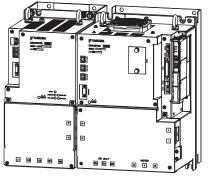
# YASKAWA

# AC Servo Drives $\Sigma$ -V Series USER'S MANUAL For Use with Large-Capacity Models Design and Maintenance Rotational Motor MECHATROLINK-III Communications Reference

SERVOPACK Model: SGDV-DDDH, -DDDJ Converter Model: SGDV-COA Servomotor Model: SGMVV





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## About this Manual

This manual describes information required for designing, testing, adjusting, and maintaining large-capacity models of servo systems in the  $\Sigma$ -V series.

Keep this manual in a location where it can be accessed for reference whenever required. Manuals outlined on the following page must also be used as required by the application.

#### Differences between Large-capacity Σ-V SERVOPACKs and Standard Σ-V SERVOPACKs

The differences between the large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACKs and the standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACKs are described below. Equipment damage may occur if these items are used or set incorrectly.

CN1 Connector

The number of pins on the CN1 connector is different on a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK (50 pins) and a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK (26 pins).

If you are using both types of SERVOPACK, use the correct connector model numbers when ordering and the correct signal assignments.

• Factory Settings of Parameters

The factory settings of the following parameters are different: Pn50A.3, Pn50B.0, and Pn511.0. Make sure that you consider any differences in the factory settings if you copy the parameters from a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK to a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK. For details, refer to 3.4.1 Input Signal Allocations.

• Monitor Displays The monitor display digits are different for P-OT, N-OT, and /DEC. Make sure you are reading the displays correctly when checking signal operation. For details, refer to 7.3 *Monitoring Input Signals*.

#### Description of Technical Terms

The following table shows the meanings of terms used in this manual.

Term	Meaning		
Cursor	Input position indicated by Digital Operator		
Servomotor	Σ-V large-capacity SGMVV servomotor		
SERVOPACK	$\Sigma$ -V large-capacity SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ H, - $\Box\Box\Box$ J servo amplifier		
Converter	Σ-V large-capacity SGDV-COA converter		
Servo Drive	A set that includes a servomotor, a SERVOPACK, and a converter		
Servo System	A servo control system that includes the combination of a servo drive with a host controller and peripheral devices		
Servo ON	Power to motor ON		
Servo OFF	Power to motor OFF		
Base Block (BB)	Power supply to motor is turned OFF by shutting off the base current to the power transistor in the SERVOPACK.		
Servo Lock	A state in which the motor is stopped and is in position loop with a position reference of 0.		
Main Circuit Cable	Cables which connect to the main circuit terminals, including main circuit power supply cables, control power supply cables, servomotor main circuit cables, and others.		

#### IMPORTANT Explanations

The following icon is displayed for explanations requiring special attention.



• Indicates important information that should be memorized, as well as precautions, such as alarm displays, that do not involve potential damage to equipment.

#### Notation Used in this Manual

#### · Notation for Reverse Signals

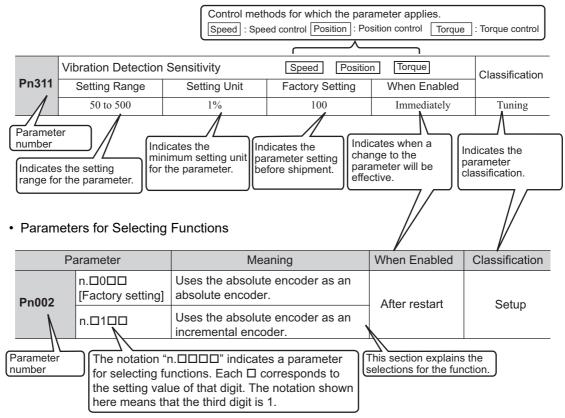
The names of reverse signals (i.e., ones that are valid when low) are written with a forward slash (/) before the signal name.

Notation Example  $\overline{BK} = /BK$ 

#### • Notation for Parameters

The notation depends on whether the parameter requires a value setting (parameter for numeric settings) or requires the selection of a function (parameter for selecting functions).

· Parameters for Numeric Settings



#### Notation Example

Digital Operator Display (Display Example for Pn002)

	Digit Notation		Setting Notation		
n.0000	Notation	Meaning	Notation	Meaning	
T T T T → 1st digit	Pn002.0	Indicates the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.0 = x or n.□□□x	Indicates that the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002 is x.	
→ 2nd digit	Pn002.1	Indicates the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.1 = x or n.□□x□	Indicates that the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002 is x.	
→ 3rd digit	Pn002.2	Indicates the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.2 = x or n.□x□□	Indicates that the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002 is x.	
► 4th digit	Pn002.3	Indicates the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.3 = x or n.x□□□	Indicates that the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002 is x.	

#### • Manuals Related to the $\Sigma$ -V Large-Capacity Models

Refer to the following manuals as required.

Name	Selecting Models and Peripheral Devices	Ratings and Specifications	System Design	Panels and Wiring	Trial Operation	Trial Operation and Servo Adjustment	Maintenance and Inspection
Large-Capacity Σ-V Series Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 86)	~	~	✓				
Σ-V Series User's Manual For Use with Large-Capacity Models Setup Rotational Motor (No.: SIEP S800000 89)				~	¥		
Σ-V Series User's Manual For Use with Large-Capacity Models Design and Maintenance Rotational Motor MECHATROLINK-III Communications Reference (This Manual)			V		~	~	~
$\begin{array}{l} \Sigma\text{-V Series/DC Power Input} \\ \Sigma\text{-V Series/}\Sigma\text{-V Series} \\ \text{for Large-Capacity Models} \\ \text{User's Manual} \\ \text{MECHATROLINK-III} \\ \text{Standard Servo} \\ \text{Profile Commands} \\ (\text{No.: SIEP S800000 63}) \end{array}$			V		~	~	
Σ-V Series User's Manual Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55)					V	~	~
AC Servomotor Safety Precautions (No.: TOBP C230200 00)				~			~
AC SERVOPACK and Converter Σ-V Series Safety Precautions For Use with Large-Capacity Models (No.: TOBP C710829 07)	~			~			~
Σ Series Safety Precautions Digital Operator (No.: TOBP C730800 00)							~

#### Trademarks

MECHATROLINK is a trademark of the MECHATROLINK Members Association.

#### Safety Information

The following conventions are used to indicate precautions in this manual. Failure to heed precautions provided in this manual can result in serious or possibly even fatal injury or damage to the products or to related equipment and systems.



Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could possibly result in loss of life or serious injury.



Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in relatively serious or minor injury, damage to the product, or faulty operation. In some situations, the precautions indicated could have serious consequences if not heeded.



Indicates prohibited actions that must not be performed. For example, this symbol would be used to indicate that fire is prohibited as follows:



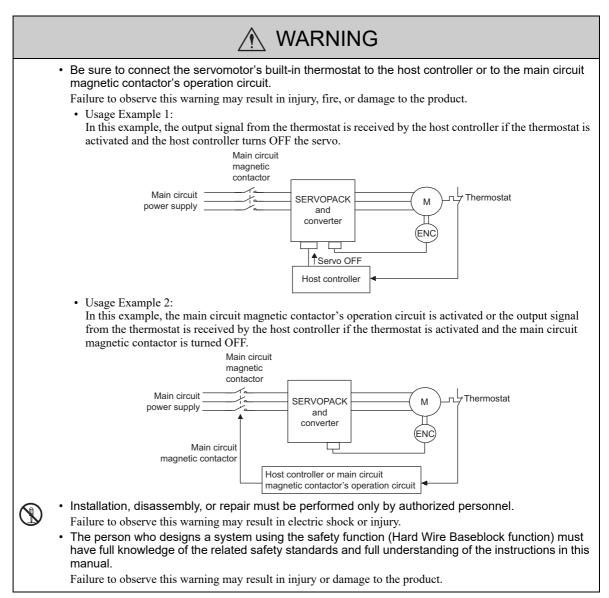
Indicates compulsory actions that must be performed. For example, this symbol would be used to indicate that grounding is compulsory as follows:



## Safety Precautions

These safety precautions are very important. Read them before performing any procedures such as checking products on delivery, storage and transportation, installation, wiring, operation and inspection, or disposal. Be sure to always observe these precautions thoroughly.

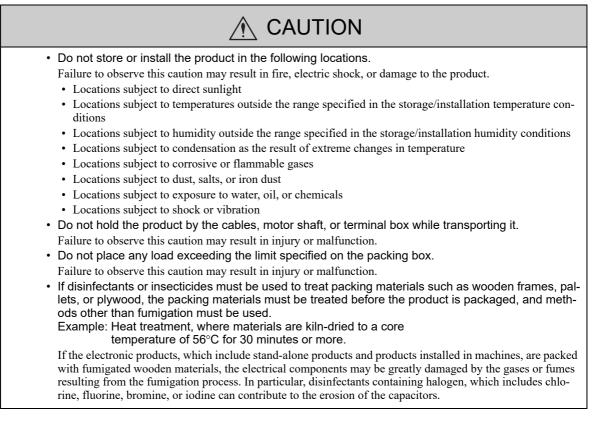
<ul> <li>Never touch any rotating motor parts while the motor is running.</li> </ul>	
Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.	
<ul> <li>Before starting operation with a machine connected, make sure that an eme applied at any time.</li> </ul>	ergency stop can be
Failure to observe this warning may result in injury or damage to the product.	
<ul> <li>Never touch the inside of the SERVOPACKs and the converters.</li> </ul>	
Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock.	
<ul> <li>Do not remove the front cover of the power supply terminals while the power residues to a base of this superior supply in cleating the slip.</li> </ul>	er is ON.
<ul><li>Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock.</li><li>Do not touch the power terminals while discharging the main circuit's capac</li></ul>	iter beeguee high volt
age may still remain in the SERVOPACK and the converter. For details on the main circuit's capacitor, refer to 3.1.5 Discharging Time of the Main Circuit's	he charging time of the s Capacitor.
Before starting to do wiring or inspections, confirm that the power has been comple indicator: OFF) by using a tester to measure the voltage between the P and N termin	
Residual voltage may cause electric shock.	
Follow the procedures and instructions provided in this manual for trial oper	
Failure to do so may result not only in faulty operation and damage to equipment, b	
<ul> <li>The output range of the rotational serial data for the absolute position detecting syste capacity servo drives is different from that of earlier systems for 12-bit and 15-bit enc infinite-length positioning system of the Σ servo drives must be changed for use with drives. Be sure to make the system modifications.</li> </ul>	oders. As a result, the
<ul> <li>The multi-turn limit value need not be changed except for special applications. Changing it inappropriately or unintentionally can be dangerous.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>If the Multi-turn Limit Disagreement alarm occurs, check the setting of parameter Pn2 be sure that it is correct.</li> </ul>	
If Fn013 is executed when an incorrect value is set in Pn205, an incorrect value will alarm will disappear even if an incorrect value is set, but incorrect positions will be dangerous situation where the machine will move to unexpected positions.	
<ul> <li>Do not remove the front cover, cables, connectors, or optional items from th PACK and the converter while the power is ON.</li> </ul>	e front of the SERVO-
Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock or damage to the produ	ct.
<ul> <li>Do not damage, press, exert excessive force on, or place heavy objects on</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock, stopping operation of t</li><li>Do not modify the product.</li></ul>	he product, or fire.
<ul><li>Failure to observe this warning may result in injury, fire, or damage to the product.</li><li>Provide an appropriate braking device on the machine side to ensure safety a servomotor with a brake is not a braking device for ensuring safety.</li></ul>	
Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.	
<ul> <li>Do not come close to the machine immediately after resetting a momentary machine may restart unexpectedly. Take appropriate measures to ensure sa pected restart.</li> </ul>	
Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.	
Do not wire the regenerative resistor unit incorrectly. Never short-circuit the	B1 and B2 terminals.
Failure to observe this warning may result in fire or damage to the product.	
• Connect the ground terminal according to local electrical codes (100 $\Omega$ or lead and a converter with a 200 V power supply. 10 $\Omega$ or less for a SERVOPACK 400 V power supply).	
Improper grounding may result in electric shock or fire.	



The following specifications are used to indicate thermostat.

Specifications			
Contact ratings	115 VAC	22 A	
Contact ratings	277 VAC	8 A	

#### Storage and Transportation



#### Installation

<ul> <li>Never use the product in an environment subject to water, corrosive gases, inflammable gases, or combustibles.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock or fire.</li> <li>Do not step on or place a heavy object on the product.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or malfunction.</li> <li>Do not cover the inlet or outlet ports and prevent any foreign objects from entering the product.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may cause internal elements to deteriorate resulting in malfunction or fire.</li> <li>Be sure to install the product in the correct direction.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.</li> <li>Provide the specified clearances between the SERVOPACK and the converter and the control panel or with other devices.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in fire or malfunction.</li> <li>Do not apply any strong impact.</li> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.</li> </ul>

# Wiring

Be sure to wire correctly and securely.
Failure to observe this caution may result in motor overrun, injury, or malfunction.
<ul> <li>Do not connect a commercial power supply to the U, V, or W terminals for the servomotor connec- tion.</li> </ul>
Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or fire.
Securely connect the main circuit terminals.
Failure to observe this caution may result in fire.
<ul> <li>Do not bundle or run the main circuit cables together with the I/O signal cables or the encoder cables in the same duct. Keep them separated by at least 30 cm.</li> <li>Failure to do so may result in malfunction.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Use shielded twisted-pair wires or multi-core shielded twisted-pair wires for I/O signal cables and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Use the bus bars that are included with the converter, and connect the P and N terminals on the</li> </ul>
SERVOPACK and converter securely.
<ul> <li>The maximum cable length is 3 m for I/O signal cables, 50 m for connection cables for servomotor main circuit or encoder cables, and 10 m for control power supply cables to 400-V converters (+24 V, 0 V).</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Be sure to observe the following precautions when wiring the main circuit's terminals and connec- tors on a SERVOPACK or converter.</li> </ul>
• Do not turn ON the power to a SERVOPACK or converter until all wiring, including the wiring to the main circuit terminals, has been completed.
• Remove detachable main circuit terminals from the SERVOPACK and the converter prior to wiring.
• Insert only one power line per opening in the main circuit terminals.
• Make sure that no part of the core wire comes into contact with (i.e., short-circuits) adjacent wires.
<ul> <li>Install a battery at either the host controller or the battery unit of the encoder, but not both.</li> </ul>
It is dangerous to install batteries at both ends simultaneously, because that sets up a loop circuit between the batteries.
<ul> <li>Always use the specified power supply voltage.</li> </ul>
An incorrect voltage may result in fire or malfunction.
<ul> <li>Make sure that the polarity is correct.</li> </ul>
Incorrect polarity may cause ruptures or damage.
<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to ensure that the input power supply is supplied within the specified voltage fluctuation range. Be particularly careful in places where the power supply is unstable.</li> </ul>
An incorrect power supply may result in damage to the product.
<ul> <li>Install external breakers or other safety devices against short-circuiting in external wiring.</li> </ul>
Failure to observe this caution may result in fire.
<ul> <li>Take appropriate and sufficient countermeasures for each form of potential interference when installing systems in the following locations.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Locations subject to strong electromagnetic fields and magnetic fields</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Locations subject to possible exposure to radioactivity</li> </ul>
Locations close to power supplies
Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the product.
<ul> <li>Do not reverse the polarity of the battery when connecting it.</li> </ul>
Failure to observe this caution may damage the battery, the SERVOPACK, or servomotor, or cause an explo- sion.
<ul> <li>Wiring or inspection must be performed by a technical expert.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Use a 24-VDC power supply for the control power of 400-V converter with double insulation or rein- forced insulation.</li> </ul>

#### Operation

<ul> <li>Always use the servomotor, the SERVOPACK, and the converter in one of the specified combina- tions.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Failure to observe this caution may result in fire or malfunction.</li><li>Conduct trial operations on the servomotor alone, with the motor shaft disconnected from the machine to avoid accidents.</li></ul>
<ul><li>Failure to observe this caution may result in injury.</li><li>During trial operation, confirm that the holding brake works correctly. Furthermore, secure system safety against problems such as signal line disconnection.</li></ul>
Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or damage to the product.
<ul> <li>Before starting operation with a machine connected, change the settings to match the parameters of the machine.</li> </ul>
Starting operation without matching the proper settings may cause the machine to run out of control or mal- function.
<ul> <li>Do not frequently turn power ON and OFF.</li> </ul>
• Frequently turning power ON and OFF causes elements inside the SERVOPACK and the converter to deteriorate. Do not use the servo drive with an application that requires frequently turning power ON and OFF.
• After the actual operation starts, the allowable interval for turning power ON and OFF is one hour or lon- ger.
<ul> <li>When using JOG operations (Fn002) origin search operations (Fn003), or EasyFFT operations (Fn206), the dynamic brake function does not work for reverse overtravel or forward overtravel. Take necessary precautions.</li> </ul>
Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the product.
• When using the servomotor for a vertical axis, install safety devices to prevent workpieces from fall- ing due to alarms or overtravels. Set the servomotor so that it will stop in the zero clamp state when overtravel occurs.
Failure to observe this caution may cause workpieces to fall due to overtravel.
• When not using tuning-less function, set to the correct moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).
<ul> <li>Setting to an incorrect moment of inertia ratio may cause vibration.</li> <li>Do not touch the SERVOPACK and the converter heatsinks, regenerative resistor, or servomotor while power is ON or soon after the power is turned OFF.</li> </ul>
Failure to observe this caution may result in burns due to high temperatures.
<ul> <li>Do not make any extreme adjustments or setting changes of parameters.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or damage to the product due to unstable operation.</li> <li>When an alarm occurs, remove the cause, reset the alarm after confirming safety, and then resume operation.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the product, fire, or injury.</li><li>Do not use the holding brake of the servomotor for braking.</li></ul>
Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.
<ul> <li>An alarm or warning may occur if communications are performed with the host controller while the SigmaWin+ or Digital Operator is operating.</li> </ul>
If an alarm or warning occurs, it may stop the current process and stop the system.

#### Maintenance and Inspection

# Do not disassemble the SERVOPACK and the converter. Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock or injury. Do not attempt to change wiring while the power is ON. Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock or injury. When replacing the SERVOPACK, resume operation only after copying the previous SERVOPACK parameters to the new SERVOPACK. Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the product. Be sure to eliminate static electricity before operating buttons and switches inside the plastic cover. Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the product.

#### Disposal Precautions



#### General Precautions

# Observe the following general precautions to ensure safe application.

- The products shown in illustrations in this manual are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Always replace the cover or protective guard as specified first, and then operate the products in accordance with the manual.
- The drawings presented in this manual are typical examples and may not match the product you received.
- If the manual must be ordered due to loss or damage, inform your nearest Yaskawa representative or one of the offices listed on the back of this manual.

# Warranty

#### (1) Details of Warranty

#### Warranty Period

The warranty period for a product that was purchased (hereinafter called "delivered product") is one year from the time of delivery to the location specified by the customer or 18 months from the time of shipment from the Yaskawa factory, whichever is sooner.

#### Warranty Scope

Yaskawa shall replace or repair a defective product free of charge if a defect attributable to Yaskawa occurs during the warranty period above. This warranty does not cover defects caused by the delivered product reaching the end of its service life and replacement of parts that require replacement or that have a limited service life.

This warranty does not cover failures that result from any of the following causes.

- 1. Improper handling, abuse, or use in unsuitable conditions or in environments not described in product catalogs or manuals, or in any separately agreed-upon specifications
- 2. Causes not attributable to the delivered product itself
- 3. Modifications or repairs not performed by Yaskawa
- 4. Abuse of the delivered product in a manner in which it was not originally intended
- 5. Causes that were not foreseeable with the scientific and technological understanding at the time of shipment from Yaskawa
- 6. Events for which Yaskawa is not responsible, such as natural or human-made disasters

#### (2) Limitations of Liability

- 1. Yaskawa shall in no event be responsible for any damage or loss of opportunity to the customer that arises due to failure of the delivered product.
- 2. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any programs (including parameter settings) or the results of program execution of the programs provided by the user or by a third party for use with programmable Yaskawa products.
- 3. The information described in product catalogs or manuals is provided for the purpose of the customer purchasing the appropriate product for the intended application. The use thereof does not guarantee that there are no infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of Yaskawa or third parties, nor does it construe a license.
- 4. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any damage arising from infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of third parties as a result of using the information described in catalogs or manuals.

#### (3) Suitability for Use

- 1. It is the customer's responsibility to confirm conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply if the Yaskawa product is used in combination with any other products.
- 2. The customer must confirm that the Yaskawa product is suitable for the systems, machines, and equipment used by the customer.
- 3. Consult with Yaskawa to determine whether use in the following applications is acceptable. If use in the application is acceptable, use the product with extra allowance in ratings and specifications, and provide safety measures to minimize hazards in the event of failure.
  - Outdoor use, use involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or use in conditions or environments not described in product catalogs or manuals
  - Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicle systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations
  - Systems, machines, and equipment that may present a risk to life or property
  - Systems that require a high degree of reliability, such as systems that supply gas, water, or electricity, or systems that operate continuously 24 hours a day
  - Other systems that require a similar high degree of safety
- 4. Never use the product for an application involving serious risk to life or property without first ensuring that the system is designed to secure the required level of safety with risk warnings and redundancy, and that the Yaskawa product is properly rated and installed.
- 5. The circuit examples and other application examples described in product catalogs and manuals are for reference. Check the functionality and safety of the actual devices and equipment to be used before using the product.
- 6. Read and understand all use prohibitions and precautions, and operate the Yaskawa product correctly to prevent accidental harm to third parties.

#### (4) Specifications Change

The names, specifications, appearance, and accessories of products in product catalogs and manuals may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. The next editions of the revised catalogs or manuals will be published with updated code numbers. Consult with your Yaskawa representative to confirm the actual specifications before purchasing a product.

# Compliance with UL Standards, EU Directives, UK Regulations and Other Safety Standards

#### ■ North American Safety Standards (UL)

Name (Model)	North American Safety Standards (UL File No.)	Mark
SERVOPACK (SGDV-□□□H, -□□□J), Converter (SGDV-COA)	UL508C (E147823)	CUL US
Servomotor (SGMVV)	UL 1004-1 UL 1004-6 (E165827) CSA C22.2 No.100	

#### EU Directives



Name (Model)	EU Directives	Harmonized Standards
	Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015
SERVOPACK (SGDV-□□□H, -□□□J), Converter (SGDV-COA)	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU	EN 55011 Group 1, Class A EN 61000-6-2 EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 (Category C2, Second environment)
	Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU	EN 61800-5-1
	RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU (EU)2015/863	EN IEC 63000
Servomotor (SGMVV)	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU	EN 55011 Group 1, Class A EN 61000-6-2 EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 (Category C2, Second environment)
	Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU	EN 60034-1 EN 60034-5
	RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU (EU)2015/863	EN IEC 63000

## ■ UK Conformity Assessed (UKCA)

# UK CA

Name (Model)	UK Regulations	Designated Standards
SERVOPACK	Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations S.I. 2008/1597	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015
	Electromagnetic Compatibil- ity Regulations S.I. 2016/1091	EN 55011 Group 1, Class A EN 61000-6-2 EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 (Category C2, Second environment)
(SGDV-□□□H, -□□□J), Converter (SGDV-COA)	Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations S.I. 2016/1101	EN 61800-5-1
	Restriction of the Use of Cer- tain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations S.I. 2012/3032	EN IEC 63000
Servomotor (SGMVV)	Electromagnetic Compatibil- ity Regulations S.I. 2016/1091	EN 55011 Group 1, Class A EN 61000-6-2 EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 (Category C2, Second environment)
	Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations S.I. 2016/1101	EN 60034-1 EN 60034-5
	Restriction of the Use of Cer- tain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations S.I. 2012/3032	EN IEC 63000

Note: We declared the UKCA marking based on the designated standards in the above table.

#### Safety Standards

Name (Model)	Safety Standards	Standards
SERVOPACK (SGDV-□□□H, -□□□J)	Safety of Machinery	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015 EN 60204-1
	Functional Safety	EN 61508 series EN 61800-5-2
	Functional Safety EMC	EN 61326-3-1

#### Safety Performance

Items	Standards	Performance Level
Safety Integrity Level	EN 61508	SIL2
Probability of Dangerous Failure per Hour	EN 61508	$\begin{array}{l} \text{PFH} \leq 1.7 \times 10^{-9}  [1/h] \\ (0.17\% \text{ of SIL2}) \end{array}$
Performance Level	EN ISO 13849-1	PL d (Category 3)
Mean Time to Dangerous Failure of Each Channel	EN ISO 13849-1	MTTFd: High
Average Diagnostic Coverage	EN ISO 13849-1	DCavg: Low
Stop Category	EN 60204-1	Stop category 0
Safety Function	EN 61800-5-2	STO
Proof test Interval	EN 61508	10 years

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**Revision History** 

# 1

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# **1.1** $\Sigma$ -V Large-Capacity SERVOPACKs and Converters

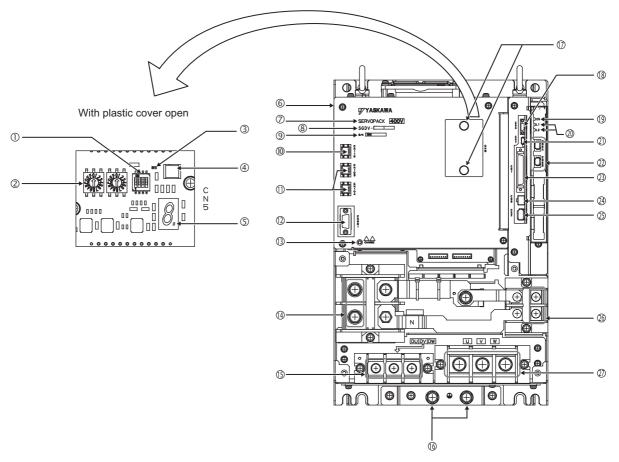
The  $\Sigma$ -V large-capacity SERVOPACKs and converters are designed for applications that require frequent high-speed, high-precision positioning. The SERVOPACKs and converters make the most of machine performance in the shortest time possible, therefore contributing to improving productivity.

# **1.2** SERVOPACK Part Names

This section describes the part names of SERVOPACKs.

Use a SERVOPACK together with a converter. For details, refer to 1.9 Combinations of Servomotors, SERVOPACKs, and Converters.

Note: For the purpose of this description, the SERVOPACK is shown with the front cover removed. Always keep the front cover attached when using the SERVOPACK.



No.	Name	Name Description	
0	DIP switch (S3)	Used to set MECHATROLINK communications.	4.1.1 Setting Switches S1, S2, and S3
2	Rotary switches (S1 and S2)	Used to set MECHATROLINK station address.	4.1.1 Setting Switches S1, S2, and S3
3	Power LED indicator (POWER)	Indicates that the control power is being supplied.	-
4	CN5 Analog monitor connector	Used to monitor motor speed, torque reference, and other values through a special cable (option).	5.1.3 Monitoring Operation during Adjustment
\$	Panel display	Indicates the servo status with a seven-segment LED display.	2.1.1 Status Display
6	Nameplate	Indicates the SERVOPACK model and ratings. Located on the side of the SERVOPACK.	-
Ø	Input voltage	-	-

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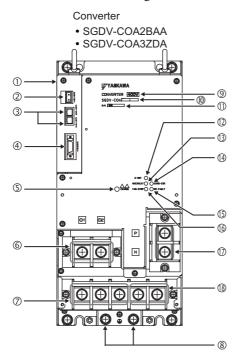
No.	Name	Description	Reference
8	SERVOPACK model	Indicates the model number of the SERVOPACK.	1.7 SERVOPACK Model Designation
9	Serial number	_	-
0	Dynamic brake unit connector (CN115)	Used for ON/OFF control of the magnetic contac- tor in the dynamic brake unit. Connect this con- nector to terminals DBON and DB24 on the dynamic brake unit.	-
	Control power input connectors (CN103 and CN104)	Used to input 24 VDC ( $\pm 15\%$ ). CN103 and CN104 are equivalent inputs. It is normally not necessary to connect CN104.	-
0	SERVOPACK-converter I/O connector (CN901)	Connect this connector to CN901 on the converter.	-
13	Charge indicator	Lights (orange) when the main circuit power sup- ply is ON and stays lit as long as the internal capacitor remains charged. Therefore, do not touch the SERVOPACK even after the power supply is turned OFF if the indicator is lit. It may result in electric shock.	_
14	Main circuit DC voltage input terminals (P and N)	Connect these terminals to P and N on the converter.	-
(5	Dynamic brake unit connection terminals (DU, DV, and DW)	Use these terminals to connect the dynamic brake unit. Do not connect servomotors to these termi- nals.	-
16	Ground terminal	Be sure to connect to protect against electrical shock.	3.1 Main Circuit Wiring
0	Plunger	Pull it to open the plastic cover for use of the MECHATROLINK communications switch and other components.	-
18	CN3 Connector for digital operator	Connects a digital operator (option, JUSP-OP05A- 1-E) or a personal computer (RS422).	$\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual Operation of Digital Opera- tor (No.: SIEP S800000 55).
0	LED indicator (CN)	Lights (green) when the SERVOPACK success- fully receives a CONNECT command.	_
20	Communications LED indicators (L1 and L2)	Lights (green) during communications between the SERVOPACK and the MECHATROLINK system.	_
٥	CN7 Connector for personal computer	A USB connector for use with a personal com- puter. Use the connection cable (No: JZSP- CVS06-02-E).	_
2	CN6A and CN6B MECHATROLINK-III communications connectors	Connects MECHATROLINK-III-supported devices.	3.6 Wiring MECHATROLINK-III Com- munications
23	CN1 I/O signal connector	Used for sequence I/O signals.	3.3 I/O Signal Connections
24	CN8 Connector for safety function devices	Connects a safety function device. Note: When not using the safety function, use the SERVOPACK with the safety function's jumper connector (provided as an accessory) inserted.	3.3.2 Safety Function Signal (CN8) Names and Functions 4.9 Safety Function
25	CN2 Encoder connector	Connects the encoder in the servomotor.	3.7 Encoder Connection
26	+, - terminals	Do not connect anything to these terminals.	_
Ø	Servomotor terminals (U, V, W)	Connects the main circuit cable (power line) for servomotor.	3.1 Main Circuit Wiring

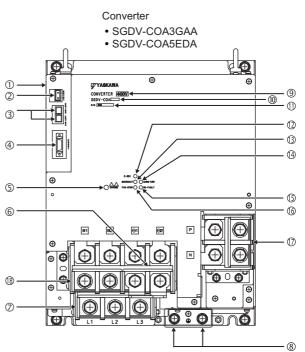
# **1.3** Converter Part Names

This section describes the parts of a converter.

Use a converter together with a SERVOPACK. For details, refer to 1.9 Combinations of Servomotors, SERVOPACKs, and Converters.

Note: For the purpose of this description, the SERVOPACK is shown with the front cover removed. Always keep the front cover attached when using the SERVOPACK.





No.	Name	Description	Reference
0	Nameplate	Indicates the converter model and ratings. Located on the side of the converter.	-
2	Control power input connector (CN101)	Used to connect the control power input.	3.1 Main Circuit Wiring
3	Control power output connectors (CN103 and CN104)	These connectors output 24 VDC to the SERVO- PACK. For a 400-V system, the 24-VDC ( $\pm 15\%$ ) input is output unaltered from CN103. CN103 and CN104 are equivalent outputs. It is normally not necessary to connect CN104.	_
4	SERVOPACK-converter I/O connector (CN901)	Connect this connector to CN901 on the converter.	_
\$	Charge indicator	Lights (orange) when the main circuit power sup- ply is ON and stays lit as long as the internal capacitor remains charged. Therefore, do not touch the SERVOPACK even after the power supply is turned OFF if the indicator is lit. It may result in electric shock.	_
6	DC reactor terminals for harmonic suppression $(\ominus 1 \text{ and } \ominus 2)$	Connects a DC reactor for harmonic suppression.	3.10.3 Connecting a Reac- tor for Harmonic Suppres- sion
0	Main circuit power supply terminals (L1, L2, and L3)	Used for main circuit power supply input.	3.1 Main Circuit Wiring
8	Ground terminals	Be sure to connect to protect against electrical shock.	3.1 Main Circuit Wiring
9	Input voltage	-	-
10	Converter model	Indicates the model number of the converter.	-

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((					
No.	Name	Description	Reference		
1	Serial number	-	_		
12	Converter LED indicator (C-RDY)	Lights (green) when the converter is ready to be used for operations.	-		
13	Converter LED indicator (OVERHEAT)	Lights (red) when the converter's heat sink is overheated.	-		
4	Converter LED indicator (CHRG-ERR)	Lights (red) when the voltage between the main circuit's DC voltage output terminals P and N is abnormal.	-		
(5	Converter LED indicator (FANSTOP)	Lights (red) when an error occurs while the con- verter fan is running.	-		
6	Converter LED indicator (MC-FAULT)	Lights (red) when an error occurs when the inrush current limit relay is used.	-		
0	Main circuit DC voltage output terminals (P and N)	Connect these terminals to P and N on the SER-VOPACK.	-		
18	Regenerative resistor connecting terminals (B1 and B2)	Connects external regenerative resistors.	3.8 Selecting and Connect- ing a Regenerative Resistor Unit		

1.4.1 Ratings

# **1.4** Ratings and Specifications

This section describes the ratings and specifications of SERVOPACKs and converters.

#### 1.4.1 Ratings

Ratings of SERVOPACKs and converters are as shown below.

#### ■ Three-phase 200 VAC

SERVOPACK Model	DPACK Model     SGDV-		161H	201H
Converter Model	SGDV-COADDDD	2BAA	3GAA	3GAA
Continuous Output Cur	rent [Arms]	116	160	200
Instantaneous Max. Ou	tput Current [Arms]	240	340	460
Regenerative Resistor	Unit∗	External		
Main Circuit Power Sup	ply	Three-phase 200 to 23	0 VAC, +10% to -15%,	50/60 Hz
Control Power Supply		Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC, +10% to -15%, 50/60 Hz		
Overvoltage Category		III		

\* Refer to 3.8 Selecting and Connecting a Regenerative Resistor Unit for details.

#### ■ Three-phase 400 VAC

SERVOPACK Model SGDV-		750J	101J	131J
Converter Model	Converter Model SGDV-COA		5EDA	5EDA
Continuous Output Cur	rent [Arms]	75	98	130
Instantaneous Max. Ou	tput Current [Arms]	170	230	340
Regenerative Resistor	Jnit <sup>*</sup>	External		
Main Circuit Power Supply		Three-phase 380 to 4	80 VAC, +10% to -15%	6, 50/60 Hz
Control Power Supply		24 VDC, ±15%		
Overvoltage Category		III		

\* Refer to 3.8 Selecting and Connecting a Regenerative Resistor Unit for details.

## **1.4.2** Basic Specifications

Basic specifications of SERVOPACKs and converters are shown below.

Drive Metho	Drive Method			Sine-wave current drive with PWM control of IGBT	
Feedback	Feedback			Encoder: 20-bit (incremental, absolute)	
	Surrounding Air Tem- perature		0°C to +55°C		
	Storage Temperature		-20°C to +85°C		
	Ambient H	lumidity	90% RH or less	With no freezing or condensation	
	Storage H	umidity	90% RH or less	whill no neezing of condensation	
	Vibration F	Resistance	4.9 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Operating Conditions	Shock Res	sistance	19.6 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Conditions	Protection	Class	IP10	An environment that satisfies the following conditions. • Free of corrosive or flammable gases	
	Pollution Degree		2	<ul><li>Free of exposure to water, oil, or chemicals</li><li>Free of dust, salts, or iron dust</li></ul>	
	Altitude		1000 m or less		
	Others		Free of static electricity, strong electromagnetic fields, magnetic fields or exposure to radioactivity		
Harmonized	d Standards		Refer to Compliance with UL Standards, EU Directives, UK Regulations and Other Safety Standards in the preface for details.		
Mounting			Standard: Base-me Optional: Duct-ve		
	Speed Co	ntrol Range		r limit of the speed control range must be lower than the rated torque does not cause the servomotor to stop.)	
		Load Regulation	0% to 100% load:	±0.01% max. (at rated speed)	
Perfor-	Speed Regu- lation <sup>*1</sup>	Voltage Regulation	Rated voltage ±10	%: 0% (at rated speed)	
mance	lation	Temperature Regulation	$25 \pm 25^{\circ}$ C: $\pm 0.1\%$ max. (at rated speed)		
	Torque Co Tolerance (Repeatab		±1%		
	Soft Start Time Setting		0 to 10 s (Can be s	set individually for acceleration and deceleration.)	

1.4.2 Basic Specifications

(cont'd)

	Encoder Output Pulse		Phase A, B, C: lin	e driver ulse: any setting ratio (Refer to 4.4.5.)
			Number of	
			Channels	7 ch
	Sequence Input	Input Signals which can be allocated	Functions	<ul> <li>Homing deceleration switch (/DEC)</li> <li>External latch (/EXT 1 to 3)</li> <li>Forward run prohibited (P-OT), reverse run prohibited (N-OT)</li> <li>Forward external torque limit (/P-CL), reverse externatorque limit (/N-CL)</li> <li>DB answer (/DBANS)</li> <li>Signal allocations can be performed, and positive and negative logic can be changed.</li> </ul>
I/O Signals		Fixed Output	Servo alarm (ALM	M) output
0.9.14.0			Number of Channels	3 ch
	Sequence Output	Output Signals which can be allocated	Functions	<ul> <li>Positioning completion (/COIN)</li> <li>Speed coincidence detection (/V-CMP)</li> <li>Rotation detection (/TGON)</li> <li>Servo ready (/S-RDY)</li> <li>Torque limit detection (/CLT)</li> <li>Speed limit detection (/VLT)</li> <li>Brake (/BK)</li> <li>Warning (/WARN)</li> <li>Near (/NEAR)</li> <li>Signal allocations can be performed, and positive and negative logic can be changed.</li> </ul>
		Interface	Digital operator (Model: JUSP-OP05A-1-E), personal computer (can be connected with SigmaWin+)	
	RS422A Commu- nications	1:N Communica- tions	N = Up to 15 stations possible at RS422A	
Communi- cations Function	(CN3)	Axis Address Setting	Set by parameter	
	USB Interface		Personal compute	er (can be connected with SigmaWin+)
	Commu- nications (CN7)	Communica- tions Standard	Complies with standard USB1.1. (12 Mbps)	
LED Displa	у	I	Panel display (sev tors, one 7-segme	ven-segment), CHARGE, POWER, L1, L2, and CN indica nt LED
MECHATR	OLINK-III ations Setting	n Switches	Rotary Switch (S1, S2)	Position: 16 positions $\times$ 2 (Refer to 4.1.1)
		5	DIP Switch (S3)	Number of pins: Four pins (Refer to 4.1.1)
Analog Monitor (CN5)			Number of points Output voltage: ± Resolution: 16 bit Accuracy: ± 20 m Max. output curre Settling time (± 1	: 10VDC (linearity effective range ± 8 V) ts tV (Typ) ent: ± 10 mA
Dynamic Br	ake (DB) <sup>*2</sup>		Included An external dynai	mic brake unit is required. <sup>*3</sup>
Regenerativ	ve Processin	g	Included An external regen	erative resistor unit is required. <sup>*4</sup>
Overtravel I	Prevention (	OT)	Dynamic brake st N-OT	op, deceleration to a stop, or free run to a stop at P-OT or

(cont'd)

Protective Function		Overcurrent, overvoltage, insufficient voltage, overload, regeneration error, and so on.
Utility Function		Gain adjustment, alarm history, JOG operation, origin search, and so on.
	Input	/HWBB1, /HWBB2: Baseblock signal for power module
Safety Function	Output	EDM1: Monitoring status of internal safety circuit (fixed output)
	Standards <sup>*5</sup>	EN ISO13849-1 PL d (Category 3), IEC61508 SIL2
Optional Module		Fully-closed module, safety module

\*1. Speed regulation by load regulation is defined as follows:

Speed regulation = No-load motor speed - Total load motor speed × 100%

Rated motor speed

\*2. Set Pn001 to  $n.\Box\Box\Box$  if you do not use the dynamic brake.

\*3. Refer to 3.9 Selecting and Connecting a Dynamic Brake Unit for details on dynamic brake units.

\*4. Refer to 3.8 Selecting and Connecting a Regenerative Resistor Unit for details on regenerative resistor unit.

\*5. Implement risk assessment and confirm that the safety requirements of the machine have been met.

#### **1.4.3** MECHATROLINK-III Function Specifications

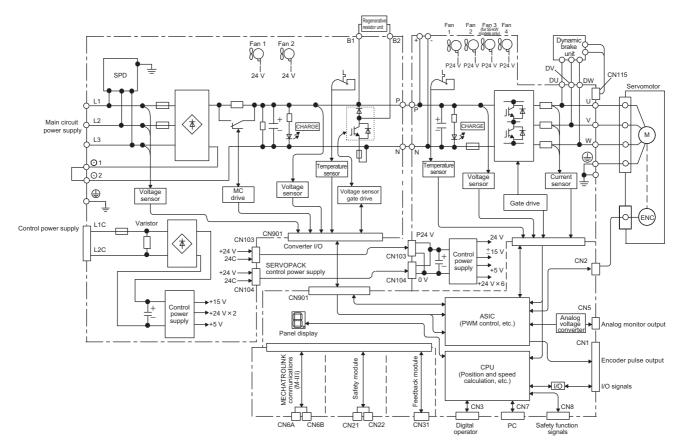
The following table shows the specifications of MECHATROLINK-III.

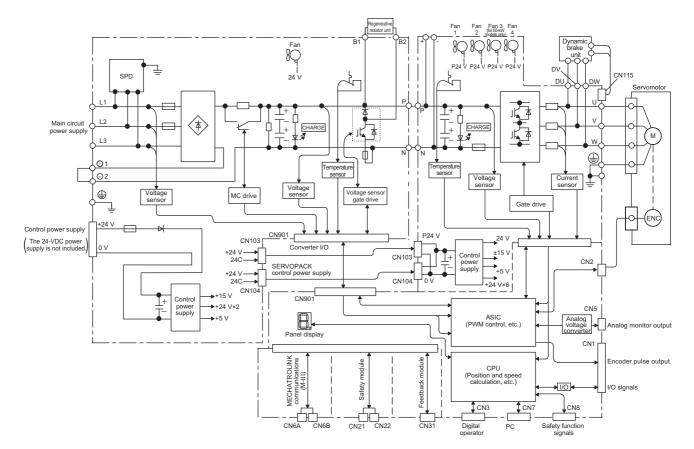
Function		Specifications
MECHATROLINK-III Communication	Communication Protocol	MECHATROLINK-III
	Station Address	03h to EFh (Max. number of stations: 62) Use the rotary switches S1 and S2 to set the station address.
	Baud Rate	100 Mbps
	Transmission Cycle	$125~\mu s,250~\mu s,500~\mu s,750~\mu s,$ and $1.0~m s$ to $4.0~m s$ (increments of 0.5 ms)
	Number of Transmis- sion Bytes	16, 32, or 48 bytes per station Use the DIP switch S3 to select the number of words.
Reference Method	Control Method	Position, speed, or torque control with MECHATROLINK- III communication
	Reference Input	MECHATROLINK commands (sequence, motion, data set- ting/reference, monitoring, or adjustment)
	Profile	MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile

1.5.1 Three-phase 200 V

# **1.5** SERVOPACK and Converter Internal Block Diagrams

### **1.5.1** Three-phase 200 V

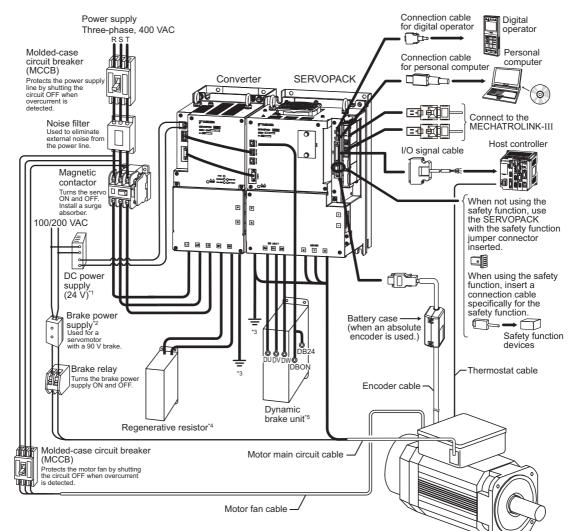




#### **1.5.2** Three-phase 400 V

#### Examples of Servo System Configurations 1.6

A system configuration for a three-phase main circuit power supply voltage of 400 VAC is shown in the following figure.



SGMVV Servomotor

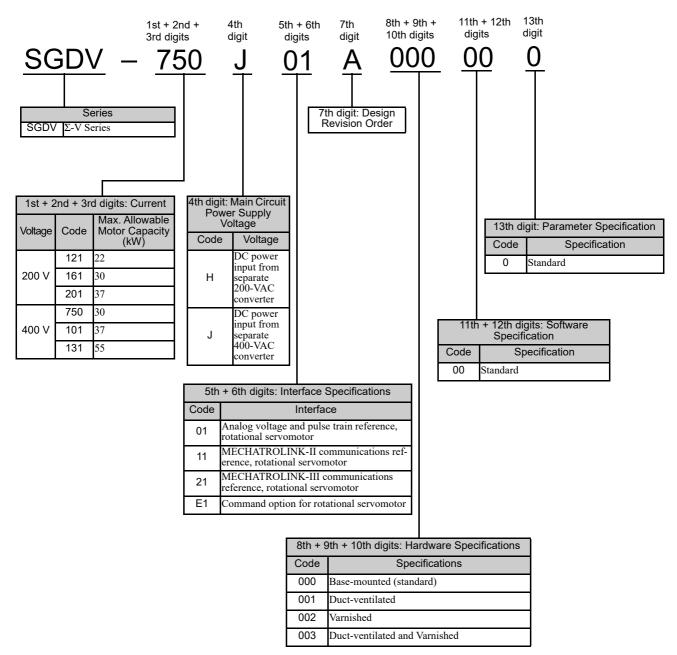
- Use a 24-VDC power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation. (The power supply is not included) \*1. \*2
  - The DC power supply for the 24-VDC brake is not included.
    - For 200-V input voltage: LPSE-2H01-E
    - For 100-V input voltage: LPDE-1H01-E

Use one of the following power supplies for 90-VDC brake. For details, contact your Yaskawa representative or the sales department. For details, refer to Large-Capacity  $\Sigma$ -V series Catalog (Manual no.: KAEP S800000 86).

- \*3. For details on grounding, refer to 3.10 Noise Control and Measures for Harmonic Suppression.
- Before connecting an external regenerative resistor unit, refer to 3.8 Selecting and Connecting a Regenerative Resis-\*4 tor Unit.
- \*5. For details on the dynamic brake unit, refer to 3.9 Selecting and Connecting a Dynamic Brake Unit.

# **1.7** SERVOPACK Model Designation

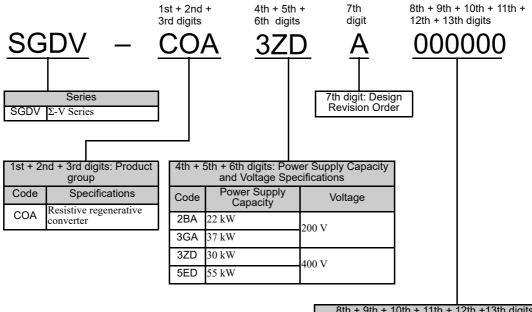
This section shows SERVOPACK model designation.



Note: When digits 8 to 13 are all zeros (0) in the model designation, the zeros are not shown.

# **1.8** Converter Model Designation

This section shows converter model designation.



8th ·	8th + 9th + 10th + 11th + 12th +13th digits: Hardware Specifications		
Code	Specifications		
000000	000000 Base-mounted (standard)		
001000	01000 Dust-ventilated		
002000 Varnished			
003000	003000 Dust-ventilated and Varnished		

Note: When digits 8 to 13 are all zeros (0) in the model designation, the zeros are not shown.

# **1.9** Combinations of Servomotors, SERVOPACKs, and Converters

Main Circuit Power		Servomotor		SERVOPACK	Converter
Supply Voltage	Motor speed	Model: SGMVV-	Capacity	Model: SGDV-	Model: SGDV- COA
		2BA□B	22 kW	121H	2BAA
	1500 min <sup>-1</sup>	3ZA□B	30 kW	161H	3GAA
Three-phase		3GA□B	37 kW	201H	JUAA
200 VAC		2BA□D	22 kW	121H	2BAA
	800 min <sup>-1</sup>	3ZA□D	30 kW	161H	- 3GAA
		3GA□D	37 kW	201H	
	1500 min <sup>-1</sup>	2BD□B	22 kW	750J	3ZDA
		3ZD□B	30 kW		
		3GD□B	37 kW	101J	
		4ED□B	45 kW	131J	5EDA
Three-phase 400 VAC		5ED□B	55 kW		
		2BD□D	22 kW	750J	3ZDA
	800 min <sup>-1</sup>	3ZD□D	30 kW	7505	SEDIA
	800 mm	3GD□D	37 kW	101J	5EDA
		4ED□D	45 kW	131J	JEDA

The following table lists the combinations of servomotors, SERVOPACKs, and converters.

# **1.10** Inspection and Maintenance

This section describes the inspection and maintenance of SERVOPACKs and converters.

#### (1) SERVOPACK or Converter Inspection

For inspection and maintenance of a SERVOPACK or converter, follow the inspection procedures in the following table at least once every year. Other routine inspections are not required.

Item	Frequency	Procedure	Comments
Exterior		Check for dust, dirt, and oil on the surfaces.	Clean with compressed air.
Loose Screws	At least once a year	Check for loose terminal block and connector screws.	Tighten any loose screws.

#### (2) Parts Replacement Schedule for a SERVOPACK or Converter

The following electric or electronic parts are subject to mechanical wear or deterioration over time. To avoid failure, replace these parts at the frequency indicated.

Refer to the standard replacement period in the following table and contact your Yaskawa representative. After an examination of the part in question, we will determine whether the parts should be replaced or not.



The parameters of any SERVOPACKs overhauled by Yaskawa are reset to the factory settings before shipping. Be sure to confirm that the parameters are properly set before starting operation.

Part	Standard Replacement Period
Cooling Fan	4 to 5 years
Smoothing Capacitor	7 to 8 years
Other Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor	5 years
Relays	_
Fuses	10 years

Note: The standard replacement period is given for usage under the following operating conditions.

• Surrounding air temperature: Annual average of 30°C

• Load factor: 80% max.

• Operation rate: 20 hours/day max.

# 2

# Panel Display and Operation of Digital Operator

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2.1.1 Status Display	
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2.1.3 Hard Wire Base Block Display	
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2.1.1 Status Display

# 2.1 Panel Display

The servo drive status can be checked on the panel display of the SERVOPACK. Also, if an alarm or warning occurs, its alarm or warning number is displayed.

### 2.1.1 Status Display

The display shows the following status.

Display	Meaning
8	Rotation Detection (/TGON) Lights if motor speed exceeds the value set in Pn502. (Factory setting: 20 min <sup>-1</sup> )
8	Baseblock Lights for baseblock (Servomotor power OFF).
8	Reference Input Lights when a reference is being input.
8,	Control Power Supply ON Lights when the control power is being supplied.

# 2.1.2 Alarm and Warning Display

If an alarm or warning occurs, the display will change in the following order.

Example: Alarm A.E60

# 2.1.3 Hard Wire Base Block Display

If a hard wire base block (HWBB) occurs, the display will change in the following order.

→ Status → Unlit → H → Unlit → b → Unlit → b. → Unlit ¬ Display

# 2.1.4 Overtravel Display

If overtravelling occurs, the display will change in the following order.

 (1) Overtravel at forward rotation (P-OT)
 (3) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation

 (2) Overtravel at reverse rotation (N-OT)
 (3) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation

 (3) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation
 (3) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation

 (3) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation
 (3) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation

 (3) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation
 (1) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation

 (3) Overtravel at reverse rotation (N-OT)
 (3) Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation

# **2.2** Operation of Digital Operator

Operation examples of utility functions (Fn $\square\square\square$ ), parameters (Pn $\square\square\square$ ) and monitor displays (Un $\square\square\square$ ) when using a digital operator are described in this chapter.

Operations can be also performed with SigmaWin+.

For more information on the usage of the digital operator, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series USER'S MANUAL Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

#### Utility Functions (Fn 2.3

The utility functions are related to the setup and adjustment of the SERVOPACK.

The digital operator shows numbers beginning with Fn. The following table outlines the procedures necessary for an origin search (Fn003).

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	B B         -FUNCTION-           Fn002:JOG <u>Fn003</u> :Z-Search           Fn004:Program JOG           Fn005:Prm Init		Press the $\bigcirc$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn003.	
2	B B         -Z - Search -           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 3 =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 4           U n 0 0 D =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn003 execution display.	
3	R U N         -Z-Search-           U n 0 0 0         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 3 =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 4           U n 0 0 D =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	JOG SVON	Press the () Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON. Note: If the servomotor is already at the zero position, "-Complete-" is displayed.	
4	RUN - Complete - Un00 <u>0</u> = 00000 Un002 = 00000 Un003 = 0000000000 Un00D = 0000001D58		Pressing the ∧ Key will rotate the servomotor in the forward direction. Pressing the ∨ Key will rotate the servomotor in the reverse direction. The rotation direction of the servomotor changes according to the setting of Pn000.0 as shown in the following table.         Parameter       ∧ key       ∨ key         Pn000       n.□□□0       CCW       CW         Note:       Direction when viewed from the load of the servomotor.         Press the ∧ or ∨ Key until the servomotor stops.       If the origin search completed normally, "-Complete-" is displayed on the right top on the screen.	
5	B B         -Z-Search-           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 3 =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 D =         0 0 0 0 0 0 1 D 5 8	JOG SVON	When the origin search is completed, press the Key. The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB", and the servomotor turns OFF. The display "-Complete-" changes to "-Z-Search"	
6	B B         -FUNCTION-           Fn002:JOG <u>Fn003</u> :Z-Search           Fn004:Program JOG           Fn005:Prm Init	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \hline $		
7	To enable the change in the setting, turn the power to the SERVOPACK and converter OFF and ON again.			

