, Singapore Phone 65-6282-3003 Fax 65-6289-3003

YASKAWA ELECTRIC (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.

No.18 Xizang Zhong Road. Room 1805, Harbour Ring Plaza Shanghai 20000, China Phone 86-21-5385-2200 Fax 86-21-5385-3299

YATEC ENGINEERING CORPORATION

4F., No.49 Wu Kong 6 Rd, Wu-Ku Industrial Park, Taipei, Taiwan Phone 886-2-2298-3676 Fax 886-2-2298-3677

YASKAWA ELECTRIC (HK) COMPANY LIMITED

Rm. 2909-10, Hong Kong Plaza, 186-191 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong Phone 852-2803-2385 Fax 852-2547-5773

BEIJING OFFICE

Room No. 301 Office Building of Beijing International Club, 21 Jianguomenwal Avenue, Beijing 100020, China Phone 86-10-6532-1850 Fax 86-10-6532-1851

9F, 16, Nanking E. Rd., Sec. 3, Taipei, Taiwan Phone 886-2-2502-5003 Fax 886-2-2505-1280

SHANGHAI YASKAWA-TONGJI M & E CO., LTD.

27 Hui He Road Shanghai China 200437 Phone 86-21-6553-6060 Fax 86-21-5588-1190

BEIJING YASKAWA BEIKE AUTOMATION ENGINEERING CO., LTD.

30 Xue Yuan Road, Haidian, Beijing P.R. China Post Code: 100083 Phone 86-10-6233-2782 Fax 86-10-6232-1536

SHOUGANG MOTOMAN ROBOT CO., LTD.

7, Yongchang-North Street, Beijing Economic Technological Investment & Development Area, Beijing 100076, P.R. China

Phone 86-10-6788-0551 Fax 86-10-6788-2878



YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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