# **2.4** Parameters (PnDDD)

This section describes the classifications, methods of notation, and settings for parameters given in this manual.

### 2.4.1 Parameter Classification

There are two types of SERVOPACK parameters. One type of parameter is required to set up the basic conditions for operation and the other type is required for tuning to adjust servo characteristics.

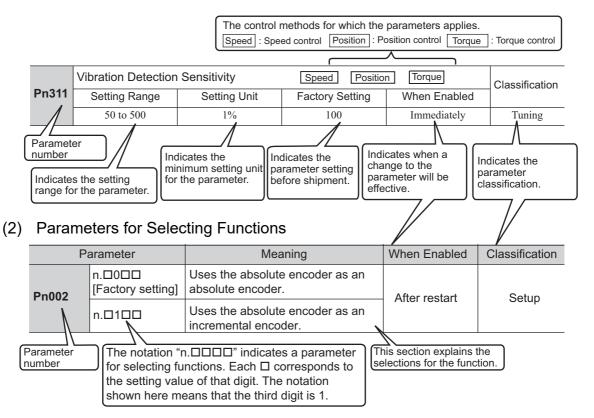
Classification	Meaning	Display Method	Setting Method
Setup Parameters	Parameters required for setup.	Always displayed (Factory setting: Pn00B.0 = 0)	Set each parameter individu- ally.
Tuning Parameters	Parameters for tuning con- trol gain and other parame- ters.		There is no need to set each parameter individually.

There are two types of notation used for parameters, one for parameter that requires a value setting (parameter for numeric settings) and one for parameter that requires the selection of a function (parameter for selecting functions).

The notation and settings for both types of parameters are described next.

# 2.4.2 Notation for Parameters

#### (1) Parameters for Numeric Settings



#### 2.4.3 Setting Parameters

Notation Example

Digital Operator Display (Display Example for Pn002)

	[	Digit Notation	S	etting Notation
n.0000	Notation	Meaning	Notation	Meaning
1st digit	Pn002.0	Indicates the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.0 = x or n.□□□x	Indicates that the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
→ 2nd digit	Pn002.1	Indicates the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.1 = x or n.□□x□	Indicates that the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
3rd digit	Pn002.2	Indicates the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.2 = x or n.□x□□	Indicates that the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002 is x.
► 4th digit	Pn002.3	Indicates the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002.	Pn002.3 = x or n.x□□□	Indicates that the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002 is x.

# 2.4.3 Setting Parameters

### (1) How to Make Numeric Settings Using Parameters

The following example shows how to change the setting of parameter Pn304 (JOG speed) to 1000 min<sup>-1</sup>.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	$ \begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M / M O N - \\ \hline U & n & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & 2 & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & 8 & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U & n & 0 & 0 & D & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \end{array} $	MODE/SET	Press the $( contract rest rest of the main menu of parameters and monitor displays.$
2	$\begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M \swarrow M O N - \\ \hline U n & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U n & 0 & 0 & 2 & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U n & 0 & 0 & 8 & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ U n & 0 & 0 & D & = & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \end{array}$	< >	Press the $\leq$ or $>$ Key to move the cursor to "Un."
3	BB - PRM / MON -  P n 0 0 0 = n . 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to change "Un" to "Pn."
4	BB − PRM/MON− Pn000=n.0000 Un002= 00000 Un008= 00000pulse Un00D=0000000	>	Press the $>$ Key to move the cursor to the column on the right of "Pn."
5	$\begin{array}{c c} BB & -PRM / MON - \\ Pn \underline{3} 0 4 = 0 05 0 0 \\ Un 0 0 2 = 0 000 0 \\ Un 0 0 8 = 0 000 0 \\ Un 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array}$	< >	Press the arrow keys to display "Pn304". To move the cursor to different columns: < , > Key To change the settings: ∧, ∨ Key
6	$ \begin{array}{c} B B & -P R M / M O N - \\ P n 3 0 4 = 0 0 5 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array} $	DATA	Press the $\square$ Key to move the cursor to the one's place of Pn304.
7	$\begin{array}{c c} B B & -P R M \not M O N - \\ P n 3 0 4 = 0 0 5 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \end{array}$	<	Press the < Key twice to move the cursor to the hun- dred's place of Pn304.
8	$\begin{array}{c} BB & -PRM / MON - \\ Pn 3 0 4 = 0 1 0 0 \\ Un 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ Un 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ Un 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{array}$		Press the $\land$ Key five times to change the setting to "1000."

2-6

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
9	BB - PRM / MON - PRM / MON - Pn 304 = 01000 Un 002 = 00000 Un 008 = 00000 Un 000 = 000000 Un 000 = 0000000000	DATA	Press the Key to write the settings.

### (2) How to Select Functions Using Parameters

The following example shows how to set the function section for insufficient voltage of the application function select switch 8 (Pn008) to 1 "detects warning and limits torque by host controller."

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	MODE/SET	Press the Key to select the main menu of parameters and monitor displays.
2	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	< >	Press the < or > Key to move the cursor to "Un."
3	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to change "Un" to "Pn."
4	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	>	Press the > Key three times to move the cursor to the column on the right of "Pn."
5	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	٨	Press the 🔨 Key to display "Pn008."
6	$ \begin{bmatrix} B B & -P R M / MON - \\ P n 0 0 8 = n.4 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 8 = 0 0 0 0 0 \\ U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \\ \end{bmatrix} $	DATA	Press the Key to move the cursor to "Pn008.0."
7	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	<	Press the Key once to move the cursor to "Pn008.1."
8	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Press the $\land$ Key to change the setting of "Pn008.1" to "1."
9	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	DATA	Press the Key to write the settings.

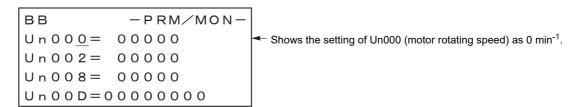
# **2.5** Monitor Displays (UnDDD)

The monitor displays can be used for monitoring the reference values, I/O signal status, and SERVOPACK internal status.

For details, refer to 7.2 Viewing Monitor Displays.

The digital operator shows numbers beginning with Un.

The following four settings are the factory settings.



# Wiring and Connection

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# 3.1 Main Circuit Wiring

The names and specifications of the main circuit terminals are given below.

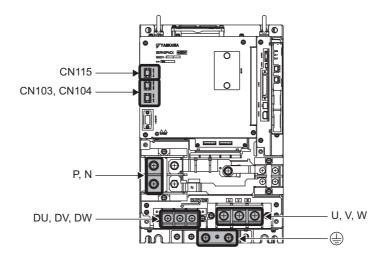
Also this section describes the general precautions for wiring and precautions under special environments.

# 3.1.1 Main Circuit Terminals

The names and specifications of the main circuit terminals are given below.

Note: For the purpose of this description, the SERVOPACK is shown with the front cover removed. Always keep the front cover attached when using the SERVOPACK.

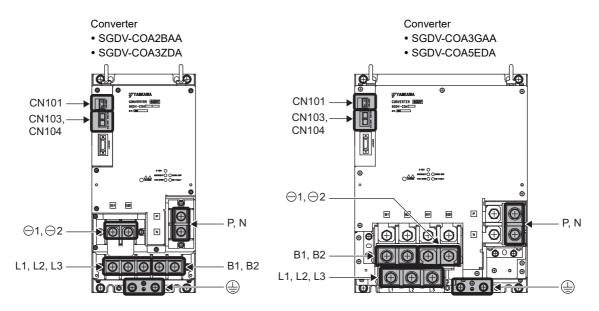
#### SERVOPACK



Terminals	Name	Specifications
P, N	Main circuit DC voltage input termi- nals	Connect these terminals to the P and N terminals on the converter.
U, V, W	Servomotor terminals	Connect these terminals to the Servomotor terminals.
CN103, CN104	Control power input connectors	CN103 is the 24 VDC ( $\pm$ 15%) input. CN104 takes the same input, but it is normally not necessary to connect it.
DU, DV, DW	Dynamic brake unit terminals	Connect these terminals to the dynamic brake unit.
CN115	Dynamic brake unit connector	Connect this connector to the DBON and DB24 terminals on the dynamic brake unit.
+, -	NC	Do not connect these terminals.
	Ground terminal	Connect this terminal to the power supply ground terminal and the Servomotor ground terminal, and then ground it.

3.1.1 Main Circuit Terminals

#### ■ Converter



Terminals	Name	Specifications		
L1, L2, L3	Main circuit power input terminals	SGDV-COA□□AA: Three-phase, 200 to 230 VAC, +10% to - 15%, 50/60 Hz SGDV-COA□□DA: Three-phase, 380 to 480 VAC, +10% to - 15%, 50/60 Hz		
		SGDV-COA□□AA: Single-phase, 200 to 230 VAC, +10% to - 15%, 50/60 Hz SGDV-COA□□DA: 24 VDC, ±15%		
CN101	Control power input connector	Mating connector model: 231-202/026-000 (Manufactured by Wago Company of Japan, Ltd)		
		C N Pin 2: 24 V 1 Pin 1: 0 V		
P, N	Main circuit DC voltage output ter- minals	Connect these terminals to the P and N terminals on the SERVO- PACK.		
	Ground terminal	Connect this terminal to the power supply ground terminal and then ground it.		
B1, B2	Regenerative resistor connection terminals	Connect these terminals to the regenerative resistor unit.		
⊖1, ⊖2	DC reactor connection terminals	Remove the short bar before you connect a DC reactor.		
CN103, CN104	Control power output connectors	CN103 and CN104 output 24 VDC to the SERVOPACK. For a 400-V system, the 24-VDC (±15%) input is output unaltered from CN103. CN104 provides the same output, but it is normally not necessary to connect it.		

# 3.1.2 Main Circuit Wire

This section describes the main circuit wires for SERVOPACKs and converters.

IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>The specified wire sizes are for use when the three lead cables are bundled and when the rated electric current is applied with a surrounding air temperature of 40°C.</li> <li>Use a wire with a minimum withstand voltage of 600 V for the main circuit.</li> <li>If cables are bundled in PVC or metal ducts, take into account the reduction of the allowable current.</li> <li>Use a heat-resistant wire under high surrounding air or panel temperatures, where polyvinyl chloride insulated wires will rapidly deteriorate.</li> </ul>

### (1) Wire Types

Use the following type of wire for main circuit.

Cable Type		Allowable Conductor Temperature
Symbol Name		(°C)
IV	600 V polyvinyl chloride insulated wire	60
HIV	600 V grade heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wire	75

The following table shows the wire sizes and allowable currents for three wires. Use wires with specifications equal to or less than those shown in the table.

Nominal Cross Section Diameter	AWG Size (Number of Wires/		Conductive Resistance (Ω/	Allowable Current at Surrounding Air Temperature (A)		
(mm <sup>2</sup> )		mm)	km)	30°C	40°C	50°C
0.5	(20)	19/0.18	39.5	6.6	5.6	4.5
0.75	(19)	30/0.18	26	8.8	7	5.5
0.9	(18)	37/0.18	24.4	9	7.7	6
1.25	(16)	50/0.18	15.6	12	11	8.5
2	(14)	7/0.6	9.53	23	20	16
3.5	(12)	7/0.8	5.41	33	29	24
5.5	(10)	7/1.0	3.47	43	38	31
8	(8)	7/1.2	2.41	55	49	40
14	(6)	7/1.6	1.35	79	70	57
22	(4)	7/2.0	0.85	91	81	66
38	(1)	7/2.6	0.49	124	110	93
60	(2/0)	19/2.0	0.30	170	150	127
100	(4/0)	19/2.6	0.18	240	212	179

Note: These are reference values for 600-V-grade, heat-resistant, PVC-insulated wire.

### (2) Wire Sizes

The following table shows the symbols for the power input terminals, screw sizes for terminals, tightening torque, wire sizes, and crimp terminals used for the SERVOPACKs and converters.

#### ■ For Three-phase, 200V

Combination of SERVO- PACK and Converter <sup>*1</sup>		Terminal Symbols	Screw Size for Terminals	Tightening Torque (N∙m)	HIV Wire Size in mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Crimp Terminal Model (Made by J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.) <sup>*2</sup>
		P, N	M8	15.0	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
	SERVO-	U, V, W	M8	3.0	60 (2/0)	R60-8
	PACK	DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	5.5 (10)	R5.5-6
			M8	9.0 to 1.0	60 (2/0)	R60-8
SGDV-121H		P, N	M8	3.0	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
SGDV- COA2BAA		L1, L2, L3	M8	3.0	38 (1)	R38-8
	a i	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M8	3.0	38 (1)	R38-8
	Converter	CN101 (L1C, L2C)	(Connector)	_	1.25 (16)	_
		B1, B2	M8	3.0	8 (8)	R8-8
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	38 (1)	R38-8
		P, N	M8	15.0	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
	SERVO- PACK	U, V, W	M8	3.0	100 (4/0)	CB100-S8
		DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	5.5 (10)	R5.5-6
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	100 (4/0)	100-8
SGDV-161H SGDV-	Converter	P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
COA3GAA		L1, L2, L3	M10	12 to 20	60 (2/0)	R60-10
		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M10	12 to 20	60 (2/0)	R60-10
		CN101 (L1C, L2C)	(Connector)	_	1.25 (16)	-
		B1, B2	M10	12 to 20	14 (6)	R14-10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	60 (2/0)	R60-8
		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
	SERVO-	U, V, W	M10	30.0	100 (4/0)	R100-10
	PACK	DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	5.5 (10)	R5.5-6
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	100 (4/0)	100-8
SGDV-201H SGDV- COA3GAA		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
		L1, L2, L3	M10	12 to 20	100 (4/0)	R100-10
	<b>a</b> ,	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M10	12 to 20	100 (4/0)	R100-10
	Converter	CN101 (L1C, L2C)	(Connector)	-	1.25 (16)	_
		B1, B2	M10	12 to 20	14 (6)	R14-10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	100 (4/0)	100-8

\*1. Use SERVOPACKs and converters in the specified combinations.\*2. Use the crimp terminals that are recommended by Yaskawa or an equivalent.

### ■ For Three-phase, 400V

Combination of SERVO- PACK and Converter <sup>*1</sup>		Terminal Symbols	Screw Size for Terminals	Tightening Torque (N∙m)	HIV Wire Size in mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Crimp Terminal Model (Made by J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.) <sup>*2</sup>
		P, N	M8	15.0	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
	SERVO-	U, V, W	M8	3.0	22 (4)	R22-8
	PACK	DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	3.5 (12)	3.5-6
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	22 (4)	R22-8
SGDV-750J		P, N	M8	3.0	Bus bar attached to the converter	-
SGDV- COA3ZDA		L1, L2, L3	M8	3.0	22 (4)	R22-8
	<b>a</b>	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M8	3.0	22 (4)	R22-8
	Converter	CN101 (24 V, 0 V)	(Connector)	_	1.25 (16)	_
		B1, B2	M8	3.0	8 (8)	R8-8
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	22 (4)	R22-8
	SERVO- PACK	P, N	M8	15.0	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
		U, V, W	M8	3.0	38 (1)	R38-8
		DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	3.5 (12)	3.5-6
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	38 (1)	R38-8
SGDV-101J	Converter	P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
SGDV- COA5EDA		L1, L2, L3	M10	12 to 20	38 (1)	R38-10
		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M10	12 to 20	38 (1)	R38-10
		CN101 (24 V, 0 V)	(Connector)	_	1.25 (16)	-
		B1, B2	M10	12 to 20	8 (8)	R8-10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	38 (1)	R38-8
		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
	SERVO-	U, V, W	M10	30.0	60 (2/0)	R60-10
	PACK	DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	3.5 (12)	3.5-6
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	60 (2/0)	R60-8
SGDV-131J		P, CN	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter	_
SGDV- COA5EDA		L1, L2, L3	M10	12 to 20	60 (2/0)	R60-10
	<b>a</b> .	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M10	12 to 20	60 (2/0)	R60-10
	Converter	CN101 (24 V, 0 V)	(Connector)	_	1.25 (16)	_
		B1, B2	M10	12 to 20	14 (6)	R14-10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	60 (2/0)	R60-8

\*1. Use SERVOPACKs and converters in the specified combinations.\*2. Use the crimp terminals that are recommended by Yaskawa or an equivalent.

3.1.2 Main Circuit Wire

### ■ Tools for Crimp Terminals

Model	Tools (by J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.)					
Model	Body	Head	Dies			
3.5-6	YHT-2210					
R5.5-6	1111-2210	_	—			
R8-8	YHT-8S	_	_			
R8-10	YPT-150-1	-	TD-221, TD-211			
R14-10		TD-222, TD-211				
R22-8			TD-223, TD-212			
R38-8 R38-10	Body only	TD-224, TD-212				
R60-8 R60-10	Body: YF-1; H	TD-225, TD-213				
100-8 R100-10 CB100-S8	2009.12.1,1	TD-228, TD-214				

## (3) Wire Size (UL Standard)

To comply with the UL standard, use the recommended wires. The following table shows the wire sizes (AWG) at a rating of 75  $^{\circ}$ C.

#### ■ For Three-phase, 200V

Combination of SERVOPACK and Converter <sup>*</sup>		Terminal Symbols	Screw Size for Terminals	Tightening Torque (N∙m)	Wire Size AWG
		P, N	M8	15.0	Bus bar attached to the converter
	SERVOPACK	U, V, W	M8	3.0	1/0
		DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	1/0
SGDV-121H		P, N	M8	3.0	Bus bar attached to the converter
SGDV- COA2BAA		L1, L2, L3	M8	3.0	1/0
		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M8	3.0	1/0
	Converter	CN101 (L1C, L2C)	(Connector)	_	14
		B1, B2	M8	3.0	6
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	1/0
		P, N	M8	15.0	Bus bar attached to the converter
	SERVOPACK	U, V, W	M8	3.0	3/0
		DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	3/0
SGDV-161H SGDV-		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter
COA3GAA		L1, L2, L3	M10	12 to 20	3/0
		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M10	12 to 20	3/0
	Converter	CN101 (L1C, L2C)	(Connector)	_	14
		B1, B2	M10	12 to 20	4
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	3/0
		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter
	SERVOPACK	U, V, W	M10	30.0	250
		DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	250
SGDV-201H		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter
SGDV- COA3GAA		L1, L2, L3	M10	12 to 20	4/0
		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M10	12 to 20	4/0
	Converter	CN101 (L1C, L2C)	(Connector)	_	14
		B1, B2	M10	12 to 20	4
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	4/0

\* Use SERVOPACKs and converters in the specified combinations.

3.1.2 Main Circuit Wire

### ■ For Three-phase, 400V

Combination of SERVOPACK and Converter*		Terminal Symbols	Screw Size for Terminals	Tightening Torque (N∙m)	Wire Size AWG
		P, N	M8	15.0	Bus bar attached to the converter
	SERVOPACK	U, V, W	M8	3.0	3
		DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	3
SGDV-750J		P, N	M8	3.0	Bus bar attached to the converter
SGDV- COA3ZDA		L1, L2, L3	M8	3.0	3
		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M8	3.0	3
	Converter	CN101 (24 V, 0 V)	(Connector)	_	14
		B1, B2	M8	3.0	8
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	3
		P, N	M8	15.0	Bus bar attached to the converter
	SERVOPACK	U, V, W	M8	3.0	1
		DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	1
SGDV-101J		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter
SGDV- COA5EDA		L1, L2, L3	M10	12 to 20	2
		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M10	12 to 20	2
	Converter	CN101 (24 V, 0 V)	(Connector)	_	14
		B1, B2	M10	12 to 20	8
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	2
		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter
	SERVOPACK	U, V, W	M10	30.0	2/0
		DU, DV, DW	M6	3.0	10
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	2/0
SGDV-131J		P, N	M10	12 to 20	Bus bar attached to the converter
SGDV- COA5EDA		L1, L2, L3	M10	12 to 20	2/0
		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	M10	12 to 20	2/0
	Converter	CN101 (24 V, 0 V)	(Connector)	_	14
		B1, B2	M10	12 to 20	4
			M8	9.0 to 11.0	2/0

\* Use SERVOPACKs and converters in the specified combinations.

#### Crimp Terminal, Sleeve, Terminal Kit

• For Three-phase, 200V

Combination of SERVOPACK and Converter		Terminal Symbols	Crimp Terminal Model (Made by J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.) <sup>*1</sup>	Sleeve Model (Made by Tokyo Dip Co., Ltd.) <sup>*2</sup>	Terminal Kit Model <sup>*3</sup>
		U, V, W	R60-8	TP-060 (black)	
	SERVOPACK	DU, DV, DW	R5.5-6	TP-006 (black)	JZSP-CVT9-121H-E
SGDV-121H			R60-8	-	
SGDV-		L1, L2, L3	R60-8	TP-060 (black)	
COA2BAA	<b>G</b>	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	R60-8	TP-060 (white)	
	Converter	B1, B2	R14-8	TP-022 (white)	JZSP-CVT9-2BA-E
			R60-8	-	
		U, V, W	CB80-S8	TP-100 (black)	
	SERVOPACK	DU, DV, DW	R5.5-6	TP-006 (black)	JZSP-CVT9-161H-E
SGDV-161H			80-8	-	
SGDV-		L1, L2, L3	80-10	TP-100 (black)	
COA3GAA	<b>G</b> (	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	80-10	TP-100 (white)	
	Converter	B1, B2	R22-10	TP-038 (white)	JZSP-CVT9-3GA1-E
			80-8	-	
		U, V, W	CB150-S10	TP-150 (black)	
	SERVOPACK	DU, DV, DW	R5.5-6	TP-006 (black)	JZSP-CVT9-201H-E
SGDV-201H			150-8	-	
SGDV-		L1, L2, L3	R100-10	TP-125 (black)	
COA3GAA	G (	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	R100-10	TP-125 (white)	
	Converter	B1, B2	R22-10	TP-038 (white)	JZSP-CVT9-3GA2-E
			100-8	-	

\*1. Use SERVOPACKs and converters in the specified combinations.
\*2. Use sleeves for the crimped section of the terminals.
\*3. A terminal kit includes the crimp terminals and sleeves required for one SERVOPACK or converter.

#### 3 Wiring and Connection

#### 3.1.2 Main Circuit Wire

#### • For Three-phase, 400V

Combination of SERVO- PACK and Converter		Terminal Sym- bols	Crimp Terminal Model (Made by J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.) <sup>*1</sup>	Sleeve Model (Made by Tokyo Dip Co., Ltd.) <sup>*2</sup>	Terminal Kit Model <sup>*3</sup>
		U, V, W	R38-8	TP-038 (black)	
	SERVOPACK	DU, DV, DW	R5.5-6	TP-006 (black)	JZSP-CVT9-750J-E
SGDV-750J			R38-8	-	
SGDV-		L1, L2, L3	R38-8	TP-038 (black)	
COA3ZDA	G	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	R38-8	TP-038 (white)	
	Converter	B1, B2	R8-8	TP-014 (white)	JZSP-CVT9-3ZD-E
			R38-8	-	
		U, V, W	R60-8	TP-060 (black)	
	SERVOPACK	DU, DV, DW	R5.5-6	TP-006 (black)	JZSP-CVT9-101J-E
SGDV-101J			R60-8	-	
SGDV-		L1, L2, L3	R38-10	TP-038 (black)	
COA5EDA		$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	R38-10	TP-038 (white)	
	Converter	B1, B2	R8-10	TP-014 (white)	JZSP-CVT9-5ED1-E
			R38-8	-	
		U, V, W	70-10	TP-080 (black)	
	SERVOPACK	DU, DV, DW	R5.5-6	TP-006 (black)	JZSP-CVT9-131J-E
SGDV-131J			70-8	-	
SGDV-		L1, L2, L3	70-10	TP-080 (black)	
COA5EDA	G (	$\ominus 1, \ominus 2$	70-10	TP-080 (white)	
	Converter	B1, B2	R22-10	TP-038 (white)	JZSP-CVT9-5ED2-E
			70-8	-	

\*1. Use SERVOPACKs and converters in the specified combinations.
\*2. Use sleeves for the crimped section of the terminals.
\*3. A terminal kit includes the crimp terminals and sleeves required for one SERVOPACK or converter.

### ■ Tools for Crimp Terminals

Model	Tools by J.S.T. Mfg Co., Ltd.					
Woder	Body	Head	Dies			
R5.5-6	YHT-2210	-	_			
R8-8	YHT-8S	-	_			
10-0	YPT-150-1	-	TD-221, TD-211			
R14-8			TD-222, TD-211			
R22-10			TD-223, TD-212			
R38-8 R38-10		TD-224, TD-212				
R60-8			TD-225, TD-213			
70-8 70-10		YPT-150-1 or	TD-226, TD-213			
80-8 80-10 CB80-S8	Body: YF-1; H	TD-227, TD-214				
100-8 R100-10		TD-228, TD-214				
150-8 CB150-S10			TD-229, TD-215			

3.1.3 Typical Main Circuit Wiring Examples

# 3.1.3 Typical Main Circuit Wiring Examples

Note the following points when designing the power ON sequence.

- Design the power ON sequence so that main power is turned OFF when a servo alarm signal (ALM) is output.
- The ALM signal is output for a maximum of five seconds when the control power is turned ON. Take this into consideration when designing the power ON sequence. Design the sequence so the ALM signal is activated and the alarm detection relay (1Ry) is turned OFF to stop the main circuit's power supply to the SERVOPACK and converter.

	FOWERON	
Control power supply	OFF ON	
ALM (Servo Alarm) signal	Alarm A	larm cleared.
Main circuit power supply	OFF	ON
/S-RDY (Servo Ready) signal	OFF	ON
Servo ON (SV_ON) command	OFF	ON
Motor power status	Power not supplied	Power supplied

• Select the power supply specifications for the parts in accordance with the input power supply.



• When turning ON the control power supply and the main circuit power supply, turn them ON at the same time or turn the main circuit power supply after the control power supply. When turning OFF the power supplies, first turn the power for the main circuit OFF and then turn OFF the control power supply.

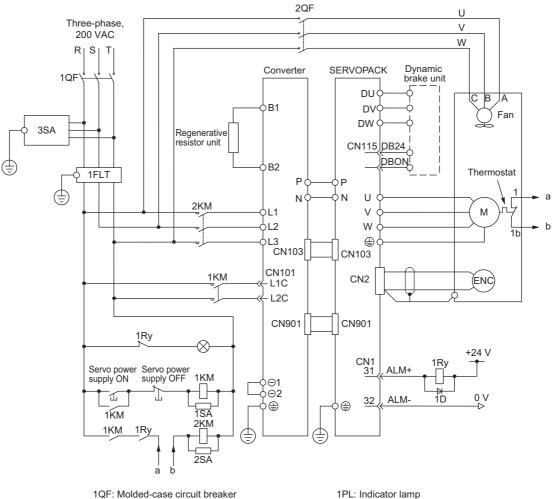
The typical main circuit wiring examples are shown below.



• Do not touch the power supply terminals after turning OFF the power. High voltage may still remain in the SERVOPACK and the converter, resulting in electric shock. When the voltage is discharged, the charge indicator will turn OFF. Make sure the charge indicator is OFF before starting wiring or inspections.

# (1) Single-axis Application

#### ■ Three-phase 200 V



1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker

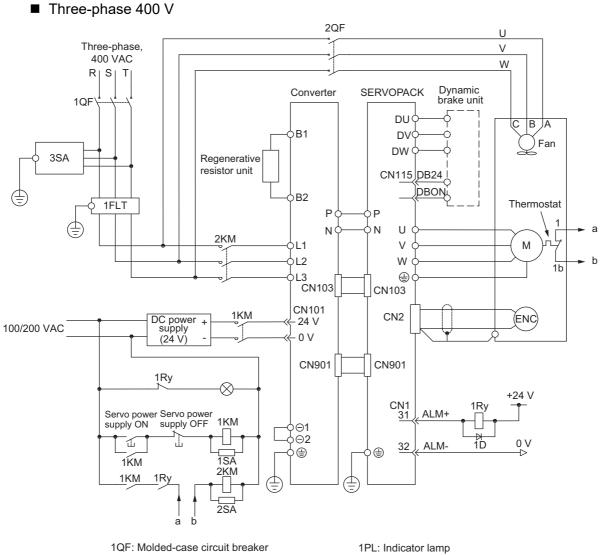
1Ry: Relay

2QF: Molded-case circuit breaker 1FIL: Noise filter

1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply) 2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main power supply)

- 1SA: Surge absorber
- 2SA: Surge absorber
- 3SA: Surge absorber 1D: Flywheel diode

3.1.3 Typical Main Circuit Wiring Examples



2QF: Molded-case circuit breaker

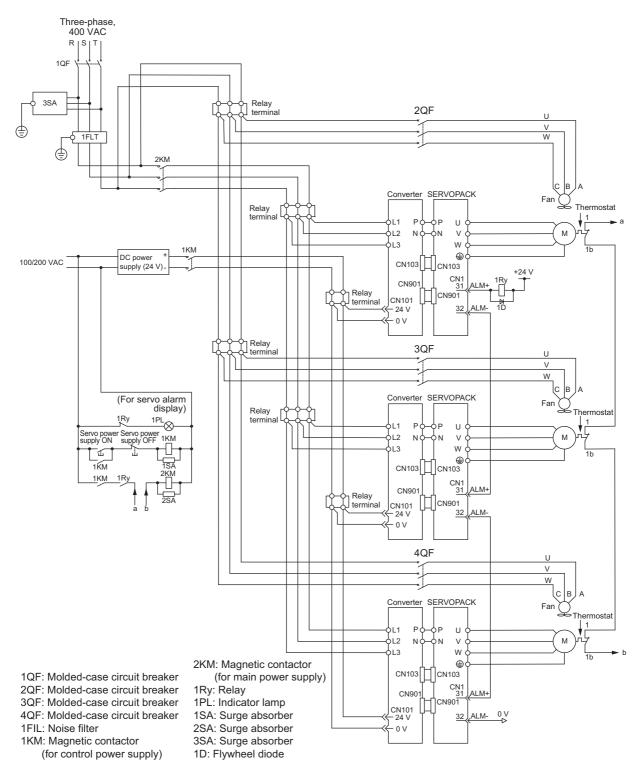
1FIL: Noise filter

- 1SA: Surge absorber 2SA: Surge absorber

1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply) 3SA: Surge absorber 2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main power supply) 1D: Flywheel diode 1Ry: Relay

#### (2) Multi-axis Application

Connect the alarm output (ALM) terminals for three SERVOPACKs in series to enable alarm detection relay 1Ry to operate. When the alarm occurs, the ALM output signal transistor is turned OFF. The following diagram shows a wiring example for three-phase, 400-VAC SERVOPACK with converter.

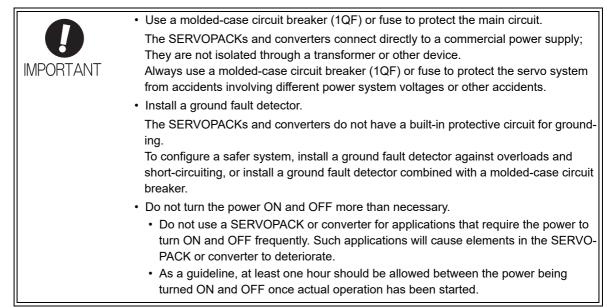


Precautions

Multiple SERVOPACKs and converters can share a single molded-case circuit breaker (1QF) or noise filter. Always select a molded-case circuit breaker or noise filter that has enough capacity for the total power supply capacity (load conditions) of the SERVOPACKs and converters.

3.1.4 General Precautions for Wiring

# 3.1.4 General Precautions for Wiring



To ensure safe, stable application of the servo system, observe the following precautions when wiring.

- Use the specified connection cables. Use the connection cables specified in the *Large-Capacity*  $\Sigma$ -*V* Series *Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 86). Design and arrange the system so that each cable will be as short as possible.
- Use shielded twisted-pair cables or screened unshielded twisted-pair cables for I/O signal cables and encoder cables.
- Use the busbars that are included with the converter and connect the P and N terminals on the SERVOPACK and converter securely.
- The maximum cable length is 3 m for I/O signal cables, 50 m for connection cables for servomotor main circuit or encoder cables, and 10 m for control power supply cables to 400-V converters (+24 V, 0 V).
- Observe the following precautions when wiring the ground.
  - Use a cable as thick as possible (at least 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup>).
  - Grounding to a resistance of 100  $\Omega$  or less for 200-V SERVOPACKs, 10  $\Omega$  or less for 400-V SERVOPACKs or converters is recommended.
  - Be sure to ground at only one point.
  - Ground the servomotor directly if the servomotor is insulated from the machine.
- The signal cable conductors are as thin as  $0.2 \text{ mm}^2$  or  $0.3 \text{ mm}^2$ . Do not impose excessive bending force or tension.

#### (1) Power Supply Capacities and Power Losses

The following table shows the power supply capacities and power losses of the SERVOPACKs and converters.

The values in the following table are for one combination of a SERVOPACK and converter. If there is more than one combination of a SERVOPACK and converter, find the total for the combinations that are used.

Main	Maximum Applicable	Combination of SERVOPACK and Converter		Power Supply	Output	Main Circuit	Regenerative	Control Circuit	Total
Power	Supply [kW] Servomotor SERV Power Capacity PAC	SERVO- PACK	Converter	Capacity per Combination [kVA]	Current [Arms]	Power Loss [W]	Resistor Power Loss [W]	Power Loss [W]	Power Loss [W]
		Model: SGDV-	Model: SGDV-COA						
Three-	22	121H	2BAA	38	116	1200	(480)*1	120	1320
phase 200 V	30	161H	3GAA	52	160	1540	(960) <sup>*2</sup>	120	1660
200 V	37	201H	3GAA	64	200	1540	(960)*3	120	1660
Three-	30	750J	3ZDA	52	76	1020	(720)*4	96	1116
phase 400 V	37	101J	5EDA	64	98	1240	(960)*5	96	1336
400 V	55	131J	5EDA	95	130	1590	(1440)*6	96	1686

\*1. This is the value for the JUSP-RA08-E regenerative resistor unit.

\*2. This is the value for the JUSP-RA09-E regenerative resistor unit.

\*3. This is the value for the JUSP-RA11-E regenerative resistor unit. \*4. This is the value for the JUSP-RA13-E regenerative resistor unit.

\*4. This is the value for the JUSP-RA13-E regenerative resistor unit. \*5. This is the value for the JUSP-RA14-E regenerative resistor unit.

\*6. This is the value for the JUSP-RA16-E regenerative resistor unit.

#### (2) How to Select Molded-case Circuit Breaker and Fuse Capacities

The following table shows the current capacities and inrush current of the SERVOPACKs and converters. Use these values as a basis for selecting the molded-case circuit breaker and fuse. If there is more than one combination of a SERVOPACK and converter, find the total for the combinations that are used.

Main	Maximum Applicable	ble Converter		Power Supply	Current Capacity		Inrush Current		Rated voltage		
Circuit Power	Servomo- tor Capac-	SERVOPACK	Converter	Capacity per	Main	Control	Main	Control		Circuit	Ċ
Supply ity [kW]	Model: SGDV-	Model: SGDV- COA	Combination [kVA]	Circuit [Arms]	Circuit [Arms]	Circuit [A0-p]	Circuit [A0-p]	Fuse [V]	Breaker [V]		
Three-	22	121H	2BAA	38	107	1.2*1	163	16			-
phase	30	161H	3GAA	52	145	1.2*1	163	16	250	240	1
200 V	37	201H	3GAA	64	179	1.2*1	163	16			1
Three-	30	750J	3ZDA	52	72	4 <sup>*2</sup>	170	-			
phase	37	101J	5EDA	64	89	4 <sup>*2</sup>	170	_	600	480	
400 V	55	131J	5EDA	95	133	4 <sup>*2</sup>	170	_			

\*1. Input voltage of 200 VAC

\*2. Input voltage of 24 VDC

Note 1. The rated input current of the SERVOPACK is the nominal value at the rated load.

Select the appropriate capacity in accordance with the specified derating.

Cutoff characteristics (25°C): 300% five seconds min.

2. To comply with the low voltage directive, connect a fuse to the input side. Select the fuse or molded-case circuit breaker for the input side from among models that are compliant with UL standards. The table above also provides the nominal values of current capacity and inrush current. Select a fuse and a

Main circuit breaker which meet the cutoff characteristics shown below.
Main circuit, control circuit: No breaking at three-times the current values of the table for 5 s.

- Insuch assessed. No broading at the same assessed values of the table for 20 ms

• Inrush current: No breaking at the same current values of the table for 20 ms.

3.1.5 Discharging Time of the Main Circuit's Capacitor

# **3.1.5** Discharging Time of the Main Circuit's Capacitor

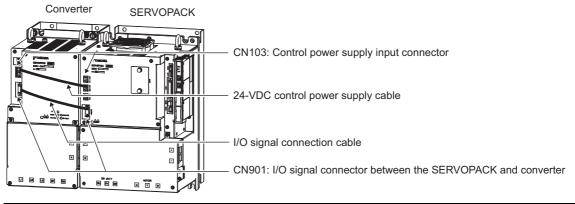
	Combi	Discharging Time		
Input Voltage	SERVOPACK Model: Converter Model SGDV- SGDV-COA		[min.]	
	121H	2BAA	20	
Three-phase 200 VAC	161H	3GAA	25	
	201H	3GAA	30	
	750J	3ZDA	5	
Three-phase 400 VAC	101J	5EDA	10	
_	131J	5EDA	10	

The following table shows the discharging time of the main circuit's capacitor.

# **3.2** Connecting the Converter to the SERVOPACK

# 3.2.1 Connecting the Connectors

Connect CN901 and CN103 on the SERVOPACK and converter as shown in the following figure.



Cable Name	Cable Model	Cable Length	Description
IO signal connection cable	JZSP-CVI02-A4-E	$0.4 \mathrm{m}$	This cable connects the CN901 connectors on the SERVOPACK and converter.
24-VDC control power supply cable	JZSP-CVG00-A4-E		This cable connects the CN103(CN104) con- nectors on the SERVOPACK and converter.

# 3.2.2 Interconnecting Terminals

Use the busbars that are provided with the converter to connect the P and N terminals between the SERVO-PACK and the converter.

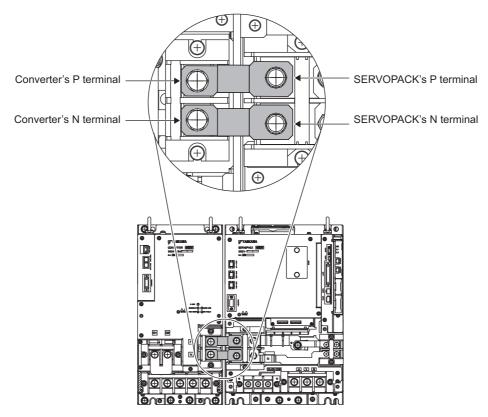
The busbars are different for different converter models.

#### (1) SGDV-COA2BAA, -COA3ZDA Converters

Attach the busbars as shown in the following figure.

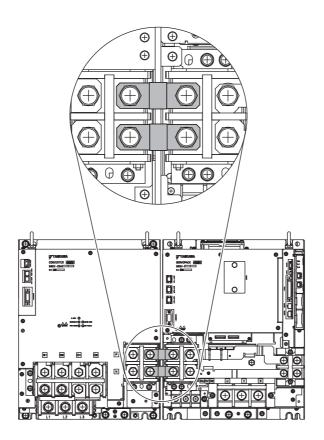
Note: The shapes of the ends of the busbars are different for the SERVOPACK and converter connections and for the P terminal and N terminal connections.

3.2.2 Interconnecting Terminals



(2) SGDV-COA3GAA, -COA5EDA Converters

The busbars can be connected in any direction.



# **3.3** I/O Signal Connections

This section describes the names and functions of I/O signals (CN1). Also connection examples by control method are shown.



The number of pins on the CN1 connector is different on a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVO-PACK (50 pins) and a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK (26 pins). If you are using both types of SERVOPACK, use the correct connector model numbers when ordering and the correct signal assignments.

# 3.3.1 I/O Signal (CN1) Names and Functions

The following table shows the names and functions of I/O signals (CN1).

#### (1) Input Signals

Signal	Pin No.	Name	Function	Refer- ence Section
P-OT (/SI2) N-OT (/SI3)	42 43	Forward run prohibited, Reverse run prohibited	With overtravel prevention: Stops servomotor when movable part travels beyond the allowable range of motion.	4.3.1
/DEC (/SI1)	41	Homing deceleration switch signal	Connects the deceleration limit switch for homing.	_
/EXT 1 (/SI4) /EXT 2 (/SI5) /EXT 3 (/SI6)	44 45 46	External latch signal 1 External latch signal 2 External latch signal 3	Connects the external signals that latch the current feedback pulse counter.	-
/SI0	40	General-purpose input signal	Used for general-purpose input. Monitored in the I/O monitor field of MECHATROLINK.	_
+24VIN	47	Control power supply for sequence signal	Control power supply input for sequence signals. Allowable voltage fluctuation range: 11 to 25 V Note: The 24 VDC power supply is not included.	3.5.1
BAT (+) BAT (-)	21 22	Battery (+) input signal Battery (-) input signal	Connecting pin for the absolute encoder backup battery. Do not connect when the encoder cable with the battery case is used.	3.7.2 4.7.1
/P-CL /N-CL /DBANS	Can be allocated	Forward external torque limit Reverse external torque limit Dynamic brake answer signal	The allocation of an input signal to a pin can be changed in accordance with the function required.	_

Note 1. The allocation of the input signals (/SI0 to /SI6) can be changed. For details, refer to 3.4.1 Input Signal Allocations.

2. If the Forward run prohibited/ Reverse run prohibited function is used, the SERVOPACK or converter is stopped by software controls, not by electrical or mechanical means. If the application does not satisfy the safety requirements, add an external circuit for safety reasons as required.

#### (2) Output Signals

Signal	Pin No.	Name	Function	Refer- ence Section
ALM+ ALM-	31 32	Servo alarm output signal	Turns OFF when an error is detected.	-

3.3.2 Safety Function Signal (CN8) Names and Functions

(conťd)

Signal	Pin No.	Name	Function	Refer- ence Section
/BK+ (/SO1+) /BK- (/SO1-)	25 26	Brake interlock signal	Controls the brake. The brake is released when the signal turns ON. Allocation can be changed to general-purpose output signals (/SO1+, /SO1-).	4.3.4
/SO2+ /SO2- /SO3+ /SO3-	27 28 29 30	General-purpose output signal	Used for general-purpose output. Note: Set the parameter to allocate a function.	_
/COIN /V-CMP /TGON /S-RDY /CLT /VLT /WARN /NEAR	Can be allocated	Positioning comple- tion Speed coincidence detection Rotation detection Servo ready Torque limit Speed limit detection Warning Near	The allocation of an output signal to a pin can be changed in accordance with the function required.	_
PAO /PAO PBO /PBO	33 34 35 36	Phase-A signal Phase-B signal	Encoder output pulse signals for two-phase pulse train with 90° phase differential	4.4.4 4.7.5
PCO /PCO	19 20	Phase-C signal	Origin pulse output signal	
SG	1	Signal ground	Connects to the 0 V pin on the control circuit of the host con- troller.	_
FG	Shell	Frame ground	Connected to frame ground if the shielded wire of the I/O sig- nal cable is connected to the connector shell.	_
_	2 to 18 23 24 37 to 39 48 to 50	_	Do not use these pins.	_

Note: The allocation of the output signals (/SO1 to /SO3) can be changed. For details, refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations.

# 3.3.2 Safety Function Signal (CN8) Names and Functions

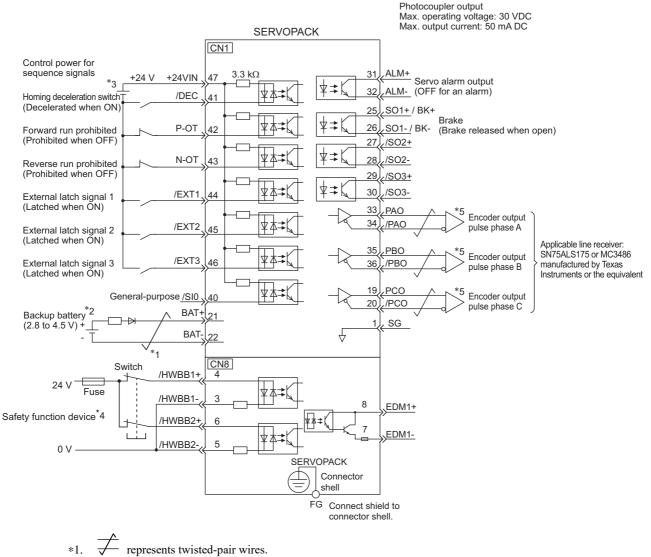
The following table shows the terminal layout of safety function signals (CN8).

Signal Name	Pin No.	Function		
/HWBB1+	4	Hard wire baseblock input 1		
/HWBB1-	3	Thatd whe baseblock input I	For hard wire baseblock input. Baseblock (motor current off) when	
/HWBB2+	6	Hard wire baseblock input 2	OFF.	
/HWBB2-	5	That whe baseblock input 2		
EDM1+	8		ON when the /HWBB1 and the	
EDM1-	7	Monitored circuit status output 1	/HWBB2 signals are input and the SERVOPACK enters a baseblock state.	
_	1*	-		
_	2*	-		

\* Do not use pins 1 and 2 because they are connected to the internal circuits.

# 3.3.3 Example of I/O Signal Connections

The following diagram shows a typical connection example.



- \*2. Connect when using an absolute encoder. When the encoder cable with the battery case is connected, do not connect a backup battery.
- \*3. The 24-VDC power supply is not included. Use a 24-VDC power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation.
- \*4. When using the safety function, a safety function device must be connected and the wiring that is necessary to activate the safety function must be done to turn ON the servomotor power. When not using the safety function, use the SERVOPACK with the Plug (provided as an accessory) inserted into the CN8.

\*5. Always use line receivers to receive the output signals.

Note: The functions allocated to the input signals /DEC, P-OT, N-OT, /EXT1, /EXT2, and /EXT3 and the output signals /SO1, /SO2, and /SO3 can be changed by using the parameters. Refer to 3.4.1 Input Signal Allocations and 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations.



The number of pins on the CN1 connector is different on a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVO-PACK (50 pins) and a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK (26 pins). If you are using both types of SERVOPACK, use the correct connector model numbers when ordering and the correct signal assignments.

3.4.1 Input Signal Allocations

# 3.4 I/O Signal Allocations

This section describes the I/O signal allocations.

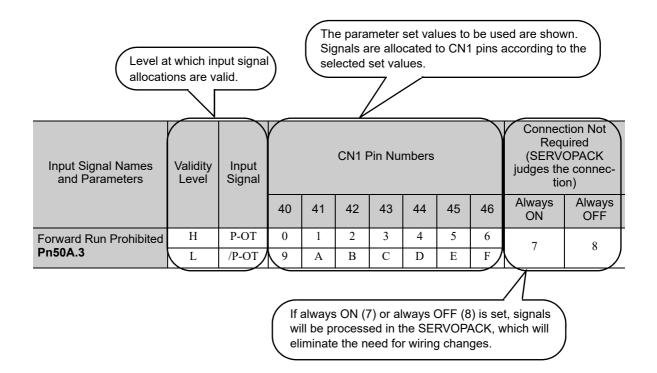
# 3.4.1 Input Signal Allocations

<b>D</b> IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>Inverting the polarity of the forward run prohibited and reverse run prohibited signals from the factory setting will prevent the overtravel function from working in case of signal line disconnections or other failures.</li> <li>If this setting is absolutely necessary, check the operation and confirm that there are no safety problems.</li> <li>When two or more signals are allocated to the same input circuit, input signal level is valid for all allocated signals, resulting in an unexpected machine operation.</li> </ul>
-----------------------	--

Input signals are allocated as shown in the following table.

Refer to the Interpreting the Input Signal Allocation Tables and change the allocations accordingly.

<Interpreting the Input Signal Allocation Tables>



Input Signal Names and Parameters	Validity Level							Req (SERV judge	tion Not uired OPACK es the ection)		
			40	41	42	43	44	45	46	Always ON	Always OFF
Forward Run Prohibited <b>Pn50A.3</b>	Н	P-OT	0	1	2 (Factory setting)	3	4	5	6	7	8
FIIJUA.J	L	/P-OT	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
Reverse Run Prohibited <b>Pn50B.0</b>	Н	N-OT	0	1	2	3 (Factory setting)	4	5	6	7	8
111300.0	L	/N-OT	0	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
Forward	L	/P-CL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6		8
External Torque Limit <b>Pn50B.2</b>	Н	P-CL	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		(Factory setting)
Reserve	L	/N-CL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6		8
External Torque Limit <b>Pn50B.3</b>	Н	N-CL	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		(Factory setting)
Homing Deceleration LS	L	/DEC	0	1 (Factory setting)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Pn511.0	Н	DEC	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
External Latch Signal 1 <b>Pn511.1</b>	L	EXT1	*	*	*	*	4 (Factory setting)	5	6	-	0 to 3, 7 to C
FIIJII.I	Н	/EXT1	*	*	*	*	D	Е	F		
External Latch Signal 2 <b>Pn511.2</b>	L	EXT2	*	*	*	*	4	5 (Factory setting)	6	_	0 to 3, 7 to C
111011.2	Н	/EXT2	*	*	*	*	D	Е	F		
External Latch Signal 3 <b>Pn511.3</b>	L	EXT3	*	*	*	*	4	5	6 (Factory setting)	_	0 to 3, 7 to C
	Н	/EXT3	*	*	*	*	D	E	F		
DB Answer	L	/DBANS	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 (Factory
Pn515.2	Н	DBANS	9	А	В	С	D	Е	F	, 	(Factory setting)

\* These pins cannot be used.

Note: The factory settings of the parameters in a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK are not all the same as those for a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK. Make sure that you consider any differences in the factory settings if you copy the parameters from a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK to a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK.

3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations

# 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations

with OR logic circuit.
------------------------

Output signals are allocated as shown in the following table.

Refer to the Interpreting the Output Signal Allocation Tables and change the allocations accordingly.

<Interpreting the Output Signal Allocation Tables>

The parameter set values to be used are shown. Signals are allocated to CN1 pins according to the selected set values.

			/		
Output Signal Names	Output Signal	(	Invalid		
and Parameters	Output Signal	25 (26)	27 (28)	29 (30)	(not use)
Brake Pn50F.2	/BK	1	2	3	0

Output Signal Names	Output Signal	(	CN1 Pin Numbers			
and Parameters		25/ (26)	27/ (28)	29/ (30)	(not use)	
Positioning Completion <b>Pn50E.0</b>	/COIN	1	2	3	0 (Factory setting)	
Speed Coincidence Detection <b>Pn50E.1</b>	/V-CMP	1	2	3	0 (Factory setting)	
Rotation Detection <b>Pn50E.2</b>	/TGON	1	2	3	0 (Factory setting)	
Servo Ready Pn50E.3	/S-RDY	1	2	3	0 (Factory setting)	
Torque Limit Detection <b>Pn50F.0</b>	/CLT	1	2	3	0 (Factory setting)	
Speed Limit Detection <b>Pn50F.1</b>	/VLT	1	2	3	0 (Factory setting)	
Brake Pn50F.2	/BK	1 (Factory setting)	2	3	0	
Warning Pn50F.3	/WARN	1	2	3	0 (Factory setting)	
Near <b>Pn510.0</b>	/NEAR	1	2	3	0 (Factory setting)	
Pn512.0=1	Polarity inversio	n of CN1-25(26)				
Pn512.1=1	Polarity		(Factory setting) (Not invert at			
Pn512.2=1			factory setting)			

# 3.5 Examples of Connection to Host Controller

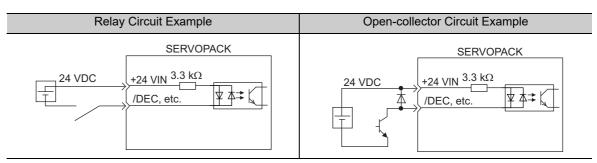
This section shows examples of SERVOPACK I/O signal connection to the host controller.

# 3.5.1 Sequence Input Circuit

## (1) Photocoupler Input Circuit

CN1 connector terminals 40 to 47 are explained below.

The sequence input circuit interface is connected through a relay or open-collector transistor circuit. When connecting through a relay, use a low-current relay. If a low-current relay is not used, a faulty contact may result.

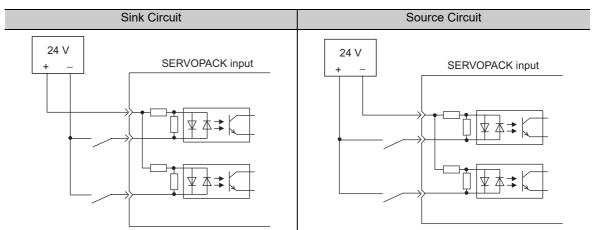


Note: The 24 VDC external power supply capacity must be 50 mA minimum.

The SERVOPACK's input circuit uses bidirectional photocoupler. Select either the sink circuit or the source circuit according to the specifications required for each machine.

Note: • The connection example in 3.3.3 shows sink circuits.

• The ON/OFF polarity differs between when a sink circuit is connected and when a source circuit is connected.

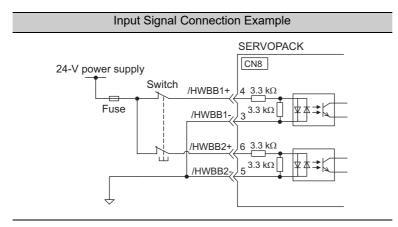


Input Signal Polarities					Input Signa	al Polarities	
Signal	Level	Voltage Level	Contact	Signal	Level	Voltage Level	Contact
ON	Low (L) level	0 V	Close	ON	High (H) level	24 V	Close
OFF	High (H) level	24 V	Open	OFF	Low (L) level	0 V	Open

3.5.1 Sequence Input Circuit

# (2) Safety Input Circuit

As for wiring input signals for safety function, input signals make common 0 V. It is necessary to make an input signal redundant.



# 3.5.2 Sequence Output Circuit

Three types of SERVOPACK output circuit are available.

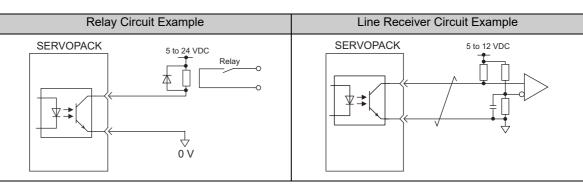


Incorrect wiring or incorrect voltage application to the output circuit may cause short-circuit.

If a short-circuit occurs as a result of any of these causes, the holding brake will not work. This could damage the machine or cause an accident resulting in death or injury.

# (1) Photocoupler Output Circuit

Photocoupler output circuits are used for servo alarm (ALM), servo ready (/S-RDY), and other sequence output signal circuits. Connect a photocoupler output circuit through a relay or line receiver circuit.



Note: The maximum allowable voltage and the allowable range of current capacity for photocoupler output circuits are as follows.

- Voltage: 30 VDC
- Current: 5 to 50 mA DC

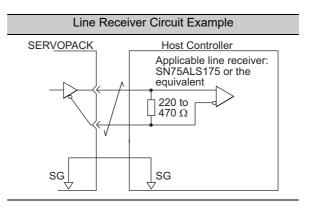
#### (2) Line Driver Output Circuit

CN1 connector terminals, 33-34 (phase-A signal), 35-36 (phase-B signal), and 19-20 (phase-C signal) are explained below.

These terminals output the following signals via the line-driver output circuits.

- Output signals for which encoder serial data is converted as two phases pulses (PAO, /PAO, PBO, /PBO)
- Origin pulse signals (PCO, /PCO)

Connect the line-driver output circuit through a line receiver circuit at the host controller.

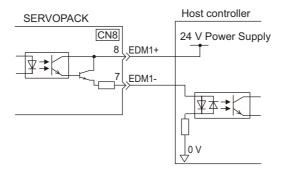


3.5.2 Sequence Output Circuit

# (3) Safety Output Circuit

The external device monitor (EDM1) for safety output signals is explained below.

A configuration example for the EDM1 output signal is shown in the following diagram.



#### Specifications

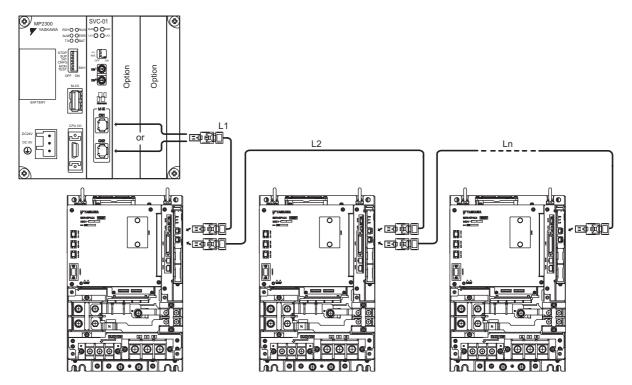
Туре	Signal Name	Pin No.	Output Status	Meaning
Output	Output EDM1		ON	Both the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are working nor- mally.
	CN8-7	OFF	The /HWBB1 signal, the /HWBB2 signal, or both are not working normally.	

Electrical characteristics of EDM1 signal are as follows.

Items	Characteristic	Remarks
Maximum Allowable Voltage	30 VDC	-
Maximum Current	50 mADC	-
Maximum Voltage Drop at ON	1.0 V	Voltage between EDM1+ to EDM1- at current is 50 mA.
Maximum Delay Time	20 ms	Time from the change in /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 until the change in EDM1.

# 3.6 Wiring MECHATROLINK-III Communications

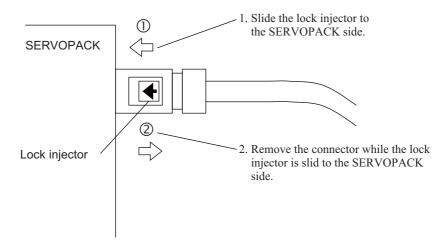
The following diagram shows an example of connections between a host controller and a SERVOPACK. Connect the MECHATROLINK-III communications cables to the CN6A and CN6B on the SERVOPACK as shown below.



Note: The length of the cable between stations (L1, L2 ... Ln) must be 75 m maximum.

For removing the MECHATROLINK-III communications cable connectors from the SERVOPACK, refer to the following procedure.

Slide the lock injector of the connector to the SERVOPACK side to unlock and remove the MECHATROLINK-III communications cable connectors.



Note: The MECHATROLINK-III communications cable connector may be damaged if it is removed without being unlocking.

3.7.1 Encoder Signal (CN2) Names and Functions

# **3.7** Encoder Connection

This section describes the encoder signal (CN2) names, functions, and connection examples.

# 3.7.1 Encoder Signal (CN2) Names and Functions

The following table shows the names and functions of encoder signals (CN2).

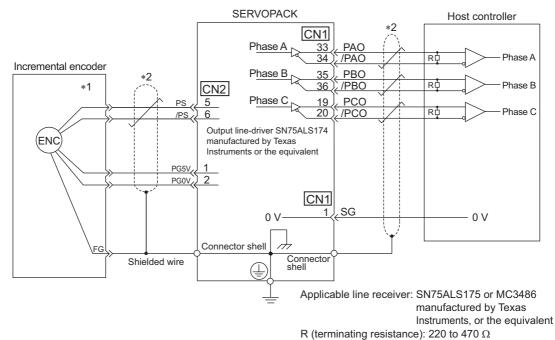
Signal Name	Pin No.	Function
PG 5 V	1	Encoder power supply +5 V
PG 0 V	2	Encoder power supply 0 V
BAT (+)*	3	Battery (+)
BAT (-)*	4	Battery (-)
PS	5	Serial data (+)
/PS	6	Serial data (-)
Shield	Shell	_

\* These do not need to be connected for an incremental encoder.

# 3.7.2 Encoder Connection Examples

The following diagrams show connection examples of the encoder, the SERVOPACK, and the host controller.

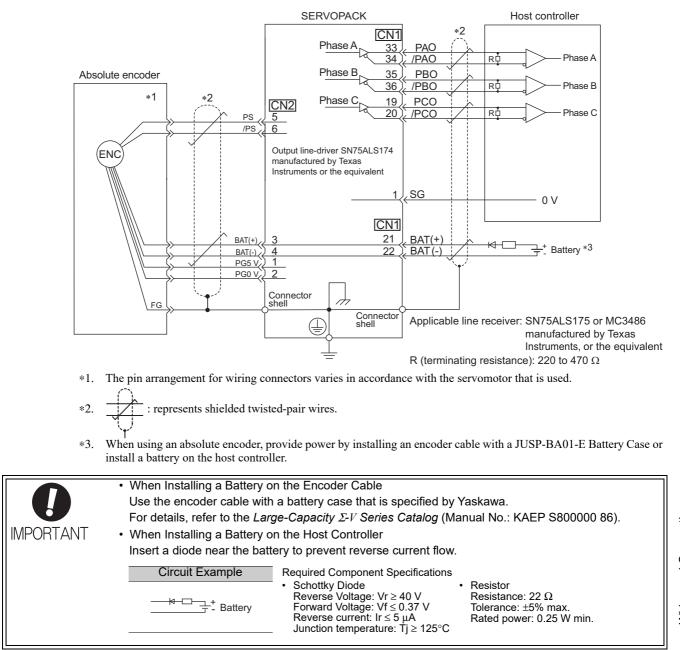
## (1) Incremental Encoder



\*1. The pin arrangement for wiring connectors varies in accordance with the servomotor that is used.

\*2. : represents shielded twisted-pair wires.

# (2) Absolute Encoder



#### Selecting and Connecting a Regenerative Resistor Unit 3.8

The SERVOPACKs and converters do not contain a regenerative resistor. Select and connect a regenerative resistor unit and set the regenerative resistor capacity in Pn600 as described in this section.

For detailed specifications of the regenerative resistor units, refer to Large-Capacity *Z-V Series Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 86).

# WARNING

· Be sure to connect the regenerative resistor unit correctly. Do not short-circuit between B1 and B2. Doing so may result in fire or damage to the regenerative resistor unit, SERVOPACK, or converter or other devices.

#### 3.8.1 Selecting a Regenerative Resistor Unit

# (1) Using a Regenerative Resistor Unit Specified by Yaskawa

The regenerative resistor units specified by Yaskawa are listed in the following table. You must acquire the regenerative resistor units separately.

If you use a regenerative resistor unit specified by Yaskawa, use it only in one of the combinations that are given in the following table.

Main Circuit Power Supply Voltage	SERVO- PACK Model SGDV-	Converter Model SGDV-COA	Model of Applicable Regenerative Resistor Unit	Resis- tance (Ω)	Specifications
	121H	2BAA	JUSP-RA08-E	2.4	Four 0.6- $\Omega$ (600-W) resistors connected in series
Three-phase 200 V	161H	3GAA	JUSP-RA09-E	1.8	Two sets of four $0.9-\Omega$ (600-W) resistors connected in series are connected in parallel.
	201H		JUSP-RA11-E	1.6	Eight 0.2- $\Omega$ (600-W) resistors connected in series
	750J	3ZDA	JUSP-RA13-E	6.7	Three sets of two $10-\Omega$ (600-W) resistors connected in series are connected in parallel.
Three-phase 400 V	101J	5EDA	JUSP-RA14-E	5	Four sets of two $10-\Omega$ (600-W) resistors connected in series are connected in parallel.
	131J	JEDA	JUSP-RA16-E	3.8	Four sets of three 5- $\Omega$ (600-W) resistors connected in series are connected in parallel.

# (2) Using a Non-Specified Regenerative Resistor Unit

If you use non-specified regenerative resistor units, contact your Yaskawa representative or the sales department for more details.



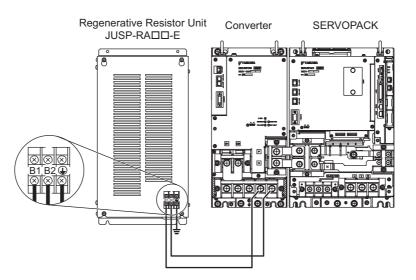
If you use a non-specified regenerative resistor unit, we recommend that you use a regenerative resistor unit with a thermal switch for safety.

IMPORTANT

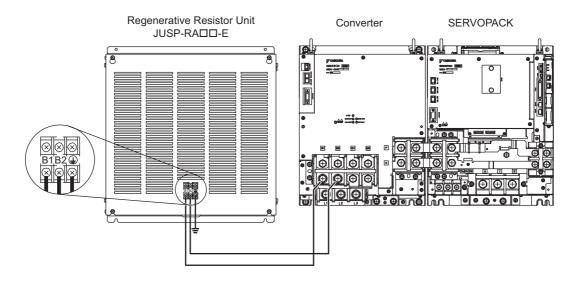
# 3.8.2 Connecting a Regenerative Resistor Unit

Connect the B1 terminals and connect the B2 terminals between the converter and regenerative resistor unit. Connect them as shown in the following figures.

# (1) Converter Model: SGDV-COA2BAA, -COA3ZDA



(2) Converter Model: SGDV-COA3GAA, -COA5EDA



# 3.8.3 Setting Regenerative Resistor Capacity

#### (1) Using a Regenerative Resistor Unit Specified by Yaskawa

Using a Specified Combination

If you use a regenerative resistor unit specified by Yaskawa in one of the specified combinations, use the factory setting for Pn600.

#### Using a Non-Specified Combination

If you use a non-specified combination, refer to (2) Using a Non-Specified Regenerative Resistor Unit.

#### (2) Using a Non-Specified Regenerative Resistor Unit

If you use a non-specified regenerative resistor unit or if you use a regenerative resistor unit specified by Yaskawa but do not use it in the specified combination, set the capacity of the resistor in Pn600 (Regenerative Resistor Capacity).

# 

• If you set Pn600 to 0 when a non-specified regenerative resistor unit is connected or when a regenerative resistor unit specified by Yaskawa is connected in a non-specified combination, regenerative overload alarms (A.320) may not be detected. If the regenerative overload alarm (A.320) is not detected correctly, the regenerative resistor may be damaged and an injury or fire may result. Always set Pn600 to a suitable value.

	Regenerative Resisto	r Capacity	Speed	Speed Position Torque		
Pn600	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to SERVOPACK capacity	10 W	0	Immediately	Setup	

Be sure to set the regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600) to a value that is in accordance with the allowable capacity of the actual regenerative resistor unit being used.

Note: If Pn600 is not set to the optimum value, alarm A.320 will occur.

The setting will vary with the cooling method of external regenerative resistor:

- For natural convection cooling: Set the value to a maximum 20% of the actually installed regenerative resistor capacity (W).
- For forced convection cooling: Set the value to a maximum 50% of the actually installed regenerative resistor capacity (W).
- Example: Set 20 W (100 W  $\times$  20%) for the 100-W regenerative resistor unit with natural convection cooling method:

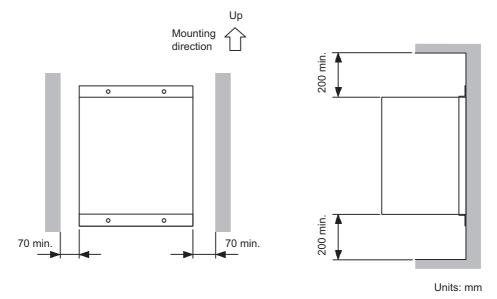
Pn600 = 2 (unit: 10 W)



When the regenerative resistor unit for power are used at the rated load ratio, the resistor temperature increases to between 200°C and 300°C. The resistors must be used at or below the rated values. Check with the manufacturer for the resistor's load characteristics.

# 3.8.4 Installation Standards

Observe the following installation standards when you use a regenerative resistor unit specified by Yaskawa. Provide at least 70 mm on each side of the unit and at least 200 mm at both the top and bottom of the unit to enable fan and natural convection cooling.



If you use a non-specified regenerative resistor unit, follow the specifications of the regenerative resistor unit when you install it.

# **3.9** Selecting and Connecting a Dynamic Brake Unit

To use the dynamic brake (DB), externally connect a dynamic brake unit or dynamic brake resistor to the SERVOPACK to process the dynamic braking energy.

Set Pn001 to  $n.\Box\Box\Box2$  if you do not use the dynamic brake. In this case, it is not necessary to connect a dynamic brake unit.

# 3.9.1 Selection

Use the following tables to select a dynamic brake unit or dynamic brake resistor.

# (1) Using a Yaskawa Dynamic Brake Unit

Main Circuit Power Supply Voltage	SERVOPACK Model: SGDV-	Dynamic Brake Unit Model	Resistance Specifications (Star Wiring 人)	Dynamic Brake Contactor and Surge Absorption Unit
Three-phase 200 V	121H, 161H, 201H	JUSP-DB02-E	180 W, 0.3 $\Omega \times 3$	
Three-phase	750J, 101J	JUSP-DB04-E	180 W, 0.8 $\Omega \times 3$	Built into dynamic brake unit.
400 V	131J	JUSP-DB06-E	300 W, 0.8 $\Omega \times 3$	

# (2) Using a Dynamic Brake Resistor from Another Company

To order a dynamic brake unit, contact the manufacturer directly.

Main Circuit Power Supply Voltage	Model	Manufacturer	Required Resistance
Three-phase 200 V	GR series	Japan Resistor Mfg. Co., Ltd.	$0.3 \Omega$ or greater
Three-phase 400 V	OK series	Japan Resistor Wig. Co., Ett.	$0.8 \Omega$ or greater

Use the following dynamic brake contactors and surge absorption units.

Name		Model	Manufacturer
Contactor		SC-4-1/G Coil: 24 VDC	
Main circuit surge	Head-on type	SZ-ZM1	Fuji Electric Co., Ltd.
absorption unit $^*$	Side-on type	SZ-ZM2	
Coil surge absorption unit		SZ-Z4	

\* Use either a head-on or side-on main circuit surge absorption unit.

# 3.9.2 Selecting the Cable for the Dynamic Brake Unit

Use one of the following cables to connect the dynamic brake unit or dynamic brake contactor to CN115 on the SERVOPACK.

Contact your Yaskawa representative for details.

Cable Model	Cable length	Cable End Processing on Contact Coil End of Cable	Remarks
JZSP-CVD00-1A5-E	1.5 m	Crimp terminals are attached	Red: Pin 1 (DB24)
JZSP-CVD00-03-E	3 m	(M3.5).	Black: Pin 3 (DBON)

#### 3.9.3 Setting the Dynamic Brake Unit

Use the parameters shown in the tables here to make the settings for the following: the servomotor stopping method when the servo is turned OFF, the output signals used to control the dynamic brake contactor, and the capacity of the dynamic brake resistor in relation to whether or not a dynamic brake has been connected.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
D=004	n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Stops servomotor by applying DB (dynamic brake).		S 4
-	n.0001	Stops servomotor by applying DB and then releases DB.	After restart	Setup
	n.□□□2	Stops servomotor without applying DB by coasting to a stop.		

The servomotor stopping method when the servo is turned OFF is set with parameter Pn001.0.

When using a dynamic brake resistor from a company other than Yaskawa, set Pn00D.1 (second digit) to 0 or 1 in accordance with the following table depending if an NO or NC contact is used.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn00D	n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Enables the control of an NO contactor (The dynamic brake is activated when current is sup- plied to the contactor coil.)	After restart	Satur
Pn00D     Enables the control of an NC contactor (The dynamic brake is activated when curren supplied to the contactor coil.)		(The dynamic brake is activated when current is not		Setup

The dynamic brake resistor capacity is set with Pn601.

	Dynamic Brake Resistor Capacity		Speed Position Torque		Classification	
Pn601	Setting Range	Unit	Factory setting	When Enabled	_	
	0 to SERVOPACK capacity	10 W	0	Immediately	Setup	

#### (1) Using a Yaskawa Dynamic Brake Unit

- Set Pn001 to either  $n.\Box\Box\Box0$  or  $n.\Box\Box\Box1$ .
- Not necessary to set Pn00D
- Set Pn601 to 0.
- (2) Using a Dynamic Brake Resistors from Another Company
  - Set Pn001 to either n.  $\Box \Box \Box 0$  or n.  $\Box \Box \Box 1$ .
  - Set Pn00D to either  $n.\Box\Box0D$  or  $n.\Box\Box1\Box$  depending on your system.
  - Set Pn601 to 20% of the resistor capacity of your dynamic brake.



If the setting of Pn601 is not correct, A.730 or A.731 (dynamic brake overloads) will not be detected correctly and there is a risk of equipment damage or fire.

IMPORTANT

- Not Using a Dynamic Brake (3)
  - Set Pn001 to n.
  - Not necessary to set Pn00D
  - Set Pn601 to 0.

3.9.4 Setting the Dynamic Brake Answer Function

# 3.9.4 Setting the Dynamic Brake Answer Function

With the dynamic brake answer function, you can use auxiliary contacts of the contactor that is used in the dynamic brake circuit and the dynamic brake answer signal (/DBANS) to detect welding or failure to operation.

To use the dynamic brake answer function, select a contactor that has auxiliary contacts.

The dynamic brake answer signal is assigned with Pn515.2.

P	arameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.0000	Detects dynamic brake (DB) contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-40 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied.		
	n.🗆1🗆 🗆	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-41 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied.Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-42 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied.		
	n.□2□□			
	n.□3□□	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-43 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied.		
	n.0400	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-44 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied.		Setup
	n.□5□□	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-45 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied.		
Pn515	n.□6□□	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-46 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied.	After restart	
	n.0700			
	n.⊡8⊡⊡ [Factory setting]	Disables DB contactor error detection of DB answer signal.		
	n.□9□□	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-40 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied.		
	n.🗆A🗆	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-41 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied.		
	n.□B□□	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-42 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied.		
	n.□C□□	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-43 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied.	-	
	n.□D□□	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-44 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied.		
	n.0E00	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-45 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied.		
	n.□F□□	Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-46 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied.		

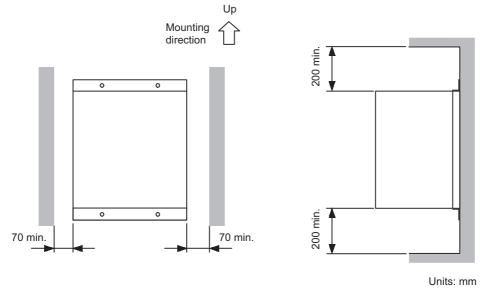
#### Example

If you use a dynamic brake contactor with NO contacts, input the dynamic brake answer signal (a signal from NO auxiliary contacts) to CN1-45 and set Pn515 to  $n.\Box E \Box \Box$ .

Note: The dynamic brake answer function cannot be used with a Yaskawa dynamic brake unit because there are no auxiliary contacts on the contactor.

# 3.9.5 Installation Standards

Observe the following installation standards when you use a Yaskawa dynamic brake unit. Provide at least 70 mm on each side of the unit and at least 200 mm at both the top and bottom of the unit to enable fan and natural convection cooling.



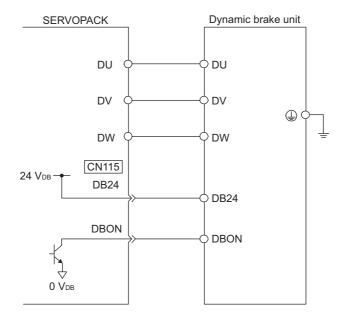
If you use a dynamic brake resistor from a company other than Yaskawa, follow the specifications of the dynamic brake resistor when you install it.

# 3.9.6 Connections

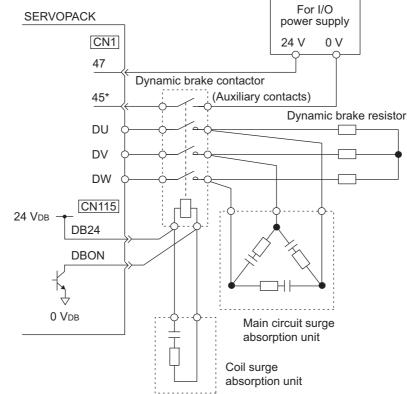
#### (1) Using a Yaskawa Dynamic Brake Unit

A dynamic brake contactor is built into a Yaskawa dynamic brake unit. The connections are shown in the following figure.

Note: The dynamic brake answer function (Pn515.2) cannot be used because there are no auxiliary contacts on the contactor.

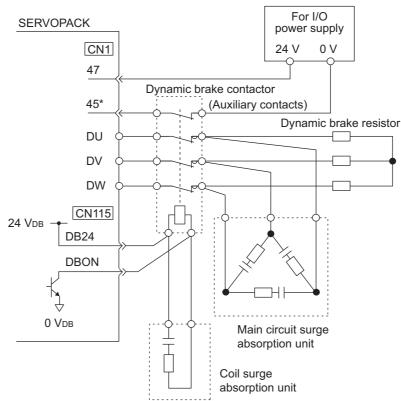


(2) Using a Dynamic Brake Resistor from Another Company



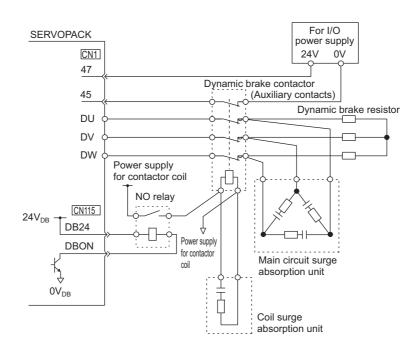
Using NO Contacts for the Dynamic Brake Contactor

- \* The above figure is for using a dynamic brake contactor with NO contacts. The dynamic brake answer signal (a signal from NO auxiliary contacts) is input to CN1-45. To indicate an error if the input signal to CN1-45 turns OFF (open) while the dynamic brake is activated, the Pn515 parameter in the SERVOPACK must be set to n.  $\Box E \Box \Box$ . If the dynamic brake answer signal is not used, Pn515 is set to n.  $\Box B \Box \Box$  (default setting).
- Note 1. If you assign more than one signal to the same input circuit, OR logic will be used and any of the input signals will cause the circuit to operate. This may result in unexpected operation.
  - 2. The maximum current for DB24 and DBON is 300 mA.



#### Using NC Contacts for the Dynamic Brake Contactor

- \* The above figure is for using a dynamic brake contactor with NC contacts. The dynamic brake answer signal (a signal from NC auxiliary contacts) is input to CN1-45. To indicate an error if the input signal to CN1-45 turns OFF (open) while the dynamic brake is activated, the Pn515 parameter in the SERVOPACK must be set to n.□E□□. If the dynamic brake answer signal is not used, Pn515 is set to n.□8□□ (default setting).
- Note 1. If you assign more than one signal to the same input circuit, OR logic will be used and any of the input signals will cause the circuit to operate. This may result in unexpected operation.
  - 2. The maximum current for DB24 and DBON is 300 mA.
- If the coil current of NC dynamic brake contactors is 300 mA or higher, obtain an NO relay that can switch the contactor coil current and voltage and a power supply for the contactor coil.



# **3.10** Noise Control and Measures for Harmonic Suppression

This section describes the wiring for noise control and the DC reactor for harmonic suppression.

# **3.10.1** Wiring for Noise Control

IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>Because the SERVOPACKs and converters are designed as an industrial device, it provides no mechanism to prevent noise interference.</li> <li>The SERVOPACKs and converters use high-speed switching elements in the main circuit. Therefore peripheral devices may receive switching noise. If the equipment is to be used near private houses or if radio interference is a problem, take countermeasures against noise.</li> <li>If installation conditions by the EMC directive must be met, refer to 2.4 EMC Installation Conditions in Σ-V User's Manual for Use with Large-Capacity Models Setup Rotational Motor (No.: SIEP S800000 89).</li> </ul>

The SERVOPACKs and converters use microprocessors. Therefore it may receive switching noise from peripheral devices.

To prevent the noise from a SERVOPACK, converter, or the peripheral devices from causing a malfunction of any one of these devices, take the following precautions against noise as required.

- Position the input reference device and noise filter as close to a SERVOPACK or converter as possible.
- Always install a surge absorber in the relay, solenoid and electromagnetic contactor coils.
- Do not bundle or run the main circuit cables together with the I/O signal cables or the encoder cables in the same duct. Keep the main circuit cables separated from the I/O signal cables and the encoder cables with a gap of at least 30 cm.
- Do not share the power supply with an electric welder or electrical discharge machine. If the SERVOPACK is placed near equipment that generates high-frequency noise, install a noise filter on the input side of the main circuit power supply cables and control power supply cables, even if the same power supply is not used. As for the wiring of noise filter, refer to (1) Noise Filter shown below.
- Take the grounding measures correctly. As for the grounding, refer to (2) Correct Grounding.

## (1) Noise Filter

The SERVOPACKs and converters have built-in microprocessors (CPUs), so protect them from external noise as much as possible by installing noise filters in the appropriate places.

Noise filter\*3 SERVOPACK and Converter Servomotor 11 M (FG 400 VAC L2 L3 <u>(</u>] 2.0 mm CN101 min CN2 (ENC 24-VDC -24 V 100/200 VAC power supply Ē 0 V CN1 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup> min. Operating relay sequence Signal generation circuit (not included) DC Nois powe suppl 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup> min. 금 (Gronud plate) Ground: Ground to an independent ground

The following is an example of wiring for noise control.

- \*1. For ground wires connected to the ground plate, use a thick wire with a thickness of at least 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup> (preferably, plain stitch cooper wire).
- \*2.  $\neq$  should be twisted-pair wires.
- \*3. When using a noise filter, follow the precautions in 3.10.2 Noise Filter Wiring and Connection Precautions.

#### (2) Correct Grounding

Take the following grounding measures to prevent the malfunction due to noise.

#### Grounding the Motor

Always connect servomotor frame terminal FG to the SERVOPACK ground terminal  $\bigoplus$ . Also be sure to ground the ground terminal  $\bigoplus$ .

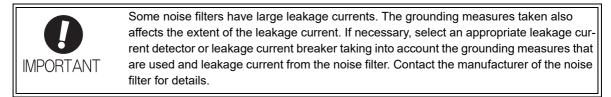
If the servomotor is grounded via the machine, a switching noise current will flow from the main circuit of the SERVOPACK and converter through the stray capacitance of the servomotor. To prevent the adverse effects of switching noise, always connect the ground terminal  $\bigoplus$  in the motor terminal box on the servomotor to the ground terminal  $\bigoplus$  on the SERVOPACK.

#### Noise on the I/O Signal Cable

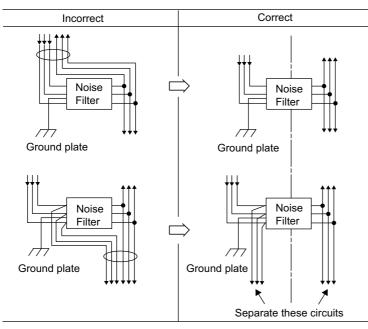
If the I/O signal cable receives noise, ground the 0 V line (SG) of the I/O signal cable. If the servomotor main circuit cable is accommodated in a metal conduit, ground the conduit and its junction box. For all grounding, ground at one point only.

# 3.10.2 Noise Filter Wiring and Connection Precautions

Always observe the following precautions when wiring or connecting noise filters.

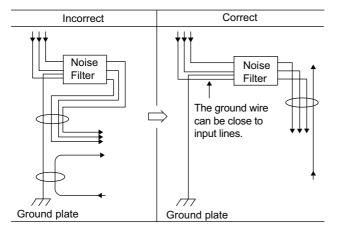


Do not put the input and output lines in the same duct or bundle them together.

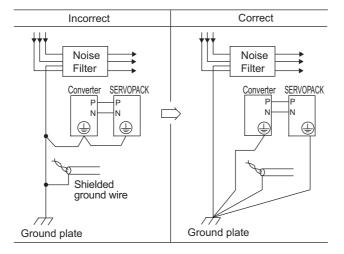


Separate the noise filter ground wire from the output lines.

Do not accommodate the noise filter ground wire, output lines and other signal lines in the same duct or bundle them together.

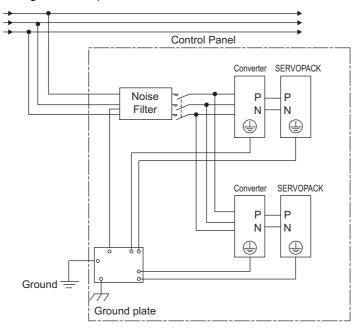


<sup>3.10.2</sup> Noise Filter Wiring and Connection Precautions



Connect the noise filter ground wire directly to the ground plate. Do not connect the noise filter ground wire to other ground wires.

If a noise filter is located inside a control panel, first connect the noise filter ground wire and the ground wires from other devices inside the control panel to the ground plate for the control panel, then ground the plates.

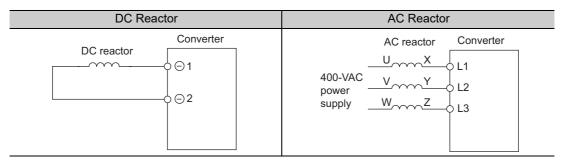


3.10.3 Connecting a Reactor for Harmonic Suppression

# 3.10.3 Connecting a Reactor for Harmonic Suppression

The converters have reactor connection terminals for power supply harmonic suppression that can be used as required.

Connect a reactor as shown in the following figure.



- Note 1. Connection terminals for DC reactor ⊖1 and ⊖2 are short-circuited at shipment. Remove the lead wire for short-circuit, and connect a DC reactor.
  - 2. Reactors are not included. (Sold separately.)
  - 3. To use the SERVOPACK with a DC reactor, use the terminals on the converters.

# 4

# Operation

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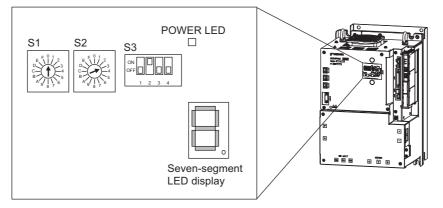
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# 4.1 MECHATROLINK-III Communications Settings

This section describes the switch settings necessary for MECHATROLINK-III communications.

# 4.1.1 Setting Switches S1, S2, and S3

The DIP switch S3 is used to make the settings for MECHATROLINK-III communications. The station address is set using the rotary switches S1 and S2.



# (1) Settings of the Rotary Switches S1 and S2

Set the station address using the rotary switches S1 and S2.

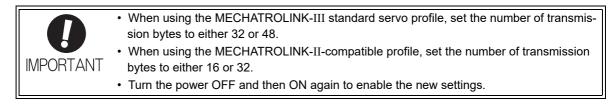
Station Address	S1	S2
00h to 02h: Disabled (Do not use these addresses.)	0	0 to 2
03h (Factory setting)	0	3
04h	0	4
:		
EFh	Е	F
F0h to FFh: Disabled (Do not use these addresses.)	F	0 to F

4.1.1 Setting Switches S1, S2, and S3

# (2) Settings of the DIP Switch S3

The following table shows the settings of the DIP switch (S3).

S3	Function	Setting			Factory setting
			2	Number of transmission bytes	
	Pins 1 and 2 Sets the number of transmission bytes.	OFF	OFF	16 byte	
Dine 1 and 0		ON	OFF	32 byte	1: OFF 2: ON
		OFF	ON	48 byte	
		ON	ON	Reserved. (Do not use this setting.)	-
Pin 3 Reserved. (Do not change.)				OFF	
Pin 4	Pin 4 Reserved. (Do not change.)				OFF



# 4.2 MECHATROLINK-III Commands

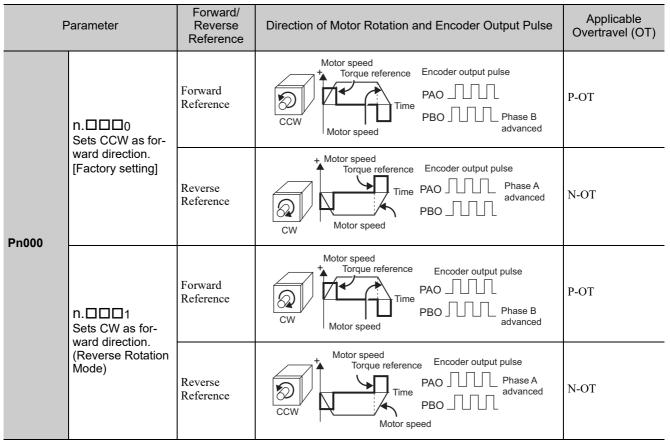
For details on the MECHATROLINK-III commands, refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

# 4.3 Basic Functions Settings

# 4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction

The servomotor rotation direction can be reversed with parameter Pn000.0 without changing the polarity of the speed/position reference. This causes the rotation direction of the servomotor to change, but the polarity of the signal, such as encoder output pulses, output from the SERVOPACK does not change. (refer to 4.4.4 *Encoder Output Pulses*)

The standard setting for forward rotation is counterclockwise (CCW) as viewed from the load end of the servomotor.

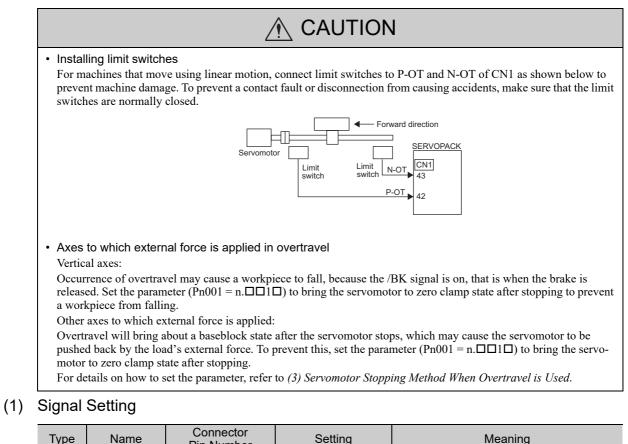


Note: SigmaWin+ trace waveforms are shown in the above table.

# 4.3.2 Overtravel

The overtravel limit function forces movable machine parts to stop if they exceed the allowable range of motion and turn ON a limit switch.

For rotating application such as disc table and conveyor, overtravel function is not necessary. In such a case, no wiring for overtravel input signals is required.



Туре	Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
	P-OT	CN1-42	ON	Forward run allowed. Normal operation status.
Input			OFF	Forward run prohibited. Forward overtravel.
	N-OT	CN1-43	ON	Reverse run allowed. Normal operation status.
			OFF	Reverse run prohibited. Reverse overtravel.

Rotation in the opposite direction is possible during overtravel by inputting the reference.

# (2) Overtravel Function Setting

Parameters Pn50A and Pn50B can be set to enable or disable the overtravel function.

If the overtravel function is not used, no wiring for overtravel input signals will be required.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn50A	n.2□□□ [Factory setting]	Inputs the Forward Run Prohibited (P-OT) signal from CN1-42.		
THUCK	n.8DDD Disables the Forward Run Prohibited (P-OT) signal. Allows constant forward rotation.		After restart	Setup
Pn50B	n.□□□3 [Factory setting]	Inputs the Reverse Run Prohibited (N-OT) signal from CN1-43.	Alter Testart	Setup
Phoop	n.□□□8	Disables the Reverse Run Prohibited (N-OT) signal. Allows constant reverse rotation.		

A parameter can be used to re-allocate input connector number for the P-OT and N-OT signals. Refer to 3.4.1 *Input Signal Allocations* for details.

Note: The factory settings of these parameters in a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK are not all the same as those for a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK.

Make sure that you consider any differences in the factory settings if you copy the parameters from a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK to a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK.

## (3) Servomotor Stopping Method When Overtravel is Used

There are three servomotor stopping methods when an overtravel is used.

Dynamic brake

By short-circuiting the electric circuits, the servomotor comes to a quick stop.

- Decelerate to a stop
- Stops by using emergency stop torque.
- Coast to a stop

Stops naturally, with no control, by using the friction resistance of the servomotor in operation.

After servomotor stopping, there are two modes.

• Coast mode

Stopped naturally, with no control, by using the friction resistance of the servomotor in operation.

• Zero clamp mode

A mode forms a position loop by using the position reference zero.

The servomotor stopping method when an overtravel (P-OT, N-OT) signal is input while the servomotor is operating can be set with parameter Pn001.

Ī		Parameter	Stop Method	Mode After Stopping	When Enabled	Classification
		n.□□00 [Factory setting]	DB	DB		Setup
	Pn001	n.□□01 <sup>*</sup>		Coast	After restart	
		n.□□02	Coast			
		n.□□1□	Deceleration to a stop	Zero clamp		
		n.□□2□	Deceneration to a stop	Coast		

- \* Always connect a dynamic brake circuit for these settings.
- A servomotor under torque control cannot be decelerated to a stop. The servomotor is stopped with the dynamic braking (DB) or coasts to a stop according to the setting of Pn001.0. After the servomotor stops, the servomotor will enter a coast state.
- For details on servomotor stopping methods after the SV\_OFF command is received or an alarm occurs, refer to 4.3.5 Stopping Servomotors after SV\_OFF Command or Alarm Occurrence.

## ■ When Servomotor Stopping Method is Set to Decelerate to Stop

Emergency stop torque can be set with Pn406.

	Emergency Stop Torque		Speed Position		Classification
Pn406	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup

• The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

• The factory setting is 800% so that the setting is large enough a value to operate the servomotor at maximum torque. The maximum value of emergency stop torque that is actually available, however, is limited to the maximum torque of the servomotor.

#### (4) Overtravel Warning Function

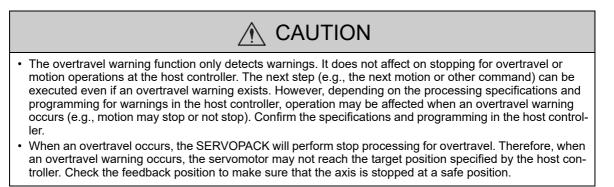
This function detects an overtravel warning (A.9A0) if overtravel occurs while the servomotor power is ON. Using this function enables notifying the host controller when the SERVOPACK detects overtravel even if the overtravel signal is ON only momentarily.

To use the overtravel warning function, set digit 4 of Pn00D to 1 (detects overtravel warning).

## Warning Output Timing

Command		Motion comm	and		ALM_CLR co	mmand
Servomotor power	OFF		0	N		
Overtravel input signal (P-OT, N-OT signals)	DisabledEnabled	Disabled	Enabled	Disabled		
Overtravel warning (A.9A0)	Normal	operation 4	Warn	ing status	Normal operat	ion
Warning not	t detected.					
<notes></notes>	1 4 1 6 4 1	·1	1			

- Warnings are detected for overtravel in the same direction as the reference.
- Warnings are not detected for overtravel in the reverse direction from the reference.
- Example: A warning will not be output for a forward reference even if the N-OT signal (reverse run prohibited) turns ON.
- A warning can be detected in either the forward or reverse direction, when there is no reference.
- A warning will not be detected when the servomotor power is OFF even if overtravel occurs.
- A warning will not be detected when the servomotor power changes from OFF to ON even if overtravel status exists.
- To clear the overtravel warning, send a Clear Warning or Alarm command (ALM\_CLR) regardless of the status of the servomotor power and the overtravel signal. If the warning is cleared by this method during an overtravel state, the occurrence of the warning will not be indicated until the overtravelling is corrected and reset.
- The overtravel warning will be detected when the software limit is in effect.



#### Related Parameter

F	Parameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn00D	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Does not detect overtravel warning.	Immediately	Setup
	n.1000	Detects overtravel warning.		

# 4.3.3 Software Limit Settings

The software limits set limits in software for machine movement that do not use the overtravel signals (P-OT and N-OT). If a software limit is exceeded, an emergency stop will be executed in the same way as it is for overtravel.

## (1) Software Limit Function

The software limit function can be enabled or disabled.

Use the parameter Pn801.0 to enable the software limit function.

The software limit function can be enabled under the following conditions. Under all other circumstances, the software limits will not be enabled even if a software limit is exceeded.

- The ZRET command has been executed.
- REFE = 1 using the POS\_SET command.

Enable or disable the software limits using one of the following settings.

Parameter		Description	When Enabled	Classification
Pn801	n.□□□0	Software limits enabled in both direction.	Immediately	Setup
	n.0001	Forward software limit enabled.		
	n.□□□2	Reverse software limit enabled.		
	n.□□□3 [Factory setting]	Both software limits disabled.		

# (2) Software Limit Check using References

Enable or disable software limit checks when target position references such as POSING or INTERPOLATE are input. When the input target position exceeds the software limit, a deceleration stop will be performed from the software limit set position.

Parameter		arameter	Description	When Enabled	Classification
Pn	801	n.□0□□[Factory setting]No software limit check using references.		Immediately	Setup
		n.0100	Software limit check using references.		

# (3) Software Limit Setting

Set software limits value in the positive and negative directions.

Because the limit zone is set according to the forward or reverse direction, the reverse limit must be less than the forward limit.

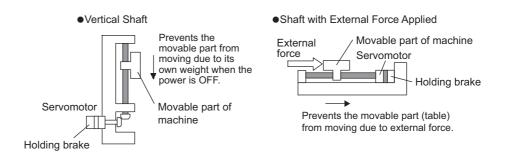
	Forward Software Limit Position				Classification
Pn804	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 Reference Unit	1073741823	Immediately	Setup
	Reverse Software Limit			Position	Classification
Pn806	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	-
	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 Reference Unit	-1073741823	Immediately	Setup

## 4.3.4 Holding Brakes

IMPORTANT

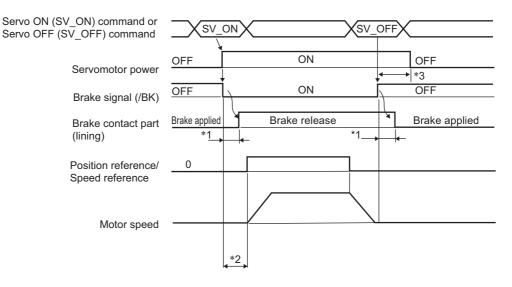
A holding brake is a brake that is used to hold the position of the movable part of the machine when the SER-VOPACK and converter are turned OFF so that movable part does not move due to gravity or external forces. Holding brakes are built into servomotors with brakes.

The holding brake is used in the following cases.



• The brake built into the servomotor with brakes is a de-energization brake, which is used only to hold and cannot be used for braking. Use the holding brake only to hold a stopped servomotor.

There is a delay in the braking operation. Set the following ON/OFF timing.



#### 4 Operation

\*1. The operation delay time of the brake is shown in the following table. The operation delay time is an example when the power supply is turned ON and OFF on the DC side. Be sure to evaluate the above times on the actual equipment before using the application.

Main Circuit Power Supply Voltage	Servomotor Model: SGMVV-	Rated Speed [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	Voltage	Brake Open Time [ms]	Brake Operation Time [ms]	
	2BA□B					
	3ZA□B	1500		500 max.	150 max.	
Three-phase	3GA□B			500 max.	150 max.	
200 VÁC	2BA□D					
	3ZA□D	800	24 VDC or 90 VDC	550 max.	320 max.	
	3GA□D			700 max.	520 max.	
	2BD□B			500 max.	150 max.	
	3ZD□B	1500				
	3GD□B					
	4ED <b>□</b> B			550 max.	320 max.	
Three-phase	5ED□B				520 max.	
400 VAC	2BD□D			500 max.	150 max.	
	3ZD□D			550 max.	320 max.	
	3GD□D	800		700 max.	520 max.	
	4ED□D			An SGMVV-4EDDD servomotor is not available in a model with a holding brake.		

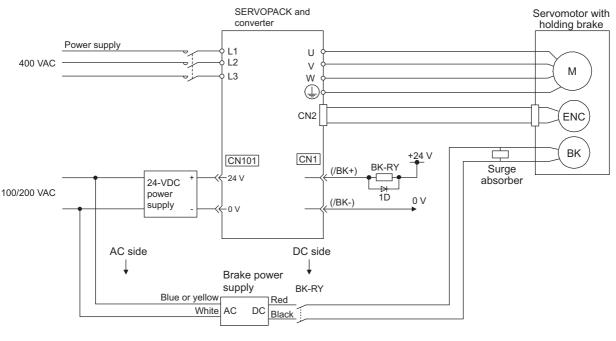
\*2. After the SV\_ON command has been sent and 50 ms has passed since the brake was released, output the reference from the host controller to the SERVOPACK.

\*3. Use Pn506, Pn507, and Pn508 to set the timing of when the brake will be activated and when the servomotor power will be turned OFF.

### (1) Wiring Example

Use the brake signal (/BK) and the brake power supply to form a brake ON/OFF circuit. The following diagram shows a standard wiring example.

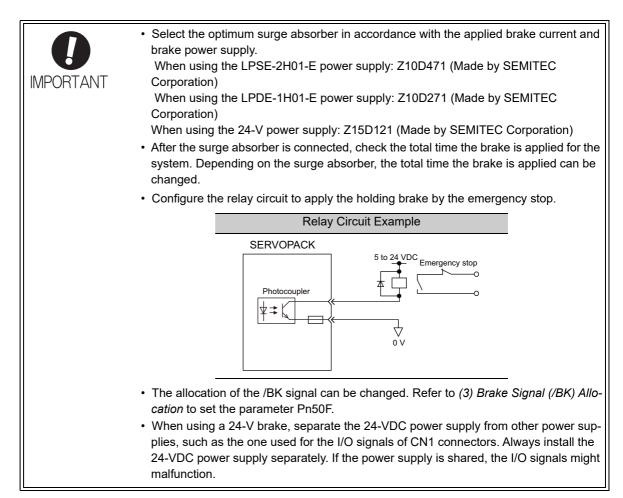
The timing can be easily set using the brake signal (/BK).



BK-R Y: Brake control relay

Brake power supply for 90 V Input voltage 200-V models: LPSE-2H01-E Input voltage 100-V models: LPDE-1H01-E

A 24-VDC power supply for a 24-VDC brake is not included.

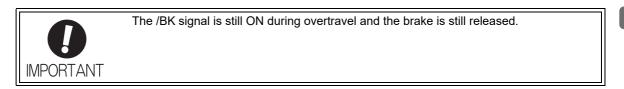


## (2) Brake Signal (/BK) Setting

This output signal controls the brake. The allocation of the /BK signal can be changed. Refer to (3) Brake Signal (/BK) Allocation for allocation.

The /BK signal turns OFF (applies the brake) when an alarm is detected or the SV\_OFF command is received. The brake OFF timing can be adjusted with Pn506.

Туре	Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	/BK	CN1-25, CN1-26	ON (closed)	Releases the brake.
			OFF (open)	Applies the brake.



4.3.4 Holding Brakes

## (3) Brake Signal (/BK) Allocation

Use parameter Pn50F.2 to allocate the /BK signal.

Parameter		Connector Pin Number		Meaning	When Enabled	Classifica-
		+ Terminal	- Terminal		Enabled	tion
	n.0000	-	_	The /BK signal is not used.		
Pn5	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	CN1-25	CN1-26	The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-25, 26.	After restart	Setup
	n.□2□□	CN1-27	CN1-28	The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-27, 28.	Tobtart	
	n.□3□□	CN1-29	CN1-30	The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-29, 30.		



IMPORTANT

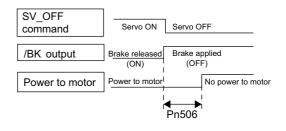
When multiple signals are allocated to the same output terminal, the signals are output with OR logic. For the /BK signal, do not use the output terminal that is already being used for another signal.

## (4) Brake ON Timing after the Servomotor Stops

When the servomotor stops, the /BK signal turns OFF at the same time as the SV\_OFF command is received. Use parameter Pn506 to change the timing to turn OFF the servomotor power after the SV\_OFF command has been received.

	Brake Reference-Se	rvo OFF Delay Time	Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn506	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 50	10 ms	0	Immediately	Setup

• When using the servomotor to control a vertical axis, the machine movable part may shift slightly depending on the brake ON timing due to gravity or an external force. To eliminate this slight shift, set parameter so that the power to the servomotor turns OFF after the brake is applied.



• This parameter changes the brake ON timing while the servomotor is stopped.

The servomotor will turn OFF immediately when an alarm occurs, regardless of the setting of this parameter. The machine movable part may shift due to gravity or external force before the brake operates.

## (5) Brake Signal (/BK) Output Timing during Servomotor Rotation

If an alarm occurs while the servomotor is rotating, the servomotor will come to a stop and the brake signal (/BK) will be turned OFF. The timing of brake signal (/BK) output can be adjusted by setting the brake reference output speed level (Pn507) and the waiting time for brake signal when motor running (Pn508).

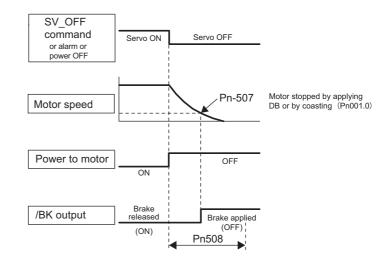
Note: If the servomotor is set so that it comes to a zero-speed stop for an alarm, follow the information in (4) Brake ON *Timing after the Servomotor Stops* after the servomotor comes to a stop for a zero position reference.

	Brake Reference Output Speed Level		Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn507	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	100	Immediately	Setup
	Waiting Time for Brake Signal When Motor Running Speed Position Torque			Classification	
Pn508	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 100	10 ms	50	Immediately	Setup

/BK Signal Output Conditions When Servomotor Rotating

The /BK signal goes to high level (brake ON) when either of the following conditions is satisfied:

- When the motor speed falls below the level set in Pn507 after the power to the servomotor is turned OFF.
- When the time set in Pn508 is exceeded after the power to the servomotor is turned OFF.



• The servomotor will be limited to its maximum speed even if the value set in Pn507 is higher than the maximum speed.

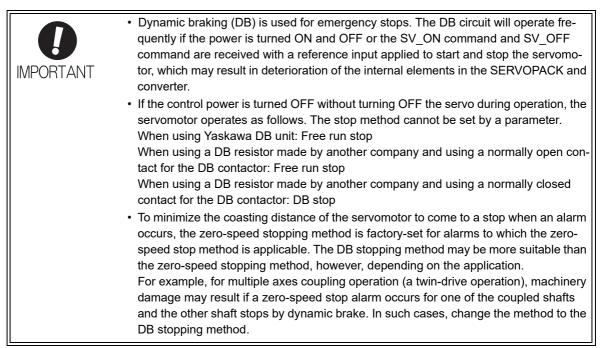
IMPORTANT

 Do not allocate the rotation detection signal (/TGON) and the brake signal (/BK) to the same terminal. The /TGON signal will otherwise be turned ON by the falling speed on a vertical axis, and the brake may not operate.

For the /BK signal, do not use the terminal that is already being used for another signal.

## **4.3.5** Stopping Servomotors after SV\_OFF Command or Alarm Occurrence

The servomotor stopping method can be selected after the SV\_OFF command is received or an alarm occurs.



## (1) Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV\_OFF Command is Received

Use Pn001.0 to select the stopping method for the servomotor after the SV\_OFF command is received.

	Parameter	Stop Mode	Mode After Stopping	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□□0 <sup>*</sup> [Factory setting]	DB	DB		Setup
Pn001	n.□□□1*		Coast	After restart	
	n.🗆 🗆 🗆 2	Coast	Coast		

\* Always connect a dynamic brake circuit for these settings.

Note: Similar to the Coast Mode, the n.  $\Box \Box \Box 0$  setting (which stops the servomotor by dynamic braking and then holds it in Dynamic Brake Mode) does not generate any braking force when the servomotor stops or when it rotates at very low speed.

#### (2) Stopping Method for Servomotor When an Alarm Occurs

There are two types of alarms (Gr.1 and Gr.2) that depend on the stopping method when an alarm occurs. Select the stopping method for the servomotor when an alarm occurs using Pn001.0 and Pn00B.1.

The stopping method for the servomotor for a Gr.1 alarm is set to Pn001.0.

The stopping method for the servomotor for a Gr.2 alarm is set to Pn00B.1.

Refer to the information on alarm stopping methods in 9.1.1 List of Alarms.

#### Stopping Method for Servomotor for Gr.1 Alarms

The stopping method of the servomotor when a Gr.1 alarm occurs is the same as that in (1) Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV\_OFF Command is Received.

Parameter		Stop Mode Mode After Stopping		When Enabled	Classification
Pn001 [Fact n.□]	n.□□□0 <sup>*</sup> [Factory setting]	DB	DB		Setup
	n.0001 <sup>*</sup>		Coast	After restart	
	n.□□□2	Coast	Coast		

\* Always connect a dynamic brake circuit for these settings.

#### Stopping Method for Servomotor for Gr.2 Alarms

Parar	Parameter		Mode After	When Enabled	Classification
Pn00B	Pn001	Stop Mode	Stopping		Classification
n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	n.□□□0 <sup>*1</sup> [Factory setting]	Zero-speed	DB	_	Setup
	n.0001 <sup>*1</sup>	stopping <sup>*2</sup>	Coast		
	n.□□□2			After restart	
n.0010	n.□□□0 <sup>*1</sup> [Factory setting]	DB	DB		
	n.0001 <sup>*1</sup>		Coast		
	n.□□□2	Coast	Coust		

\*1. Always connect a dynamic brake circuit for these settings.

\*2. Zero-speed stopping: The speed reference is set to 0 to stop quickly.

Note: The setting of Pn00B.1 is effective for position control and speed control. Pn00B.1 will be ignored for torque control and only the setting of Pn001.0 will be valid.

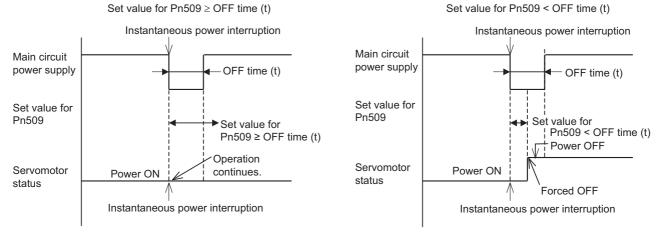
4.3.6 Instantaneous Power Interruption Settings

## 4.3.6 Instantaneous Power Interruption Settings

Determines whether to continue operation or turn OFF the servomotor's power when the power supply voltage to the main circuit power supply of the SERVOPACK and converter is interrupted.

B 500	Instantaneous Powe	r Cut Hold Time	Speed	Classification	
Pn509	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	20 to 50000	1 ms	20	Immediately	Setup

If the power interruption time is shorter than the set value in Pn509, the servomotor will continue operation. If it is longer than the set value, the servomotor's power will be turned OFF during the power interruption. The Servo ON (SV\_ON) command must be input to power the motor after restoring the main circuit power supply.



Note: If the instantaneous power interruption is longer than the set value of Pn509, the /S-RDY signal turns OFF.

	<ul> <li>If the control power supply makes control impossible during an instantaneous power interruption, the same operation will be performed as for normally turning OFF the</li> </ul>
	power supply, and the setting of Pn509 will be ignored.
IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>The holding time of the main circuit power supply varies with the output of the SER- VOPACK. If the load on the servomotor is large and an undervoltage alarm (A.410) occurs, the setting of Pn509 will be ignored.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The holding time of the control power supply (24 VDC) for the 400-V SERVOPACKs depends on the capability of the power supply (not included). Check the power supply before using the application.</li> </ul>

If the uninterruptible power supplies are used for the control power supply and main circuit power supply, the SERVOPACK can withstand an instantaneous power interruption period of 50,000 ms max.

# **4.3.7** SEMI F47 Function (Torque Limit Function for Low DC Power Supply Voltage for Main Circuit)

The torque limit function detects an undervoltage warning and limits the output current if the DC power supply voltage for the main circuit in the SERVOPACK drops to a specified value because the power was momentarily interrupted or the power supply voltage for the main circuit was temporality lowered.

This function complies with SEMI F47 standards for semiconductor production equipment.

Combining this function with the parameter for Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time allows the servomotor to continue operating without stopping for an alarm or without recovery work even if the power supply voltage drops.

IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>This function is able to cope with instantaneous power interruptions in the voltage and time ranges stipulated in SEMI F47. An uninterruptible power supply (UPS) is required as a backup for instantaneous power interruptions that exceed these voltage and time ranges.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>This function is intended for voltage drops in the main circuit power supply. The follow- ing restrictions apply when it is used to provide an instantaneous power cut hold time in the control power supply.</li> </ul>
	<control power="" restrictions="" supply=""> 400-VAC voltage input SERVOPACK: Provide the control power supply from a 24- VDC power supply that complies with SEMI F47 standards.</control>
	<ul> <li>Set the host controller and SERVOPACK torque limit so that a torque reference that exceeds the specified acceleration will not be output when the power supply for the main circuit is restored.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not limit the torque to values lower than the holding torque for the vertical axis.</li> <li>This function limits torque within the range of the SERVOPACK's capability when the power is cut. It is not intended for use under all load and operating conditions. Use the actual machine to set parameters while confirming correct operation.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Setting the Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time lengthens the amount of time from when the power supply is turned OFF until the motor current turns OFF. Send the SV_OFF command to instantly stop the motor current.</li> </ul>

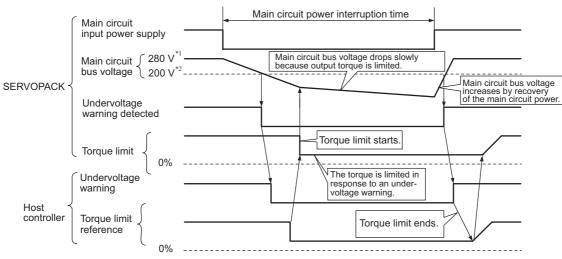
4.3.7 SEMI F47 Function (Torque Limit Function for Low DC Power Supply Voltage for Main Circuit)

#### (1) Execution Method

This function can be executed either with the host controller and the SERVOPACK or with the SERVOPACK only.

#### ■ With the Host Controller and the SERVOPACK

The host controller limits the torque in response to an undervoltage warning. The host controller removes the torque limit after the undervoltage warning is cleared.

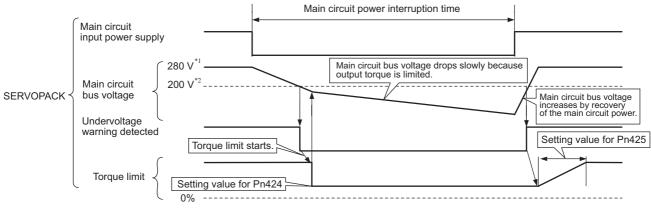


\*1. This value is 560 V for a 400-V power supply.

\*2. This value is 400 V for a 400-V power supply.

#### With the SERVOPACK only

The torque is limited in the SERVOPACK in response to an undervoltage warning. The SERVOPACK controls the torque limit value in the set time after the undervoltage warning is cleared. Use Pn008.1 to specify whether the function is executed by the host controller and SERVOPACK or by the SERVOPACK only.



\*1. This value is 560 V for a 400-V power supply.

\*2. This value is 400 V for a 400-V power supply.

## (2) Related Parameters

	Parameter Meaning		When Enabled	Classification	
		n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Does not detect undervoltage.		
Pn	800	n.□□1□	Detects warning and limits torque by host controller.	After restart	Setup
		n.□□2□	Detects warning and limits torque by Pn424 and Pn425. (Only in the SERVOPACK)		

	Torque Limit at Main	Circuit Voltage Drop	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn424	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 100	1%*	50	Immediately	Setup
D. 405	Release Time for Tor Voltage Drop	que Limit at Main Cire	cuit Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn425	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup

\* The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

	Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time		Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn509	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	20 to 50000	1 ms	20	Immediately	Setup

Note: When using SEMI F47 function, set 1000 ms.

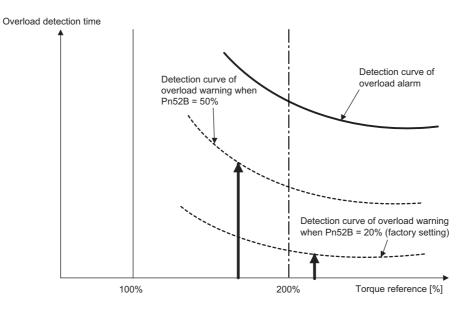
4.3.8 Setting Motor Overload Detection Level

## 4.3.8 Setting Motor Overload Detection Level

In this SERVOPACK, the detection timing of the warnings and alarms can be changed by changing how to detect an overload warning (A.910) and overload (low load) alarm (A.720). The overload characteristics and the detection level of the overload (high load) alarm (A.710) cannot be changed.

## (1) Changing Detection Timing of Overload Warning (A.910)

The overload warning level is set by default to 20% so that an overload warning is detected in 20% of the time required to detect an overload alarm. The time required to detect an overload warning can be changed by changing the setting of the overload warning level (Pn52B). This protective function enables the warning output signal (/WARN) to serve as a protective function and to be output at the best timing for your system. The following graph shows an example of the detection of an overload warning when the overload warning level (Pn52B) is changed from 20% to 50%. An overload warning is detected in half of the time required to detect an overload alarm.



Note: For details, refer to *Overload Characteristics* listed in the section for the relevant servomotor in the *Large-Capacity S-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 86).

	Overload Warning Level		Speed	Classification	
Pn52B	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 100	1%	20	Immediately	Setup

## (2) Changing Detection Timing of Overload (Low Load) Alarm (A.720)

An overload (low load) alarm (A.720) can be detected earlier to protect the servomotor from overloading. The time required to detect an overload alarm can be shortened by using the derated motor base current obtained with the following equation.

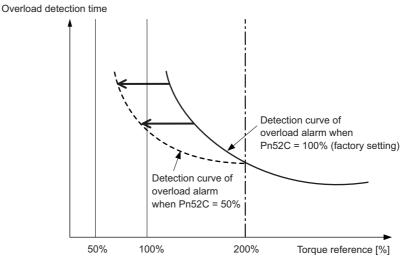
Note: The detection level of the overload (high load) alarm (A.710) cannot be changed.

Motor base current × Derating of base current at detecting overload of motor (Pn52C) = Derated motor base current

Motor base current: Threshold value of motor current to start calculation for overload alarm Derating of base current at detecting overload of motor (Pn52C): Derating of motor base current

The following graph shows an example of the detection of an overload alarm when Pn52C is set to 50%. The calculation for the overload of motors starts at 50% of the motor base current and then an overload alarm will be detected earlier.

Changing the setting of Pn52C will change the detection timing of the overload alarm, so the time required to detect the overload warning will also be changed.



Note: For details, refer to Overload Characteristics listed in the section for the relevant servomotor in the Σ-V Series Product Catalog (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

Derating of Base Current at Detecting Overload of Motor					Classification
Pn52C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 100	1%	100	After restart	Setup

4.4.1 Inspection and Checking before Trial Operation

## 4.4 Trial Operation

This section describes a trial operation using MECHATROLINK-III communications.

## 4.4.1 Inspection and Checking before Trial Operation

To ensure safe and correct trial operation, inspect and check the following items before starting trial operation.

#### (1) Servomotors

Inspect and check the following items, and take appropriate measures before performing trial operation if any problem exists.

- Are all wiring and connections correct?
- Are all nuts and bolts securely tightened?
- If the servomotor has an oil seal, is the seal undamaged and is the servomotor oiled?
- Note: When performing trial operation on a servomotor that has been stored for a long period of time, perform the inspection according to the procedures described in *1.10 Inspection and Maintenance*.

#### (2) SERVOPACKs and Converters

Inspect and check the following items, and take appropriate measures before performing trial operation if any problem exists.

- Are all wiring and connections correct?
- Is the correct power supply voltage being supplied to the SERVOPACK and converter?

## **4.4.2** Trial Operation via MECHATROLINK-III

The following table provides the procedures for trial operation via MECHATROLINK-III.

Step	Description	Reference	
1	Confirm that the wiring is correct, and then connect the I/O signal connector (CN1 connector).	Chapter 3 Wiring and Connection	
2	Turn ON the power to the SERVOPACK and converter. And then, turn ON the power of the host controller. If the power is supplied to the control circuit of the SERVOPACK and converter, the seven- segment LED indicator will light up as shown here.	_	
3	Send the CONNECT command from the host controller. If the SERVOPACK correctly receives the CONNECT command, the CN, LED indicator will light up. If the CN does not light up, the set value of the CONNECT command is incorrect. Reset the CONNECT command, and then resend it from the host controller.	Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III	
4	Check the product type using an ID_RD command. A reply showing the product type, such as SGDV-750J21A, is received from the SERVOPACK.	Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63)	
5	<ul> <li>Set the following items to the necessary settings for a trial operation.</li> <li>Electronic gear settings</li> <li>Rotational direction of servomotor</li> <li>Overtravel</li> </ul>	4.4.3 Electronic Gear 4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction 4.3.2 Overtravel	
6	<ul> <li>Save these settings (step 5).</li> <li>If saving the settings in the host controller, use the SVPRM_WR command (set the mode to RAM area).</li> <li>If saving settings in the SERVOPACK, use the SVPRM_WR command (set the mode to the non-volatile memory area).</li> </ul>	Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series	
7	Send the CONFIG command to enable the settings.	for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual	
8	Send the SENS_ON command to obtain the position data (encoder ready response).	MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63)	
9	Send the SV_ON command. A response showing that the servomotor has switched to Drive status and that SVON=1 (Conductivity to motor being made) is received.		
10	Run the servomotor at low speed. <example a="" command="" positioning="" using=""> Command used: POSING Command setting: Positioning position =10000 (If using the absolute encoder, add 10000 to the present position), rapid traverse speed= 400</example>	_	
11	<ul> <li>Check the following points while running the servomotor at low speed (step 10).</li> <li>Confirm that the rotational direction of the servomotor correctly coincides with the forward rotation or reverse rotation reference. If they do not coincide, reset the direction.</li> <li>Confirm that no unusual vibrations, noises, or temperature rises occur. If any abnormalities are seen, correct the conditions.</li> <li>Note: Because the running-in of the load machine is not sufficient at the time of the trial operation, the servomotor may become overloaded.</li> </ul>	4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction 9.4 Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor	

## 4.4.3 Electronic Gear

The electronic gear enables the workpiece travel distance per reference unit input from the host controller. The minimum unit of the position data moving a load is called a reference unit.

The section indicates the difference between using and not using an electronic gear when a workpiece is moved 10 mm in the following configuration.
When the Electronic Gear is Not Used:
(1) Calculate the revolutions. 1 revolution is 6 mm. Therefore, $10 \div 6 = 10/6$ revolutions.
(2) Calculate the required reference units. 1048576 reference units is 1 revolution. Therefore, $10/6 \times 1048576 = 1747626.66$ reference units.
(3) Input 1747627 references as reference units.
Reference units must be calculated per reference. $\rightarrow$ complicated
When the Electronic Gear is Used:
The reference unit is 1 $\mu$ m. Therefore, to move the workpiece 10 mm (10000 $\mu$ m), 1 reference unit = 1 $\mu$ m, so 10000 ÷ 1 = 10000 reference units. Input 10000 reference units.
Calculation of reference units per reference is not required. $\rightarrow$ simplified

## (1) Electronic Gear Ratio

Set the electronic gear ratio using Pn20E and Pn210.

	Electronic Gear Ratio	o (Numerator)		Position	Classification
Pn20E	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741824	1	1	After restart	Setup
	Electronic Gear Ratio	o (Denominator)		Position	Classification
Pn210	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741824	1	1	After restart	Setup

If the gear ratio of the servomotor and the load shaft is given as n/m where m is the rotation of the servomotor and n is the rotation of the load shaft,

Electronic gear ratio:  $\frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{Encoder resolution}{Travel distance per load} \times \frac{m}{n}$ shaft revolution (reference units)

#### Encoder Resolution

Encoder resolution can be checked with servomotor model designation.

SGMVV -DDD<u>D</u>DDD

<b>→</b>	Symbol	Specification	Encoder Resolutions
	3	20-bit absolute	1048576
	D	20-bit incremental	1048576



Electronic gear ratio setting range:  $0.001 \le$  Electronic gear ratio (B/A)  $\le$  4000 If the electronic gear ratio is outside this range, a parameter setting error 1 (A.040) will be output.

## (2) Electronic Gear Ratio Setting Examples

The following examples show electronic gear ratio settings for different load configurations.

			Load Configuration	
		Ball Screw	Disc Table	Belt and Pulley
Step Operation		Reference unit: 0.001 mm Load shaft Load shaft 20-bit encoder Ball screw pitch: 6 mm	Reference unit: 0.01° Gear ratio: 1/100 Load shaft 20-bit encoder	Reference unit: 0.005 mm Load shaft Gear ratio 1/50 Pulley diameter: 100 mm 20-bit encoder
1	Check machine specifica- tions.	• Ball screw pitch: 6 mm • Gear ratio: 1/1	Rotation angle per revolu- tion: 360° Gear ratio: 1/100	Pulley diameter: 100 mm (pulley circumference: 314 mm) • Gear ratio: 1/50
2	Check the encoder reso- lution.	1048576 (20-bit)	1048576 (20-bit)	1048576 (20-bit)
3	Determine the reference unit used.	Reference unit: 0.001 mm (1 µm)	Reference unit: 0.01°	Reference unit: 0.005 mm (5 µm)
4	Calculate the travel dis- tance per load shaft revo- lution. (Reference unit)	6 mm/0.001 mm = 6000	360°/0.01° = 36000	314 mm/0.005 mm = 62800
5	Calculate the electronic gear ratio.	$\frac{B}{A} = \frac{1048576}{6000} \times \frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{B}{A} = \frac{1048576}{36000} \times \frac{100}{1}$	$\frac{B}{A} = \frac{1048576}{62800} \times \frac{50}{1}$
6	Set parameters.	Pn20E: 1048576	Pn20E: 104857600	Pn20E: 52428800
	Set purumeters.	Pn210: 6000	Pn210: 36000	Pn210: 62800

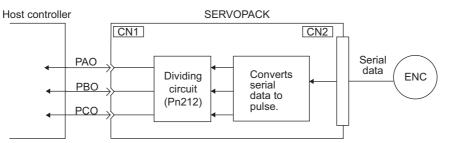
## 4.4.4 Encoder Output Pulses

The encoder pulse output is a signal that is output from the encoder and processed inside the SERVOPACK. It is then output externally in the form of two phase pulse signal (phases A and B) with a 90° phase differential. It is used as the position feedback to the host controller.

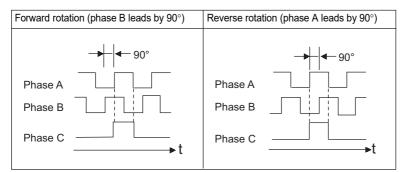
Signals and output phase form are as shown below.

## (1) Signals

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Name	Remarks	
	PAO	CN1-33	Encoder output pulse: phase A	These encoder pulse output pins out-	
	/PAO	CN1-34	Encoder output pulse, phase M	put the number of pulses per motor revolution that is set in Pn212. Phase A and phase B are different from	
0	РВО	CN1-35			
Output	/PBO	CN1-36	Encoder output pulse: phase B	each other in phase by an electric angle of 90°.	
	PCO	CN1-19	One pulse is output per mo		
	/PCO	CN1-20	Encoder output pulse: phase C	tion.	

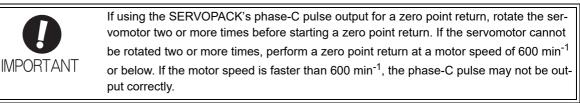


## (2) Output Phase Form



Note: The pulse width for phase C (origin pulse) changes according to the setting of the encoder output pulses (Pn212) and becomes the same as that for phase A.

Even in reverse rotation mode (Pn000.0 = 1), the output phase form is the same as that for the standard setting (Pn000.0 = 0) above.



4.4.5 Setting Encoder Output Pulse

## 4.4.5 Setting Encoder Output Pulse

Set the encoder output pulse using the following parameter.

	Encoder Output Pulses		Speed	Speed Position Torque		
Pn212	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	16 to 1073741824	1 P/rev	2048	After restart	Setup	

Pulses from the encoder per revolution are divided inside the SERVOPACK by the number set in this parameter before being output. Set the number of encoder output pulses according to the system specifications of the machine or host controller.

Setting Range of Encoder Output Pulses (P/Rev)	Setting Unit	Upper Limit of Servomotor Speed for Set Encoder Output Pulses [min <sup>-1</sup> ]
16 to 16384	1	6000
16386 to 32768	2	3000
32772 to 65536	4	1500
65544 to 131072	8	750
131088 to 262144	16	375

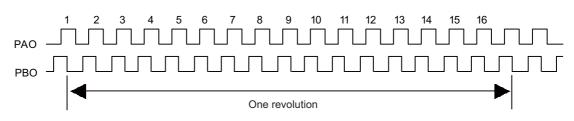
- Note 1. An encoder output pulse setting error (A.041) will occur if the setting does not satisfy the required conditions listed in the table.
  - Pn212 = 25000 (P/Rev) is accepted, but

Pn212 = 25001 (P/Rev) is not accepted. The alarm A.041 is output because the setting unit differs from that in the above table.

 The upper limit of the pulse frequency is approximately 1.6 Mpps. The servomotor speed is limited if the setting value of the encoder output pulses (Pn212) is large. An overspeed of encoder output pulse rate alarm (A.511) will occur if the motor speed exceeds the upper limit specified in the above table.

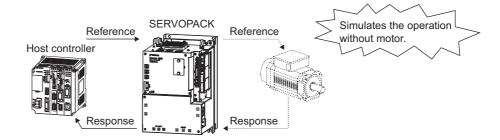
Output Example: When Pn212 = 16 (16-pulse output per one revolution), PAO and PBO are output as shown below.

Preset value: 16



## 4.5 Test Without Motor Function

The test without a motor is used to check the operation of the host controller and peripheral devices by simulating the operation of the servomotor in the SERVOPACK, i.e., without actually operating a servomotor. This function enables you to check wiring, verify the system while debugging, and verify parameters, thus shortening the time required for setup work and preventing damage to the machine that may result from possible malfunctions. The operation of the motor can be checked during performing this function regardless of whether the motor is actually connected or not.



Use Pn00C.0 to enable or disable the test without a motor.

I	Parameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn00C	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Disables the test without a motor. After restar		Setup
_	n.□□□1	Enables the test without a motor.		

## **4.5.1** Motor Information

The motor information that is used for a test without a motor is given below.

#### (1) When Motor is Connected

If a motor is connected, the information from the connected motor is used for the motor and encoder scale information. The set values of Pn00C.1 and Pn00C.2 are not used.

#### (2) When Motor is Not Connected

The information for the virtual motor that is stored in the SERVOPACK is used. The set values of Pn00C.1 and Pn00C.2 are used for the encoder information.

#### Encoder Resolution

The encoder information for the motor is set in Pn00C.1. The setting of Pn00C.1 is not used for an external encoder with fully-closed loop control.

F	Parameter Meaning		When Enabled	Classification
Pn00C	n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Sets the encoder resolution for the test without a motor to 13 bits.	After restart	Setup
	n.0010	Sets the encoder resolution for the test without a motor to 20 bits.	rittor rostart	Solup

#### Encoder Type

The encoder information for the motor is set in Pn00C.2. An external encoder with fully-closed loop control is always regarded as an incremental encoder.

P	Parameter Meaning		When Enabled	Classification
Pn00C	n.⊡0⊡⊡ [Factory setting]	n.□0□□       Sets an incremental encoder as an encoder type for the test without a motor.       After reference		Setup
	$n.\Box 1 \Box \Box \qquad Sets an absolute encoder as an encoder type for the test without a motor.$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~P

#### Rated Motor Speed and Maximum Motor Speed

The values previously saved in the SERVOPACK will be used for the rated motor speed and maximum motor speed. Use the monitor displays (Un020: Motor rated speed and Un021: Motor maximum speed) to check the values.

#### (3) When External Encoder for Fully-closed Loop Control is Connected

The information from an external encoder is used as the encoder information.

#### (4) When External Encoder for Fully-closed Loop Control is Not Connected

The encoder information stored in the SERVOPACK is used for the encoder information.

- Resolution: 256
- Incremental encoder

#### **4.5.2** Motor Position and Speed Responses

For the test without a motor, the following responses are simulated for references from the host controller according to the gain settings for position or speed control.

- Servomotor position
- Servomotor speed
- Encoder position

The load model, however, will be a rigid system with the moment of inertia ratio that is set in Pn103.

## 4.5.3 Limitations

The following functions cannot be used during the test without a motor.

- Regeneration and dynamic brake operation
- Brake output signal (The brake output signal can be checked with the I/O signal monitor function of the SigmaWin+.)
- $\bullet$  Items marked with " $\!\times\!\!"$  in the following utility function table.

Fn No.	Contents		Can be used or not		
THINO.	Contents	Motor not connected	Motor con- nected		
Fn000	Alarm history display	0	0		
Fn002	JOG operation	0	0		
Fn003	Origin search	0	0		
Fn004	Program JOG operation	0	0		
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	0	0		
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	0	0		
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	×	0		
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	0	0		
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	0	0		
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	×	0		
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	×	0		
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	0	0		
Fn011	Servomotor model display	0	0		
Fn012	Software version display	0	0		
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs	×	0		
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option modules	0	0		
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	×	×		
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	0	0		
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	0	0		
Fn020	Origin setting	×	0		
Fn030	Software reset	0	0		
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	×	×		
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	×	×		
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	×	×		
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	×	×		
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	×	×		
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	×	×		
Fn206	EasyFFT	×	×		
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	×	×		

Note: O: Can be used

 $\times$  : Cannot be used

## 4.5.4 Digital Operator Displays during Testing without Motor

An asterisk (\*) is displayed before status display to indicate the test without a motor operation is in progress.

```
        * B B
        - P R M / M O N -

        U n 0 0 0 =
        0 0 0 0 0

        U n 0 0 2 =
        0 0 0 0 0

        U n 0 0 8 =
        0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

        U n 0 0 D =
        0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

(Example: Status of power to the servomotor is OFF)

Display	Status			
*RUN	Power is supplied to the servomotor.			
*BB	Power to the servomotor is OFF.			
*PT NT	Forward or reverse run is prohibited.			
*P-OT	Forward run is prohibited.			
*N-OT	Reverse run is prohibited.			
*HBB	In hard-wire base block (safety) state.			

Note: The test without a motor status is not displayed during alarm occurs (A.  $\Box\Box\Box$ ).

<sup>4.5.4</sup> Digital Operator Displays during Testing without Motor

## 4.6 Limiting Torque

The SERVOPACK provides the following four methods for limiting output torque to protect the machine.

Limiting Method	Description	Reference Sec- tion
Internal torque limit	Always limits torque by setting the parameter.	4.6.1
External torque limit	Limits torque by input signal from the host controller.	4.6.2
Torque limit with the com- mand data (TLIM) <sup>*</sup>	Limits torque by using the command data (TLIM) for torque lim- iting function settable commands.	_
Torque limit with P_CL and N_CL signals of the servo command output signals (SVCMD_IO)*	Limits torque by using P_CL and N_CL signals of the servo com- mand output signals (SVCMD_IO).	_

 For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands* (No.: SIEP S800000 63).
 Note: The maximum torque of the servomotor is used when the set value exceeds the maximum torque.

#### -

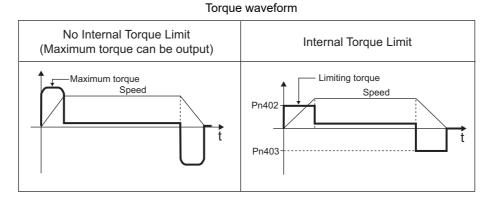
## **4.6.1** Internal Torque Limit

This function always limits maximum output torque by setting values of following parameters.

	Forward Torque Limit	t	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn402	Setting Range Setting Unit		Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup
	Reverse Torque Limi	t	Speed	Classification	
Pn403	Setting Range	g Range Setting Unit Factor		When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup

The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

Note: If the settings of Pn402 and Pn403 are too low, the torque may be insufficient for acceleration or deceleration of the servomotor.



## **4.6.2** External Torque Limit

Use this function to limit torque by inputting a signal from the host controller at specific times during machine operation. For example, some pressure must continually be applied (but not enough to damage the workpiece) when the robot is holding a workpiece or when a device is stopping on contact.

## (1) Input Signals

Use the following input signals to limit a torque by external torque limit.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning	Limit value
Input	/P-CL	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Forward external torque limit ON	The smaller value of these set- tings: Pn402 or Pn404
mput	-CL	-CL Wust be anotated		Forward external torque limit OFF	Pn402
Input	/N-CI	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Reverse external torque limit ON	The smaller value of these set- tings: Pn403 or Pn405
mput	OFF		OFF (open)	Reverse external torque limit OFF	Pn403

Note: Use parameter Pn50B.2 and Pn50B.3 to allocate the /P-CL signal and the /N-CL signal for use. For details, refer to 3.4.1 Input Signal Allocations.

## (2) Related Parameters

Set the following parameters for external torque limit.

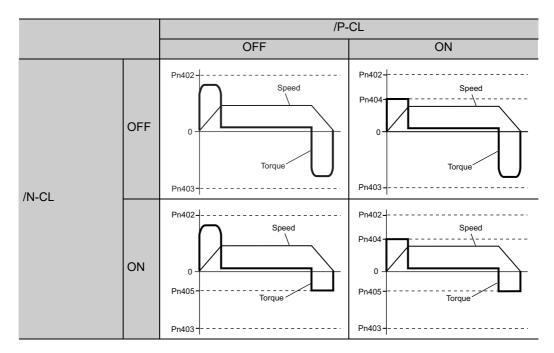
	Forward Torque Limi	t	Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn402	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup
	Reverse Torque Limit Speed Posit			Position Torque	Classification
Pn403	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup
	Forward External Tor	que Limit	Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn404	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	100	Immediately	Setup
	Reverse External To	rque Limit	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn405	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	100	Immediately	Setup

The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

Note: If the settings of Pn402, Pn403, Pn404, and Pn405 are too low, the torque may be insufficient for acceleration or deceleration of the servomotor.

### (3) Changes in Output Torque during External Torque Limiting

The following diagrams show the change in output torque when the internal torque limit is set to 800%. In this example, the servomotor rotation direction is Pn000.0 = 0 (Sets CCW as forward direction).



## 4.6.3 Checking Output Torque Limiting during Operation

The following signal can be output to indicate that the servomotor output torque is being limited.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	Output /CLT M	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Servomotor output torque is being lim- ited.
Output	/CLI	With the anotated	OFF (open)	Servomotor output torque is not being limited.

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.0 to allocate the /CLT signal for use. For details, refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations.

## 4.7 Absolute Encoders

If using an absolute encoder, a system to detect the absolute position can be designed for use with the host controller. As a result, an operation can be performed without a zero point return operation immediately after the power is turned ON.

A battery case is required to save position data in the absolute encoder. The battery is attached to the battery case of the encoder cable.

If an encoder cable with a battery case is not used, install a battery to the host controller.

## 

• Do not install batteries in both the host controller and battery case. It is dangerous because that sets up a loop circuit between the batteries.

Set Pn002.2 to 0 (factory setting) to use the absolute encoder.

I	Parameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn002	n.□0□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the absolute encoder as an absolute encoder.	After restart	Setup
	n.🗆1🗆	Uses the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.		

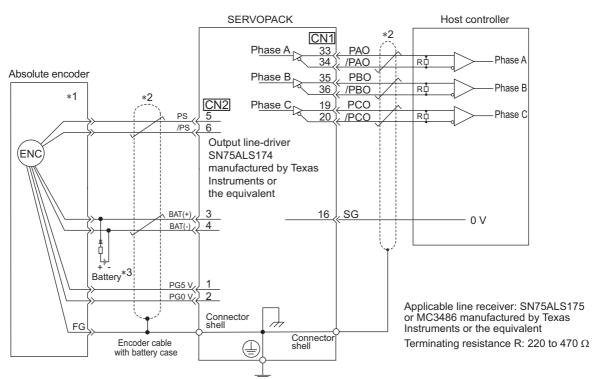
A battery is not required when using the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.

<b>D</b> IMPORTANT	detecting syster the infinite-lengt	n is different fi h positioning s	rom the range for system of the $\Sigma$	arge-capacity $\Sigma$ -V-series absolute position or previous $\Sigma$ -series systems. As a result, servo drives must be changed for use with ake the following system modifications.			
	Series (Models)	Absolute Encoder Resolution*	Output Range of Rotational Serial Data	Action when Limit Is Exceeded			
	Σ Series (SGDB)	12-bit 15-bit	-99999 to + 99999	<ul> <li>When the upper limit (+99999) is exceeded in the forward direction, the rotational serial data will be 0.</li> <li>When the lower limit (-99999) is exceeded in the reverse direction, the rota- tional serial data will be 0.</li> </ul>			
	Σ-II Series (SGDM/SGDH) or large-capacity Σ-V Series (SGDV)	17-bit 20-bit	-32768 to + 32767	<ul> <li>When the upper limit (+32767) is exceeded in the forward direction, the rotational serial data will be -32768.</li> <li>When the lower limit (-32768) is exceeded in the reverse direction, the rotational serial data will be +32767. Note: If you change the multiturn limit setting (Pn205), the operation will be different for both forward and reverse rotation. (Refer to <i>4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting.</i>)</li> </ul>			
	* This is the resolu						

## 4.7.1 Connecting the Absolute Encoder

The following diagram shows the connection between a servomotor with an absolute encoder, the SERVO-PACK, and the host controller.

### (1) Using an Encoder Cable with a Battery Case

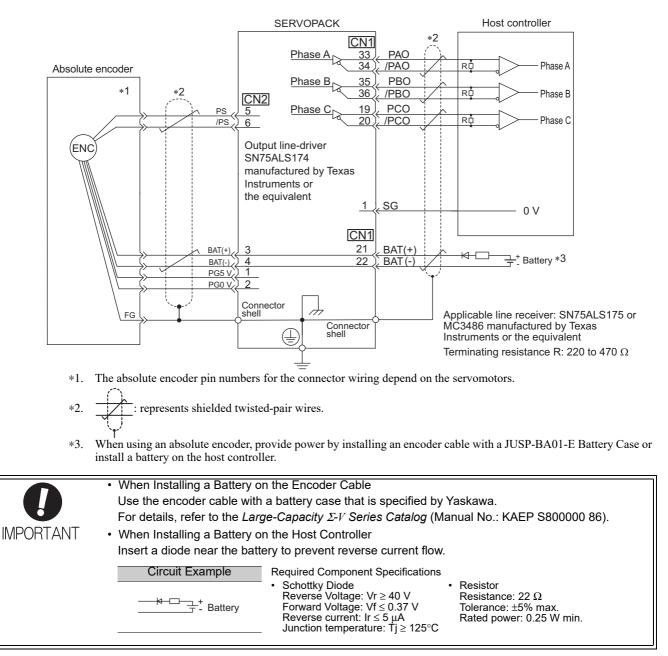


\*1. The absolute encoder pin numbers for the connector wiring depend on the servomotors.

\*3. When using an absolute encoder, provide power by installing an encoder cable with a JUSP-BA01-E Battery Case or install a battery on the host controller.

4.7.1 Connecting the Absolute Encoder

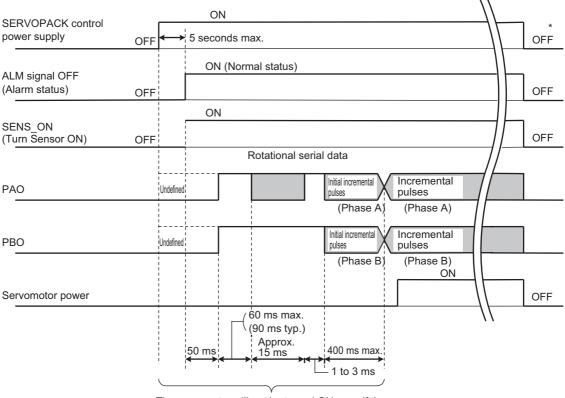
## (2) Installing the Battery in the Host Controller



## 4.7.2 Absolute Data Request (SENS ON Command)

The Turn Sensor ON command (SENS\_ON) must be sent to obtain absolute data as an output from the SER-VOPACK.

The SENS\_ON command is sent at the following timing.



The servomotor will not be turned ON even if the SV\_ON command is received during this interval.

\* Send the SENS\_OFF command to turn OFF the control power supply.

## **4.7.3** Battery Replacement

If the battery voltage drops to approximately 2.7 V or less, an absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830) or an absolute encoder battery error warning (A.930) will be displayed.

If this alarm or warning is displayed, replace the batteries using the following procedure.

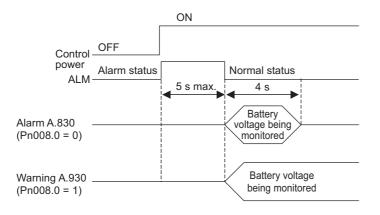
Use Pn008.0 to set either an alarm (A.830) or a warning (A.930).

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn008	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Outputs the alarm A.830 when the battery voltage drops.	After restart	Setup
	n.0001	Outputs the warning A.930 when the battery voltage drops.	Arter restart	

• If Pn008.0 is set to 0, alarm detection will be enabled for 4 seconds after the ALM signal outputs max. 5 seconds when the control power is turned ON.

No battery-related alarm will be displayed even if the battery voltage drops below the specified value after these 4 seconds.

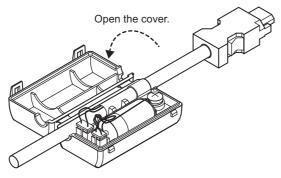
• If Pn008.0 is set to 1, alarm detection will be always enabled after the ALM signal outputs max. 5 seconds when the control power supply is turned ON.



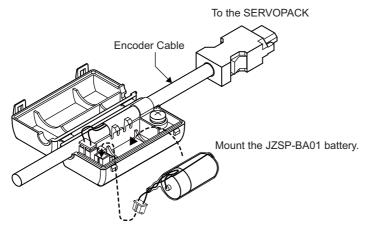
## (1) Battery Replacement Procedure

#### Using an Encoder Cable with a Battery Case

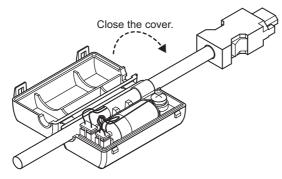
- 1. Turn ON the control power supply to only the SERVOPACK and converter.
- 2. Open the battery case cover.



3. Remove the old battery and mount the new JZSP-BA01 battery as shown below.



4. Close the battery case cover.



- 5. After replacing the battery, turn OFF the control power supply to clear the absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830).
- 6. Turn ON the control power supply again.
- 7. Check that the alarm display has been cleared and that the SERVOPACK and converter operate normally.



If the control power supply to the SERVOPACK and converter is turned OFF and the battery is disconnected (which includes disconnecting the encoder cable), the absolute encoder data will be deleted.

#### ■ Installing a Battery in the Host Controller

- 1. Turn ON the control power supply to only the SERVOPACK and converter.
- 2. Remove the old battery and mount the new battery.
- 3. After replacing the battery, turn OFF the control power supply to clear the absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830).
- 4. Turn ON the control power supply again.
- 5. Check that the alarm display has been cleared and that the SERVOPACK and converter operate normally.

## 4.7.4 Absolute Encoder Setup and Reinitialization

## 

• The rotational data will be a value between -2 and +2 rotations when the absolute encoder setup is executed. The reference position of the machine system will change. Set the reference position of the host controller to the position after setup.

If the machine is started without adjusting the position of the host controller, unexpected operation may cause injury or damage to the machine. Take sufficient care when operating the machine.

Setting up and reinitialization of the absolute encoder are necessary in the following cases.

- When starting the machine for the first time
- When an encoder backup error alarm (A.810) is generated
- When an encoder checksum error alarm (A.820) is generated
- When initializing the rotational serial data of the absolute encoder

Set up the absolute encoder with Fn008.

#### (1) Precautions on Setup and Reinitialization

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- Set up or reinitialize the encoder when the servomotor power is OFF.
- If the following absolute encoder alarms are displayed, cancel the alarm by using the same method as the set up (initializing) with Fn008. They cannot be canceled with the SERVOPACK Clear Warning or Alarm command (ALM\_CLR).
  - Encoder backup error alarm (A.810)
  - Encoder checksum error alarm (A.820)
- Any other alarms (A.8 $\Box\Box$ ) that monitor the inside of the encoder should be canceled by turning OFF the power.

### (2) Procedure for Setup and Reinitialization

Follow the steps below to setup or reinitialize the absolute encoder. This setting can be performed using the Write Memory command (MEM\_WR). For details on the MEM\_WR (Write Memory) Command, refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

Step	Panel Display	Keys	Description
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn006:AImHist CIr <u>Fn008:</u> Mturn CIr           Fn009:Ref Adj           Fn00A:Vel Adj		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to select the utility function. And press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to select the Fn008.
2	BB Multiturn Clear PGCL <u>1</u>	DATA	Press the Key to view the execution display of Fn008.

(cont'd)

Step	Panel Display	Keys	Description
3	BB Multiturn Clear PGCL <u>5</u>		Keep pressing the $\land$ Key until "PGCL1" is changed to "PGCL5."
4	BB Multiturn Clear PGCL <u>5</u>	DATA	Press the Max Key to setup the absolute encoder. After completing the setup, "DONE" is flashed for approximately one second and "BB" is displayed.
5	BB         -FUNCTION -           Fn006:AImHist CIr <u>Fn008:</u> Mturn CIr           Fn009:Ref Adj           Fn00A:Vel Adj	MODE/SET	Press the E Key to return to the display of the pro- cedure 1.
6	To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again.		

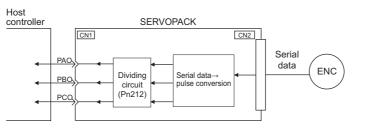
4.7.5 Absolute Data Reception Sequence

## 4.7.5 Absolute Data Reception Sequence

The sequence in which the SERVOPACK receives outputs from the absolute encoder and transmits them to host controller is shown below.

#### (1) Outline of Absolute Data

The serial data, pulses, etc., of the absolute encoder that are output from the SERVOPACK are output from the PAO, PBO, and PCO signals as shown below.



Signal Name	Status	Contents
PAO	At initialization	Rotational serial data Initial incremental pulses
	Normal Operations	Incremental pulses
PBO	At initialization	Initial incremental pulses
100	Normal Operations	Incremental pulses
PCO	Always	Origin pulses

#### Phase-C Output Specifications

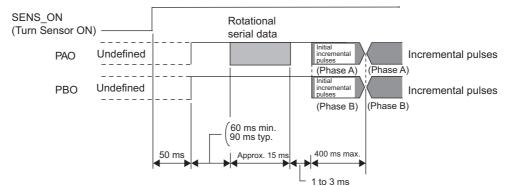
The pulse width of phase C (origin pulse) changes depending on the encoder output pulse (Pn212), becoming the same width as phase A.

The output timing is one of the following.

- Synchronized with the rising edge of phase A
- Synchronized with the falling edge of phase A
- Synchronized with the rising edge of phase B
- Synchronized with the falling edge of phase B
- Note: When host controller receives the data of absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

#### (2) Absolute Data Reception Sequence

- 1. Send the Turn Sensor ON (SENS\_ON) command from the host controller.
- 2. After 100 ms, the system is set to rotational serial data reception standby and the incremental pulse up/ down counter is cleared to zero.
- 3. Eight characters of rotational serial data is received.
- 4. The system enters a normal incremental operation state about 400 ms after the last rotational serial data is received.



Note: The output pulses are phase-B advanced if the servomotor is turning forward regardless of the setting in Pn000.0.

Rotational serial data:

Indicates how many turns the motor shaft has made from the reference position, which was the position at setup.

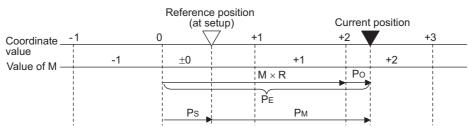
Initial incremental pulses:

Initial incremental pulses which provide absolute data are the number of pulses required to rotate the motor shaft from the servomotor origin to the present position.

Just as with normal incremental pulses, these pulses are divided by the dividing circuit inside the SERVO-PACK and then output.

The initial incremental pulse speed depends on the setting of the encoder output pulses (Pn212). Use the following formula to obtain the initial incremental pulse speed.

Setting of the Encoder Output Pulses (Pn212)	Formula of the Initial Incremental Pulse Speed
16 to 16384	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{16384} $ [kpps]
16386 to 32768	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{32768} $ [kpps]
32772 to 65536	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{65536} $ [kpps]
65544 to 131072	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{131072} $ [kpps]
131088 to 262144	$\frac{680 \times Pn212}{262144} $ [kpps]



Final absolute data P<sub>M</sub> is calculated by following formula.

 $P_E = M \times R + P_O$ 

 $P_S = M_S \times R + P_S'$ 

$$P_M = P_E - P_S$$

Signal	Meaning	
P <sub>E</sub>	Current value read by encoder	
М	Rotational serial data	
Po	Number of initial incremental pulses	
P <sub>S</sub>	Absolute data read at setup (This is saved and controlled by the host controller.)	
M <sub>S</sub>	Rotational serial data read at setup	
P <sub>S</sub> '	Number of initial incremental pulses read at setup	
P <sub>M</sub>	Current value required for the user's system	
R	Number of pulses per encoder revolution (pulse count after dividing, value of Pn212)	

Note: The following formula applies in reverse mode. (Pn000.0 = 1)

$$P_E = -M \times R + P_C$$

 $\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{E}} = -\mathbf{M} \times \mathbf{R} + \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{O}}$  $\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{S}} = \mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{S}} \times \mathbf{R} + \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{S}}'$  $\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{M}} = \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{E}} - \mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{S}}$ 

## (3) Rotational Serial Data Specifications and Initial Incremental Pulses

#### Rotational Serial Data Specifications

The rotational serial data is output from PAO signal.

Data Transfer Method	Start-stop Synchronization (ASYNC)		
Baud rate	9600 bps		
Start bits	1 bit		
Stop bits	1 bit		
Parity	Even		
Character code	ASCII 7-bit code		
Data format	8 characters, as shown below.		
	<ul> <li>"P" "+" or "-" Rotational data in five digits "CR" digits "CR"</li> <li>Data is "P+00000" (CR) or parity</li> <li>Note 1. Data is "P+00000" (CR) or "P-00000" (CR) when the number of revolutions is zero.</li> <li>2. The revolution range is "-32768" to "+32767". When this range is exceeded, the data changes from "+32767" to "-32678" or from "-32678" to "+32767". When changing multiturn limit, the range changes. For details, refer to 4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting.</li> </ul>		

Initial Incremental Pulses

The initial incremental pulses are output after division inside the SERVOPACK in the same way as for normal incremental pulses. Refer to 4.4.4 Encoder Output Pulses for details.

## (4) Transferring Alarm Contents

If an absolute encoder is used, the contents of alarms detected by the SERVOPACK are transmitted in serial data to the host controller from the PAO output when the Turn Sensor OFF command (SENS\_OFF) is received.

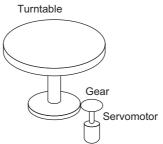
Note: The SENS\_OFF command cannot be received while the servomotor power is ON.

Output example of alarm contents are as shown below.

Turn Sensor OFF (SENS_OFF)	ON Error detection		OFF
(02.00_00.0)			
Panel Display	<b>B,</b> or <b>B</b>	$\square \rightarrow \square \rightarrow \square \rightarrow \square$ $Overspeed$	
PAO Output	Incremental pulse		Serial Data al Data Format "1", ".", "CR" digits

# 4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting

The multiturn limit setting is used in position control applications for a turntable or other rotating device. For example, consider a machine that moves the turntable in the following diagram in only one direction.



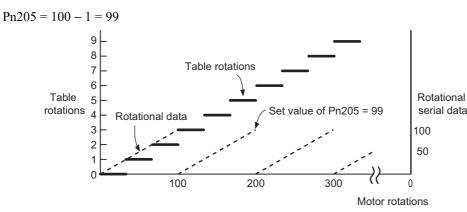
Because the turntable moves in only one direction, the upper limit for revolutions that can be counted by an absolute encoder will eventually be exceeded. The multiturn limit setting is used in cases like this to prevent fractions from being produced by the integral ratio of the motor revolutions and turntable revolutions.

For a machine with a gear ratio of n:m, as shown above, the value of m minus 1 will be the setting for the multiturn limit setting (Pn205).

Multiturn limit setting (Pn205) = m-1

The case in which the relationship between the turntable revolutions and motor revolutions is m = 100 and n = 3 is shown in the following graph.

Pn205 is set to 99.



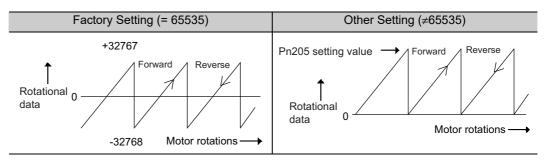
	Multiturn Limit Settir	ng	Speed Position Torque Class		
Pn205	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	1 Rev	65535	After restart	Setup

Note: This parameter is valid when the absolute encoder is used.

The range of the data will vary when this parameter is set to anything other than the factory setting.

- 1. When the motor rotates in the reverse direction with the rotational data at 0, the rotational data will change to the setting of Pn205.
- 2. When the motor rotates in the forward direction with the rotational data at the Pn205 setting, the rotational data will change to 0.

Set the value, the desired rotational amount -1, to Pn205.



## **4.7.7** Multiturn Limit Disagreement Alarm (A.CC0)

When the multiturn limit set value is changed with parameter Pn205, a multiturn limit disagreement alarm (A.CC0) will be displayed because the value differs from that of the encoder.

Alarm Display	Alarm Name	Alarm Output	Meaning
A.CC0	Multiturn Limit Disagreement	()EE (H)	Different multiturn limits have been set in the encoder and SERVOPACK.

If this alarm is displayed, perform the operation described below and change the multiturn limit value in the encoder to the value set in Pn205.

This setting can be performed using the Write Memory command (MEM\_WR). For details on the MEM\_WR (Write Memory) Command, refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation		
1	A.CCO -FUNCTION- Fn012:Soft Ver <u>Fn013:</u> MturnLmSet Fn014:Opt Init Fn01B:ViblvI Init		Press the $\stackrel{\text{Keyto select the utility function. And} press the \land or \lor Key to select the Fn013.$		
2	A.CCO Multiturn Limit Set Start :[DATA] Return:[SET]	DATA	Press the www Key to view the execution display of Fn013. Note: If the display is not switched and "NO-OP" is displayed in the status display, the Write Prohibited Setting (Fn010 = 0001) is set. Check the setting and reset.		
3	A.CCO Multiturn Limit Set Start :[DATA] Return:[SET]	DATA MODE/SET	Press the www Key to set the multiturn limit value. When the setting is completed, the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "A.CCO" again. Note: If the key is pressed instead of the key, the multiturn limit value will not be reset.		
4	A.CCO -FUNCTION- Fn012:Soft Ver <u>Fn013:</u> MturnLmSet Fn014:Opt Init Fn01B:ViblvI Init	MODE/SET	Press the Control Key to return to the display the proce- dure 1.		
5	To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again.				

4.7.8 Absolute Encoder Origin Offset

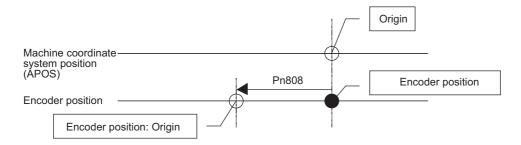
## 4.7.8 Absolute Encoder Origin Offset

If using the absolute encoder, the positions of the encoder and the offset of the machine coordinate system (APOS) can be set. Use Pn808 to make the setting. After the SENS\_ON command is received by MECHATROLINK communications, this parameter will be enabled.

	Absolute Encoder O	rigin Offset	Posit	Classification	
Pn808	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	0	Immediately	Setup

#### <Example>

If the encoder position (X) is set at the origin of the machine coordinate system (0), Pn808 = X.



# 4.8 Other Output Signals

This section explains other output signals.

Use these signals according to the application needs, e.g., for machine protection.

# 4.8.1 Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

This section describes signals that are output when the SERVOPACK detects errors and resetting methods.

#### (1) Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

This signal is output when the SERVOPACK detects an error.

0	Configure an external circuit so that this alarm output turns OFF the main circuit power supply to the SERVOPACK and converter whenever an error occurs.
IMPORTANT	

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	ut ALM CN1-31, 32	ON (closed)	Normal status	
Output			OFF (open)	Alarm status

#### (2) Alarm Reset Method

If a servo alarm (ALM) occurs, use one of the following methods to reset the alarm after eliminating the cause of the alarm.



Be sure to eliminate the cause of the alarm before resetting it. If the alarm is reset and operation continued without eliminating the cause of the alarm, it may result in damage to the equipment or fire.

#### Resetting Alarms by Sending Clear Warning or Alarm Command (ALM\_CLR)

For details, refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

#### Resetting Alarms Using the Digital Operator

Press the ALARM RESET Key on the digital operator. For details, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

# **4.8.2** Warning Output Signal (/WARN)

This signal is for a warning issued before the occurrence of an alarm. Refer to 9.2.1 List of Warnings.

(1) Signal Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	/WARN Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Warning status	
Output		What be anotated	OFF (open)	Normal status

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.3 to allocate the /WARN signal for use. For details, refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations. 4.8.3 Rotation Detection Output Signal (/TGON)

# 4.8.3 Rotation Detection Output Signal (/TGON)

This output signal indicates that the servomotor is rotating at the speed set for Pn502 or a higher speed.

#### (1) Signal Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	Dut /TGON Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Servomotor is rotating with the motor speed above the setting in Pn502.	
Calput	1000	GON Must be allocated	OFF (open)	Servomotor is rotating with the motor speed below the setting in Pn502.

Note: Use parameter Pn50E.2 to allocate the /TGON signal for use. For details, refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations.

#### (2) Related Parameter

Set the range in which the /TGON signal is output using the following parameter.

	Rotation Detection L	evel	Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn502	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	20	Immediately	Setup

# 4.8.4 Servo Ready Output Signal (/S-RDY)

This signal is turned ON when the SERVOPACK is ready to accept the servo ON (SV\_ON) command.

The /S-RDY signal is turned ON under the following conditions.

- The main circuit power supply is ON.
- No hard wire base block state
- No servo alarms
- The Turn Sensor ON (SENS\_ON) command is received. (When an absolute encoder is used.)

If an absolute encoder is used, the output of absolute data to the host controller must have been completed when the SENS\_ON command is received.

For details on the hard wire base block function, refer to 4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function.

#### (1) Signal Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output /S-RD		Must be allocated	ON (closed)	The SERVOPACK is ready to accept the SV_ON command.
	/J-RD I		OFF (open)	The SERVOPACK is not ready to accept the SV_ON command.

Note 1. Use parameter Pn50E.3 to allocate the /S-RDY signal for use. For details, refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations.

2. For details on the hard wire base block function and the servo ready output signal, refer to 4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function.

Setup

# **4.8.5** Speed Coincidence Output Signal (/V-CMP)

0 to 100

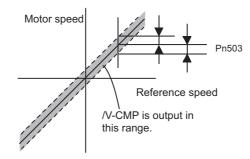
The speed coincidence output signal (/V-CMP) is output when the actual servomotor speed is the same as the reference speed. The host controller uses the signal as an interlock. This signal is the output signal during speed control.

Туре	Signal Name		ector Pin Imber	Setting Meaning				
Output	/V-CMP	V-CMP Must be all		Aust be allocated ON (closed		Speed coincides.		
Output /v-CMP		White de anocated		OFF (open) Spo		Speed do	Speed does not coincide.	
Note: Use parameter Pn50E.1 to allocate the /V-CMP signal for use. Refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations for details.								
	Speed Coir	peed Coincidence Signal Output Width Speed						Classification
Pn503	Setting F	Range	Setting	Unit	Factory S	etting	When Enabled	

The /V-CMP signal is output when the difference between the reference speed and actual motor speed is below this setting.

10

Immediately



1 min<sup>-1</sup>

#### <Example>

The /V-CMP signal is output at 1900 to 2100 min<sup>-1</sup> if the Pn503 is set to 100 and the reference speed is 2000 min<sup>-1</sup>.

4.8.6 Positioning Completed Output Signal (/COIN)

# 4.8.6 Positioning Completed Output Signal (/COIN)

This signal indicates that servomotor movement has been completed during position control.

When the difference between the number of references output by the host controller and the travel distance of the servomotor (position error) drops below the set value in the parameter, the positioning completion signal will be output.

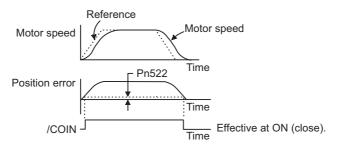
Use this signal to check the completion of positioning from the host controller.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output /COIN		Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Positioning has been completed.
			OFF (open)	Positioning is not completed.

Note: Use parameter Pn50E.0 to allocate the /COIN signal for use. Refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations for details.

D. 500	Positioning Complete	Classification			
Pn522	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	7	Immediately	Setup

The positioning completed width setting has no effect on final positioning accuracy.



Note: If the parameter is set to a value that is too large, a positioning completed signal might be output if the position error is low during a low speed operation. This will cause the positioning completed signal to be output continuously. If this signal is output unexpectedly, reduce the set value until it is no longer output.

If the position error is kept to a minimum when the positioning completed width is small, use Pn207.3 to change output timing for the /COIN signal.

Pa	arameter	Name	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]		When the absolute value of the posi- tion error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522).		
Pn207	n.1000	/COIN Output Timing	When the absolute value of the posi- tion error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522), and the ref- erence after applying the position ref- erence filter is 0.	After restart	Setup
	n.2000		When the absolute value of the posi- tion error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522), and the position reference input is 0.		

# **4.8.7** Positioning Near Output Signal (/NEAR)

Before confirming that the positioning completed signal has been received, the host controller first receives a positioning near signal and can prepare the operating sequence after positioning has been completed. The time required for this sequence after positioning can be shortened.

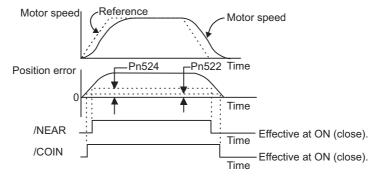
This signal is generally used in combination with the positioning completed output signal.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output	/NEAR	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	The servomotor has reached a point near to positioning completed.
Output /NE	MLAK		OFF (open)	The servomotor has not reached a point near to positioning completed.

Note: Use parameter Pn510.0 to allocate the /NEAR signal for use. Refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations for details.

	NEAR Signal Width		Position	Classification	
Pn524	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1073741824	Immediately	Setup

The positioning near signal (/NEAR) is output when the difference between the number of references output by the host controller and the travel distance of the servomotor (position error) is less than the set value.



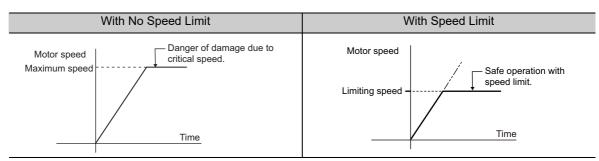
Note: Normally, the value of Pn524 should be larger than that for the positioning completed width (Pn522).

# 4.8.8 Speed Limit Detection Signal (/VLT)

This function limits the speed of the servomotor to protect the machine.

A servomotor in torque control is controlled to output the specified torque, but the motor speed is not controlled. Therefore, if an excessive reference torque is set for the load torque on the machinery side, the speed of the servomotor may increase greatly. If that may occur, use this function to limit the speed.

Note: The actual limit value of motor speed depends on the load conditions of the servomotor.



The parameters related to the speed limit, such as for selecting the speed limit method, are described next.

4.8.8 Speed Limit Detection Signal (/VLT)

## (1) Signals Output during Servomotor Speed Limit

The following signal is output when the motor speed reaches the limit speed.

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output /VLT	/VI T	Must be allocated	ON (closed)	Servomotor speed limit being applied.
	/ • 11		OFF (open)	Servomotor speed limit not being applied.

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.1 to allocate the /VLT signal for use. For details, refer to 3.4.2 Output Signal Allocations.

#### (2) Speed Limit Setting

Select the speed limit mode with Pn002.1.

The smaller of the external speed limit and internal speed limit will be used.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□0□	Reserved (Do not set.)		
Pn002	n.□□1□ [Factory setting]	.□□1□         Use the speed limit for torque control (VLIM) as the		Setup

#### Internal Speed Limit Function

If the internal speed limit function is selected in Pn002.1, set the limit of the maximum speed of the servomotor in Pn407. The limit of the speed in Pn408.1 can be either the maximum speed of the servomotor or the overspeed alarm detection speed. Select the overspeed alarm detection speed to limit the speed to the maximum speed of the servomotor or the equivalent.

	Speed Limit During T	Classification			
Pn407	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	Setup

Note: The servomotor's maximum speed or the overspeed alarm detection speed will be used when the setting in this parameter exceeds the maximum speed of the servomotor used.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn408	n.□□0□Uses the smaller value of the maximum motor speed and the value of Pn407 as the speed limit value.		After restart	Setup
Pn408	n.□□1□	Uses the smaller value of the overspeed alarm detec- tion speed and the value of Pn407 as speed limit value.	Titer result	Setup

External Speed Limit Function

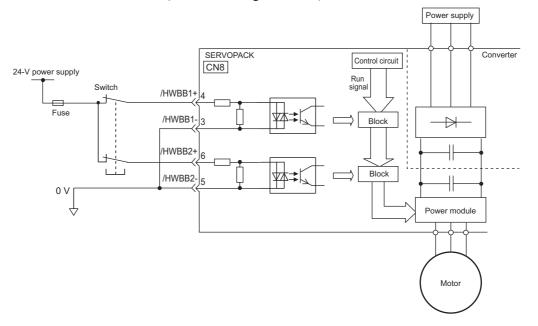
If the external speed limit function is selected in Pn002.1, the motor speed is controlled by the speed limit value (VLIM). For details, refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

# 4.9 Safety Function

The safety function is incorporated in the SERVOPACK to reduce the risk associated with the machine by protecting workers from injury and by securing safe machine operation. Especially when working in hazardous areas inside the safeguard, as for machine maintenance, it can be used to avoid adverse machine movement.

## 4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function

The Hard Wire Base Block function (hereinafter referred to as HWBB function) is a safety function designed to baseblock the servomotor (shut off the motor current) by using the hardwired circuits. Each circuit for two channel input signals blocks the run signal to turn off the power module that controls the motor current, and the motor current is shut off. (Refer to the diagram below.)



Note: For safety function signal connections, the input signal is the 0 V common and the output signal is the source output. This is the opposite of other signals described in this manual. To avoid confusion, the ON and OFF status of signals for safety functions are defined as follows:

ON: The state in which the relay contacts are closed or the transistor is ON and current flows into the signal line. OFF: The state in which the relay contacts are open or the transistor is OFF and no current flows into the signal line.

#### (1) Risk Assessment

When using the HWBB function, be sure to perform a risk assessment of the servo system in advance. Make sure that the safety level of the standards is met. For details about the standards, refer to *Compliance with UL Standards, EU Directives, UK Regulations and Other Safety Standards* at the front of this manual.

Note 1. Applications for certification are pending to show that SERVOPACKs comply with rules and regulations for North American and other safety standards, including those for safe performance.

 To meet the performance level d (PLd) in EN ISO 13849-1, the EDM signal must be monitored by a host controller. If the EDM signal is not monitored by a host controller, the system only qualifies for the performance level c (PLc).

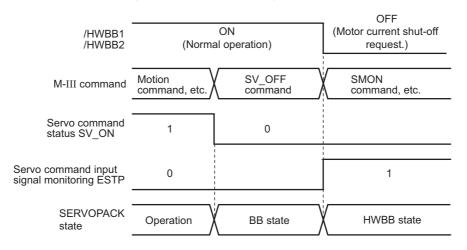
The following risks can be estimated even if the HWBB function is used. These risks must be included in the risk assessment.

- The servomotor will move in an application where external force is applied to the servomotor (for example, gravity on the vertical axis). Take measures to secure the servomotor, such as installing a mechanical brake.
- The servomotor may move within the electric angle of 180 degrees in case of the power module failure, etc. Make sure that safety is ensured even in that situation. The maximum motor rotation angle is 1/6 of a rotation (This is the converted rotation angle for the motor shaft).
- The HWBB function does not shut off the power to the SERVOPACK and converter or electrically isolate them. Take measures to shut off the power to the SERVOPACK and converter before performing maintenance on them.

4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function

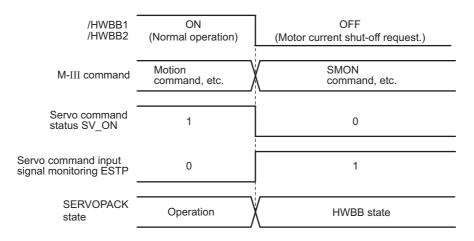
#### (2) Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) State

The SERVOPACK will be in the following state if the HWBB function operates. If the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF, the HWBB function will operate and the SERVOPACK will enter a hard wire baseblock (HWBB) state.



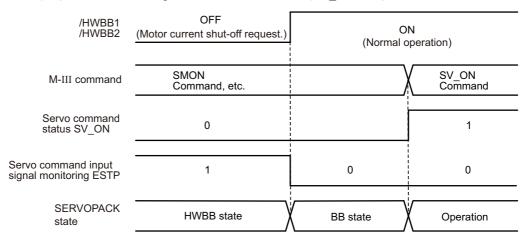
The HWBB function operates after the servomotor power is turned OFF.

The HWBB function operates while the servomotor power is ON.



#### (3) Resetting the HWBB State

Usually after the servo OFF command (SV\_OFF: 32h) is received and the servomotor power is OFF, the SER-VOPACK will then enter a hard wire baseblock (HWBB) state with the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals turned OFF. By then turning the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals ON in this state, the SERVOPACK will enter a baseblock (BB) state and can accept the servo ON command (SV\_ON: 31h).



If the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are OFF and the servo ON command is received, the HWBB state will be maintained after the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are turned ON.

Send the servo OFF command, and the SERVOPACK is placed in a BB state. Then send the servo ON command again.

/HWBB1 /HWBB2	OFF (Motor current shut-off request)	ON (Normal operat	tion)
M-III Command	SV_ON Command	SV_OFF Command	SV_ON Command
Servo command status SV_ON	0	0	1
Servo command input signal monitoring ESTP	1	0	0
SERVOPACK state	HWBB state	BB state	Operation

Note: Even if the servomotor power is turned OFF by turning OFF the main circuit power, the HWBB status is retained until a servo OFF command is received.

4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function

#### (4) Related Commands

If the HWBB function is working with the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal turned OFF, the setting of ESTP of the servo command input signal monitoring changes to 1, so the status of the upper level apparatus can be known by looking at the setting of this bit.

If the status becomes HWBB status during the execution of the next command, a command warning is issued. If a warning is given, clear the alarm to return to normal operational status. After stopping or canceling the action command, using the sequence of commands to return to the HWBB status is recommended.

Object Action Commands
Servo ON (SV_ON)
Interpolating (INTERPORATE)
Positioning (POSING)
Constant speed feed (FEED)
Constant speed feed with position detection function (EX_FEED)
Interpolating with position detection function (LATCH)
External input positioning (EX_POSING)
Homing (ZRET)

#### (5) Error Detection in HWBB Signal

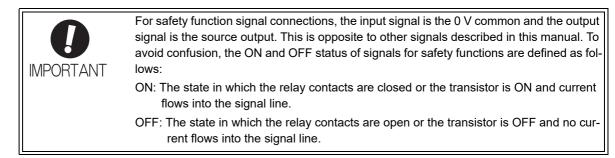
If only the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is input, an A.Eb1 alarm (Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error) will occur unless the other signal is input within 10 seconds. This makes it possible to detect failures, such as disconnection of the HWBB signals.

# 

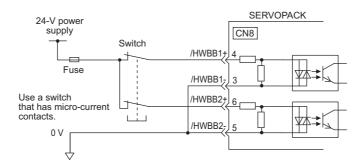
• The safety function signal input timing error alarm (A.Eb1) is not a safety-related part of a control system. Keep this in mind in the system design.

#### (6) Connection Example and Specifications of Input Signals (HWBB Signals)

The input signals must be redundant. A connection example and specifications of input signals (HWBB signals) are shown below.



Connection Example



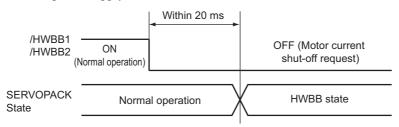
Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Input _	/HWBB1	CN8-4 CN8-3	ON (closed)	Does not use the HWBB function. (normal operation)
			OFF (open)	Uses the HWBB function. (motor current shut-off request)
	/HWBB2	CN8-6	ON (closed)	Does not use the HWBB function. (normal operation)
			OFF (open)	Uses the HWBB function. (motor current shut-off request)

The input signals (HWBB signals) have the following electrical characteristics.

Items	Characteristics	Remarks
Internal Impedance	3.3 kΩ	-
Operation Movable Volt- age Range	+11 V to + 25 V	-
Maximum Delay Time	20 ms	Time from the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are OFF to the HWBB function operates.

If the HWBB function is requested by turning OFF the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signals on the two channels, the power supply to the servomotor will be turned OFF within 20 ms (see below).



Note 1. The OFF status is not recognized if the total OFF time of the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals is 0.5 ms or shorter.
 2. The status of the input signals can be checked using monitor displays. Refer to 7.5 *Monitoring Safety Input Signals*.

#### (7) Operation with Utility Functions

The HWBB function works while the SERVOPACK operates in the utility function.

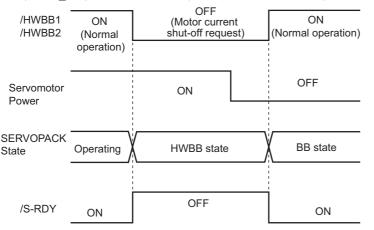
If any of the following utility functions is being used with the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals turned OFF, the SERVOPACK cannot be operated by turning ON the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals. Cancel the utility function first, and then set the SERVOPACK to the utility function again and restart operation.

- JOG operation (Fn002)
- Origin search (Fn003)
- Program JOG operation (Fn004)
- Advanced autotuning (Fn201)
- EasyFFT (Fn206)
- Automatic offset-signal adjustment of motor current detection signal (Fn00E)

#### (8) Servo Ready Output (/S-RDY)

The servo ON (SV\_ON: 31h) command will not be accepted in the HWBB state. Therefore, the servo ready output will turn OFF. The servo ready output will turn ON if the servomotor power is OFF (set to BB state) when both the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are ON.

The following diagram shows an example where the main circuit power supply is turned ON, the Turn Sensor ON (SENS\_ON) command is sent (with an absolute encoder), and no servo alarm occurs.



#### (9) Brake Signal (/BK)

When the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF and the HWBB function operates, the brake signal (/BK) will turn OFF. At that time, Pn506 (brake reference - servo OFF delay time) will be disabled. Therefore, the servo-motor may be moved by external force until the actual brake becomes effective after the brake signal (/BK) turns OFF.

# 

• The brake signal is not a safety-related part of a control system. Be sure to design the system so that the system will not be put into danger if the brake signal fails in the HWBB state. Moreover, if a servomotor with a brake is used, keep in mind that the brake for the servomotor is used only to prevent the movable part from being moved by gravity or an external force and it cannot be used to brake the servomotor.

#### (10) Dynamic Brake

If the dynamic brake is enabled in Pn001.0 (Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV\_OFF Command is Received), the servomotor will come to a stop under the control of the dynamic brake when the HWBB function works while the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF.



- The dynamic brake is not a safety-related part of a control system. Be sure to design the system so that the system will not be put into danger if the servomotor coasts to a stop in the HWBB state. Usually, use a sequence in which the HWBB state occurs after the servomotor is stopped using the reference.
- If the application frequently uses the HWBB function, do not use the dynamic brake to stop the servomotor. Otherwise element deterioration in the SERVOPACK and converter may result. To prevent internal elements from deteriorating, use a sequence in which the HWBB state occurs after the servomotor has come to a stop.

#### (11) Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

In the HWBB state, the servo alarm output signal (ALM) is not sent.

## **4.9.2** External Device Monitor (EDM1)

The external device monitor (EDM1) functions to monitor failures in the HWBB function. Connect the monitor to feedback signals to the safety function device.

Note: To meet the performance level d (PLd) in EN ISO13849-1, the EDM signal must be monitored by a host controller. If the EDM signal is not monitored by a host controller, the system only qualifies for the performance level c (PLc).

#### Failure Detection Signal for EDM1 Signal

The relation of the EDM1, /HWBB1, and /HWBB2 signals is shown below.

Detection of failures in the EDM1 circuit can be checked using the following four status of the EDM1 signal in the table. Failures can be detected if the failure status can be confirmed, e.g., when the power supply is turned ON.

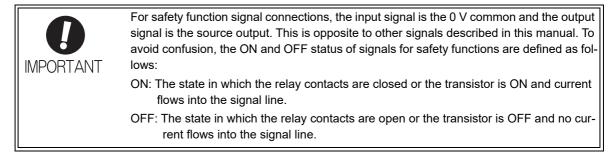
Signal Name	Logic			
/HWBB1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
/HWBB2	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
EDM1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

# \land WARNING

• The EDM1 signal is not a safety output. Use it only for monitoring a failure.

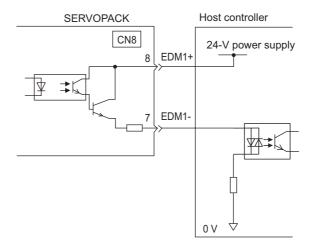
## (1) Connection Example and Specifications of EDM1 Output Signal

Connection example and specifications of EDM1 output signal are explained below.



#### Connection Example

EDM1 output signal is used for source circuit.



#### Specifications

Туре	Signal Name	Connector Pin Number	Setting	Meaning
Output EDM1	EDM1	CN8-8	ON (closed)	Both the /HWBB1 and the /HWBB2 signals are working normally.
Calput		CN8-7	OFF (open)	The /HWBB1 signal, the /HWBB2 signal or both are not working normally.

Electrical characteristics of EDM1 signal are as follows.

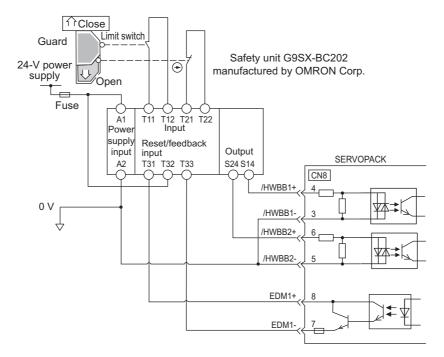
Items	Characteristics	Remarks
Maximum Allowable Voltage	30 VDC	-
Maximum Current	50 mADC	-
Maximum Voltage Drop at ON	1.0 V	Voltage between EDM1+ and EDM1- when current is 50 mA
Maximum Delay Time	20 ms	Time from the change in /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 until the change in EDM1

## **4.9.3** Application Example of Safety Functions

An example of using safety functions is shown below.

#### (1) Connection Example

In the following example, a safety unit is used and the HWBB function operates when the guard opens.



When a guard opens, both of signals, the /HWBB1 and the /HWBB2, turn OFF, and the EDM1 signal turns ON. Since the feedback is ON when the guard closes, the safety unit is reset, and the /HWBB1 and the / HWBB2 signals turn ON, and the operation becomes possible.

Note: The EDM1 signal is used as a sourcing output. Connect the EDM1 so that the current flows from EMD1+ to EMD1-.

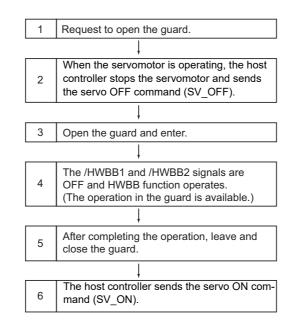
#### (2) Failure Detection Method

In case of a failure such as the /HWBB1 or the /HWBB2 signal remains ON, the safety unit is not reset when the guard closes because the EDM1 signal keeps OFF. Therefore starting is impossible, then the failure is detected.

In this case, an error in the external device, disconnection or short-circuiting of the external wiring, or a failure in the SERVOPACK or converter must be considered. Find the cause and correct the problem.

4.9.4 Confirming Safety Functions

(3) Procedure



## 4.9.4 Confirming Safety Functions

When starting the equipment or replacing the SERVOPACK or converter for maintenance, be sure to conduct the following confirmation test on the HWBB function after wiring.

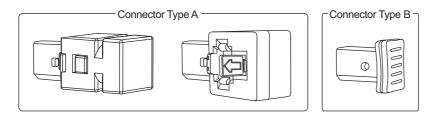
- When the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals turn OFF, check that the digital operator displays "Hbb" and that the servomotor does not operate.
- Check the ON/OFF states of the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals with Un015.

 $\rightarrow$  If the ON/OFF states of the signals do not coincide with the display, an error in the external device, disconnection or short-circuiting of the external wiring, or a failure in the SERVOPACK or converter must be considered. Find the cause and correct the problem.

• Check with the display of the feedback circuit input of the connected device to confirm that the EDM1 signal is OFF while in normal operation.

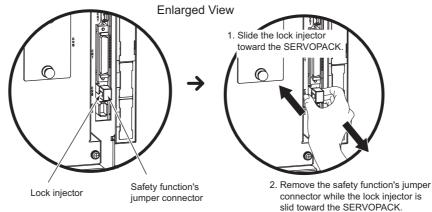
#### 4.9.5 Connecting a Safety Function Device

There are two types of the safety function's jumper connectors that are attached to SERVOPACKs. You must remove a safety function's jumper connector before connecting a safety function device. The connection method depends on the connector type that is used. Read the following procedures well before you attach a safety function device.



Use the following procedures to attach safety function devices.

- Connector Type A
  - 1. Slide the lock injector on the safety function's jumper connector toward the SERVOPACK to unlock it and remove the safety function's jumper connector.



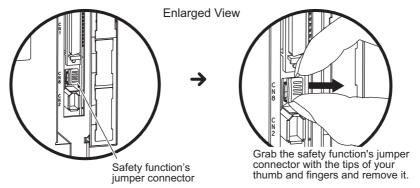
Note: The safety function's jumper connector may be damaged if removed while the lock is still on.

#### 2. Connect the safety function device to the safety connector (CN8).

Note: If you do not connect a safety function device, leave the safety function's jumper connector connected to the safety connector (CN8). If the SERVOPACK is used without the safety function's jumper connector connected to CN8, no current will be supplied to the servomotor and no motor torque will be output. In this case, the SERVOPACK will enter a hard wire base block state.

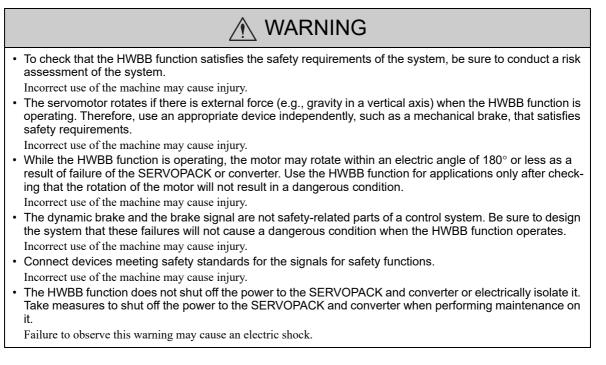
#### Connector Type B

1. Remove the safety function's jumper connector from the safety connector (CN8).



- **2.** Connect the safety function device to the safety connector (CN8).
- Note: If you do not connect a safety function device, leave the safety function's jumper connector connected to the safety connector (CN8). If the SERVOPACK is used without the safety function's jumper connector connected to CN8, no current will be supplied to the servomotor and no motor torque will be output. In this case, the SERVOPACK will enter a hard wire base block state.

# 4.9.6 Precautions for Safety Functions



# Adjustments

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# **5.1** Type of Adjustments and Basic Adjustment Procedure

This section describes type of adjustments and the basic adjustment procedure.

## 5.1.1 Adjustments

Adjustments (tuning) are performed to optimize the responsiveness of the SERVOPACK.

The responsiveness is determined by the servo gain that is set in the SERVOPACK.

The servo gain is set using a combination of parameters, such as speed loop gain, position loop gain, filters, friction compensation, and moment of inertia ratio. These parameters influence each other. Therefore, the servo gain must be set considering the balance between the set values.

Generally, the responsiveness of a machine with high rigidity can be improved by increasing the servo gain. If the servo gain of a machine with low rigidity is increased, however, the machine will vibrate and the responsiveness may not be improved. In such case, it is possible to suppress the vibration with a variety of vibration suppression functions in the SERVOPACK.

The servo gains are factory-set to appropriate values for stable operation. The following utility function can be used to adjust the servo gain to increase the responsiveness of the machine in accordance with the actual conditions. With this function, parameters related to adjustment above will be adjusted automatically and the need to adjust them individually will be eliminated.

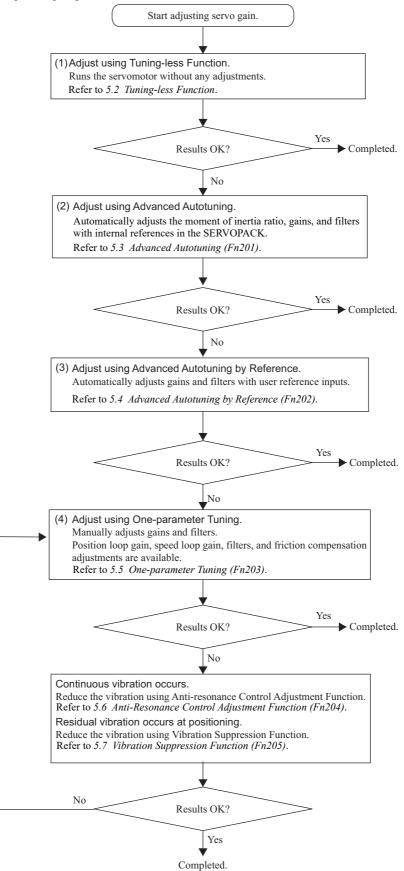
This section describes the following utility adjustment functions.

Utility Function for Adjustment	Outline	Applicable Control Method
Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200)	This function is enabled when the factory settings are used. This function can be used to obtain a stable response regardless of the type of machine or changes in the load.	Speed and Position
Advanced Autotuning (Fn201)	Image: state of the service of the	
Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202)	<ul> <li>The following parameters are automatically adjusted with the position reference input from the host controller while the machine is in operation.</li> <li>Gains (position loop gain, speed loop gain, etc.)</li> <li>Filters (torque reference filter, notch filter)</li> <li>Friction compensation</li> <li>Anti-resonance control adjustment function</li> <li>Vibration suppression function</li> </ul>	Position
One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)	<ul> <li>The following parameters are manually adjusted with the position or speed reference input from the host controller while the machine is in operation.</li> <li>Gains (position loop gain, speed loop gain, etc.)</li> <li>Filters (torque reference filter, notch filter)</li> <li>Friction compensation</li> <li>Anti-resonance control adjustment function</li> </ul>	Speed and Position
Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function (Fn204)	This function effectively suppresses continuous vibration.	Speed and Position
Vibration Suppression Function (Fn205)	This function effectively suppresses residual vibration if it occurs when posi- tioning.	Position

5.1.2 Basic Adjustment Procedure

# 5.1.2 Basic Adjustment Procedure

The basic adjustment procedure is shown in the following flowchart. Make suitable adjustments considering the conditions and operating requirements of the machine.



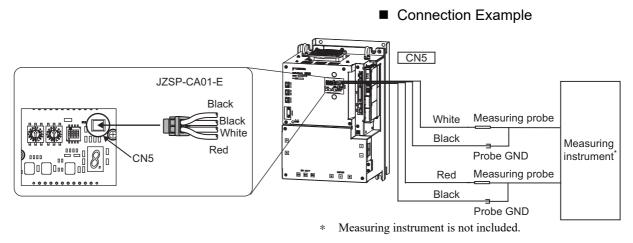
# 5.1.3 Monitoring Operation during Adjustment

Check the operating status of the machine and signal waveform when adjusting the servo gain. Connect a measuring instrument, such as a memory recorder, to connector CN5 analog monitor connector on the SERVO-PACK to monitor analog signal waveform.

The settings and parameters for monitoring analog signals are described in the following sections.

#### (1) Connector CN5 for Analog Monitor

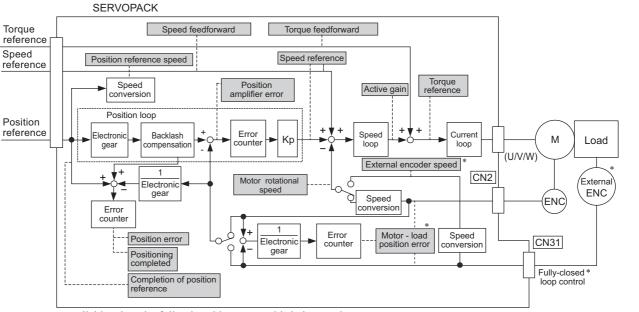
To monitor analog signals, connect a measuring instrument with cable (JZSP-CA01-E) to the connector CN5.



Line Color Signal Name		Factory Setting	
White         Analog monitor 1		Torque reference: 1 V/100% rated torque	
Red Analog monitor 2		Motor speed: 1 V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup>	
Black (2 lines)	GND	Analog monitor GND: 0 V	

#### (2) Monitor Signal

The shaded parts in the following diagram indicate analog output signals that can be monitored.



\* Available when the fully-closed loop control is being used.

5.1.3 Monitoring Operation during Adjustment

The following signals can be monitored by selecting functions with parameters Pn006 and Pn007. Pn006 is used for analog monitor 1 and Pn007 is used for analog monitor 2.

Parameter			Description	
Fai	ameter	Monitor Signal	Unit	Remarks
	n.□□00 [Pn007 Factory Setting]	Motor rotating speed	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup>	_
	n.□□01	Speed reference	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup>	-
	n.□□02 [Pn006 Factory Setting]	Torque reference	1 V/100% rated torque	_
	n.□□03	Position error	0.05 V/1 reference unit	0 V at speed/torque control
	n.□□04	Position amplifier error	0.05 V/1 encoder pulse unit	Position error after electronic gear conversion
D000	n.□□05	Position reference speed	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup>	-
Pn006 Pn007	n.□□06	Reserved (Do not set.)	-	-
	n.□□07	Motor-load position error	0.01 V/1 reference unit	-
	n.□□08	Positioning completed	Positioning completed: 5 V Positioning not com- pleted: 0 V	Completion indicated by out- put voltage.
	n.□□09	Speed feedforward	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup>	-
	n.□□0A	Torque feedforward	1 V/100% rated torque	-
	n.□□0B	Active gain *	1st gain: 1 V 2nd gain: 2 V	Gain type indicated by output voltage.
	n.□□0C	Completion of position reference	Completed: 5 V Not completed: 0 V	Completion indicated by out- put voltage.
	n.□□0D	External encoder speed	1 V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup>	Value at motor shaft

\* Refer to 5.8.1 Switching Gain Settings for details.

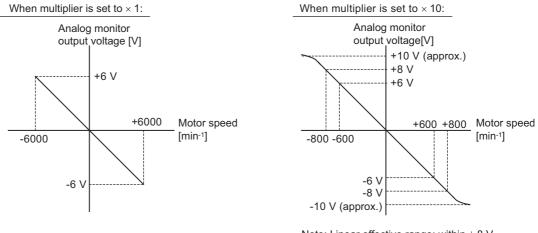
#### (3) Setting Monitor Factor

The output voltages on analog monitors 1 and 2 are calculated by the following equations.

Analog monitor 1 output voltage =  $(-1) \times \begin{pmatrix} Signal selection \times Multiplier + Offset voltage [V] \\ (Pn006=n.00 \Box) & (Pn552) & (Pn550) \end{pmatrix}$ Analog monitor 2 output voltage =  $(-1) \times \begin{pmatrix} Signal selection \times Multiplier + Offset voltage [V] \\ (Pn007=n.00 \Box) & (Pn553) & (Pn551) \end{pmatrix}$ 

#### <Example>

Analog monitor output at n.  $\Box \Box 00$  (motor rotating speed setting)



Note: Linear effective range: within  $\pm$  8 V Output resolution: 16-bit

#### (4) Related Parameters

Use the following parameters to change the monitor factor and the offset.

	Analog Monitor 1 Off	set Voltage	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn550	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Clacomodion
	-10000 to 10000	0.1 V	0	Immediately	Setup
	Analog Monitor 2 Offset Voltage		Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn551	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-10000 to 10000	0.1 V	0	Immediately	Setup
	Analog Monitor Mag	nification ( $\times$ 1)	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn552	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-10000 to 10000	× 0.01	100	Immediately	Setup
	Analog Monitor Mag	nification ( $ imes$ 2)	Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn553	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-10000 to 10000	× 0.01	100	Immediately	Setup

# 5.1.4 Safety Precautions on Adjustment of Servo Gains

# 

- If adjusting the servo gains, observe the following precautions.
  - Do not touch the rotating section of the servomotor while power is being supplied to the motor.
  - Before starting the servomotor, make sure that the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.
  - Make sure that a trial operation has been performed without any trouble.
  - Install a safety brake on the machine.

Set the following protective functions of the SERVOPACK to the correct settings before starting to adjust the servo gains.

#### (1) Overtravel Function

Set the overtravel function. For details on how to set the overtravel function, refer to 4.3.2 Overtravel.

#### (2) Torque Limit

The torque limit calculates the torque required to operate the machine and sets the torque limits so that the output torque will not be greater than required. Setting torque limits can reduce the amount of shock applied to the machine when troubles occur, such as collisions or interference. If a torque limit is set lower than the value that is needed for operation, overshooting or vibration can be occurred. For details, refer to *4.6 Limiting Torque*.

#### (3) Excessive Position Error Alarm Level

The excessive position error alarm is a protective function that will be enabled when the SERVOPACK is used in position control.

If this alarm level is set to a suitable value, the SERVOPACK will detect an excessive position error and will stop the servomotor if the servomotor does not operate according to the reference. The position error indicates the difference between the position reference value and the actual motor position.

The position error can be calculated from the position loop gain (Pn102) and the motor speed with the following equation.

Position Error [reference unit] =	Motor Speed [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	Encoder Resolution*1	$\sim$	Pn210
	60 ×	Pn102 [0.1/s]/10*2, *3	Χ.	Pn20E

• Excessive Position Error Alarm Level (Pn520 [1 reference unit])

 $Pn520 > \frac{Max. Motor Speed [min<sup>-1</sup>]}{60} \times \frac{Encoder Resolution^{*1}}{Pn102 [0.1/s]/10^{*2,*3}} \times \frac{Pn210}{Pn20E} \times (1.2 \text{ to } 2)^{*4}$ 

- \*1. Refer to 4.4.3 Electronic Gear.
- \*2. When model following control is enabled (Pn140 is set to n.  $\Box \Box \Box \Box$ ), use the set value of Pn141 and not that of Pn102.
- \*3. To check the Pn102 setting, change the parameter display setting to display all parameters (Pn00B.0 = 1).
- \*4. At the end of the equation, a coefficient is shown as "× (1.2 to 2)." This coefficient is used to add a margin that prevents a position error overflow alarm (A.d00) from occurring in actual operation of the servomotor.

Set the level to a value that satisfies these equations, and no position error overflow alarm (A.d00) will be generated during normal operation. The servomotor will be stopped, however, if it does not operate according to the reference and the SERVOPACK detects an excessive position error.

The following example outlines how the maximum limit for position deviation is calculated. These conditions apply.

- Maximum speed = 6000
- Encoder resolution = 1048576 (20 bits)
- Pn102 = 400

$$-\frac{\text{Pn210}}{\text{Pn20E}} = \frac{1}{1}$$

Under these conditions, the following equation is used to calculate the maximum limit (Pn520).

 $Pn520 = \frac{6000}{60} \times \frac{1048576}{400/10} \times \frac{1}{1} \times 2$  $= 2621440 \times 2$ 

= 5242880 (The factory setting of Pn520)

If the acceleration/deceleration of the position reference exceeds the capacity of the servomotor, the servomotor cannot perform at the requested speed, and the allowable level for position error will be increased as not to satisfy these equations. If so, lower the level of the acceleration/deceleration for the position reference so that the servomotor can perform at the requested speed or increase the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).

#### Related Parameter

	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level		Position		Classification
Pn520	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	5242880	Immediately	Setup

#### Related Alarm

Alarm Display	Alarm Name	Meaning
A.d00	Position Error Overflow	Position errors exceeded parameter Pn520.

#### (4) Vibration Detection Function

Set the vibration detection function to an appropriate value with the vibration detection level initialization (Fn01B). For details on how to set the vibration detection function, refer to 6.16 Vibration Detection Level Initialization (Fn01B).

#### (5) Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON

If position errors remain in the error counter when turning ON the servomotor power, the servomotor will move and this movement will clear the counter of all position errors. Because the servomotor will move suddenly and unexpectedly, safety precautions are required. To prevent the servomotor from moving suddenly, select the appropriate level for the excessive position error alarm level at servo ON (Pn526) to restrict operation of the servomotor.

#### Related Parameters

Pn5

	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON Position				Classification	
Pn526	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	1 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	5242880	Immediately	Setup	
	Excessive Position E	rror Warning Level at	Servo ON Position		Classification	
Pn528	Excessive Position E Setting Range	rror Warning Level at Setting Unit	Servo ON Position	When Enabled	Classification	
Pn528		-		When Enabled Immediately	Classification	

	Speed Limit Level at Servo ON		Position		Classification
529	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	Setup

5.1.4 Safety Precautions on Adjustment of Servo Gains

#### Related Alarms

Alarm Display	Alarm Name	Meaning
A.d01	Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	This alarm occurs if the servomotor power is turned ON when the position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the servomotor power is OFF.
A.d02	Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ON	When the position errors remain in the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is turned ON. If Pn529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position references are input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).

When an alarm occurs, refer to 9 Troubleshooting and take the corrective actions.

# **5.2** Tuning-less Function

The tuning-less function is enabled in the factory settings. If resonance is generated or excessive vibration occurs, refer to 5.2.2 *Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure* and change the set value of Pn170.2 for the rigidity level and the set value in Pn170.3 for the load level.

- CAUTION
   The Servomotor may momentarily emit a sound or vibrate the first time the servo is turned ON after the Servomotor is connected to the machine. This sound is caused by setting the automatic notch filter. It does not indicate a problem. However, if this sound or vibration continues, manually set a function to suppress vibration(e.g., a notch filter).
- The servomotor may vibrate if the load moment of inertia exceeds the allowable load value. If vibration occurs, set the mode to 2 in Fn200 or lower the adjustment level.

## **5.2.1** Tuning-less Function

The tuning-less function obtains a stable response without manual adjustment regardless of the type of machine or changes in the load.

## (1) Enabling/Disabling Tuning-less Function

The following parameter is used to enable or disable the tuning-less function.

F	Parameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□□0	Disables tuning-less function.		
	n.□□□1 [Factory setting]	Enables tuning-less function.		
Pn170	n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Used as speed control.	After restart	Setup
	n.0010	Used as speed control and host controller used as position control.		

#### (2) Application Restrictions

The tuning-less function can be used in position control or speed control. This function is not available in torque control. The following application restrictions apply to the tuning-less function.

Function	Availability	Remarks
Vibration detection level initialization (Fn01B)	Available	-
Advanced autotuning (Fn201)	Available (Some conditions apply)	<ul> <li>This function can be used when the moment of inertia is calculated.</li> <li>While this function is being used, the tuning-less function cannot be used. After completion of the autotuning, it can be used again.</li> </ul>
Advanced autotuning by reference (Fn202)	Not available	-
One-parameter tuning (Fn203)	Not available	-
Anti-resonance control adjustment func- tion (Fn204)	Not available	-
Vibration suppression function (Fn205)	Not available	-
EasyFFT (Fn206)	Available	While this function is being used, the tuning- less function cannot be used. After completion of the EasyFFT, it can be used again.
Friction compensation	Not available	-

5.2.1 Tuning-less Function

(cont'd)

Function	Availability	Remarks
Gain switching	Not available	-
Offline moment of inertia calculation*	Not available	Disable the tuning-less function by setting Pn170.0 to 0 before executing this function.
Mechanical analysis <sup>*</sup>	Available	While this function is being used, the tuning- less function cannot be used. After completion of the analysis, it can be used again.

\* Operate using SigmaWin+.

## (3) Automatically Setting the Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.) If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically and the notch filter will be set when the tuning-less function is enabled.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing tuningless function.

Pa	arameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn460	n.□0□□	Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
1 11-300	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	Set the 2nd notch filter automatically with utility function.	minediatery	Tuning

#### (4) Tuning-less Level Settings

Two tuning-less levels are available: the rigidity level and load level. Both levels can be set in the Fn200 utility function or in the Pn170 parameter.

#### Rigidity Level

a) Using the utility function

To change the setting, refer to 5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure.

Digital Operator Display	Meaning
Level 0	Rigidity level 0
Level 1	Rigidity level 1
Level 2	Rigidity level 2
Level 3	Rigidity level 3
Level 4 [Factory setting]	Rigidity level 4

#### b) Using the parameter

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn170	n.0000	Rigidity level 0 (Level 0)	Immediately	Setup
	n.🗆 1 🗆 🗆	Rigidity level 1 (Level 1)		
	n.🗆2🗆 🗆	Rigidity level 2 (Level 2)		
	n.□3□□	Rigidity level 3 (Level 3)		
	n.□4□□ [Factory setting]	Rigidity level 4 (Level 4)		

### Load Level

a) Using the utility function

To change the setting, refer to 5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure.

Digital Operator Display	Meaning
Mode 0	Load level : Low
Mode 1 [Factory setting]	Load level : Medium
Mode 2	Load level : High

## b) Using the parameter

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
n.0000		Load level : Low (Mode 0)		
Pn170	n.1□□□ [Factory setting]	Load level : Medium (Mode 1)	Immediately	Setup
	n.2000	Load level : High (Mode 2)		

## 5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure

• To ensure safety, perform the tuning-less function in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

The procedure to use the tuning-less function is given below.

Operate the tuning-less function from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

For the basic operation of the digital operator, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing the tuning-less function. If the settings are not correct, "NO-OP" will be displayed during the tuning-less function.

- The tuning-less function must be enabled (Pn170.0 = 1).
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled. (Pn00C.0 = 0).

### (2) Operating Procedure with Digital Operator

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn080: Pole         Detect <u>Fn200</u> : TuneLvl         Set           Fn201: AAT         Fn202: Ref – AAT		Press the $\fbox{cr}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list, select Fn200.
2	RUN — TuneLvISet— Mode=1	DATA	<ul> <li>Press the <sup>™</sup> Key to display the load level setting screen for Fn200 (Tuning-less Levels setting).</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>If the response waveform causes overshooting or if the load moment of inertia exceeds the allowable level (i.e., outside the scope of product guarantee), press the ∧ Key and change the mode setting to 2.</li> <li>If a high-frequency noise is heard, press the ∨ Key and change the mode setting to 0.</li> </ul>
3	RUN — Tune Lv I Set — Level = <u>4</u>	DATA	Press the Maximum Key to display the rigidity level of the tuning-less mode setting screen.
4	RUN - Tun e Lv   S e t - L e v e   = 4 $NF 2$ 2nd notch filter	JOG SVON	<ul> <li>Press the  Key or the  Key to select the rigidity level.</li> <li>Select the rigidity level from 0 to 4. The larger the value, the higher the gain is and the better response performance will be. (The factory setting is 4.) Notes:</li> <li>Vibration may occur if the rigidity level is too high. Lower the rigidity level if vibration occurs.</li> <li>If a high-frequency noise is heard, press the  Key to automatically set a notch filter to the vibration frequency.</li> </ul>
5	RUN — TuneLvISet — Level = <u>4</u>	DATA	Press the Key. "DONE" will flash for approxi- mately two seconds and then "RUN" will be dis- played. The settings are saved in the SERVOPACK.

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
6	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn030	MODE/SET	Press the EXPRESS They to complete the tuning-less func- tion. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

Note: If the rigidity level is changed, the automatically set notch filter will be canceled. If vibration occurs, however, the notch filter will be set again automatically.

### (3) Alarm and Corrective Actions

The autotuning alarm (A.521) will occur if resonance sound is generated or excessive vibration occurs during position control. In such case, take the following actions.

#### Resonance Sound

Reduce the setting of the rigidity level or load level.

#### Excessive Vibration during Position Control

Take one of the following actions to correct the problem.

- Increase the setting of the rigidity level or reduce the load level.
- Increase the setting of Pn170.3 or reduce the setting of Pn170.2.

### (4) Parameters Disabled by Tuning-less Function

When the tuning-less function is enabled in the factory settings, the settings of these parameters are not available: Pn100, Pn101, Pn102, Pn103, Pn104, Pn105, Pn106, Pn160, Pn139, and Pn408. These gain-related parameters, however, may become effective depending on the executing conditions of the functions specified in the following table. For example, if EasyFFT is executed when the tuning-less function is enabled, the settings in Pn100, Pn104, Pn101, Pn105, Pn102, Pn106, and Pn103, as well as the manual gain switch setting, will be enabled, but the settings in Pn408.3, Pn160.0, and Pn139.0 will be not enabled.

Pa	Related Functions and Parameters*				
Item Name		Pn Number	Torque Control	Easy FFT	Mechanical Analysis (Ver- tical Axis Mode)
	Speed Loop Gain 2nd Speed Loop Gain	Pn100 Pn104	0	0	0
Gain	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Pn101 Pn105	×	0	0
	Position Loop Gain 2nd Position Loop Gain	Pn102 Pn106	×	0	0
	Moment of Inertia Ratio	Pn103	0	0	0
Advanced Control	Friction Compensation Function Selec- tion	Pn408.3	×	×	×
	Anti-resonance Control Adjustment Selection	Pn160.0	×	×	×
Gain Switch- ing	Gain Switching Selection Switch	Pn139.0	×	×	×

\* O: Parameter enabled

×: Parameter disabled

5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure

## (5) Tuning-less Function Type

The following table shows the types of tuning-less functions for the version of SERVOPACK software.

Tuning-less Type	Meaning
Tuning-less type 1	-
Tuning-less type 2	The level of noise produced is lower than that of Type 1.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.🗆 🗆 🗆	Tuning-less type 1		
Pn14F	n.□□1□ [Factory setting]	Tuning-less type 2	After restart	Tuning

## 5.2.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

· Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn170	Tuning-less Function Related Switch	No	Yes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn40A	1nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes

5.3.1 Advanced Autotuning

# **5.3** Advanced Autotuning (Fn201)

This section describes the adjustment using advanced autotuning.

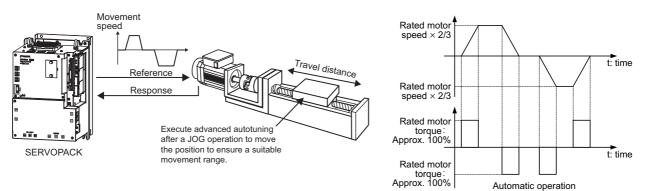
IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>Advanced autotuning starts adjustments based on the set speed loop gain (Pn100). Therefore, precise adjustments cannot be made if there is vibration when starting adjustments. In this case, make adjustments after lowering the speed loop gain (Pn100) until vibration is eliminated.</li> <li>Before performing advanced autotuning with the tuning-less function enabled (Pn170.0 = 1: Factory setting), always set Jcalc to ON to calculate the load moment of inertia. The tuning-less function will automatically be disabled, and the gain will be set by advanced autotuning. With Jcalc set to OFF so the load moment of inertia is not calculated, "Error" will be displayed on the panel operator, and advanced autotuning will not be performed.</li> <li>If the operating conditions, such as the machine-load or drive system, are changed after advanced autotuning, then change the following related parameters to disable any values that were adjusted before performing advanced autotuning once again with the setting to calculate the moment of inertia (Jcalc = ON). If advanced autotuning is performed without changing the parameters, machine vibration may occur, resulting in damage to the machine.</li> <li>Pn00B.0 = 1 (Displays all parameters.)</li> <li>Pn140.0 = 0 (Does not use model following control.)</li> <li>Pn408 = n.00□0 (Does not use friction compensation, 1st notch filter, or 2nd notch filter.)</li> </ul>

## 5.3.1 Advanced Autotuning

Advanced autotuning automatically operates the servo system (in reciprocating movement in the forward and reverse directions) within set limits and adjust the SERVOPACK automatically according to the mechanical characteristics while the servo system is operating.

Advanced autotuning can be performed without connecting the host controller. The following automatic operation specifications apply.

- Maximum speed: Rated motor speed  $\times 2/3$
- Acceleration torque: Approximately 100% of rated motor torque
  - The acceleration torque varies with the influence of the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103), machine friction, and external disturbance.
- Travel distance: The travel distance can be set freely. The distance is factory-set to a value equivalent to 3 motor rotations.



Advanced autotuning performs the following adjustments.

- Moment of inertia ratio
- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)
- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control
- Vibration suppression (Mode = 2 or 3)

Refer to 5.3.3 Related Parameters for parameters used for adjustments.

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 Because advanced autotuning adjusts the SERVOPACK during automatic operation, vibration or overshooting may occur. To ensure safety, perform advanced autotuning in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing advanced autotuning. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The control method must not be set to torque control.
- The gain selection switch must be in manual switching mode (Pn139.0 = 0).
- Gain setting 1 must be selected.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- All alarms and warning must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- Jcalc must be set to ON to calculate the load moment of inertia when the tuning-less function is enabled (Pn170.0 = 1: factory setting) or the tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).

Note:

• If advanced autotuning is started while the SERVOPACK is in speed control, the mode will change to position control automatically to perform advanced autotuning. The mode will return to speed control after completing the adjustment. To perform advanced autotuning in speed control, set the mode to 1 (Mode = 1).

### (2) When Advanced Autotuning Cannot Be Performed

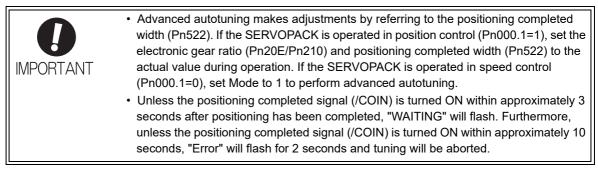
Advanced autotuning cannot be performed normally under the following conditions. Refer to 5.4 Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202) and 5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203) for details.

- The machine system can work only in a single direction.
- The operating range is within 0.5 rotation.

## (3) When Advanced Autotuning Cannot Be Performed Successfully

Advanced autotuning cannot be performed successfully under the following conditions. Refer to 5.4 Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202) and 5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203) for details.

- The operating range is not applicable.
- The moment of inertia changes within the set operating range.
- The machine has high friction.
- The rigidity of the machine is low and vibration occurs when positioning is performed.
- The position integration function is used.
- P control operation (proportional control) is used.
- Note:If a setting is made for calculating the moment of inertia, an error will result when P control operation is selected using /V PPI of the servo command output signals (SVCMD IO) while the moment of inertia is being calculated.
- The mode switch is used.
- Note: If a setting is made for calculating the moment of inertia, the mode switch function will be disabled while the moment of inertia is being calculated. At that time, PI control will be used. The mode switch function will be enabled after calculating the moment of inertia.
- Speed feedforward or torque feedforward is input.
- The positioning completed width (Pn522) is too small.



Change only the overshoot detection level (Pn561) to finely adjust the amount of overshooting without changing the positioning completed width (Pn522). Because Pn561 is set by default to 100%, the allowable amount of overshooting is the same amount as that for the positioning completed width.

When Pn561 is set to 0%, the amount of overshooting can be adjusted to prevent overshooting the positioning completed width. If the setting of Pn561 is changed, however, the positioning time may be extended.

	Overshoot Detection Level		Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn561	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup

## **5.3.2** Advanced Autotuning Procedure

The following procedure is used for advanced autotuning.

Advanced autotuning is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

The operating procedure from the digital operator is described here.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

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- When using the SERVOPACK with Jcalc = OFF (moment of inertia is not calculated), be sure to set a suitable value for the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). If the setting greatly differs from the actual moment of inertia ratio, normal control of the SERVOPACK may not be possible, and vibration may result.
- When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the mode = 1 (standard level). If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

### (1) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation			
1	BB         — FUNCTION—           F n 2 0 0 : Tun e L v I         S e t           F n 2 0 1 : AAT         AAT           F n 2 0 2 : Ref-AAT         F n 2 0 3 : On e P rmTun		Press the $\fbox{cr}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list, select Fn201.			
2	Status Display           BB         A d v a n c e d AT           J c a I c = ON           M o d e = 2         T y p e = 2           S t r o k e = + 00800000           (0003.0) r e v	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for Fn201(Advanced Autotuning).			
3	BB         Advanced         AT           Jcalc=ON         Mode=2         Type=2           Stroke=+00800000         (0003.0) rev	SCROLL	Press the $\land$ , $\lor$ , or $\overset{\text{seeal}}{\triangleq}$ Key and set the items in steps 3-1 to 3-4.			
3-1	<ul> <li>Calculating Moment of Inertia</li> <li>Select the mode to be used.</li> <li>Usually, set Jcalc to ON.</li> <li>Jcalc = ON: Moment of inertia calculated [Factory setting]</li> <li>Jcalc = OFF: Moment of inertia not calculated</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>If the moment of inertia ratio is already known from the machine specifications, set the value in Pn103 and set Jcalc to OFF.</li> </ul>					
3-2	<ul> <li>Mode Selection</li> <li>Select the mode.</li> <li>Mode = 1: Makes adjustments considering response characteristics and stability (Standard level).</li> <li>Mode = 2: Makes adjustments for positioning [Factory setting].</li> <li>Mode = 3: Makes adjustments for positioning, giving priority to overshooting suppression.</li> </ul>					
3-3	<ul> <li>Type Selection</li> <li>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven. If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.</li> <li>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms</li> <li>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]</li> <li>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions)</li> </ul>					

5.3.2 Advanced Autotuning Procedure

(cont'd)

			(cont'd)			
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation			
3-4	<ul> <li>STROKE (Travel Distance) Setting         Travel distance setting range:         The travel distance setting range is from -99990000 to +99990000 [reference unit]. Specify the STROK (travel distance) in increments of 1000 reference units. The negative (-) direction is for reverse rotation and the positive (+) direction is for forward rotation.     </li> <li>Initial value:         About 3 rotations     </li> <li>Notes:         <ul> <li>Set the number of motor rotations to at least 0.5; otherwise, "Error" will be displayed and the travel distance cannot be set.</li> <li>To calculate the moment of inertia and ensure precise tuning, it is recommended to set the number of motor rotations to around 3.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
4	B B         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 1 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 2 = 0 0 4 0 0         0         0	DATA	Press the <sup>was</sup> Key. The advanced autotuning execution screen will be displayed.			
5	RUN         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 1 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0         0         0	JOG SVON	Press the (363) Key. The servomotor power will be ON and the display will change from "BB" to "RUN." Note: If the mode is set to 1, Pn102 is displayed. If the mode is set to 2 or 3, the Pn102 display will change to the Pn141.			
6	ADJAdvancedATPn103=00300Pn100=00400Pn101=00200Pn141=00500Display example:After the moment of inertia is calculated.		<ul> <li>Calculates the moment of inertia.</li> <li>Press the  Key if a positive (+) value is set in</li> <li>STROKE (travel distance), or press the  V Key if a negative (-) value is set. Calculation of the moment of inertia will start. While the moment of inertia is being calculated, the set value for Pn103 will flash and "ADJ" will flash instead of "RUN." When calculating the moment of inertia is completed, the display will stop flashing and the moment of inertia is displayed. The servomotor will remain ON, but the auto run operation will be stopped temporarily. Notes:</li> <li>The wrong key for the set travel direction is pressed, the calculation will not start.</li> <li>If the moment of inertia is not calculated (Jcalc = OFF), the set value for Pn103 will be displayed.</li> <li>If "NO-OP" or "Error" is displayed during operation, press the  Key to cancel the function. Refer to (2) Failure in Operation and take a corrective action to enable operation.</li> </ul>			
7	_	DATA MODESET	After the servomotor is temporarily stopped, press the Main Key to save the calculated moment of inertia ratio in the SERVOPACK. "DONE" will flash for one second, and "ADJ" will be displayed again. Note: To end operation by calculating only the moment of inertia ratio and without adjusting the gain, press the content of the second secon			

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
8	A D J A d v an c e d A T P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0 P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 . 0 P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 6 . 3 6 P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0		■Gain Adjustment When the A or V Key is pressed according to the sign (+ or -) of the value set for stroke (travel dis- tance), the calculated value of the moment of inertia ratio will be saved in the SERVOPACK and the auto run operation will restart. While the servomotor is running, the filters, and gains will be automatically set. "ADJ" will flash during the auto setting opera- tion. Note: Precise adjustments cannot be made and "Error" will be displayed as the status if there is machine resonance when starting adjustments. If that occurs, make adjustments using one- parameter tuning (Fn203).	
9	A D J         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 . 0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6 . 3 6         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0         0         0	-	When the adjustment has been completed normally, the servomotor power will turn OFF, and "END" will flash for approximately two seconds and then "ADJ" will be displayed on the status display.	
10	BB         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 . 0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6 . 3 6         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0         0         0	DATA	Press the and Key. The adjusted values will be saved in the SERVOPACK. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds, and "BB" will be displayed. Note: Press the E Key to not save the values. The display will return to that shown in step 1.	
11	Turn the power supply OFF and ON again after executing advanced autotuning.			

## (2) Failure in Operation

## ■ When "NO-OP" Flashes on the Display

Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
The main circuit power supply was OFF.	Turn ON the main circuit power supply.
An alarm or warning occurred.	Remove the cause of the alarm or the warning.
Overtraveling occurred.	Remove the cause of the overtravel.
Gain setting 2 was selected by gain switching.	Disable the automatic gain switching.
The HWBB function operated.	Disable the HWBB function.

5.3.2 Advanced Autotuning Procedure

## ■ When "Error" Flashes on the Display

Error	Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
The gain adjustment was not successfully complet-ed.	Machine vibration is occurring or the posi- tioning completed signal (/COIN) is turning ON and OFF when the servomotor is stopped.	<ul> <li>Increase the set value for Pn522.</li> <li>Change the mode from 2 to 3.</li> <li>If machine vibration occurs, suppress the vibration with the anti-resonance control adjustment function and the vibration suppression function.</li> </ul>
An error occurred during the calculation of the mo- ment of inertia.	Refer to the following table ■ When an Erro Inertia.	or Occurs during Calculation of Moment of
Travel distance setting er- ror	The travel distance is set to approximately 0.5 rotation or less, which is less than the minimum adjustable travel distance.	Increase the travel distance. It is recom- mended to set the number of motor rota- tions to around 3.
The positioning complet- ed signal (/COIN) did not turn ON within approxi- mately 10 seconds after positioning adjustment was completed.	The positioning completed width is too nar- row or proportional control (P control) is being used.	<ul> <li>Increase the set value for Pn522.</li> <li>Set 0 to V_PPI in the servo command output signals (SVCMD_IO).</li> </ul>
The moment of inertia cannot be calculated when the tuning-less function was activated.	When the tuning-less function was activat- ed, Jcalc was set to OFF so the moment of inertia was not calculated.	<ul> <li>Turn OFF the tuning-less function.</li> <li>Set Jcalc to ON, so the moment of inertia will be calculated.</li> </ul>

## ■ When an Error Occurs during Calculation of Moment of Inertia

The following table shows the probable causes of errors that may occur during the calculation of the moment of inertia with the Jcalc set to ON, along with corrective actions for the errors.

Error Display	Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
Err1	The SERVOPACK started calculating the moment of inertia, but the calculation was not completed.	<ul><li>Increase the speed loop gain (Pn100).</li><li>Increase the STROKE (travel distance).</li></ul>
Err2	The moment of inertia fluctuated greatly and did not converge within 10 tries.	Set the calculation value based on the machine specifi- cations in Pn103 and execute the calculation with the Jcalc set to OFF.
Err3	Low-frequency vibration was detected.	Double the set value of the moment of inertia calculat- ing start level (Pn324).
Err4	The torque limit was reached.	<ul> <li>When using the torque limit, increase the torque limit.</li> <li>Double the set value of the moment of inertia calculating start level (Pn324).</li> </ul>
Err5	While calculating the moment of inertia, the speed control was set to proportional control by setting 1 to V_PPI in the servo command output signals (SVCMD_IO).	Operate the SERVOPACK with PI control while calcu- lating the moment of inertia.

### (3) Related Functions on Advanced Autotuning

This section describes functions related to advanced tuning.

### Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.) If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during advanced autotuning and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing advanced autotuning.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn460	n.□□□0	Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.		
	n.□□□1 [Factory setting]	Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
	n.0000	Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	Tuning
	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]			

### Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

P	arameter	Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn160	n.□□0□	Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
Pn160	n.□□1□ [Factory setting]	Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	Tunnig

### Vibration Suppression

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The vibration suppression function is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning and vibration suppression will be automatically adjusted and set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the setting for vibration suppression before executing advanced autotuning.

Note: This function uses model following control. Therefore, the function can be executed only if the mode is set to 2 or 3.

· Related Parameter

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
n.□0□□		Does not use the vibration suppression function auto- matically with the utility function.	Immediately Tuning	
Pn140	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the vibration suppression function automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	Tuning

5.3.2 Advanced Autotuning Procedure

### Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

The conditions for applying friction compensation depend on the mode. The friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 applies when the Mode is 1. The friction compensation function is always enabled regardless of the friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 when the Mode is 2 or 3.

Friction Comper Selectin		Mode = 1	Mode = 2	Mode = 3	
Pn408	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Adjusted without the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	
	n.1000	Adjusted with the friction compensation function			

### Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

F	Parameter	Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	Immediately	Tuning
Pn140	n.1000	Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	minediatery	Tuning

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63) for information on the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input.



 Model following control is used to make optimum feedforward settings in the SERVO-PACK when model following control is used with the feedforward function. Therefore, model following control is not normally used together with either the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller. However, model following control can be used with the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input if required. An improper feedforward input may result in overshooting.

## 5.3.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

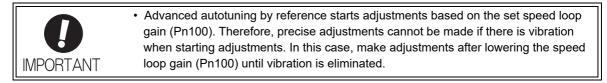
• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function. No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn100	Speed Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn101	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn102	Position Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn103	Moment of Inertia Ratio	No	No
Pn121	Friction Compensation Gain	No	Yes
Pn123	Friction Compensation Coefficient	No	Yes
Pn124	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	No	No
Pn125	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	No	Yes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes
Pn140	Model Following Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn141	Model Following Control Gain	No	Yes
Pn142	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	No	Yes
Pn143	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	No	Yes
Pn144	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	No	Yes
Pn145	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	No	Yes
Pn146	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	No	Yes
Pn147	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	No	Yes
Pn160	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn161	Anti-Resonance Frequency	No	Yes
Pn163	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	No	Yes
Pn531	Program JOG Movement Distance	No	No
Pn533	Program JOG Movement Speed	No	No
Pn534	Program JOG Acceleration/Deceleration Time	No	No
Pn535	Program JOG Waiting Time	No	No
Pn536	Number of Times of Program JOG Movement	No	No

# **5.4** Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202)

Adjustments with advanced autotuning by reference are described below.

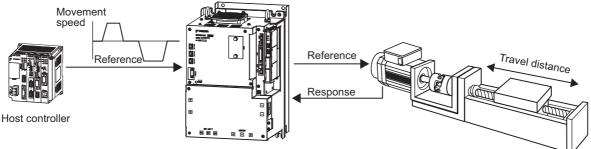


## 5.4.1 Advanced Autotuning by Reference

Advanced autotuning by reference is used to automatically achieve optimum tuning of the SERVOPACK in response to the user reference inputs from the host controller.

Advanced autotuning by reference is performed generally to fine-tune the SERVOPACK after advanced autotuning of the SERVOPACK has been performed.

If the moment of inertia ratio is correctly set to Pn103, advanced autotuning by reference can be performed without performing advanced autotuning.



SERVOPACK

Advanced autotuning by reference performs the following adjustments.

- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)
- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control
- Vibration suppression

Refer to 5.4.3 Related Parameters for parameters used for adjustments.

# 

 Because advanced autotuning by reference adjusts the SERVOPACK during automatic operation, vibration or overshooting may occur. To ensure safety, perform advanced autotuning by reference in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

### (1) Preparation

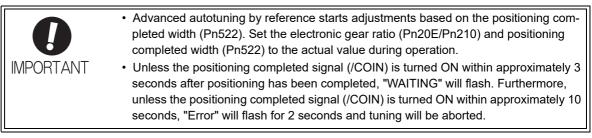
Check the following settings before performing advanced autotuning by reference. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The SERVOPACK must be in Servo Ready status (Refer to 4.8.4).
- There must be no overtravel.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The position control must be selected when the servomotor power is ON.
- The gain selection switch must be in manual switching mode (Pn139.0 = 0).
- Gain setting 1 must be selected.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled. (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- All alarms and warning must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).

### (2) When Advanced Autotuning by Reference Cannot Be Performed Successfully

Advanced autotuning by reference cannot be performed successfully under the following conditions. If the result of autotuning is not satisfactory, perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203). Refer to 5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203) for details.

- The travel distance in response to references from the host controller is smaller than the set positioning completed width (Pn522).
- The motor speed in response to references from the host controller is smaller than the set rotation detection level (Pn502).
- The stopping time, i.e., the period while the positioning completed /COIN signal is OFF, is 10 ms or less.
- The rigidity of the machine is low and vibration occurs when positioning is performed.
- The position integration function is used.
- P control operation (proportional control) is performed.
- The mode switch is used.
- The positioning completed width (Pn522) is too small.



Change only the overshoot detection level (Pn561) to finely adjust the amount of overshooting without changing the positioning completed width (Pn522). Because Pn561 is set by default to 100%, the allowable amount of overshooting is the same amount as that for the positioning completed width.

When Pn561 is set to 0%, the amount of overshooting can be adjusted without any overshooting in the positioning completed width. If the setting of Pn561 is changed, however, the positioning time may be extended.

	Overshoot Detection Level		Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn561	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup

5.4.2 Advanced Autotuning by Reference Procedure

## 5.4.2 Advanced Autotuning by Reference Procedure

The following procedure is used for advanced autotuning by reference.

Advanced autotuning by reference is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

Here, the operating procedure from the digital operator is described.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

# 

• When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the mode = 1 (standard level). If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

### (1) Operating Procedure

Set the correct moment of inertia ratio in Pn103 by using the advanced autotuning before performing this procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation		
1	BB         — FUNCTION—           Fn201:AAT         Fn202:Ref-AAT           Fn203:OnePrmTun         Fn203:OnePrmTun           Fn204:A-Vib         Sup		Press the $\fbox{cr}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn202.		
2	Status Display BB Advanced AT Mode=3 Type=2	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for Fn202(Advanced Autotuning by Reference).		
3	BB Advanced AT Mode= <u>3</u> Type=2		Press the $\land$ , $\lor$ , or $\overset{\text{source}}{\bigotimes}$ Key and set the items in steps 3-1 and 3-2.		
3-1	<ul> <li>Mode Selection</li> <li>Select the mode.</li> <li>Mode = 1: Makes adjustments considering response characteristics and stability (Standard level).</li> <li>Mode = 2: Makes adjustments for positioning [Factory setting].</li> <li>Mode = 3: Makes adjustments for positioning, giving priority to overshooting suppression.</li> </ul>				
3-2	<ul> <li>Type Selection</li> <li>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven.</li> <li>If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.</li> <li>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms</li> <li>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]</li> <li>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions)</li> </ul>				
4	BB         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0         0         0	DATA	Press the Key. The advanced autotuning by reference execution screen will be displayed. Note: If the mode is set to 1, Pn102 is displayed. If the mode is set to 2 or 3, the Pn102 display will change to the Pn141.		
5	RUN         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0         0         0	_	Send an SV_ON command from the host controller.		
6	Confirm safety around moving pa	urts.			

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
7	A D J A d v a n c e d A T P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0 P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 0 P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6 . 3 6 P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0		Input a reference from the host controller and then press the  or	
8	A D J         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6 . 3 6         0         0	_	When the adjustment has been completed normally, "END" will flash for approximately two seconds and "ADJ" will be displayed.	
9	RUN         A d v a n c e d         A T           P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0         0         0           P n 1 0 0 = 0 1 0 0 . 0         0         0           P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 0 6 . 3 6         0         0           P n 1 4 1 = 0 1 5 0 . 0         0         0	DATA	Press the will Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed. Note: Not to save the values set in step 6, press the Key. The display will return to that shown in step 1.	
10	Turn the power supply OFF and ON again after executing advanced autotuning by reference.			

## (2) Failure in Operation

## ■ When "NO-OP" Flashes on the Display

Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
The main circuit power supply was OFF.	Turn ON the main circuit power supply.
An alarm or warning occurred.	Remove the cause of the alarm or the warning.
Overtraveling occurred.	Remove the cause of the overtravel.
Gain setting 2 was selected by gain switching.	Disable the automatic gain switching.
HWBB operated.	Disable the HWBB function.

## When "Error" Flashes on the Display

Error	Probable Cause	Corrective Actions
The gain adjustment was not successfully completed.	Machine vibration is occurring or the posi- tioning completed signal (/COIN) is turning ON and OFF when the servomotor is stopped.	<ul> <li>Increase the set value for Pn522.</li> <li>Change the mode from 2 to 3.</li> <li>If machine vibration occurs, suppress the vibration with the anti-resonance control adjustment function and the vibration suppression function.</li> </ul>
The positioning complet- ed signal (/COIN) did not turn ON within approximately 10 seconds after position- ing adjustment was com- pleted.	The positioning completed width is too nar- row or proportional control (P control) is being used.	<ul> <li>Increase the set value for Pn522.</li> <li>Set 0 to V_PPI of the servo command output signals (SVCMD_IO).</li> </ul>

## (3) Related Functions on Advanced Autotuning by Reference

This section describes functions related to advanced autotuning by reference.

### Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.) If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during advanced autotuning by reference, and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing advanced autotuning by reference.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn460	n.□□□0	Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.		Tuning
	n.□□□1 [Factory setting]	Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	
	n.□0□□	Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function.		
	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]			

### Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning by reference and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn160         n.□□0□           n.□□1□         [Factory setting]		Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
		Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning

### Vibration Suppression

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The vibration suppression function is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning by reference and vibration suppression will be automatically adjusted and set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the setting for vibration suppression before executing advanced autotuning by reference.

Note: This function uses model following control. Therefore, the function can be executed only if the mode is set to 2 or 3. • Related Parameters

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.□0□□	Does not use the vibration suppression function auto- matically.	Immediately	Tuning
	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the vibration suppression function automatically.	minediatery	Tunnig

### Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

Conditions to which friction compensation is applicable depend on the mode. The friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 applies when the mode is 1. Mode = 2 and Mode = 3 are adjusted with the friction compensation function regardless of the friction compensation setting in P408.3.

Mode Friction Compensation Selecting		Mode = 1	Mode = 2	Mode = 3	
Pn408	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Adjusted without the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	
	n.1000	Adjusted with the friction compensation function			

### Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	Immediately	Tuning
11140	n.1000	Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	minediatery	

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63) for information on the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input.

Model following control is used to make optimum feedforward settings in the SERVO-PACK when model following control is used with the feedforward function. Therefore, model following control is not normally used together with either the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller. However, model following control can be used with the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input if required. An improper feedforward input may result in overshooting.

## 5.4.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

- Allowed changes during execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
- Automatic changes after execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
  - No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn100	Speed Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn101	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn102	Position Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn103	Moment of Inertia Ratio	No	No
Pn121	Friction Compensation Gain	No	Yes
Pn123	Friction Compensation Coefficient	No	Yes
Pn124	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	No	No
Pn125	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	No	Yes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	Pn40A 1st Notch Filter Q Value		Yes
Pn40C 2nd Notch Filter Frequency		No	Yes
Pn40D 2nd Notch Filter Q Value		No	Yes
Pn140	Model Following Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn141	Model Following Control Gain	No	Yes
Pn142	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	No	Yes
Pn143	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	No	Yes
Pn144	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	No	Yes
Pn145	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	No	Yes
Pn146	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	No	Yes
Pn147	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	No	Yes
Pn160	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn161	Anti-Resonance Frequency	No	Yes
Pn163	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	No	Yes

## **5.5** One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)

Adjustments with one-parameter tuning are described below.

## 5.5.1 One-parameter Tuning

One-parameter tuning is used to manually make tuning level adjustments during operation with a position reference or speed reference input from the host controller.

One-parameter tuning enables automatically setting related servo gain settings to balanced conditions by adjusting one or two tuning levels.

One-parameter tuning performs the following adjustments.

- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)
- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control

Refer to 5.5.4 *Related Parameters* for parameters used for adjustments.

Perform one-parameter tuning if satisfactory response characteristics is not obtained with advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference.

To fine-tune each servo gain after one-parameter tuning, refer to 5.8 Additional Adjustment Function.



• Vibration or overshooting may occur during adjustment. To ensure safety, perform one-parameter tuning in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

#### Preparation

Check the following settings before performing one-parameter tuning. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The tuning mode must be set to 0 or 1 when performing speed control.
- The main circuit power must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.

## 5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

The following procedure is used for one-parameter tuning.

There are the following two operation procedures depending on the tuning mode being used.

- When the tuning mode is set to 0 or 1, the model following control will be disabled and one-parameter tuning will be used as the tuning method for applications other than positioning.
- When the tuning mode is set to 2 or 3, the model following control will be enabled and it can be used for tuning for positioning.

One-parameter tuning is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

Make sure that the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) is set correctly using advance autotuning before beginning operation.

The following section provides the operating procedure from the digital operator.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

	CAUTION
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• When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the tuning mode = 0 or 1. If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

### (1) Digital Operator Operating Procedure

Setting the Tuning Mode 0 or 1

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         — FUNCTION—           Fn 202: Ref-AAT           Fn 203: OnePrmTun           Fn 204: A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup		Press the $(\overrightarrow{rr})$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn203.
2	Status Display BB — On e P r m T u n — P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0	DATA	Press the $\square$ Key to display the moment of inertia ratio set in Pn103 at present. Move the digit with the $\triangleleft$ or $\triangleright$ Key and change the value with the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key.
3	BB —OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 0 Type = 2	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for one-parameter tuning.
4	BB —OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 0 Type = 2	SCROLL	Press the $\land$ , $\lor$ , or $\overset{\text{secul}}{\overset{\text{result}}}{\overset{\text{result}}{\overset{\text{result}}{\overset{\text{result}}}{\overset{\text{result}}{\overset{\text{result}}}{\overset{\text{result}}{\overset{\text{result}}}{\overset{\text{result}}{\overset{\text{result}}}{\overset{\text{result}}}{\overset{\text{result}}{\overset{\text{result}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$
4-1	■Tuning Mode Select the tuning mode. Select the Tuning Mode = 0: Makes adjustm Tuning Mode = 1: Makes adjustm	ents giving priority to s	•

(cont'd)

Chain	Diamles often Onenetien	Keye	(cont d)	
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
4-2	<ul> <li>Type Selection</li> <li>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven.</li> <li>If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type</li> <li>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms</li> <li>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]</li> <li>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or transmissions).</li> </ul>			
5	RUN — OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 0 Type = 2	_	If the servomotor power is OFF, send an SV_ON command from the host controller. The display will change from "BB" to "RUN." If the servomotor power is ON, go to step 6.	
6	RUN         —OnePrmTun           Pn100=0040.0           Pn101=0020.00           Pn102=0040.0	DATA	Press the Key to display the set value.	
7	$RUN - On \circ PrmTun - LEVEL = 0050$ $NF1 NF2 ARES$	DATA	Press the Key again to display the LEVEL set- ting screen.	
8	RUN — OnePrmTun— LEVEL = 00 <u>5</u> 0 NF1 NF2 ARES	< > ^ V	<ul> <li>If readjustment is required, select the digit with the </li> <li>or &gt; Key or change the LEVEL with the A</li> <li>or ∨ Key. Check the response.</li> <li>If readjustment is not required, go to step 9.</li> <li>Note: The higher the level, the greater the responsiveness will be. If the value is too large, however, vibration will occur.</li> <li>If vibration occurs, press the  Key. The SER-VOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and make notch filter or an anti-resonance control settings. When the notch filter is set, "NF1" or "NF2" will be displayed on the bottom row. When the anti-resonance control is set, "ARES" will be displayed in the lower right corner.</li> <li>RUN -OnePrmTun-LEVEL=0070 NF1 NF2 ARES</li> <li>If the vibration is great, the vibration frequency will be detected automatically even if the  Key is not pressed and a notch filter or an anti-resonance control will be set.</li> </ul>	

Note: The status display will always be RUN when the servomotor power is ON.

5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
9	RUN —OnePrmTun— Pn100=0050.0 Pn101=0016.0 Pn102=0050.0	DATA	Press the Key. A confirmation screen will be displayed after LEVEL adjustment.
10	RUN — O n e P r m T u n — P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 5 0 . 0 P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 16 . 0 P n 1 0 2 = 0 0 5 0 . 0	DATA	<ul> <li>Press the Key to save the adjusted values. After the data is saved, "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and then "RUN" will be displayed.</li> <li>To return to the previous value, press the Key.</li> <li>Press the Key to readjust the level without saving the values.</li> </ul>
11	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 202: Ref-AAT         Fn 203: OnePrmTun           Fn 204: A-Vib         Sup           Fn 205: Vib         Sup	MODE/SET	Press the rest Key to complete the one-parameter tuning operation. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation		
1	BB         — FUNCTION—           Fn 202: Ref-AAT           Fn 203: On e PrmTun           Fn 204: A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup		Press the $rac{1}{rac{2}}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn203.		
2	Status Display BB — O n e P r m T u n — P n 1 0 3 = 0 0 3 0 0	DATA	Press the $\square$ Key to display the moment of inertia ratio set in Pn103 at present. Move the digit with the $\checkmark$ or $\triangleright$ Key and change the value with the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key.		
3	BB — OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 2 Type = 2	DATA	Press the <sup>DMA</sup> Key to display the initial setting screen for one-parameter tuning.		
4	BB — OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode = 2 Type = 2		Press the $\land$ , $\lor$ , or $\overset{\text{secul}}{\triangleq}$ Key and set the items in steps 4-1 and 4-2.		
4-1	<ul> <li>Tuning Mode</li> <li>Select the tuning mode. Select the tuning mode 2 or 3.</li> <li>Tuning Mode = 2: Enables model following control and makes adjustments for positioning.</li> <li>Tuning Mode = 3: Enables model following control, makes adjustments for positioning, and suppresses overshooting.</li> </ul>				
4-2	<ul> <li>Type Selection</li> <li>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven.</li> <li>If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.</li> <li>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms</li> <li>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]</li> <li>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions).</li> </ul>				
5	RUN —OnePrmTun— Setting Tuning Mode=2 Type=2	_	If the servomotor power is OFF, send an SV_ON command from the host controller. The display will change from "BB" to "RUN." If the servomotor power is ON, go to step 6.		
6	RUN         —OnePrmTun           Pn100=0040.0           Pn101=0020.00           Pn141=0050.0	DATA	Press the Key to display the set value.		
7	RUN —OnePrmTun— FF LEVEL=0050.0 FB LEVEL=0040.0	DATA	Press the way again to display FF LEVEL and FB LEVEL setting screens.		

## ■ Setting the Tuning Mode 2 or 3

5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

**Display after Operation** Step Keys Operation If readjustment is required, select the digit with the  $\checkmark$  or  $\succ$  Key or change the FF LEVEL and FB LEVEL with the  $\land$  or  $\lor$  Key. Check the response. If readjustment is not required, go to step 9. Note: The higher the FF LEVEL, the positioning time will be shorter and the response will be better. If the level is too high, however, overshooting or vibration may occur. Overshooting will be reduced if the FB LEVEL is increased. ■ If Vibration Occurs • If vibration occurs, press the Key. The SER-VOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and make notch filter or an anti-resonance control settings. When the notch filter is set, "NF1" and "NF2" are displayed on the bottom row. When the anti-resonance control is set, "ARES" will be displayed on the bottom low. — OnePrmTun-RUN RUN — On e P r m T u n -FF LEVEL=0050.0 > FF LEVEL=0050.0 FB LEVEL=0040.0 8 FB LEVEL=0040. 0 NF1 N F 2 ARES If Vibration Is Large • Even if the (see ) Key is not pressed, the SERVO-PACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and make notch filter or anti-resonance control settings. Notes: · If the FF LEVEL is changed when the servomotor is in operation, it will not be reflected immediately. The changes will be effective after the servomotor comes to a stop with no reference input and then the servomotor starts operation If the FF LEVEL is changed too much during operation, vibration may occur because the responsiveness is changed rapidly when the settings become effective. The message "FF LEVEL" flashes until the machine reaches the effective FF LEVEL. If the servomotor does not stop within approximately 10 seconds after changing the setting, a timeout will occur. The setting will be returned to the previous value. RUN — On e P r m T u n — P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0Press the LATA Key to display the confirmation screen 9 DATA P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00 after level adjustment. P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0 NF1 • Press the Key to save the adjusted values. After the data is saved, "DONE" will flash for — OnePrmTun— RUN approximately two seconds and then "RUN" will P n 1 0 0 = 0 0 4 0.0 be displayed. 10 DATA P n 1 0 1 = 0 0 2 0.00 P n 1 4 1 = 0 0 5 0.0 To return to the previous value, press the Key. N F 1 • Press the < Key to readjust the level without saving the values. - FUNCTION-RUN Press the Key to complete the one-parameter F n 2 0 2 : R e f - A A T MODE/SET 11 Fn203:OnePrmTun tuning operation. The screen in step 1 will appear Fn204: A-Vib Sup again. Fn205:Vib Sup

Note: The status display will always be RUN when the servomotor power is ON.

## (2) Related Functions on One-parameter Tuning

This section describes functions related to one-parameter tuning.

### Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.) If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during one-parameter tuning and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing oneparameter tuning.

P	arameter	Function	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□□0	Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.		Tuning
Pn460	n.□□□1 [Factory setting]	Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	
P11400	n.0000	Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	Tuning
	n.□1□□ [Factory setting]	Sets the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function.		

### Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.) When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during one-parameter tuning and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn160	n.□□0□	Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	Immediately	Tuning
1 1100	n.□□1□ [Factory setting]	Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function.	minediatery	Tunnig

"ARES" will flash on the digital operator when anti-resonance control adjustment function is set.

RUN	— OneP	rmTun— 0050 0040
FF LE	VEL =	0050
FB LE	VEL =	0040
NF1 N	IF2 A	ARES

5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

### ■ Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

Conditions to which friction compensation is applicable depend on the tuning mode. The friction compensation setting in F408.3 applies when the mode is 0 or 1. Tuning Mode = 2 and Tuning Mode = 3 are adjusted with the friction compensation function regardless of the friction compensation setting in P408.3.

Friction Compen Selecting		Tuning Mode = 0	Tuning Mode = 1	Tuning Mode = 2	Tuning Mode = 3
Pn408	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Adjusted without the friction compensation function	Adjusted without the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation	Adjusted with the friction compensation
	n.1000	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	Adjusted with the friction compensation function	function	function

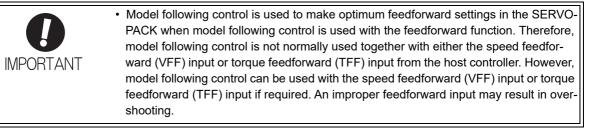
### Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the tuning mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

Parameter Function		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	Immediately	Tuning
	n.1000	Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.		

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63) for information on the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input.



## 5.5.3 One-parameter Tuning Example

The following procedure is used for one-parameter tuning on the condition that the tuning mode is set to 2 or 3. This mode is used to reduce positioning time.

Step	Measuring Instrument Display Example	Operation
1	Position error Reference speed Positioning completed signal	Measure the positioning time after setting the moment of iner- tia ratio (Pn103) correctly. Tuning will be completed if the specifications are met here. The tuning results will be saved in the SERVOPACK.
2		The positioning time will become shorter if the FF level is increased. The tuning will be completed if the specifications are met. The tuning results will be saved in the SERVOPACK. If overshooting occurs before the specifications are met, go to step 3.
3		Overshooting will be reduced if the FB level is increased. If the overshooting is eliminated, go to step 4.
4		The graph shows overshooting generated with the FF level increased after step 3. In this state, the overshooting occurs, but the positioning settling time is shorter. The tuning will be com- pleted if the specifications are met. The adjustment results are saved in the SERVOPACK. If overshooting occurs before the specifications are met, repeat steps 3 and 4. If vibration occurs before the overshooting is eliminated, the vibration will be suppressed by the automatic notch filter and anti-resonance control. Note: The vibration frequencies may not be detected if the vibration is too small. If that occurs, press the B Key to forcibly detect the vibration frequencies.
5	_	The adjustment results are saved in the SERVOPACK.

## 5.5.4 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

- Allowed changes during execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
- Automatic changes after execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
  - No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn100	Speed Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn101	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn102	Position Loop Gain	No	Yes
Pn103	Moment of Inertia Ratio	No	No
Pn121	Friction Compensation Gain	No	Yes
Pn123	Friction Compensation Coefficient	No	Yes
Pn124	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	No	No
Pn125	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	No	Yes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	Yes
Pn140	Model Following Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn141	Model Following Control Gain	No	Yes
Pn142	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	No	Yes
Pn143	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	No	Yes
Pn144	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	No	Yes
Pn145	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	No	No
Pn146	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	No	No
Pn147	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	No	Yes
Pn160	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn161	Anti-Resonance Frequency	No	Yes
Pn163	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	No	Yes

## **5.6** Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function (Fn204)

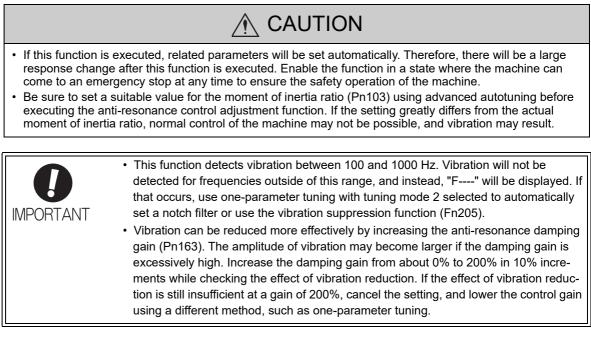
This section describes the anti-resonance control adjustment function.

## 5.6.1 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function

The anti-resonance control adjustment function increases the effectiveness of the vibration suppression after one-parameter tuning. This function is effective in supporting anti-resonance control adjustment if the vibration frequencies are from 100 to 1000 Hz.

This function rarely needs to be used because it is automatically set by the advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference input. Use this function only if fine-tuning is required, or vibration detection is failed and readjustment is required.

Perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203) or use another method to improve the response characteristics after performing this function. If the anti-resonance gain is increased with one-parameter tuning performed, vibration may result again. If that occurs, perform this function again to fine-tune the settings.



### (1) Before Performing Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function

Check the following settings before performing anti-resonance control adjustment function. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The control must not be set to torque control.
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

5.6.2 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function Operating Procedure

## 5.6.2 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function Operating Procedure

With this function, an operation reference is sent, and the function is executed while vibration is occurring.

Anti-resonance control adjustment function is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+. The following methods can be used for the anti-resonance control adjustment function.

- Using anti-resonance control for the first time
  - With undetermined vibration frequency
  - With determined vibration frequency
- For fine-tuning after adjusting the anti-resonance control

The following describes the operating procedure from the digital operator.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

### (1) Using Anti-Resonance Control for the First Time

With Undetermined Vibration Frequency

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn203: OnePrmTun <u>Fn204</u> : A-Vib Sup           Fn205: Vib Sup           Fn206: Easy FFT		Press the $\fbox{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list, select Fn204.
2	Status Display RUN — Vib Sup- Tuning Mode = 0	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for tuning mode.
3	RUN — Vib Sup— Tuning Mode = <u>0</u>		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key and set the tuning mode "0."
4	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = Hz damp = 0000	DATA	Press the <sup>DMB</sup> Key while "Tuning Mode = 0" is dis- played. The screen shown on the left will appear. The detection of vibration frequencies will start and "freq" will flash. Return to step 3 if vibration is not detected. Note: If vibration is not detected even when vibration is occurring, lower the vibration detection sen- sitivity (Pn311). When this parameter is low- ered, the detection sensitivity will be increased. Vibration may not be detected accurately if too small value is set.
5	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0000		The vibration frequency will be displayed in "freq" if vibration is detected.

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	(cont d) Operation
6	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0000	DATA	Press the Key. The cursor will move to "damp," and the flashing of "freq" will stop.
7	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 01 <u>2</u> 0	< > A V	Select the digit with the ≤ or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to set the damping gain.
8	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 040 <u>0</u> Hz damp = 012 <u>0</u>	SOROLL	If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 9 and go to step 10.
9	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0420 Hz damp = 0120	< >	Select the digit with the $\leq$ or $>$ Key, and press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to fine-tune the frequency.
10	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0420 Hz damp = 0120	DATA	Press the Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed.
11	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 203: On e PrmTun <u>Fn 204</u> : A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup           Fn 206: Easy FFT	MODE/SET	Press the EXE Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

5.6.2 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 203: On e PrmTun <u>Fn 204</u> : A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup           Fn 206: Easy		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list, select Fn204.
2	RUN — Vib Sup— Tuning Mode = 0	DATA	Press the Key to display the initial setting screen for tuning mode.
3	$ \begin{array}{c} R  U  N & -F  U  N  C  T  I  O  N  - \\ \\ T  u  n  i  n  g & M  o  d  e  =  \underline{1} \\ \end{array} $		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key and set the tuning mode "1."
4	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0100 Hz damp = 0000	DATA	Press the bask Key while "Tuning Mode = 1" is displayed. The screen shown on the left will appear and "freq" will flash.
5	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0100 Hz damp = 0000	< >	Select the digit with the $\triangleleft$ or $\succ$ Key, and press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to adjust the frequency.
6	RUN — Vib Sup freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0000	SCROLL	Press the Key. The cursor will move to "damp."

## ■ With Determined Vibration Frequency

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
7	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0020	< > \ \ V	Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to adjust the damping gain.
8	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	SOROLL	If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the the line tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the "freq." Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 9 and go to step 10.
9	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	< > < V	Select the digit with the $\triangleleft$ or $\succ$ Key, and press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to fine-tune the frequency.
10	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	DATA	Press the Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed.
11	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 203: On e PrmTun <u>Fn 204</u> : A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup           Fn 206: Easy FFT	MODE/SET	Press the EXEMPTE Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

5.6.2 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function Operating Procedure

# (2) For Fine-tuning After Adjusting the Anti-Resonance Control

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 203: OnePrmTun           Fn 204: A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup           Fn 206: Easy		Press the $\fbox$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list, select Fn204.
2	RUN — FUNCTION— Tuning Mode = 1	DATA	Press the $\boxed{\text{BMR}}$ Key to display the "Tuning Mode = 1" as shown on the left.
3	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 0120	DATA	Press the Key while "Tuning Mode = 1" is displayed. The screen shown on the left will appear and "damp" will flash.
4	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0400 Hz damp = 01 <u>5</u> 0	< >	<ul> <li>Select the digit with the &lt; or &gt; Key, and press</li> <li>the ∧ or ∨ Key to set the damping gain.</li> <li>Note: Increase the damping gain from about 0% to 200% in 10% increments while checking the effect of vibration reduction. If vibration reduction is still insufficient at a gain of 200%, cancel the setting, and lower the control gain by using a different method, such as one-parameter tuning.</li> </ul>
5	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 040 <u>0</u> Hz damp = 0150	SOROLL	If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 6 and go to step 7.
6	RUN - Vib Sup - freq = 0420 Hz damp = 0150	< >	Select the digit with the $\leq$ or $>$ Key, and press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to fine-tune the frequency.
7	RUN — Vib Sup— freq = 0420 Hz damp = 015 <u>0</u>	DATA	Press the Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed.
8	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn 203: On e PrmTun <u>Fn 204</u> : A-Vib Sup           Fn 205: Vib Sup           Fn 206: Easy	MODE/SET	Press the EXEMPLE Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again.

## 5.6.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function. No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn160	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn161	Anti-Resonance Frequency	No	Yes
Pn162	Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation	Yes	No
Pn163	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	No	Yes
Pn164	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 1 Compensation	Yes	No
Pn165	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 2 Compensation	Yes	No



5.7.1 Vibration Suppression Function

# **5.7** Vibration Suppression Function (Fn205)

The vibration suppression function is described in this section.

# 5.7.1 Vibration Suppression Function

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

This function is set automatically when advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference is executed. In most cases, this function is not necessary. Use this function only if fine-tuning is required or readjustment is required as a result of a failure to detect vibration.

Perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203) if required to improve the response characteristics after performing this function.

# 

- If this function is executed, related parameters will be set automatically. Therefore, there will be a large response change after this function is enabled or disabled. Enable the function in a state where the machine can come to an emergency stop at any time to ensure the safety operation of the machine.
- Be sure to set a suitable value for the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) using advanced autotuning before executing the vibration suppression function. If the setting greatly differs from the actual moment of inertia ratio, normal control of the SERVOPACK may not be possible, and vibration may result.
- Phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible, if the vibration suppression function is performed when using the MP2000 Series with phase control.

<ul> <li>This function detects vibration frequency between 1 to 100 Hz. Vibration will not be detected for frequencies outside of this range, and instead, "F" will be displayed.</li> <li>Frequency detection will not be performed if no vibration results from position error or the vibration frequencies are outside the range of detectable frequencies. If so, use a device, such as a displacement sensor or vibration sensor, to measure the vibration frequency.</li> <li>If vibration frequencies automatically detected are not suppressed, the actual frequency and the detected frequency may differ. Fine-tune the detected frequency if necessary.</li> </ul>	
necessary.	<ul> <li>detected for frequencies outside of this range, and instead, "F" will be displayed.</li> <li>Frequency detection will not be performed if no vibration results from position error or the vibration frequencies are outside the range of detectable frequencies. If so, use a device, such as a displacement sensor or vibration sensor, to measure the vibration frequency.</li> <li>If vibration frequencies automatically detected are not suppressed, the actual fre-</li> </ul>

## (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing the vibration suppression function.

The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The control must be set to position control.
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

#### (2) Items Influencing Performance

If continuous vibration occurs when the servomotor is not rotating, the vibration suppression function cannot be used to suppress the vibration effectively. If the result is not satisfactory, perform anti-resonance control adjustment function (Fn204) or one-parameter tuning (Fn203).

## (3) Detection of Vibration Frequencies

Frequency detection may not be possible if there is not enough vibration to affect the position error.

The detection sensitivity can be adjusted by changing the setting for the remained vibration detection width (Pn560) which is set as a percentage of the positioning completed width (Pn522). Perform the detection of vibration frequencies again after adjusting the remained vibration detection width (Pn560).

_	Remained Vibration	Detection Width	Position	Classification	
Pn560	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 3000	0.1%	400	Immediately	Setup

Note: As a guideline, change the setting 10% at a time. The smaller the set value is, the higher the detection sensitivity will be. If the value is too small, however, the vibration may not be detected accurately.

The vibration frequencies that are automatically detected may vary somewhat with each positioning operation. Perform positioning several times and make adjustments while checking the effect of vibration suppression.

# **5.7.2** Vibration Suppression Function Operating Procedure

The following procedure is used for vibration suppression function.

Vibration suppression function is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

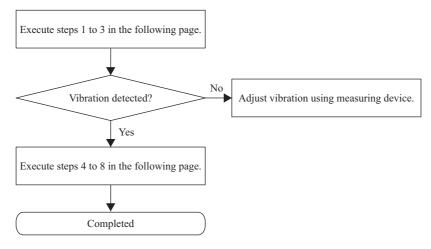
The operating procedure from the digital operator is described here.

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

Note: If this function is aborted by pressing the MODE/SET Key, the SERVOPACK will continue operating until the servomotor comes to a stop. After the servomotor stops, the set value will return to the previous value.

The operating flow of the vibration suppression function is shown below.

## (1) Operating Flow



5.7.2 Vibration Suppression Function Operating Procedure

# (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation			
1	Input a operation reference and ta	ke the following steps v	while repeating positioning.			
2	RUN         — FUNCTION—           Fn204:A-Vib         Sup           Fn205:Vib         Sup           Fn206:Easy         FFT           Fn207:V-Monitor		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list, select Fn205.			
3	RUN —Vib Sup— Measure f=010.4Hz Setting f=050.4Hz	DATA	Press the mathematical systems of the left will appear. Measure f: Measurement frequency Setting f: Setting frequency [Factory-set to the set value for Pn145] If the setting frequency and actual operating fre- quency are different, "Setting" will flash. Note: Frequency detection will not be performed if there is no vibration or the vibration frequency is outside the range of detectable frequencies. The following screen will be displayed if vibra- tion is not detected. If the vibration frequencies are not detected, prepare a means of detecting and measuring the vibration. When the vibra- tion frequencies are measured, go to step 5 and manually set the measured vibration frequency to "Setting f." $\frac{ V N - V b  S u P}{ S u P }$			
4	RUN —Vib Sup— Measure f=010.4Hz Setting f=010.4Hz	SCROLL	Press the Key. The displayed "Measure f" value will be displayed as the "Setting f" value as well.			
5	RUN —Vib Sup— Measure f=010.4Hz Setting f=012.4Hz	< >	If the vibration is not completely suppressed, select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to fine-tune the frequency "setting f." Skip this step and go to step 7 if the fine-tuning of the frequency is not necessary. Note: If the setting frequency and actual operating frequency are different, "Setting" will flash.			

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
6	RUN —Vib Sup— Measure f=010.4Hz Setting f=012.4Hz	DATA	Press the main Key. The "Setting f" will change to usual display and the frequency currently displayed will be set for the vibration suppression function.
7	RUN —Vib Sup— Measuref =Hz Settingf =012.4Hz	DATA	Press the [2005] Key to save the setting. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed again.
8	R U N — F U N C T I O N — F n 2 0 4 F n 2 0 5 F n 2 0 6 F n 2 0 7	MODE/SET	Press the E Key to complete the vibration suppression function. The screen in step 1 will appear again.



No settings related to the vibration suppression function will be changed during operation. If the servomotor does not stop approximately 10 seconds after the setting changes, a timeout error will result and the previous setting will be automatically enabled again. The vibration suppression function will be enabled in step 6. The motor response, however, will change when the servomotor comes to a stop with no reference input.

## (3) Related Function on Vibration Suppression Function

This section describes functions related to vibration suppression function.

#### Feedforward

The feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled in the factory setting.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn140	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.	Immediately	Tuning
Pn140	n.1000	Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input.		1 411115

Refer to the  $\Sigma$ -V Series/DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series/ $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63) for information on the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input.

IMPORTANT	<ul> <li>Model following control is used to make optimum feedforward settings in the SERVO- PACK when model following control is used with the feedforward function. Therefore, model following control is not normally used together with either the speed feedfor- ward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller. However, model following control can be used with the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input if required. An improper feedforward input may result in over- shooting</li> </ul>
	shooting.

# 5.7.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

- Allowed changes during execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
  - No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
- Automatic changes after execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn140	Model Following Control Related Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn141	Model Following Control Gain	No	Yes
Pn142	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	No	No
Pn143	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	No	No
Pn144	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	No	No
Pn145	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	No	Yes
Pn146	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	No	Yes
Pn147	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compen- sation	No	No
Pn14A	Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency	No	No
Pn14B	Vibration Suppression 2 Compensation	No	No

# **5.8** Additional Adjustment Function

This section describes the functions that can be used for additional fine tuning after making adjustments with advanced autotuning, advanced autotuning by reference, or one-parameter tuning.

- Switching gain settings
- Friction compensation
- Current control mode selection
- Current gain level setting
- Speed detection method selection

# 5.8.1 Switching Gain Settings

Two gain switching functions are available, manual switching and automatic switching. The manual switching function uses an external input signal to switch gains, and the automatic switching function switches gains automatically.

By using the gain switching function, the positioning time can be shortened by increasing the gain during positioning and vibration can be suppressed by decreasing the gain while it is stopped.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn139	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Manual gain switching	Immediately	Tuning
	n.0002	Automatic gain switching		

Note:  $n.\square\square\square1$  is reserved. Do not use.

For the gain combinations for switching, refer to (1) Gain Combinations for Switching.

For the manual gain switching, refer to (2) Manual Gain Switching.

For the automatic gain switching, refer to (3) Automatic Gain Switching.

# (1) Gain Combinations for Switching

Setting	Speed Loop Gain	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Position Loop Gain	Torque Refer- ence Filter	Model Following Control Gain	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	Friction Compensation Gain
Gain Setting 1	Pn100 Speed Loop Gain	Pn101 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Pn102 Position Loop Gain	Pn401 Torque Refer- ence Filter Time Constant	Pn141 <sup>*</sup> Model Follow- ing Control Gain	Pn142 <sup>*</sup> Model Follow- ing Control Gain Compen- sation	Pn121 Friction Com- pensation Gain
Gain Setting 2	Pn104 2nd Speed Loop Gain	Pn105 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Pn106 2nd Position Loop Gain	Pn412 1st Step 2nd Torque Refer- ence Filter Time Constant	Pn148 <sup>*</sup> 2nd Model Fol- lowing Control Gain	Pn149 <sup>*</sup> 2nd Model Fol- lowing Control Gain Compen- sation	Pn122 2nd Gain for Friction Compensation

\* The switching gain settings for the model following control gain and the model following control gain compensation are available only for manual gain switching. To enable the gain switching of these parameters, a gain switching input signal must be sent, and the following conditions must be met.

- No command being executed.
- Motor having been completely stopped.

If these conditions are not satisfied, the applicable parameters will not be switched although the other parameters shown in this table will be switched.

5 Adjustments

5.8.1 Switching Gain Settings

# (2) Manual Gain Switching

Manual gain switching uses G-SEL of the servo command output signals (SVCMD\_IO) to switch between gain setting 1 and gain setting 2.

When the motor is stopped, input the G-SEL signal and wait 2 ms or more to input a command (e.g., positioning).

Туре	Command Name	Setting	Meaning
Input G-SEL of the servo com- mand output signals (SVCMD_IO)	0	Switches to gain setting 1.	
		1	Switches to gain setting 2.

## (3) Automatic Gain Switching

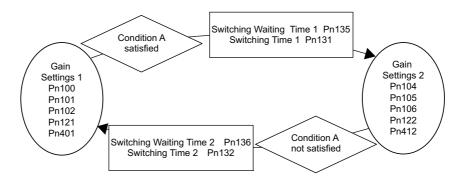
Automatic gain switching is enabled only in position control. The switching conditions are specified using the following settings.

Parame	ter Setting	Switching Condition	Setting	Switching Wait Time	Switching Time
Pn139	n.0002	Condition A satisfied.	Gain setting 1 to gain setting 2	Pn135 Gain Switching Waiting Time 1	Pn131 Gain Switching Time 1
1 11 100		Condition A not satis- fied.	Gain setting 2 to gain setting 1	Pn136 Gain Switching Waiting Time 2	Pn132 Gain Switching Time 2

Select one of the following settings for switching condition A.

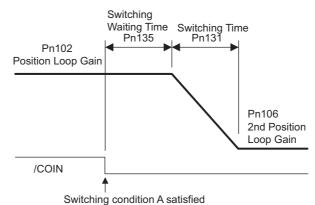
Parameter		Switching Condition A for Position Control	For Other than Position Control (No Switching)	When Enabled	Classification
	n.□□0□ [Factory setting]	Positioning completed signal (/COIN) ON	Fixed in gain setting 1		
	n.0010	Positioning completed signal (/COIN) OFF	Fixed in gain setting 2		
	n.□□2□	Positioning near signal (/NEAR) ON	Fixed in gain setting 1		
Pn139	n.□□3□	Positioning near signal (/NEAR) OFF	Fixed in gain setting 2	Immediately	Tuning
	n.□□4□	No output for position reference filter and posi- tion reference input OFF	Fixed in gain setting 1		
	n.□□5□	Position reference input ON	Fixed in gain setting 2		

Automatic switching pattern 1 (Pn139.0 = 2)



#### Relationship between the Waiting and Switching Times for Gain Switching

In this example, the "positioning completed signal (/COIN) ON" condition is set as condition A for automatic gain switching. The position loop gain is switched from the value in Pn102 (position loop gain) to the value in Pn106 (2nd position loop gain). When the /COIN signal goes ON, the switching operation begins after the waiting time set in Pn135. The switching operation changes the position loop gain linearly from Pn102 to Pn106 within the switching time set in Pn131.



Note: Automatic gain switching is available in the PI and I-P controls (Pn10B).

#### (4) Related Parameters

	Speed Loop Gain		Speed	Position	
Pn100	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classification
	10 to 20000	0.1 Hz	400	Immediately	Tuning
				·	
D. 404	Speed Loop Integral T		Speed	Position	Classification
Pn101	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	15 to 51200	0.01 ms	2000	Immediately	Tuning
	Position Loop Gain			Position	Classification
Pn102	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 20000	0.1/s	400	Immediately	Tuning
	Torque Reference Filte	er Time Constant	Speed Position	Torque	Classification
Pn401	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	100	Immediately	Tuning
_	Model Following Control Gain			Position	Classification
Pn141	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 20000	0.1/s	500	Immediately	Tuning
	Model Following Control Gain Compensation		Position	Classification	
Pn142	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	500 to 2000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning
	Friction Compensatio	n Gain	Speed	Position	Classification
Pn121	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning
	2nd Speed Loop Gain		Speed	Position	Classification
Pn104	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	10 to 20000	0.1 Hz	400	Immediately	Tuning

5.8.1 Switching Gain Settings

					(cont u)	
	2nd Speed Loop Integ	gral Time Constant	Speed	Position	Classification	
Pn105	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	15 to 51200	0.01 ms	2000	Immediately	Tuning	
_	2nd Position Loop Gain			Position	Classification	
Pn106	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	10 to 20000	0.1/s	400	Immediately	Tuning	
<b>B</b> (40	1st Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Time		Speed Position	Torque	Classification	
Pn412	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	100	Immediately	Tuning	
	2nd Model Following (	Position	Classification			
Pn148	Setting Range	Setting Range Setting Unit Factory Setting		When Enabled		
	10 to 20000	0.1/s	500	Immediately	Tuning	
	2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation			Position	Classification	
Pn149	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	500 to 2000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	
	2nd Gain for Friction Compensation		Speed	Position	Classification	
Pn122	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	

# (5) Parameters for Automatic Gain Switching

	Gain Switching Time	Gain Switching Time 1			Classification	
Pn131	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	Gain Switching Time 2	Gain Switching Time 2			Classification	
Pn132	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	Gain Switching Waiting Time 1			Position	Classification	
Pn135	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	Gain Switching Waiting Time 2		Position	Classification		
Pn136	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	

# (6) Related Monitor

Monitor No. (Un)	Name	Value	Remarks
Un014	Effective gain monitor	1	For gain setting 1
011014		2	For gain setting 2

Note: When using the tuning-less function, gain setting 1 is enabled.

Parameter No.	Analog Moni- tor	Name	Output Value	Remarks
Pn006	n.□□0B	Effective gain moni-	1 V	Gain setting 1 is enabled.
Pn007		tor	2 V	Gain setting 2 is enabled.

(cont'd)

# **5.8.2** Manual Adjustment of Friction Compensation

Friction compensation rectifies the viscous friction change and regular load change.

The friction compensation function can be automatically adjusted with advanced autotuning (Fn201), advanced autotuning by reference input (Fn202), or one-parameter tuning (Fn203). This section describes the steps to follow if manual adjustment is required.

## (1) Required Parameter Settings

The following parameter settings are required to use friction compensation.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn408	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Does not use friction compensation.	Immediately	Setup
	n.1000	Uses friction compensation.		

	Friction Compensatio	n Gain	Speed	Position		
Pn121	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classification	
	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	
	Friction Compensation Coefficient		Speed	Position	Classification	
Pn123	Setting Range Setting Unit		Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classification	
	0 to 100	1%	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction		Speed	Position	Classification	
Pn124	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	-10000 to 10000	0.1 Hz	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	Friction Compensation Gain Correction		Speed	Position	Classification	
Pn125	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	1 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	

# (2) Operating Procedure for Friction Compensation

The following procedure is used for friction compensation.

#### 

• Before using friction compensation, set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) as accurately as possible. If the wrong moment of inertia ratio is set, vibration may result.

Step	Operation			
1	<ul> <li>Set the following parameters for friction compensation to the factory setting as follows.</li> <li>Friction compensation gain (Pn121): 100</li> <li>Friction compensation coefficient (Pn123): 0</li> <li>Friction compensation frequency correction (Pn124): 0</li> <li>Friction compensation gain correction (Pn125): 100</li> <li>Note: Always use the factory-set values for friction compensation frequency correction (Pn124) and friction compensation gain correction (Pn125).</li> </ul>			
2	<ul> <li>To check the effect of friction compensation, gradually increase the friction compensation coefficient (Pn123).</li> <li>Note: Usually, set the friction compensation coefficient value to 95% or less. If the effect is insufficient, increase the friction compensation gain (Pn121) by 10% increments until it stops vibrating.</li> <li>Effect of Parameters for Adjustment</li> <li>Pn121: Friction Compensation Gain</li> <li>This parameter sets the responsiveness for external disturbance. The higher the set value is, the better the responsiveness will be. If the equipment has a resonance frequency, however, vibration may result if the set value is excessively high.</li> <li>Pn123: Friction Compensation Coefficient</li> <li>This parameter sets the effect of friction compensation. The higher the set value is, the more effective friction compensation will be. If the set value is excessively high, however, the vibration will occur easily. Usually, set the value to 95% or less.</li> </ul>			
3	Effect of Adjustment The following graph shows the responsiveness with and without proper adjustment.			

# 5.8.3 Current Control Mode Selection Function

This function reduces high-frequency noises while the servomotor is being stopped. This function is enabled by default.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification	
	n. 🗆 🗆 🛛 🗆	Selects the current control mode 1.			
Pn009	n. □□1□ [Factory setting]	Selects the current control mode 2 (low noise).	After restart	Tuning	
	If current control mode 2 is selected, the load ratio may increase while the servomotor is being stopped.				

# 5.8.4 Current Gain Level Setting

This function reduces noises by adjusting the parameter value for current control inside the SERVOPACK according to the speed loop gain (Pn100). The noise level can be reduced by reducing the current gain level (Pn13D) from its factory setting of 2000% (disabled). If the set value of Pn13D is decreased, the level of noise will be lowered, but the response characteristics of the SERVOPACK will also be degraded. Adjust the current gain level within the allowable range at which SERVOPACK response characteristics can be secured.

	Current Gain Level	Speed Position			Classification
Pn13D	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	100 to 2000	1%	2000	Immediately	Tuning
IMPOF	istics of justed	of the speed loop will a	ne current gain level is also change. The SEF		

# **5.8.5** Speed Detection Method Selection

This function can ensure smooth movement of the servomotor while the servomotor is running. Set the value of Pn009.2 to 1 and select speed detection 2 to smooth the movement of the servomotor while the servomotor is running.

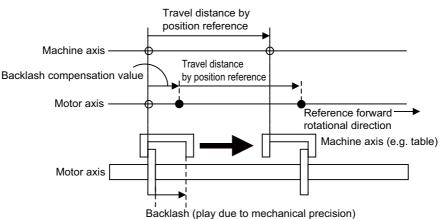
Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification		
Pn009	n. □0□□ [Factory setting]	Selects speed detection 1.	After restart	Tuning		
	n. 🗆 1 🗆 🗆	Selects speed detection 2.				
IMPORT,	If the speed detection method is changed, the response characteristics of the speed loop will change and the SERVOPACK must be readjusted again.					

#### 5.8.6 **Backlash Compensation Function**

#### (1) Overview

When driving a machine with backlash, there will be a deviation between the travel distance in the position reference that is managed by the host controller and the travel distance of the actual machine. Use backlash compensation function to add the backlash compensation value to the position reference and use the result to drive the servomotor. This means that the travel distance of the actual machine will be the same as the travel distance in the host controller.

Note: This function is supported only for position control.



## (2) Related Parameter

Set the following parameter to use backlash compensation.

#### Backlash Compensation Direction

Set the direction in which to apply backlash compensation.

Parameter		Function	When Enabled	Classification
Pn230	n. □□□0 [Factory setting]	Compensates with a reference in the forward direction.	After restart	Setup
	n. 🗆 🗆 🗆 1	Compensates with a reference in the reverse direction.		

#### Backlash Compensation Value

Set the amount of backlash compensation to add to the position reference. The amount is set in increments of 0.1 reference unit. However, when the amount is converted to encoder pulses, it is rounded off at the decimal point.

Example: If Pn231 is set to 6,553.6 [reference unit] and the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) is set to 4/1, then the pulse equivalent is  $6,553.6 \times 4 = 26,214.4$  [pulses]. Ξ

$\Rightarrow$ The backlash compensation value will be 26,214 encoder puls	s.
---	----

	Backlash compensation	value		Classification	
Pn231	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	-500000 to 500000	0.1 reference unit	0	Immediately	Setup

	<ul> <li>The backlash compensation value is restricted by the following formula. The specified compensation is not performed if this condition is not met.</li> </ul>
IMPORTANT	$Pn231 \le \frac{Pn210}{Pn20E} \times \frac{Maximum motor speed [min-1]}{60} \times Encoder resolution* \times 0.00025$
	* For details on encoder resolution, refer to 8.3.5 <i>Electronic Gear</i> . With fully-closed loop control, substitute the number of external encoder pulses per motor revolution for "encoder resolution" in the formula above.
	Example 1:
	Assuming Pn20E = 4, Pn210 = 1, maximum motor speed = 6000 [min <sup>-1</sup> ],
	encoder resolution = 1048576 (20 bits):
	1/4 × 6000/60 × 1048576 × 0.00025 = 6553.6 [reference units]
	$\Rightarrow$ The upper limit for the backlash compensation is 6553.6 [reference units].
	Example 2:
	When using the conditions Pn20E = 4, Pn210 = 1, maximum motor speed = 6000 [min <sup>-1</sup> ], external encoder pitch count (Pn20A) = 500, JZDP-D00□-000 (signal resolution: 1/256):
	$1/4 \times 6000/60 \times (500 \times 256) \times 0.00025 = 800.0$ [reference units]
	$\Rightarrow$ The upper limit for the backlash compensation is 800.0 [reference units].
	• Do not exceed the upper limit of the backlash compensation value. The upper limit of the backlash compensation value can be confirmed in Un031
	compensation value can be confirmed in Un031.

#### Backlash Compensation Time Constant

Set a time constant for a first order lag filter to use when adding the backlash compensation value (Pn231) to the position reference.

If you set Pn233 to 0, the first order lag filter is disabled.

	Backlash compensation	time constant		Position	Classification
Pn233	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	0	Immediately	Setup

Note: Changes to the set value are applied when there is no position reference input and the servomotor is stopped. The current operation is not affected if the set value is changed during servomotor operation.

#### (3) Related Monitor

The following monitoring parameters provide information on backlash compensation.

Un No.	Displayed Information	Unit
Un030	The current backlash compensation value	0.1 reference unit
Un031	Backlash compensation setting limit value	0.1 reference unit

#### (4) Compensation Operation

This section describes the operation that is performed for backlash compensation.

Note: The following figures are for when backlash compensation is applied for references in the forward direction (Pn230.0 = 0). The following monitoring information is provided in the figures: TPOS (target position in the reference coordinate system), POS (reference position in the reference coordinate system), and APOS (feedback position in the machine coordinate system). The monitoring information includes the feedback position in machine coordinate system (APOS) and other feedback information. The backlash compensation value is subtracted from the feedback positions in the monitoring information, so it is not necessary for the host controller to consider the backlash compensation value.

# 

- The encoder output pulse will output the number of encoder pulses for which driving was actually performed, including the backlash compensation value. If using the encoder output pulse for position feedback at the host controller, must consider the backlash compensation value.
- When Servo is ON

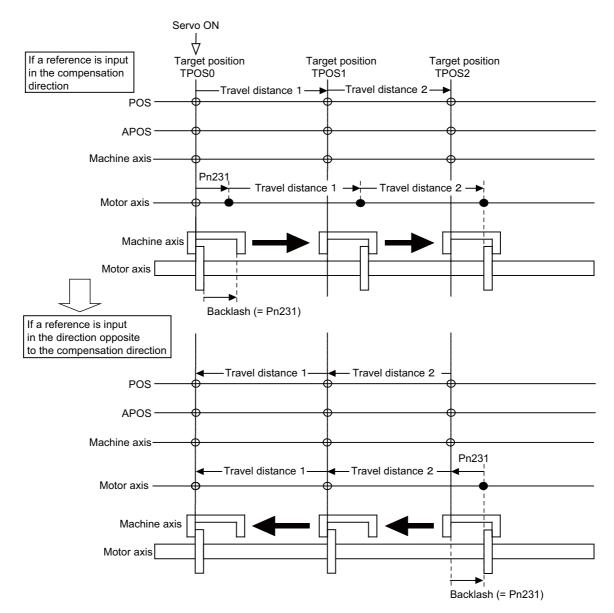
The backlash compensation value (Pn231) is added in the compensation direction when the servo is ON (i.e., the servomotor is powered) and a reference is input in the same direction as the backlash compensation direction (Pn230.0). If there is a reference input in the direction opposite to the backlash compensation direction, the backlash compensation value is not added (i.e., backlash compensation is not performed).

The relationship between APOS and the servomotor shaft position is as follows:

- If a reference is input in the compensation direction: APOS = Motor shaft position Pn231
- If a reference is input in the direction opposite to the compensation direction: APOS = Motor shaft position

The following figure shows driving the servomotor in the forward direction from target position TPOS0 to TPOS1 and then to TPOS2, and then returning from TPOS2 to TPOS1 and then to TPOS0.

Backlash compensation is applied when moving from TPOS0 to TPOS1, but not when moving from TPOS2 to TPOS1.



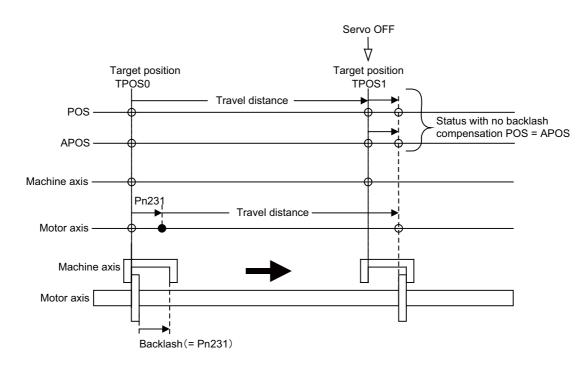
#### When Servo is OFF

Backlash compensation is not applied when the servo is OFF (i.e., when the servomotor is not powered). Therefore, the reference position POS moves by only the backlash compensation value.

The relationship between APOS and the servomotor shaft position is as follows:

• When servo is OFF: APOS = Servomotor shaft position

The following figure shows what happens when the servo is turned OFF after driving the servomotor in the forward direction from target position TPOS0 to TPOS1. Backlash compensation is not applied when the servo is OFF (i.e., the SERVOPACK manages the position data so that APOS and POS are the same).



#### When There is Overtravel

When there is overtravel (i.e., when driving is prohibited due to an overtravel signal or software limit), the operation is the same as for **I** *When Servo is OFF*, i.e., backlash compensation is not applied.

#### When Control is Changed

Backlash compensation is performed only for position control. Backlash compensation is not applied if changing from position control to any other type of control. Backlash compensation is applied in the same way as  $\blacksquare$  *When Servo is ON* if changing from any other type of control to position control.

#### When Safety Module Active Mode is Used

During an operation in active mode function, the operation is the same as for **When Servo is OFF**, i.e., back-lash compensation is not applied.

5

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5.8.6 Backlash Compensation Function

# (5) Monitor Functions (Un Monitoring)

Un No.	Displayed Information	Unit	Specification
Un007	Input reference speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	Indicates the input reference speed before backlash compensation.
Un008	Position error amount	Reference unit	Displays the position error with respect to the position reference after backlash compensation.
Un00C	Input reference counter	Reference unit	Displays the input reference counter before backlash compensation.
Un00D	Feedback pulse counter	Encoder pulse	Displays the pulse count of the actually driven motor encoder.
Un00E	Fully-closed feedback pulse counter	External encoder resolution	Displays the pulse count of the actually driven external encoder.
Un013	Feedback pulse counter	Reference unit	Displays the pulse count of the actually driven encoder in reference units.

# (6) MECHATROLINK Monitor Information

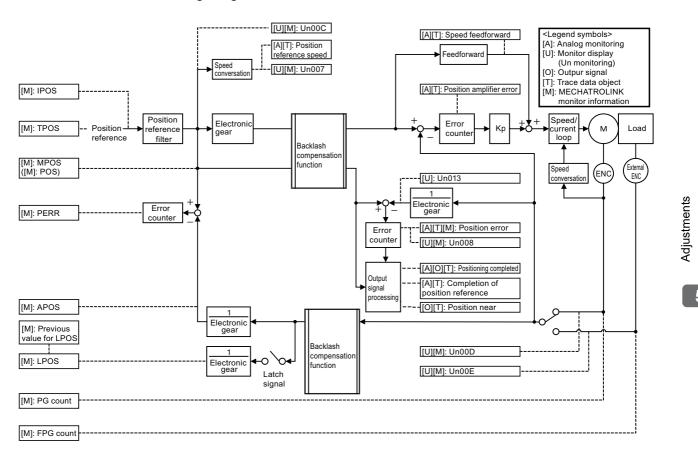
This section describes the information that is set for the MECHATROLINK monitoring information (Monitor 1, Monitor 2, Monitor 3, and Monitor 4) and the backlash compensation operation.

Monitor Code	Designation	Meaning	Unit	Remarks
0	POS	Reference position in the reference coordinate system (after the position reference filter)	Reference unit	-
1	MPOS	Reference position	Reference unit	-
2	PERR	Position error	Reference unit	Valid only during position control
3	APOS	Feedback position in the machine coordinate system	Reference unit	Feedback position with the backlash compensation subtracted
4	LPOS	Feedback latch position in the machine coordinate system	Reference unit	Feedback position with the backlash compensation subtracted
5	IPOS	Reference position in the reference coordinate system (before the position reference filter)	Reference unit	-
6	TPOS	Target position in the reference coor- dinate system	Reference unit	-
Е	OMN1	Option monitor 1 (selected with Pn824)	_	_
F	OMN2	Option monitor 2 (selected with Pn825)	-	-

Parar	neters	Monitor Information	Output Unit	Remarks
	0003h	Position error (lower 32 bits)	Reference unit	-
	0004h	Position error (upper 32 bits)	Reference unit	-
	000Ah	Encoder count (lower 32 bits)	Reference unit	Count value of the actually driven
	000Bh	Encoder count (upper 32 bits)	Reference unit	motor encoder
	000Ch	FPG count (lower 32 bits)	Reference unit	Count value of the actually driven
Pn824	000Dh	FPG count (upper 32 bits)	Reference unit	external encoder
Pn825	0017h	Un007: Input reference speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	Same as monitor display Un007
	0018h	Un008: Position error amount	Reference unit	Same as monitor display Un008
	001Ch	Un00C: Input reference counter	Reference unit	Same as monitor display Un00C
	001Dh	Un00D: Feedback pulse counter	Encoder pulse	Same as monitor display Un00D
	001Eh	Un00E: Fully-closed feedback pulse counter	External encoder resolution	Same as monitor display Un00E
	0080h	Previous value of latched feedback position (LPOS)	Encoder pulse	Feedback position with the backlash compensation subtracted

Related Monitoring Diagrams

T



# 5.8.7 Position Integral

The position integral is the integral function of the position loop. It is used for the electronic cams and electronic shafts when using the SERVOPACK with Yaskawa MP900/2000 machine controllers.

	Position Integral Tim	ne Constant		Position	Classification
Pn11F	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 50000	0.1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning

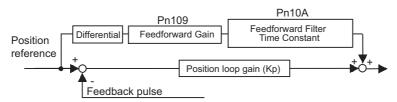
# **5.9** Compatible Adjustment Function

The  $\Sigma$ -V large-capacity SERVOPACKs have adjustment functions as explained in sections 5.1 to 5.8 to make machine adjustments.

This section explains compatible functions provided by earlier models, such as the  $\Sigma$ -II large-capacity SER-VOPACK.

# 5.9.1 Feedforward Reference

This function applies feedforward compensation to position control and shortens positioning time.



	Feedforward Gain			Position	Classification	
Pn109	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 100	1%	0	Immediately	Tuning	
	Feedforward Filter Time Constant			Position	Classification	
Pn10A	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 6400	0.01 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	

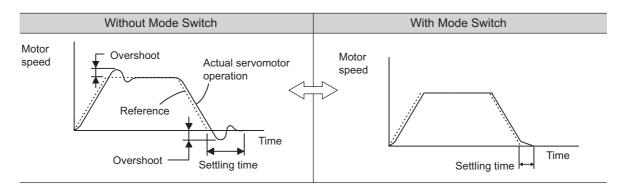
Note: Too high value may cause the machine to vibrate. For ordinary machines, set 80% or less in this parameter.

5.9.2 Mode Switch (P/PI Switching)

# 5.9.2 Mode Switch (P/PI Switching)

The mode switch automatically switches between proportional and PI control. Set the switching condition with Pn10B.0 and set the level of detection points with Pn10C, Pn10D, Pn10E, and Pn10F.

Overshooting caused by acceleration and deceleration can be suppressed and the settling time can be reduced by setting the switching condition and detection points.



## (1) Related Parameters

Select the switching condition of the mode switch with Pn10B.0.

	Parameter		Mode Switch Selection	Parameter Containing Detection Point Setting	When Enabled	Classifi- cation
	n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Uses an internal torque reference level for the switching conditions.	Pn10C			
		n.□□□1	Uses a speed reference level for the switching condi- tions.	Pn10D	T I'	
Pn10B	n.□□□2	Uses an acceleration level for the switching condi- tions.	Pn10E	Immedi- ately	Setup	
	n.🗆🗆 🛛 3	Uses a position error level for the switching condi- tions.	Pn10F			
		n.🗆 🗆 🛛 4	Does not use mode switch function.	-		

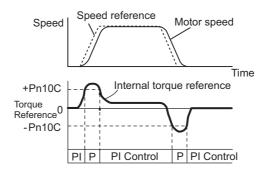
#### Parameters to Set the Level of Detection Points

	Mode Switch (Torque Reference)		Speed	Classification	
Pn10C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 800	1%	200	Immediately	Tuning
	Mode Switch (Spee	d Reference)	Speed	Position	Classification
Pn10D	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	0	Immediately	Tuning
	Mode Switch (Acceleration)		Speed Position		Classification
Pn10E	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 30000	1 min <sup>-1</sup> /s	0	Immediately	Tuning
	Mode Switch (Position Error)			Position	Classification
Pn10F	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 reference unit	0	Immediately	Tuning

#### (2) Operating Examples for Different Switching Conditions

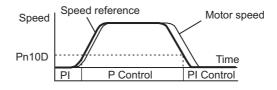
#### ■ Using the Internal Torque Reference [Factory Setting]

With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the value of internal torque reference input exceeds the torque set in Pn10C. The factory setting for the torque reference detection point is 200% of the rated torque.



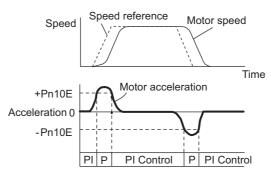
#### Using the Speed Reference

With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the value of speed reference input exceeds the speed set in Pn10D.



#### Using Acceleration

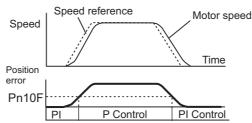
With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the speed reference exceeds the acceleration set in Pn10E.



#### Using the Position Error

With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the position error exceeds the value set in Pn10F.

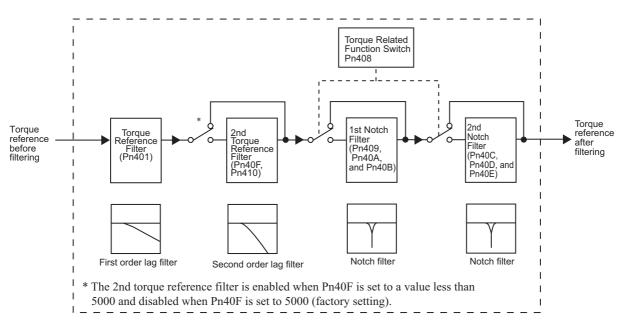
This setting is effective with position control only.



5.9.3 Torque Reference Filter

# 5.9.3 Torque Reference Filter

As shown in the following diagram, the torque reference filter contains first order lag filter and notch filters arrayed in series, and each filter operates independently. The notch filters can be enabled and disabled with the Pn408.



## (1) Torque Reference Filter

If you suspect that machine vibration is being caused by the servo drive, try adjusting the filter time constants with Pn401. This may stop the vibration. The lower the value, the better the response will be, but there may be a limit that depends on the machine conditions.

Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant		Speed Position Torque		Classification
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	100	Immediately	Tuning

#### Torque Reference Filter Setting Guide

Use the speed loop gain (Pn100 [Hz]) and the torque filter time constant (Pn401 [ms]) to set the torque reference filter.

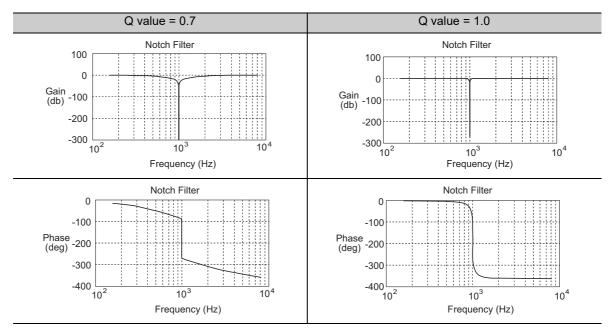
Adjusted value for stable control: Pn401 [ms]  $\leq$  1000/ ( $2\pi \times$  Pn100 [Hz]  $\times$  4) Critical gains: Pn401 [ms]  $\leq$  1000/ ( $2\pi \times$  Pn100 [Hz]  $\times$  1)

Pn40F	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Frequency		Speed Position Torque		Classification
F114VF	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	100 to 5000	1 Hz	5000*	Immediately	Tuning
Pn410	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Q Value		Speed Position Torque		Classification
F11410	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	50 to 100	0.01	50	Immediately	Tuning

\* The filter is disabled if 5000 is set.

## (2) Notch Filter

The notch filter can eliminate specific frequency elements generated by the vibration of sources such as resonance of the shaft of a ball screw. The notch filter puts a notch in the gain curve at the specific vibration frequency. The frequency characteristics near the notch can be reduced or removed with this filter. A higher Q value produces a sharper notch and phase delay.



The notch filter can be enabled or disabled with Pn408.

	Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
		n.□□□0 [Factory setting]	Disables 1st notch filter.		
Dn408	Pn408	n.□□□1	Enables 1st notch filter.	Immediately	Setup
	F11400	n.□0□□ [Factory setting]	Disables 2nd notch filter.	minediatery	Setup
		n.0100	Enables 2nd notch filter.		

Set the machine's vibration frequency as a parameter of the notch filter.

	1st Notch Filter Frequency		Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn409	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	50 to 5000	1 Hz	5000	Immediately	Tuning
	1st Notch Filter Q Va	alue	Speed Position	Speed Position Torque	
Pn40A	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	50 to 1000	0.01	70	Immediately	Tuning
Pn40B	1st Notch Filter Depth		Speed Position Torque		Classification
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1000	0.001	0	Immediately	Tuning
	2nd Notch Filter Frequency		Speed Position Torque		Classification
Pn40C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	50 to 5000	1 Hz	5000	Immediately	Tuning
	2nd Notch Filter Q V	/alue	Speed Position	Torque	Classification
Pn40D	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	50 to 1000	0.01	70	Immediately	Tuning

5.9.3 Torque Reference Filter

(cont'd)

	2nd Notch Filter Depth		Speed Position	Classification			
Pn40E	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled			
	0 to 1000	0.001	0	Immediately	Tuning		
• Sufficient precautions must be taken when setting the notch filter frequencies. Do not set the notch filter frequencies (Pn409 or Pn40C) that is close to the speed loop's response frequency. Set the frequencies at least four times higher than the speed loop's response frequency. Setting the notch filter frequency too close to the response							

loop's response frequency. Setting the notch filter frequency too close to the response frequency may cause vibration and damage the machine.
Change the notch filter frequencies (Pn409 or Pn40C) only when the servomotor is stopped. Vibration may occur if the notch filter frequency is changed when the servomotor is rotating.

# 6

# Utility Functions (Fn

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# 6.1 List of Utility Functions

Utility functions are used to execute the functions related to servomotor operation and adjustment. Each utility function has a number starting with Fn.

The following table lists the utility functions and reference section.

Function No.	Function	Reference Section
Fn000	Alarm history display	6.2
Fn002	JOG operation	6.3
Fn003	Origin search	6.4
Fn004	Program JOG operation	6.5
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	6.6
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	6.7
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	4.7.4
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	6.8
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	6.9
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	6.10
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	6.11
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	6.12
Fn011	Servomotor model display	6.13
Fn012	Software version display	6.14
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs	4.7.7
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option modules	6.15
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	6.16
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	6.17
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	6.18
Fn020	Origin setting	6.19
Fn030	Software reset	6.20
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	5.2.2
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	5.3.2
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	5.4.2
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	5.5.2
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	5.6.2
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	5.7.2
Fn206	EasyFFT	6.21
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	6.22

Note: Execute the utility function with either a digital operator or SigmaWin+. If they are used together, "no\_oP" or "NO-OP" will be displayed when the utility function is executed.

# 6.2 Alarm History Display (Fn000)

This function displays the last ten alarms that have occurred in the servo drive. The latest ten alarm numbers and time stamps<sup>\*</sup> can be checked.

\* Time Stamps

A function that measures the ON times of the control power supply and main circuit power supply in 100-ms units and displays the total operating time when an alarm occurs. The time stamp operates around the clock for approximately 13 years.

<Example of Time Stamps> If 36000 is displayed, 3600000 [ms] = 3600 [s] = 60 [min] = 1 [h] Therefore, the total number of operating hours is 1 hour.

#### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before displaying the alarm history.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn207:V-Monitor <u>Fn000</u> :AIm History           Fn002:JOG           Fn003:Z-Search		Press the $\textcircled{c}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn000.
2	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	DATA	Press the MAN Key. The display changes to the Fn000 execution display.
3	A : D 0 0       - A L A R M -         1: 7 2 0       0 0 0 0 0 0 3 2 6 5 1         2: 5 1 1       0 0 0 0 0 0 0 9 0 4 3         3:       -         4:       -         - Alarm no.       -         Alarm history no.       0: Latest         9: Oldest       9: Oldest		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to scroll through the alarm history. The alarm history can be viewed.
4	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn207:V-Monitor           Fn000:AIm History           Fn002:JOG           Fn003:Z-Search	MODE/SET	Press the EXP The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

Note:

- If the same alarm occurs after more than one hour, the alarm will be saved. If it occurs in less than one hour, it will not be saved.
- The display "□.---" means no alarm occurs.
- Delete the alarm history using the parameter Fn006. The alarm history is not cleared on alarm reset or when the main circuit power supply to the SERVOPACK and converter is turned OFF.

# **6.3** JOG Operation (Fn002)

JOG operation is used to check the operation of the servomotor under speed control without connecting the SERVOPACK to the host controller.



• While the SERVOPACK is in JOG operation, the overtravel function will be disabled. Consider the operating range of the machine when performing JOG operation for the SERVOPACK.

(1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform a jog operation.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The JOG speed must be set considering the operating range of the machine. Set the jog speed in Pn304.

	Jog Speed		Speed	Classification	
Pn304	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	500	Immediately	Setup

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure. The following example is for when Pn000.0 is set to 0 (CCW is forward direction) as the rotation direction of the motor.



The tuning-less function is by default set enabled. When the tuningless function is enabled, the gain may be so increased to cause vibration during no-load operation. If vibration occurs, disable the tuningless function by setting the parameter Pn170.0 to 0.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn000:Alm History <u>Fn002</u> :JOG Fn003:Z-Search Fn004:Program JOG		Press the $\swarrow$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn002.
2	BB - J O G - P n 3 0 <u>4</u> = 0 0 5 0 0 U n 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn002 execution display.
3	B B - J O G - P n 3 0 4 = 0 0 5 0 0 U n 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	DATA	Press the Key. The cursor moves to the setting side (the right side) of Pn304 (JOG speed).
4	B B         - J O G -           P n 3 0 4 = 0 1 0 0 0         0           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 D =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	< >	Press the $\triangleleft$ or $\succ$ Key and the $\land$ or $\bigvee$ Key to set the JOG speed (Pn304) to 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> .

(cont'd)

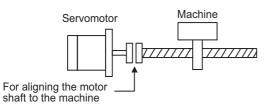
Step	Display after Operation		
Г		Keys	Operation
5	B B - J O G - P n 3 0 <u>4</u> = 0 1 0 0 0 U n 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0 U n 0 0 D = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	DATA	Press the Key. The setting value is entered, and the cursor moves to the parameter number side (the left side).
6	RUN -JOG- Pn304=01000 Un000=00000 Un002=00000 Un00D=0000000000	JOG SVON	Press the Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON.
7	RUN - JOG - Pn304 = 01000 Un000 = 00000 Un002 = 00000 Un00D = 00000000000		The servomotor will rotate at the present speed set in Pn304 while the A Key (for forward rotation) or V Key (for reverse rotation) is pressed.
8	$\begin{array}{c} B \ B & - \ J \ O \ G \ - \\ P \ n \ 3 \ 0 \ \underline{4} = 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \\ U \ n \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 = 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \\ U \ n \ 0 \ 0 \ 2 = 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \\ U \ n \ 0 \ 0 \ D = 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0$	JOG SVON	After having confirmed the correct motion of servo- motor, press the ()) Key. The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB", and the servomotor power turns OFF.
9	BB         - FUNCTION -           Fn000:Alm History <u>Fn002</u> :JOG           Fn003:Z-Search           Fn004:Program JOG	MODE/SET	Press the contract Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.
10 T	Turn the power supply OFF and C	ON again after executing	g JOG operation.

# 6.4 Origin Search (Fn003)

The origin search is designed to position the origin pulse position of the incremental encoder (phase C) and to clamp at the position.



This function is used when the motor shaft needs to be aligned to the machine. Motor speed at the time of execution:  $60 \text{ min}^{-1}$ 



#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform the origin search.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

# (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn002:JOG <u>Fn003</u> :Z-Search           Fn004:Program JOG           Fn005:Prm Init		Press the $\textcircled{res}$ Key to view the main menu for the util- ity function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn003.
2	B B         - Z - S e arch -           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 3 =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 4           U n 0 0 D =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn003 execution display.
3	R U N         -Z - Search -           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 3 =         0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 4           U n 0 0 D =         0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	JOG SVON	Press the 💮 Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON. Note: If the servomotor is already at the zero position, "-Complete-" is displayed.
4	R U N       - C o m p l e t e -         U n 0 0 0 =       0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 2 =       0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 3 =       0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 D =       0 0 0 0 0 0 1 D 5 8		Pressing the ∧ Key will rotate the servomotor in the forward direction. Pressing the ∨ Key will rotate the servomotor in the reverse direction. The rotation direction of the servomotor changes according to the setting of Pn000.0 as shown in the following table.         Parameter       ∧ key       ∨ key         Pn000       n.□□□0       CCW       CW         Note: Direction when viewed from the load of the servomotor.       Press the ∧ or ∨ Key until the servomotor stops. If the origin search completed normally, "-Complete-" is displayed on the right top on the screen.
5	B B       -Z-Search-         U n 0 0 0/2 =       0 0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 2 =       0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 3 =       0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0         U n 0 0 D =       0 0 0 0 0 0 1 D 5 8	JOG SVON	When the origin search is completed, press the Key. The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB", and the servomotor turns OFF. The display "-Complete-" changes to "-Z-Search"
6	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn002:JOG           Fn003:Z-Search           Fn004:Program JOG           Fn005:Prm Init	MODE/SET	Press the CCCC Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.
7	urn the power supply OFF and ON again after executing origin search.		

# 6.5 Program JOG Operation (Fn004)

The program JOG operation is a utility function, that allows continuous operation determined by the preset operation pattern, movement distance, movement speed, acceleration/deceleration time, waiting time, and number of times of movement.

This function can be used to move the servomotor without it having to be connected to a host controller for the machine as a trial operation in JOG operation mode. Program JOG operation can be used to confirm the operation and for simple positioning operations.

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform the program JOG operation.

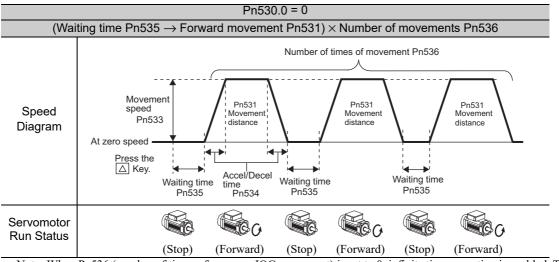
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The travel distance and speed must be set correctly considering the machine operation range and safe operation speed.
- There must be no overtravel.

#### (2) Additional Information

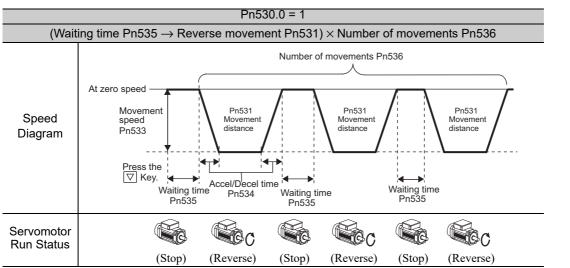
- The functions that are applicable for position control can be used. However, parameters related to motion control through MECHATROLINK communications (i.e., Pn800 and higher) are disabled.
- The overtravel function is enabled in this function.

#### (3) Program JOG Operation Patterns

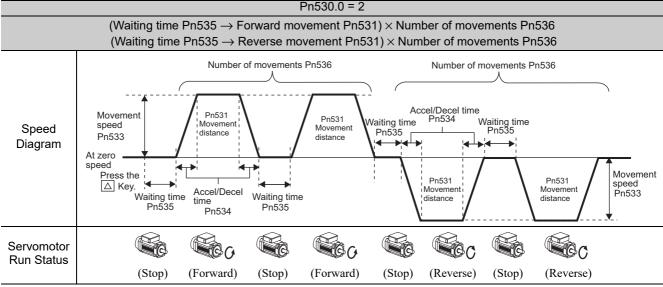
The following describes an example of program JOG operation pattern. The following example is given when the rotating direction of the servomotor is set as Pn000.0 = 0 (Forward rotation by forward reference).



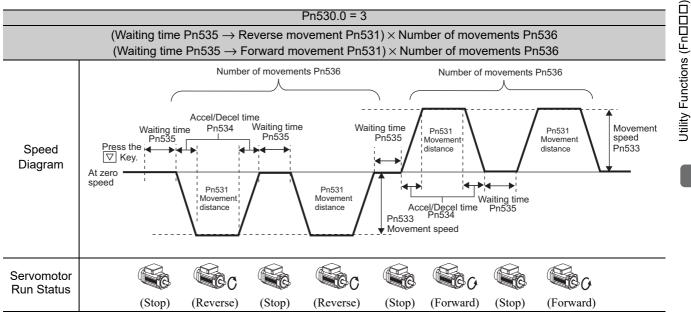
Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn OFF the servomotor power.



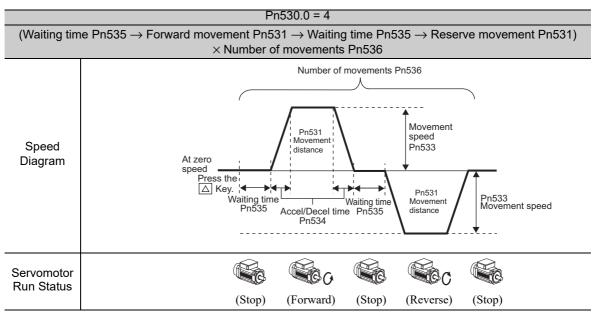
Note: When Pn536 (Number of Times of Program JOG Movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn the servomotor power OFF.



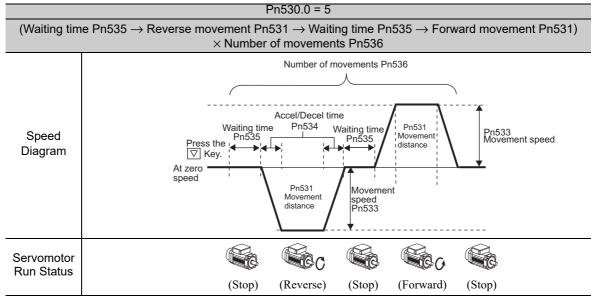
Note: When Pn530.0 is set to 2, infinite time operation is disabled.



Note: When Pn530.0 is set to 3, infinite time operation is disabled.



Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn OFF the servomotor power.



Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn the servomotor power OFF.

### (4) Related Parameters

The following parameters set the program JOG operation pattern. Do not change the settings while the program JOG operation is being executed.

	Program JOG Operation Related Switch		Speed	Speed Position Torque	
Pn530	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0000 to 0005	_	0000	Immediately	Setup
Pn531	Program JOG Movement Distance Speed		Position Torque	Classification	
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	32768	Immediately	Setup

					(cont'd)
	Program JOG Movement Speed Speed			Position Torque	Classification
Pn533	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	1 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	500	Immediately	Setup
	Program JOG Accel	ogram JOG Acceleration/Deceleration Time Speed		Position Torque	Classification
Pn534	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting When Enabl		1
	2 to 10000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup
	Program JOG Waiting Time Speed			Position Torque	Classification
Pn535	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup
	Number of Times of	Program JOG Moven	nent Speed	Position Torque	Classification
Pn536	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 1000	1 time	1	Immediately	Setup

### (5) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the program JOG operation after setting a program JOG operation pattern.

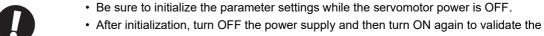
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn003:Z-Search <u>Fn004</u> :Program JOG           Fn005:Prm Init           Fn006:AlmHist Clr		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn004.	
2	B B - P R G J O G - P n 5 3 <u>1</u> = 0 0 0 3 2 7 6 8 P n 5 3 3 = 0 0 5 0 0 P n 5 3 4 = 0 0 1 0 0 P n 5 3 6 = 0 0 0 1 0	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn004 execution display.	
3*	BB - PRG JOG - Pn53 <u>1</u> = 00032768 Pn533 = 00500 Pn534 = 00100 Pn536 = 00010		Confirm that the parameters have been set. Press the $\checkmark$ Key to view Pn530. Press the $\land$ Key to view the parameters in the fol- lowing order: Pn530 $\rightarrow$ Pn531 $\rightarrow$ Pn533 $\rightarrow$ Pn534 $\rightarrow$ Pn535 $\rightarrow$ Pn536.	
4	R U N         - P R G         J O G -           P n 5 3 1 = 0 0 0 3 2 7 6 8           P n 5 3 3 = 0 0 5 0 0           P n 5 3 4 = 0 0 1 0 0           P n 5 3 6 = 0 0 0 1 0	JOG SVON	Press the (B) Key. The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON.	
5	RUN – PRG JOG – Pn53 <u>1</u> =00032768 Pn533=00500 Pn534=00100 Pn536=00010		Press the ∧ (forward movement start) or ∨         (reverse movement start) Key according to the first movement direction of the preset operation pattern. The servomotor starts moving after the preset waiting time in Pn535.         Note: Pressing the ∞         Key again changes the status to "BB" (baseblocked status) and stops movement even during operation.	
6	RUN - PRG JOG - Pn53 <u>1</u> =00032768 Pn533=00500 Pn534=00100 Pn536=00010	MODE/SET	When the set program JOG operation movement is completed, "END" is displayed for one second, and then "RUN" is displayed. Press the 😇 Key. The servomotor becomes base- blocked status. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.	
7	Turn the power supply OFF and O	ON again after executing	g program JOG operation.	

The settings can be changed for a parameter.

\*

### **6.6** Initializing Parameter Settings (Fn005)

This function is used when returning to the factory settings after changing parameter settings.



settings.

Note: Any value adjusted with Fn00C, Fn00D, Fn00E, and Fn00F cannot be initialized by Fn005.

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to initialize the parameter values.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn004:Program JOG <u>Fn005</u> :Prm Init           Fn006:AImHist CIr           Fn008:Mturn CIr		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn005.
2	BB Parameter Init Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn005 execution display.
3	BB <u>Parameter Init</u> Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA MODE/SET	Press the way Key to initialize parameters. During initialization, "Parameter Init" is flashing in the display. After the initialization is completed, "Parameter Init" stops flashing and the status display changes as fol- lows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB." Note: Press the way Key not to initialize parameters. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.
4	Turn the power supply OFF and ON again after initializing parameter settings.		

### 6.7 Clearing Alarm History (Fn006)

The clear alarm history function deletes all of the alarm history recorded in the SERVOPACK.

Note: The alarm history is not deleted when the alarm reset is executed or the main circuit power supply of the SERVO-PACK is turned OFF.

#### (1) Preparation

The follow conditions must be met to clear the alarm history.

• The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

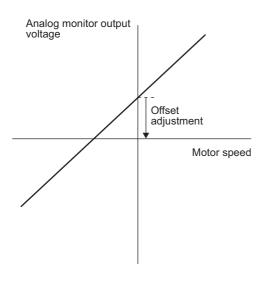
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         - FUNCTION -           Fn005:Prm         Init           Fn006:AlmHist         Clr           Fn008:Mturn         Clr           Fn009:Ref         Adj		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn006.
2	BB Alarm History Data Clear Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the <sup>[ava]</sup> Key. The display changes to the Fn006 execution display.
3	BB Alarm History Data Clear Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA MODE/SET	Press the way Key to clear the alarm history. While clearing the data, "DONE" is displayed in the status display. After the data has been successfully cleared, "BB" is displayed. Note: Press the way Key not to clear the alarm his- tory. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### 6.8 Offset Adjustment of Analog Monitor Output (Fn00C)

This function is used to manually adjust the offsets for the analog monitor outputs (torque reference monitor output and motor speed monitor output). The offset values are factory-set before shipping. Therefore, the user need not usually use this function.

### (1) Adjustment Example

An example of offset adjustment to the motor speed monitor is shown below.



Item	Specifications
Offset Adjustment Range	-2.4 V to + 2.4 V
Adjustment Unit	18.9 mV/LSB

Note:

- The adjustment value will not be initialized when parameter settings are initialized using Fn005.
- Make offset adjustment with a measuring instrument connected, so that the analog monitor output is zero. An example of settings for a zero analog monitor output is shown below.
  - While the servomotor is not turned ON, set the monitor signal to the torque reference.
  - In speed control, set the monitor signal to the position error.

### (2) Preparation

The following condition must be met to adjust the offsets of the analog monitor output. • The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

### (3) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the offset adjustment of analog monitor output.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn00B:Trq Adj <u>Fn00C</u> :MonZero Adj Fn00D:MonGain Adj Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn00C.
2	BB -Zero ADJ- CH1=-00002 CH2=00001 Un002=00000 Un000=00000	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn00C execution display.

(cont'd)

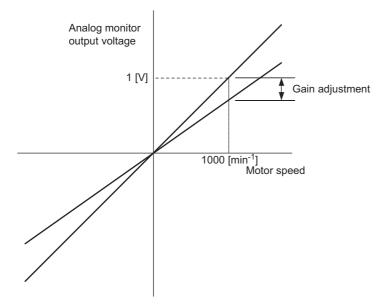
Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
3	B B -Zero A D J - C H 1 = -00005 C H 2 = 00001 U n 002 = 00000 U n 000 = 00000		Press the  or  Key to adjust the offset of CH1 (torque reference monitor). Adjust the offset so that the measurement instrument reading is as close to 0 V as possible.
4	BB - Zero ADJ- CH1 = -00005 CH2 = 00001 Un002 = 00000 Un000 = 00000	SCROLL	After the offset adjustment of CH1 has completed, adjust the offset of CH2 (motor rotating speed moni- tor). Press the Key. The cursor moves to CH2 side.
5	BB -Zero ADJ- CH1=-00005 CH2=00006 Un002=00000 Un000=00000		Adjust the offset of CH2 in the same way as for CH1. Press the  or  V Key to adjust the offset of CH2. Adjust the offset so that the measurement instrument reading is as close to 0 V as possible.
6	BB -Zero ADJ- CH1=-00005 CH2=00006 Un002=00000 Un000=00000	DATA	After having completed the offset adjustment both for CH1 and CH2, press the <sup>[MK]</sup> Key. The adjustment results are saved in the SERVO-PACK, and the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "BB" again.
7	BB -FUNCTION- Fn00B:Trq Adj <u>Fn00C</u> :MonZero Adj Fn00D:MonGain Adj Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj	MODE/SET	Press the contract Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### 6.9 Gain Adjustment of Analog Monitor Output (Fn00D)

This function is used to manually adjust the gains for the analog monitor outputs (torque reference monitor output and motor rotating speed monitor output). The gain values are factory-set before shipping. Therefore, the user need not usually use this function.

### (1) Adjustment Example

An example of gain adjustment to the motor rotating speed monitor is shown below.



Item	Specifications
Gain-adjustment Range	100±50%
Adjustment Unit	0.4%/LSB

The gain adjustment range is made with a 100% output set as a center value (adjustment range: 50% to 150%). The following is a setting example.

<Setting the Set Value to -125>  $100\% + (-125 \times 0.4) = 50\%$ Therefore, the monitor output voltage is 0.5 time as high.

<Setting the Set Value to 125>  $100\% + (125 \times 0.4) = 150\%$ Therefore, the monitor output voltage is 1.5 times as high.

Note: The adjustment value will not be initialized when parameter settings are initialized using Fn005.

#### (2) Preparation

The following condition must be met to adjust the gain of the analog monitor output.

• The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

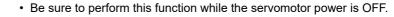
### (3) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the gain adjustment of analog monitor output.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn00C:MonZero Adj <u>Fn00D</u> :MonGain Adj Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj		Press the $\fbox{constraint}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn00D.
2	B B         - G a in A D J -           C H 1 = -00001         1           C H 2 = -00001         0           U n 002 = 00000         0           U n 000 = 00000         0	DATA	Press the way. The display changes to the Fn00D execution display.
3	BB - Gain ADJ - CH1 = 00125 CH2 = -00001 Un002 = 00000 Un000 = 00000		Press the $\checkmark$ or $\land$ Key to adjust the gain adjust- ment width of CH1 (torque reference monitor).
4	B B         - G a in A D J -           C H 1 =         0 0 1 2 5           C H 2 =         - 0 0 0 0 1           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0	SCROLL	After the gain adjustment of CH1 has completed, adjust the gain adjustment width of CH2 (motor rotat- ing speed monitor). Press the Key. The cursor moves to CH2 side.
5	B B         - G a in A D J -           C H 1 =         0 0 1 2 5           C H 2 = - 0 0 1 2 5           U n 0 0 2 =         0 0 0 0 0           U n 0 0 0 =         0 0 0 0 0	<b>NV</b>	Adjust the gain of CH2 in the same way as for CH1. Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to adjust the gain adjust- ment width of CH2.
6	BB - Gain ADJ - CH1 = 00125 CH2 = -00125 Un002 = 00000 Un000 = 00000	DATA	After having completed the adjustment both for CH1 and CH2, press the <u>we</u> Key. The adjustment results are saved in the SERVO- PACK, and the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "BB" again.
7	B B         - F U N C T I O N -           F n 0 0 C : Mon Z ero Adj <u>F n 0 0 D</u> : Mon G ain Adj           F n 0 0 E : C ur Auto Adj           F n 0 0 F : C ur Manu Adj	MODE/SET	Press the CC Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

# **6.10** Automatic Offset-Signal Adjustment of the Motor Current Detection Signal (Fn00E)

Perform this adjustment only if highly accurate adjustment is required for reducing torque ripple caused by current offset. The user need not usually use this function.



• Execute the automatic offset adjustment if the torque ripple is too big when compared with those of other SERVOPACKs.

Note: The adjusted value is not initialized by executing the Fn005 function (Initializing Parameter Settings).

#### (1) Preparation

IMPORTANT

The following conditions must be met to automatically adjust the offset of the motor current detection signal.

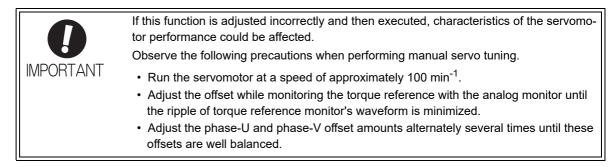
- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The SERVOPACK must be in Servo Ready status (Refer to 4.8.4).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn00D:MonGainAdj <u>Fn00E</u> :CurAutoAdj Fn00F:CurManuAdj Fn010:PrmProtect		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn00E.
2	BB Auto Offset-ADJ of Motor Current Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn00E execution display.
3	BB Auto Offset-ADJ of Motor Current Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA MODE/SET	Press the www Key to start the automatic offset-signal adjustment of motor current detection. When the adjustment is completed, the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "BB" again. Note: Press the key to cancel the automatic adjustment. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

## **6.11** Manual Offset-Signal Adjustment of the Motor Current Detection Signal (Fn00F)

Use this function only if the torque ripple is still high after the automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal (Fn00E).



Note: The adjusted value is not initialized by executing the Fn005 function (Initializing Parameter Settings).

#### (1) Preparation

The following condition must be met to manually adjust the offset of the motor current detection signal.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.

### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB-FUNCTION-Fn00FCur ManuAdjFn010Prm ProtectFn011Motor InfoFn012Soft Ver		Press the $\fbox{c}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn00F.
2	B B Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current Z A D J I U = - 0 0 0 0 <u>9</u> Z A D J I V = - 0 0 0 0 6	DATA	Press the way. The display changes to the Fn00F execution display.
3	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU=-0000 <u>9</u> ZADJIV=-00006	-	Send an SV_ON command from the host controller.
4	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU = -0001 <u>9</u> ZADJIV = -00006		Adjust the phase-U offset. Press the $\bigtriangledown$ or $\land$ Key to adjust the offset amount. Adjust the offset amount by 10 in the direction that the torque ripple is reduced. Adjustment range: -512 to +511 (ZADJIU: Offset value of phase-U current)
5	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU = -00019 ZADJIV = -0000 <u>6</u>	SCROLL	Adjust the phase-V offset. Press the Key. The cursor moves to the phase-V side.

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
6	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU=-00019 ZADJIV=-0001 <u>6</u>	<b>NV</b>	Press the v or Key to adjust the offset amount. Adjust the offset amount by 10 in the direction that the torque ripple is reduced. Adjustment range: -512 to +511 (ZADJIV: Offset value of phase-V current)
Repeat the operations of steps 4 to 6 (phase-U and-V alternately) until adjusting the offset amounts both for phase-U and -V in both directions cannot reduce the torque ripple any more. Then, perform the same operation by adjusting by smaller amount.			
7	RUN Manual Offset-ADJ of Motor Current ZADJIU = -00019 ZADJIV = -0001 <u>6</u>	DATA	Press the way Key to save the result of adjustment in the SERVOPACK. When the saving is completed, the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "RUN" again.
8	RUN -FUNCTION- <u>Fn00F</u> :Cur ManuAdj Fn010:Prm Protect Fn011:Motor Info Fn012:Soft Ver	MODE/SET	Press the CR Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### 6.12 Write Prohibited Setting (Fn010)

This function prevents changing parameters by mistake and sets restrictions on the execution of the utility function.

Parameter changes and execution of the utility function become restricted in the following manner when Write prohibited (P.0001) is assigned to the write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010).

- Parameters: Cannot be changed. If you attempt to change it, "NO-OP" will flash on the display and the screen will return to the main menu.
- Utility Function: Some functions cannot be executed. (Refer to the following table.) If you attempt to execute these utility functions, "NO-OP" will flash on the display and the screen will return to the main menu.

Parameter No.	Function	Write Prohibited Setting	Reference Section
Fn000	Alarm history display	Executable	6.2
Fn002	JOG operation	Cannot be executed	6.3
Fn003	Origin search	Cannot be executed	6.4
Fn004	Program JOG operation	Cannot be executed	6.5
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	Cannot be executed	6.6
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	Cannot be executed	6.7
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	Cannot be executed	4.7.4
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	Cannot be executed	6.8
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	Cannot be executed	6.9
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	Cannot be executed	6.10
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	Cannot be executed	6.11
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	_	6.12
Fn011	Servomotor model display	Executable	6.13
Fn012	Software version display	Executable	6.14
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit dis- agreement alarm occurs	Cannot be executed	4.7.7
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option modules	Cannot be executed	6.15
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	Cannot be executed	6.16
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	Executable	6.17
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	Executable	6.18
Fn020	Origin setting	Cannot be executed	6.19
Fn030	Software reset	Executable	6.20
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	Cannot be executed	5.2.2
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	Cannot be executed	5.3.2
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	Cannot be executed	5.4.2
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	Cannot be executed	5.5.2
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	Cannot be executed	5.6.2
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	Cannot be executed	5.7.2
Fn206	EasyFFT	Cannot be executed	6.21
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	Cannot be executed	6.22

### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Follow the steps to set enable or disable writing. Setting values are as follows:

- "P.0000": Write permitted (Releases write prohibited mode.) [Factory setting]
- "P.0001": Write prohibited (Parameters become write prohibited from the next power ON.)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB-FUNCTION -Fn00F:CurManuAdjFn010:PrmProtectFn011:MotorInfoFn012:SoftVer		Press the $\fbox{c}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn010.	
2	BB Parameter Write Protect P. 000 <u>0</u>	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn010 execution display.	
3	BB Parameter Write Protect P. 000 <u>1</u>		Press the  A or  V Key to select one of the follow- ing settings. P.0000: Write permitted [Factory setting] P.0001: Write prohibited	
4	BB Parameter Write Protect P. 000 <u>1</u>	DATA	Press the with Key. The setting value is written into the SERVOPACK, and the status display changes as follows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB." Note: Saved settings will be enabled after the SER- VOPACK is restarted.	
5	Turn the power supply OFF and ON again after executing write prohibited setting.			

Note: To make the setting available, change the setting to P.0000 as shown in step 3.

### 6.13 Servomotor Model Display (Fn011)

This function is used to check the servomotor model, voltage, capacity, encoder type, and encoder resolution. If the SERVOPACK has been custom-made, you can also check the specification codes of SERVOPACKs.

#### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB-FUNCTION-Fn010: PrmProtect <u>Fn011</u> : MotorInfoFn012: SoftVerFn013: MturnLmSet		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn011.
2	Servomotor Model Code Model 71 SGMVV-DIIB 73 SGMVV-DIID B B - M o t o r l n f o - T Y P E 71 A C 4 0 0 V 2 2 0 0 0 W E N C O R D E R 0 1 2 0 b i t Code Type 00 Incremental 01 Multitum absolute value Code Resolution Code Resolution 20 20 bit	DATA	Press the [ava.] Key. The display changes to the Fn011 execution display and shows the information about the servomotor and encoder being used.
3	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn010: Prm         Protect <u>Fn011</u> : Motor         Info           Fn012: Soft         Ver           Fn013: MturnLmSet	MODE/SET	Press the Control Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### 6.14 Software Version Display (Fn012)

Select Fn012 to check the SERVOPACK and encoder software version numbers.

### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn011: Motor Info <u>Fn012</u> : Soft Ver           Fn013: MturnLmSet           Fn014: Opt Init		Press the $\overbrace{c}^{\text{max}}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn012.
2	BB - Soft Ver- DRIVER Ver. = 0001 ENCODER Ver. = 0003	DATA	Press the way Key. The display changes to the Fn012 execution display. The software versions of the SERVOPACK and the connected encoder will appear. Note: If the servomotor is not connected, "Not con- nect" is displayed.
3	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn011:Motor Info <u>Fn012</u> :Soft Ver           Fn013:MturnLmSet           Fn014:Opt Init	MODE/SET	Press the Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### 6.15 Resetting Configuration Errors in Option Modules (Fn014)

The SERVOPACK with option module recognizes installation status and types of option modules that are connected to SERVOPACK. If an error is detected, the SERVOPACK issues an alarm. This function clears these alarms.

- Note 1. Alarms related to option module can be cleared only by this function. These alarms cannot be cleared by alarm reset or turning OFF the main circuit power supply.
  - 2. Before clearing the alarm, perform corrective action for the alarm.

#### (1) Preparation

The following condition must be met to clear detection alarms of the option module. • The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

#### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn013:MturnLmSet <u>Fn014</u> :Opt Init           Fn01B:ViblvI Init           Fn01E:SvMotOp ID		Press the $\overbrace{c}^{\text{weak}}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn014.
2	BB - Opt Init- 02:Safety Opt 03:Feedback Opt	DATA	Press the <sup>was</sup> Key. The display changes to the Fn014 execution display.
3	BB -Opt Init- 02:Safety Opt <u>03</u> :Feedback Opt		Press the $\checkmark$ or $\land$ Key to select an option module to be cleared.
4	BB -Opt Init- Feedback Opt Initialize Start :[DATA] Return:[SET]	DATA	Press the Key. The display shown on the left appears.
5	BB - Opt Init- 02:Safety Opt <u>03</u> :Feedback Opt	DATA	Press the way Key to clear the configuration error of the option module. The error is cleared and the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to step 3.
6	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn013:MturnLmSet <u>Fn014</u> :Opt Init           Fn01B:VibILvI Init           Fn01E:SvMotOp ID	MODE/SET	Press the returns to the main menu of the utility function.
7	Turn the power supply OFF and ON again after resetting configuration errors in option modules.		

### 6.16 Vibration Detection Level Initialization (Fn01B)

This function detects vibration when servomotor is connected to a machine in operation and automatically adjusts the vibration detection level (Pn312) to output more exactly the vibration alarm (A.520) and the vibration warning (A.911).

The vibration detection function detects vibration elements according to the motor speed.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
n.□□□0 [Factory setting]		Does not detect vibration.		
Pn310	n.0001	Outputs the warning (A.911) when vibration is detected.	Immediately	Setup
	n.□□□2	Outputs the alarm (A.520) when vibration is detected.		

If the vibration exceeds the detection level calculated by the following formula, the alarm or warning will be output according to the setting of vibration detection switch (Pn310).

Detection level =  $\frac{\text{Vibration detection level (Pn312 [min^{-1}]) \times \text{Vibration detection sensitivity (Pn311 [%])}}{100}$ 

- Use this function if the vibration alarm (A.520) or the vibration warning (A.911) is not output correctly when a vibration at the factory setting of the vibration detection level (Pn312) is detected. In other cases, it is not necessary to use this function.
- The vibration alarm or warning detection sensibility differs depending on the machine conditions. In this case, fine-tune the setting of the vibration detection sensitivity (Pn311) using the above detection level formula as a guide.

Pn311         Setting Range         Setting Unit         Factory Setting         When Enabled           50 to 500         1%         100         Immediately         Tuning		Vibration Detection Sensitivity		Speed Positio	Classification	
50 to 500         1%         100         Immediately         Tuning	Pn311	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
		50 to 500	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning

- The vibration may not be detected because of improper servo gains. Also, not all kinds of vibrations can be detected. Use the detection result as a guideline.
- Set a proper moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). Improper setting may result in the vibration alarm, warning misdetection, or non-detection.
- The references that are used to operate your system must be input to execute this function.
- Execute this function under the operating condition for which the vibration detection level should be set.
- Execute this function while the motor speed reaches at least 10% of its maximum.

### (1) Preparation

**IMPORTANT** 

The following conditions must be met to initialize the vibration detection level.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).

### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn014:Opt         Init <u>Fn01B</u> :ViblvI Init         Init           Fn01E:SvMotOp         ID           Fn01F:FBOpMot         ID		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn01B.

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
2	RUN Vibration Detect Level Init Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn01B execution display.
3	RUN Vibration Detect Level Init <u>Init</u>	DATA	Press the way Key. "Init" is displayed flashing, and the vibration level is detected and initialized. Note: Continues initialization until the key is pressed again.
4	RUN Vibration Detect Level Init DONE	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes from "Init" to "DONE," for one second and the new setting of Pn312 becomes enabled.
5	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn014:Opt         Init <u>Fn01B</u> : ViblvI Init           Fn01E:SvMotOp           Fn01F:FBOpMot	MODE/SET	Press the Control Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function. No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn311	Vibration Detection Sensitivity	Yes	No
Pn312	Vibration Detection Level	No	Yes

### 6.17 Display of SERVOPACK and Servomotor ID (Fn01E)

This function displays ID information for SERVOPACK, servomotor, encoder, and option module connected to the SERVOPACK. The ID information of some option modules (SGDV-OFA01A) is not stored in the SER-VOPACK. "Not available" will be displayed for these option modules.

To use this function, the digital operator (JUSP-OP05A-1-E) or SigmaWin+ is needed.

Refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for the operating procedure of the digital operator.

The following items can be displayed.

ID	Items to be Displayed
SERVOPACK ID	<ul> <li>SERVOPACK model</li> <li>SERVOPACK serial number</li> <li>SERVOPACK manufacturing date</li> <li>SERVOPACK input voltage (V)</li> <li>Maximum applicable motor capacity (W)</li> <li>Maximum applicable motor rated current (Arms)</li> </ul>
Servomotor ID	<ul> <li>Servomotor model</li> <li>Servomotor order number</li> <li>Servomotor manufacturing date</li> <li>Servomotor input voltage (V)</li> <li>Servomotor capacity (W)</li> <li>Servomotor rated current (Arms)</li> </ul>
Encoder ID	<ul> <li>Encoder model</li> <li>Encoder serial number</li> <li>Encoder manufacturing date</li> <li>Encoder type/resolution</li> </ul>
Safety Option Module ID <sup>*</sup>	<ul> <li>Safety Option Module model</li> <li>Safety Option Module serial number</li> <li>Safety Option Module manufacturing date</li> <li>Safety Option Module ID number</li> </ul>
Feedback Option Module ID <sup>*</sup>	<ul> <li>Feedback Option Module model</li> <li>Feedback Option Module serial number (Reserved area)</li> <li>Feedback Option Module manufacturing date</li> <li>Feedback Option Module ID</li> </ul>

\* If the option module is not connected, "Not connect" will be displayed after the module name.

### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN         -FUNCTION -           Fn01B: ViblvI Init         - <u>Fn01E</u> : SvMotOp ID         -           Fn01F: FBOpMot ID         -           Fn020: S - Orig Set         -		Press the $\textcircled{res}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn01E.
2	Serial number SERVOPACK model B B -S v M o t O p I D - D r i v e r S G D V - 7 5 0 J 2 1 A D 0 0 2 4 1 2 3 4 5 9 0 0 0 1 1 2, 0 9 4 0 0 V, 2 2 0 0 0 W Manufacturing SERVOPACK SERVOPACK date input voltage capacity		Press the way. The display changes to the Fn01E execution display. The SERVOPACK ID information is displayed. Use the $\triangleleft$ or $\triangleright$ Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
3	Servomotor order number Servomotor model B B - S v M o t O p I D - M o t o r S G M V V - 2 B D D B 2 N + 1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 - B K I + 1 2 . 0 7 4 0 0 V, 2 2 0 0 0 W Manufacturing Servomotor date voltage capacity		Press the Key. The servomotor ID information is displayed. Use the or    Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
4	Encoder serial number Encoder model B B - S v M ot O p I D - E n c o d e r U T T I H - B 2 0 F N Q 1 2 3 4 5 - 0 0 1 - B K 6 1 2. 07 2 0 b i t - I N C Manufacturing Encoder resolution type		Press the Key. The encoder ID information is displayed. Use the $\leq$ or $>$ Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
5	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn01B: ViblvI Init <u>Fn01E</u> : SvMotOp ID           Fn01F: FBOp Mot ID           Fn020: S-Orig Set	MODE/SET	Press the $\overbrace{c=}^{\texttt{MODET}}$ Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### 6.18 Display of Servomotor ID in Feedback Option Module (Fn01F)

This function displays ID information for servomotor and encoder in Feedback Option Module connected to the SERVOPACK. If the option module is not connected, "Not connect" will be displayed after the module name.

To use this function, the digital operator (JUSP-OP05A-1-E) or SigmaWin+ is needed.

Refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for the operating procedure of the digital operator.

The following items can be displayed.

ID	Items to be Displayed	
Servomotor ID	<ul> <li>Servomotor model</li> <li>Servomotor order number</li> <li>Servomotor input voltage (V)</li> <li>Servomotor capacity (W)</li> <li>Servomotor rated current (Arms)</li> </ul>	
Encoder ID	<ul> <li>Encoder model</li> <li>Encoder serial number</li> <li>Encoder type/resolution (Two types of resolution display available: Number of bits and number of pulses/rev.)</li> </ul>	

### (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn01E:SvMotOpID <u>Fn01F</u> :FBOpMotID           Fn020:S-OrigSet           Fn030:Soft Reset		Press the $\fbox{c}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn01F.
2*	Servomotor order number Servomotor model B B - F B O p M o t I D - M o t o r S G M V V - 2 B D D B 2 N + 1 2 3 4 5 6 - 1 - B K 1 + 4 0 0 V, 2 2 0 0 0 W Input voltage Capacity		Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn01F execution display. The servomotor ID information is displayed. Use the or Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
3	Encoder type/resolution Encoder serial number Encoder model B B - F B O p M o t I D - E n c o d e r U T T I H - B 2 0 F N Q 1 2 3 4 5 - 0 0 1 - B K 6 2 0 b i t - I N C		Press the Key. The encoder ID information is displayed. Use the $\checkmark$ or $\triangleright$ Key to scroll left and right and to view other information.
4	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn01E:SvMotOpID <u>Fn01F</u> :FBOpMotID           Fn020:S-OrigSet           Fn030:SoftReset	MODE/SET	Press the 😇 Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

\* When fully-closed loop control is being used, step 2 is not included.

### 6.19 Origin Setting (Fn020)

When using an external absolute encoder for fully-closed loop control, this function is used to set the current position of the external absolute encoder as the origin (zero point position).

This function can be used with the following products. Mitutoyo Corporation ABS ST780A series Model: ABS ST78□A/ST78□AL



 After execution of origin setting, the servo ready (/S-RDY) signal will become inactive because the system position data will have been changed. Always turn the power supply OFF and then ON again after execution of origin setting.

### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to set the origin.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

### (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn01F:FBOpMotID <u>Fn020</u> :S-OrigSet           Fn030:Soft Reset           Fn080:PoleDetect		Press the $\textcircled{rest}$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn020.
2	BB Scale Origin Set ORGSET1	DATA	Press the <sup>wax</sup> Key. The display changes to the Fn020 execution display.
3	BB Scale Origin Set ORGSET5		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to "ORGSET5".
4	BB Scale Origin Set	DATA	Press the wink key to start setting the origin. The mes- sage, "Scale Origin Set," flashes while the origin is being set. After the origin has been successfully set, the displayed status changes as follows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB".
5	Turn the power supply OFF and O	ON again after executing	g origin setting.

### 6.20 Software Reset (Fn030)

This function enables resetting the SERVOPACK internally from software. This function is used when resetting alarms and changing the settings of parameters that normally require restarting the SERVOPACK. This function can be used to change those parameters without restarting the SERVOPACK.

Start software reset operation after the servomotor power is OFF.

This function resets the SERVOPACK independently of host controller. The SERVO-

PACK carries out the same processing as when the power supply is turned ON and

outputs the ALM signal. The status of other output signals may be forcibly changed.

### (1) Preparation

**IMPORTANT** 

The following condition must be met to perform a software reset.

• The servomotor power must be OFF.

### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB- FUNCTION-Fn020:S-Orig Set <u>Fn030</u> :Soft ResetFn080:Pole DetectFn200:TuneLvI Set		Press the $\bigcirc$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\checkmark$ Key to move through the list and select Fn030.
2	BB Software Reset RESET1	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn030 execution display.
3	BB Software Reset RESET5		Press the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to select "RESET5".
4	BB Software Reset	DATA	Press the Key to execute the software reset. After the software reset starts, "RESET5" will no lon- ger be displayed.
5	File First Loading Please Wait	_	After the reset has been successfully completed, the screen which appears when the power is turned ON will be displayed. The screen will then show parameters or monitor displays.
6	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn020:S-Orig Set         - <u>Fn030</u> :Soft Reset         -           Fn080:Pole Detect         -           Fn200:TuneLvI Set         -	MODE/SET	Press the $\fbox$ Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### 6.21 EasyFFT (Fn206)

EasyFFT sends a frequency waveform reference from the SERVOPACK to the servomotor and slightly rotates the servomotor several times over a certain period, thus causing machine vibration. The SERVOPACK detects the resonance frequency from the generated vibration and makes notch filter settings according to the resonance frequency detection. The notch filter is effective for the elimination of high-frequency vibration and noise.

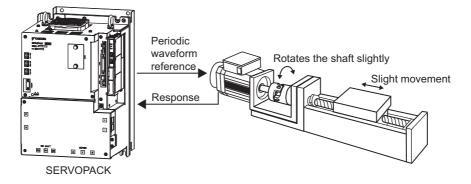
Execute this function after the servomotor power is turned OFF if operation of the SERVOPACK results in high-frequency vibration and noise.



 The servomotor rotates slightly when EasyFFT is executed. Do not touch the servomotor or machine during execution of EasyFFT, otherwise injury may result.



Use the EasyFFT when the servo gain is low, such as in the initial stage of servo adjustment. If EasyFFT
is executed after increasing the gain, the servo system may vibrate depending on the machine characteristics or gain balance.



In addition to this function, online vibration monitor (Fn207) can be used to detect machine vibration and automatically make notch filter settings.

If a  $\Sigma$ -V large-capacity SERVOPACK is used to make adjustments, it is recommended to use advanced autotuning. This built-in EasyFFT function is used to maintain interchangeability with previous models. There is normally no need to use it.

(1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform EasyFFT.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- An external reference must not be input.

### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn205:Vib         Sup <u>Fn206</u> :Easy         FFT           Fn207:V-Monitor         Fn000:Alm		Press the real Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the  or  V Key to move through the list and select Fn206.
2	BB -Easy FFT- Setting Input = <u>015</u> %	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn206 execution display.
3	BB -Easy FFT- Setting Input = <u>015</u> %		The cursor is on the setting of "Input." Press the  A or  V Key to set the sweep torque refer- ence amplitude (Pn456) Setting range: 1 to 800. Note: When making the initial settings for EasyFFT, do not change the setting for the reference amplitude. Start with the original value of 15. Increasing reference amplitude increases the detection accuracy, but the vibration and noise from the machine will increase. Increase the amplitude value little by little.
4	RUN -Easy FFT- Ready Input = 015%	JOG SVON	Press the (B) Key to turn the servomotor power ON. The display "BB" and "Setting" changes to "RUN" and "Ready."
5	RUN -Easy FFT- Measure Input = 015%		<ul> <li>Press the  (forward run start) Key or  (v) (reverse run start) Key to run the servomotor and start the frequency measurement. "Measure" is displayed during the measurement.</li> <li>Within a quarter turn, the servomotor will move forward and then in reverse several times. Notes:</li> <li>Press the  Key to cancel the measurement. The servomotor stops moving and the power turns OFF. The detection of the resonance frequency is not completed.</li> <li>The actions of the servomotor are very minute in this operation. Also at the same time, the servomotor to emits a noise. To ensure safety, do not enter the working envelope of the motor.</li> </ul>
6	BB -Easy FFT- Result Input = 015% Res = 1250 Hz Filter1 1250 Hz	JOG SVON	<ul> <li>When the detection processing is successfully completed, "Measure" stops flashing and the results and the notch filter value to be set are displayed. If the processing was not completed, "No Measure" is displayed. To check the results, go to step 8.</li> <li>Important &gt;</li> <li>If two seconds or more are required for the operation although detection was successfully completed, the detection accuracy might be insufficient. Increasing reference amplitude more than 15 increases the detection accuracy, but the vibration and noise from the machine will increase. Increase the amplitude value little by little.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>If a notch filter has been set and is being used, "*" is displayed on the second line.</li> <li>If the first stage notch filter has been set, the second stage notch filters have been set, only the result of frequency detection is displayed.</li> </ul>

(cont'd)

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
Step		Neys	•
7	BB -Easy FFT- Ready Input = 015%		To exit the EasyFFT function at this stage, press the $\fbox$ Key. The power to the servomotor is turned OFF and the display returns to the main menu of the utility function. To remeasure the vibration frequency, press the $\checkmark$ Key to return to step 4. Execute steps 5 to 7.
8	DONE – Easy FFT– Result Input = 015% Res = 1250 Hz Filter1 1250 Hz	DATA	<ul> <li>Press the max Key after the normal completion of frequency detection. The notch filter frequencies are automatically updated to the optimum values. The status display shows "DONE" and the display shown on the left appears. If the first stage notch filter frequency has been set (Pn408.0 = 1), the second stage notch filter frequency (Pn 40C) will automatically be updated. Notes:</li> <li>If the first stage or the second stage notch filter frequency has already been set (Pn408 = n.□1□1), the notch filter frequency cannot be set.</li> <li>If the frequency detected by this function is not used, set the notch filter to be invalid (Pn408.0 = 0).</li> </ul>
9	BB         -FUNCTION-           Fn205:Vib         Sup           Fn206:Easy         FFT           Fn207:V-Monitor         Fn000:Alm	MODE/SET	Press the EXP The servomotor enters a baseblocked status. The dis- play returns to the main menu of the utility function.
10	Turn the power supply OFF and ON again after executing EasyFTT.		

### (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

- Allowed changes during execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
- Automatic changes after execution of this function
  - Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
  - No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	No
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	No
Pn456	Sweep Torque Reference Amplitude	No	No

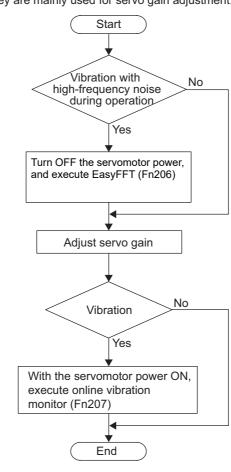
### 6.22 Online Vibration Monitor (Fn207)

If vibration is generated during operation and this function is executed while the servomotor power is still ON, the machine vibration can sometimes be suppressed by setting a notch filter or torque reference filter for the vibration frequencies.

When online, vibration frequency caused by machine resonance will be detected and the frequency that has the highest peak will be displayed on the panel operator. The effective torque reference filter or notch filter frequency for the vibration frequencies will be automatically selected and the related parameters will be automatically set.

In addition to this function, EasyFFT (Fn206) can be used to detect machine vibration and automatically make notch filter settings. Use the following flowchart to determine how these functions should be used.

If a  $\Sigma$ -V large-capacity SERVOPACK is used to make adjustments, it is recommended that you use advanced autotuning. This built-in function is used to maintain interchangeability with previous models. There is normally no need to use it.



How to use EasyFFT (Fn206) and online vibration monitor (Fn207), when they are mainly used for servo gain adjustment.

#### (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform online vibration monitoring.

- The write prohibited setting parameter (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be ON.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The correct moment of inertia (Pn103) must be set.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).

### (2) Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	RUN – FUNCTION – Fn206: Easy FFT <u>Fn207</u> : V – Monitor Fn000: Alm History Fn001: JOG		Press the $\bigcirc$ Key to view the main menu for the utility function. Use the $\land$ or $\lor$ Key to move through the list and select Fn207.
2	RUN - V - MONITOR - Measure F 1 = F 2 = F 3 =	DATA	Press the Key. The display changes to the Fn207 execution display.
3	RUN - V - MONITOR - Measure F 1 = F 2 = F 3 =	DATA	Press the Key for at least one second to start vibration detection. The Key must be pressed until "Measure" flashes on the display. After this message appears, the Key does not have to be pressed and the detection continues automatically.
4	RUN -V-MONITOR- Measure F1= 0850[Hz] F2= 1600[Hz] F3= 0225[Hz]	MODE/SET	<ul> <li>When the vibration detection has completed, "Measure" stops flashing and the detection processing ends automatically. When the detection processing has completed normally, the vibrations with three largest peak values in vibration frequency are displayed for F1, F2, and F3.</li> <li>Notes: <ul> <li>Press the </li> <li>Key to quit the online vibration monitor function. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.</li> <li>A detected frequency can be displayed. For a vibration with undetectable peak frequency, "" is displayed for F1, F2, and F3.</li> <li>If the frequency could not be successfully detected, "NO MONITOR" is displayed.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
5	D O N E - V - M O N I T O R - S E T T I N G D O N E F 1 = 0 8 5 0 [H z] F 2 = 1 6 0 0 [H z] F 3 = 0 2 2 5 [H z]	DATA	After the detection has normally completed, press the Mathematical Structure (time constant) of notch filter or torque reference filter for F1 is set automatically. At the same time, the parameter Pn409 is updated for a notch filter, or the parameter Pn401 is updated for a torque reference filter. After the setting is successfully completed, "DONE" flashes.
6	RUN         -FUNCTION-           Fn 206: Easy         FFT <u>Fn 207</u> : V - Monitor           Fn 000: Alm           History           Fn 001: JOG	MODE/SET	Press the Control Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.

### (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed. No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function. No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

Parameter	Name	Mid-execution changes	Automatic changes
Pn401	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	No	Yes
Pn408	Torque Related Function Switch	Yes	Yes
Pn409	1st Notch Filter Frequency	No	Yes
Pn40A	1st Notch Filter Q Value	No	No
Pn40C	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	No	No
Pn40D	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	No	No

# 7

### Monitor Displays (Un

7.1 List of Monitor Displays	
7.2 Viewing Monitor Displays	7-3
7.3 Monitoring Input Signals	
7.4 Monitoring Output Signals	
7.5 Monitoring Safety Input Signals 7.5.1 Interpreting Safety Input Signal Display Status 7.5.2 Safety Input Signal Display Example	

#### List of Monitor Displays 7.1

The monitor displays can be used for monitoring the I/O signal status, and SERVOPACK internal status.

Refer to the following table.

Parameter No.	Description	Unit
Un000	Motor rotating speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un001	Speed reference	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un002	Internal torque reference (percentage of the rated torque)	%
Un003	Rotational angle 1 (encoder pulses from the phase-C origin: decimal display)	encoder pulse <sup>*3</sup>
Un004	Rotational angle 2 (from polarity origin (electric angle))	deg
Un005 <sup>*1</sup>	Input signal monitor	-
Un006 <sup>*2</sup>	Output signal monitor	-
Un007	Input reference pulse speed (valid only in position control)	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un008	Position error amount (valid only in position control)	reference unit
Un009	Accumulated load ratio (in percentage to the rated torque: effective torque in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00A	Regenerative load ratio (as a percentage of the processable regenerative power: regenerative power consumption in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00B	Power consumed by DB resistance (in percentage to the processable power at DB activation: dis- played in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00C	Input reference pulse counter	reference unit
Un00D	Feedback pulse counter	encoder pulse <sup>*3</sup>
Un00E	Fully-closed feedback pulse counter	external encoder resolution <sup>*4</sup>
Un012	Total operation time	100 ms
Un013	Feedback pulse counter	reference unit
Un014	Effective gain monitor (gain settings $1 = 1$ , gain settings $2 = 2$ )	-
Un015	Safety I/O signal monitor	-
Un020	Motor rated speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un021	Motor maximum speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un027	Service life prediction monitor built-in fan remaining life ratio	%
Un028	Service life prediction monitor capacitor remaining life ratio	%
Un029	Service life prediction monitor surge prevention circuit remain- ing life ratio	%
Un02A	Service life prediction monitor dynamic brake circuit remain- ing life ratio	%
Un02D	Service life prediction monitor servomotor main components 1 remaining life ratio	%
Un02E	Service life prediction monitor servomotor main components 2 remaining life ratio	%
Un030	The current backlash compensation value	0.1 reference unit
Un031	Backlash compensation setting limit value	0.1 reference unit

\*1. For details, refer to 7.3 Monitoring Input Signals.

\*2. For details, refer to 7.4 Monitoring Output Signals.

\*3. For details, refer to *4.4.3 Electronic Gear*.
\*4. For details, refer to *8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO)*.

### **7.2** Viewing Monitor Displays

The monitor display can be checked or viewed in the Parameter/Monitor (-PRM/MON-) window of the digital operator.

The following figure shows four factory settings that are first displayed if viewing monitor displays.

Indicates that the value of Un000 (motor rotating speed) is 0 min<sup>-1</sup>.

To view any items that are not shown, press the	$e \land or \lor$	] Key to scroll	l through the list.
---	-------------------	-----------------	---------------------

Motor rotating speed	U n 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0
Speed reference	U n 0 0 1 = 0 0 0 0 0
Internal torque reference	U n 0 0 2 = 0 0 0 0 0
Rotational angle 1 (encoder pulses from the phase-C origin)	U n 0 0 3 = 0 0 0 0 0
Rotation angle 2 (from polarity origin (electric angle))	U n 0 0 4 = 0 0 0 9 0
Feedback pulse counter	$U n 0 0 \underline{D} = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0$

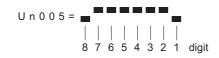
7.3.1 Interpreting Input Signal Display Status

### 7.3 Monitoring Input Signals

The status of input signals can be checked with the input signal monitor (Un005). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

### 7.3.1 Interpreting Input Signal Display Status

The input signal monitor (Un005) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates OFF, and the lower level indicates ON. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (ON).



Note: The monitor display and the number of digits shown in a large-capacity  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK are different from those for a standard  $\Sigma$ -V SERVOPACK. Make sure you are reading the displays correctly when checking signal operation.

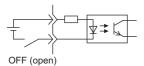
Display LED Number	Input Terminal Name	Signal Name (Factory Setting)
1	CN1-40	SIO
2	CN1-41	/DEC
3	CN1-42	P-OT
4	CN1-43	N-OT
5	CN1-44	/EXT1
6	CN1-45	/EXT2
7	CN1-46	/EXT3
8	-	Reserved

Note: Input signals use the following circuit configuration.

• OFF: Open

• ON: Short-circuited

Example



## 7.3.2 Input Signal Display Example

Input signals are displayed as shown below.

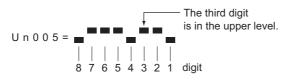
• When the /DEC signal is ON



• When the /DEC signal is OFF



• When the P-OT signal is activated



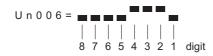
7.4.1 Interpreting Output Signal Display Status

# 7.4 Monitoring Output Signals

The status of output signals can be checked with the output signal monitor (Un006). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

## 7.4.1 Interpreting Output Signal Display Status

The output signal monitor (Un006) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates OFF, and the lower level indicates ON. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (ON).



Display LED Number	Output Terminal Name	Signal Name (Factory Setting)
1	CN1-31, -32	ALM
2	CN1-25, -26	/BK
3	CN1-27, -28	SO2
4	CN1-29, -30	SO3
5	_	Reserved
6	_	Reserved
7	_	Reserved
8	-	Reserved

Note: Output signals use the following circuit configuration.

OFF: Transistor OFF

ON: Transistor ON

Example

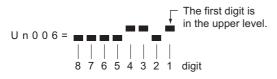


ON: Transistor ON

## 7.4.2 Output Signal Display Example

Output signals are displayed as shown below.

• When the ALM signal is OFF

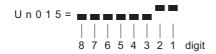


# 7.5 Monitoring Safety Input Signals

The status of safety input signals can be checked with the safety I/O signal monitor (Un015). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

## 7.5.1 Interpreting Safety Input Signal Display Status

The safety I/O signal monitor (Un015) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates ON, and the lower level indicates OFF. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (OFF).



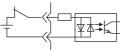
Display LED Number	Input Terminal Name	Signal Name
1	CN8-3, -4	/HWBB1
2	CN8-5, -6	/HWBB2
3	_	Reserved
4	_	Reserved
5	_	Reserved
6	_	Reserved
7	-	Reserved
8	_	Reserved

Note: Input signals use the following circuit configuration.

• OFF: Open

• ON: Short-circuited

Example



ON (short-circuited)

## 7.5.2 Safety Input Signal Display Example

Safety input signals are displayed as shown below.

• When the /HWBB1 signal turns OFF to activate the HWBB function



7.5.2 Safety Input Signal Display Example

# Fully-closed Loop Control

8.1 System Configuration and Connection Example for	
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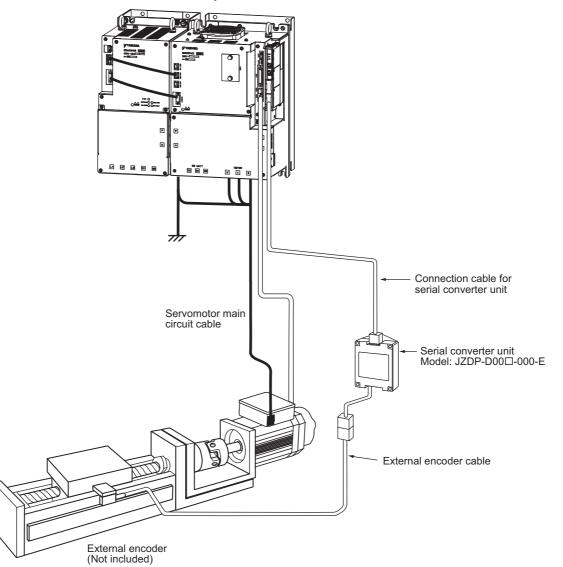
8.1.1 System Configuration

## 8.1 System Configuration and Connection Example for SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Loop Control

This section describes the system configuration and connection example for the SERVOPACK with fullyclosed loop control.

## 8.1.1 System Configuration

The following figure shows an example of the system configuration.



SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module

- Note 1. The figure above shows a connection example of an external encoder. Refer to 1.6 Examples of Servo System Configurations for details on the power supply and peripheral devices.
  - 2. In fully-closed loop control, rattling or twisting of mechanical parts may cause vibration, delaying the positioning process.

## 8.1.2 Basic Specifications

	Item		Specification	
	Surrounding Air Temperature	0 to +55°C		
	Storage Temperature	-20°C to +85°C		
	Surrounding Air Humidity	90% relative humidity max.	There must be no freezing or condensation.	
	Storage Humidity	90% relative humidity max.	- There must be no neezing of condensation.	
Operating	Vibration Resistance	4.9 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Conditions	Shock Resistance	19.6 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
	Degree of Protection	IP10	• Must be no corrosive or flammable gases.	
	Pollution Degree	2	<ul> <li>Must be no exposure to water, oil, or chemicals.</li> <li>Must be no dust, salts, or iron dust.</li> </ul>	
	Altitude	1,000 m max.		
	Others	Do not use the SERVOPACK in the following locations: Locations subject to static electricity noise, strong electromagnetic/magnetic fields, or radio- activity		

## 8.1.3 Pin Arrangement of External Encoder Connector (CN31)

The following table lists the signal names and functions.

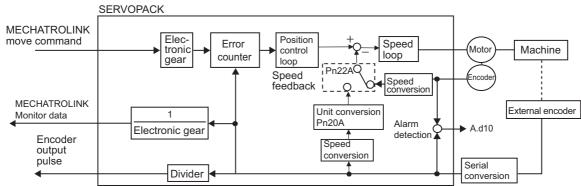
Pin No.	Signal	Function
1	PG5V	Encoder power supply +5 V
2	PG0V	Encoder power supply 0 V
3	-	-
4	_	_
5	PS	Serial data (+)
6	/PS	Serial data (-)
Shell	Shield	=

8.1.4 Internal Block Diagram of Fully-closed Loop Control

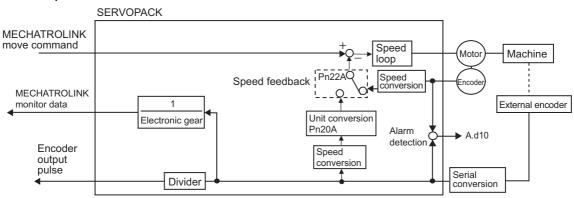
## 8.1.4 Internal Block Diagram of Fully-closed Loop Control

Internal block diagram of fully-closed loop control is shown below.

### With Position Control



Note: Either an incremental or an absolute encoder can be used. When the absolute encoder is used, set 1 to Pn002.2 (use the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder).



### With Speed Control

## 8.1.5 Serial Converter Unit

This section provides the specification of the serial converter unit.

#### (1) Model: JZDP-D00□-□□□-E

Characteristics and Specifications

	Items	Specifications	
	Power Supply Voltage	+5.0 V±5%, ripple content 5% max.	
	Current Consumption *1	120 mA Typ. 350 mA max.	
	Signal Resolution	1/256 pitch (1 cycle) of input 2-phase sine wave pitch	
	Max. Response Frequency	250 kHz	
Electrical Characteristics	Analog Input Signals <sup>*2</sup> (cos, sin, Ref)	Differential input amplitude: 0.4 V to 1.2 V Input signal level: 1.5 V to 3.5 V	
	Output Signal * <sup>3</sup>	Position data, alarms	
	Output Method	Serial data communications	
	Output Circuit	Balanced type transceiver (SN75LBC176 or the equivalent), internal terminating resistor: $120 \Omega$	
	Approx. Mass	150 g	
Mechanical Characteristics	Vibration Resistance	98 m/s <sup>2</sup> max. (10 to 2500 Hz) in three directions	
	Shock Resistance	980 m/s <sup>2</sup> , (11 ms) two times in three directions	
	Surrounding air Temperature	0°C to 55°C	
Environmental	Storage Temperature	-20°C to +80°C	
Conditions	Humidity	20% to 90%RH (without condensation)	
	Altitude	1000 m max.	

\* 1. The current consumption of the external encoder is not included in this value. The current consumption of the external encoder must be taken into consideration for the current capacity of host controller that supplies the power.

- \* 2. Input a value within the specified range. Otherwise, incorrect position information is output, and the device may be damaged.
- \* 3. The transmission is enabled 100 to 300 ms after the power turns ON.

8.1.5 Serial Converter Unit

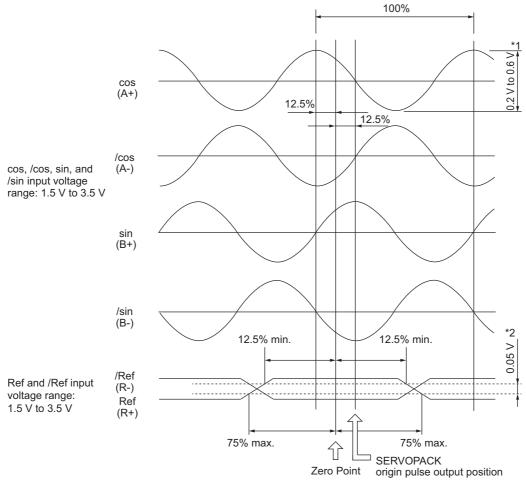
## (2) Analog Signal Input Timing

Input the analog signals with the timing shown in the following figure.

The /cos and /sin signals are the differential signals when the cos and sin signals are shifted 180°. The specifications of the cos, /cos, sin, and /sin signals are identical except for the phases.

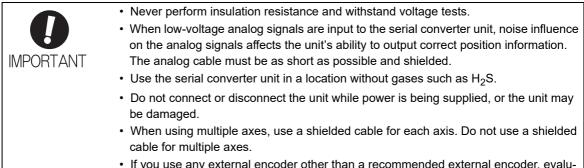
The Ref and /Ref signals are input to the comparator. Input a signal that will exceed the hysteresis of the comparator (i.e., the broken lines in the following figure).

When they are crossed, the output data will be counted up.



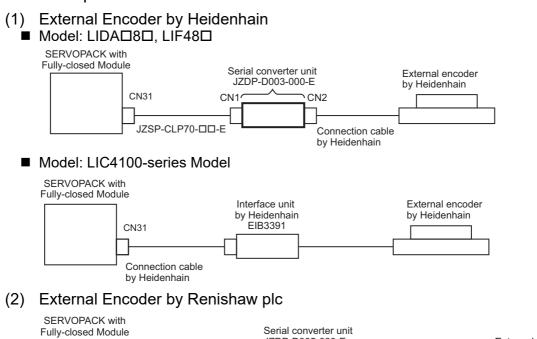
Count-Up Direction

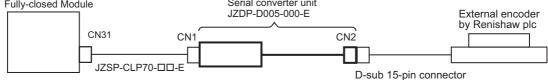
- \*1. If the analog signal amplitude declines to approximately 0.35 V because of the differential amplitude, the serial converter unit will output an alarm.
- \*2. This is the hysteresis width.



 If you use any external encoder other than a recommended external encoder, evaluate the system in advance before you use it.

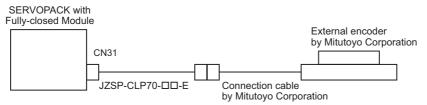
## 8.1.6 Example of Connections to External Encoders





#### (3) External Encoder by Mitutoyo Corporation

The serial converter unit is not needed when using the external encoder made by Mitutoyo Corporation. This external encoder is an absolute encoder.



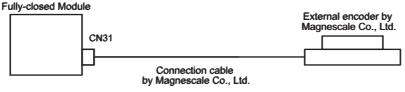
#### (4) External Encoder by Magnescale Co., Ltd.

■ Model: SR75, SR85, SR77<sup>\*1</sup>, SR87<sup>\*1</sup>, RU77<sup>\*2</sup>

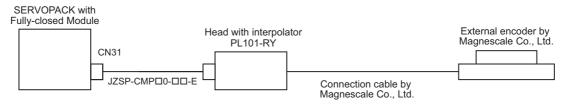
The serial converter unit is not needed when using the external encoder made by Magnescale Co., Ltd.

- \*1. The SR77 and SR87 models are external absolute encoder.
- \*2. The RU77 is rotational external absolute encoder.

#### SERVOPACK with



#### Model: SL700, SL710, SL720, SL730



8.1.7 Encoder Output Pulse Signals from SERVOPACK with an External Encoder by Renishaw plc

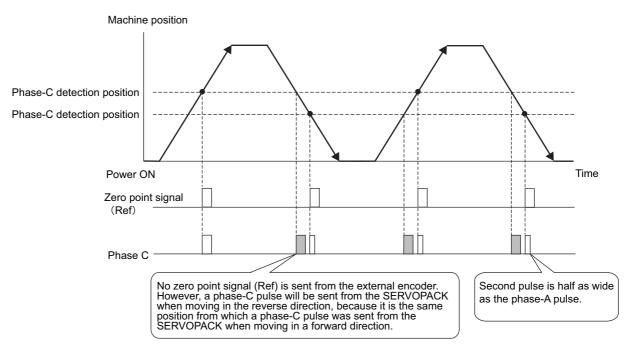
# **8.1.7** Encoder Output Pulse Signals from SERVOPACK with an External Encoder by Renishaw plc

The output position of the zero point signal (Ref) will depend on the direction of movement for some models of external encoders by Renishaw plc.

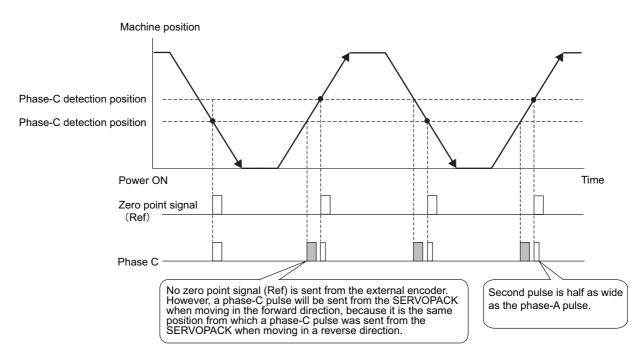
In such case, the phase-C pulses of the SERVOPACK are output at two positions.

For details on the specifications of the zero-point signals for a external encoder, refer to the manual for the Renishaw external encoder.

# (1) When Passing 1st Zero Point Signal (Ref) in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON



(2) When Passing 1st Zero Point Signal (Ref) in Reverse Direction and Returning after Power ON



## 8.1.8 Precautions When Using an External Incremental Encoder by Magnescale

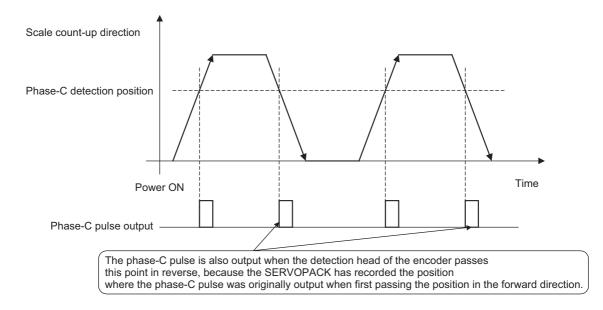
When an external incremental encoder by Magnescale Co., Ltd. is used, the count direction of the encoder determines if a phase-C pulse (CN1-19, CN1-20) is output and counted.

Note: The count direction (counting up or down) of the encoder determines if a phase-C pulse is output. The output of the pulse does not depend on the settings of these parameters: Pn000.0 (motor rotational direction ) and Pn002.3 (external encoder usage method).

Model	Interpolator	Scale pitch (µm)		
SL710		800		
SL720	PL101-RY	800		
SL730		800		
SR75		80		
SR85		80		

#### When Passing 1st Zero Point in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON

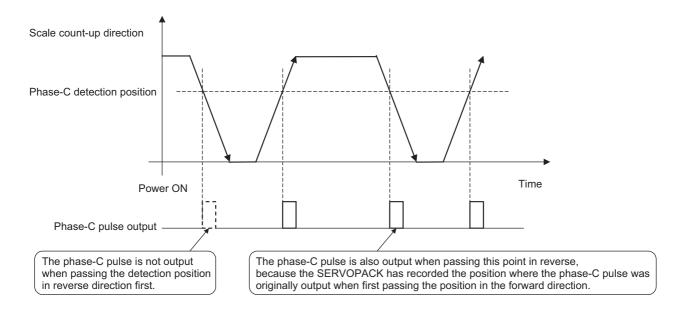
After the power is turned on, the phase-C pulse (CN1-19, CN1-20) is output when the external encoder moves forward and its detection head first passes the phase-C detection position. After the detection head of the encoder passes the detection position in a forward direction, the phase-C pulse is output when the head passes the position regardless of the direction of the encoder's movement.



8.1.8 Precautions When Using an External Incremental Encoder by Magnescale

#### ■ When Passing 1st Zero Point in Reverse Direction and Returning after Power ON

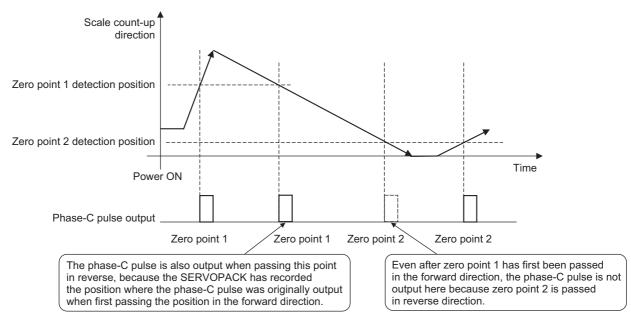
After the power is turned on, the phase-C pulse (CN1-19, CN1-20) is not output when the external encoder moves reverse and its head first passes the phase-C detection position. The phase-C pulse is output for the first time when the external encoder moves forward and its head passes the detection position. After the detection head of the encoder first passes the detection position in the forward direction, the phase-C pulse is output when the head passes the position regardless of the direction of the encoder's movement.



#### When Using an External Encoder with Multiple Zero Points and Passing 1st Zero Point in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON

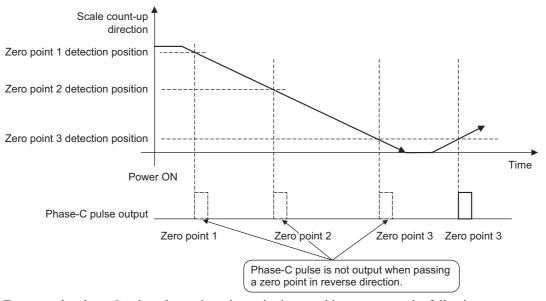
When using an external encoder with multiple zero points, the same logic as that explained earlier for an encoder with only one zero point applies to each zero point.

See *When Passing 1st Zero Point in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON.* 



#### When Using an External Encoder with Multiple Zero Points and Passing 1st Zero Point in Reverse Direction and Returning after Power ON

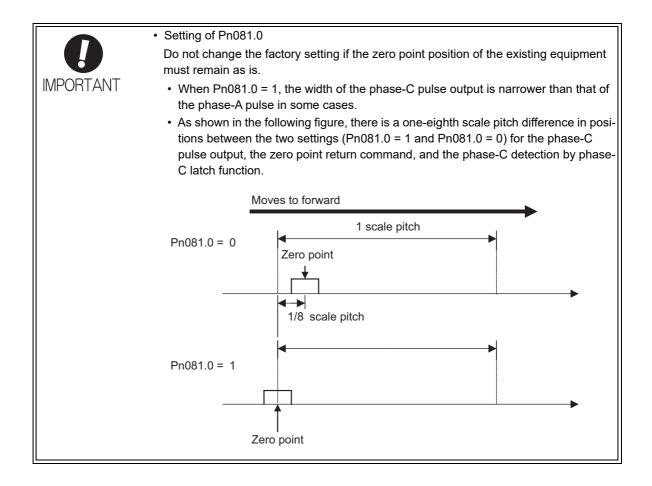
When using an external encoder with multiple zero points, the same logic as that explained earlier for an encoder with only one zero point applies to each zero point. See *I* When Passing 1st Zero Point in Reverse Direction and Returning after Power ON.



To output the phase-C pulse when a detection point is passed in reverse, set the following parameter to 1.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn081	n.□□□0 [Factory Setting]	Outputs phase C pulse only in forward direction		Setup
Ph081	n.□□□1	Outputs phase-C pulse in forward and reverse direction.	After restart	Setup

8.1.8 Precautions When Using an External Incremental Encoder by Magnescale



## 8.2 SERVOPACK and Converter Startup Procedure

First check that the SERVOPACK and converter operate correctly with semi-closed loop control, then check that they operate correctly with fully-closed loop control. The following describes the startup procedure for the SERVOPACK in fully-closed loop control.

Procedure	Description	Operation	Parameters Requiring Settings	Controller
1	<ul> <li>Check operation of the whole sequence in semi-closed loop control and without any load.</li> <li>Items to Check <ul> <li>Power supply circuit wiring</li> <li>Servomotor wiring</li> <li>Encoder wiring</li> <li>Wiring of I/O signal lines from the host controller</li> <li>Servomotor rotation direction, speed, and number of rotations</li> <li>Operation of safety mechanisms, such as the brakes and the overtravel mechanism</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Set the parameters so that the SER-VOPACK operates correctly in semi-closed loop control (Pn002.3 = 0) without any load and check the following points.</li> <li>Is there an error with the SER-VOPACK or converter?</li> <li>Does the JOG operation operate correctly when operating the SERVOPACK in standalone mode?</li> <li>Do the I/O signals turn ON/OFF correctly?</li> <li>Does the servomotor turn ON when the SV_ON command is sent from the host controller?</li> <li>Does the servomotor operate correctly when the position reference is input by the host controller?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Basic Function Select Switch 0 (Pn000)</li> <li>Application Function Select Switch 1 (Pn001)</li> <li>External Encoder Usage (Pn002.3)</li> <li>Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) (Pn20E)</li> <li>Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) (Pn210)</li> <li>Input Signal Selection (Pn50A, Pn50B, Pn511)</li> <li>Output Signal Selection (Pn50E, Pn50F, Pn510)</li> </ul>	SERVOPACK or host controller
2	<ul> <li>Check operation of the system connected with the machine and servomotor in semi-closed loop control mode.</li> <li>Items to Check</li> <li>Initial responsiveness of the system connected with the machine</li> <li>Movement direction, distance, and speed of the machine spec- ified by the host controller</li> </ul>	Connect the servomotor to the machine. Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) using the advanced auto- tuning function. Check that the machine operates in the correct direction, distance, and speed as directed by the host con- troller.	• Moment of inertia ratio (Pn103)	Host controller
3	Check the external encoder. Item to Check • Are signals from the external encoder received correctly?	<ul> <li>Set parameters related to the fully-closed loop control and move the machine with your hand without turning ON the power supply to the servomotor. Check the following status with the digital operator or SigmaWin+.</li> <li>Does the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) count up when the servomotor moves in the forward direction?</li> <li>Is the distance the machine moved about visually the same as the amount counted by the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E)?</li> <li>Note: The unit for fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) which is equivalent to the external encoder sine wave pitch divided by the number of divisions*.</li> <li>Refer to <i>8.3.5 Electronic Gear</i> for details on the number of divisions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>External Encoder Usage (Pn002.3)</li> <li>Number of External Scale Pitch (Pn20A)</li> <li>Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) (Pn20E)</li> <li>Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) (Pn210)</li> <li>Encoder Output Resolution (Pn281)</li> <li>Excessive Error Level Between Servomotor and Load Positions (Pn51B)</li> <li>Positioning Completed Width (Pn522)</li> <li>Multiplier per One Fully- closed Rotation (Pn52A)</li> </ul>	_

(cont'd)

Procedure	Description	Operation	Parameters Requiring Settings	Controller
4	<ul> <li>Perform a program JOG operation.</li> <li>Items to Check</li> <li>Does the fully-closed loop control operate correctly when operating the SERVOPACK in standalone mode?</li> </ul>	Perform a program JOG operation and check that the distance that the servomotor moved is the same as the distance that is set in Pn531. Note: Start from a low speed and gradually increase the speed.	Program JOG related param- eters (Pn530 to Pn536)	SERVOPACK
5	Operate the SERVOPACK and converter. Items to Check • Does the fully-closed loop control operate correctly including the host controller?	Input the position reference and check that the SERVOPACK and converter operate correctly. Note: Start from a low speed and gradually increase the speed.	_	Host controller

# 8.3 Parameter Settings for Fully-closed Loop Control

Set Parameters	Setting Contents	Position Control	Speed Control	Torque Control	Reference
Pn000.0	Motor rotation direction	0	0	0	8.3.1
Pn002.3	External encoder usage method	0	0	0	8.5.1
Pn20A	Number of pitches for the external encoder	0	0	0	8.3.2
Pn281	Pn281 Number of encoder output pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO) from the SERVOPACK		0	0	8.3.3
_	_ External absolute encoder data reception sequence		0	0	8.3.4
Pn20E, Pn210	Pn20E, Pn210 Electronic gear ratio		-	_	8.3.5
Pn51B	Excessive error level between servo- motor and load positions	0	-	_	8.3.6
Pn52A	Multiplier per one fully-closed rota- tion	0	-	_	0.5.0
Pn006/Pn007	Analog monitor signal	0	0	0	8.3.7
Pn22A	Sneed feedback method during fully-		-	_	8.3.8

This section describes the parameter settings for fully-closed loop control.

Note: When using an external absolute encoder, this external encoder works as an absolute encoder even if Pn002.2 is set to 1.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn002	n.□0□□ [Factory setting]	Uses the absolute encoder as an absolute encoder.	After restart	Setup
	n.0100	Uses the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.		

8.3.1 Motor Rotation Direction

## 8.3.1 Motor Rotation Direction

The motor rotation direction can be set. To perform fully-closed loop control, it is necessary to set the motor rotation direction with both Pn000.0 (motor rotation direction) and Pn002.3 (external encoder usage).

## (1) Setting Parameter Pn000.0

The standard setting for forward rotation is counterclockwise (CCW) as viewed from the load end of the servomotor.

	Parameter	Forward/ Reverse Reference	Direction of Motor Rotation and Encoder Output Pulse	Applicable Overtravel (OT)
n.□□□0         Sets CCW as forward direction.         [Factory setting]         Pn000         N.□□□1         Sets CW as forward direction.         (Reverse Rotation Mode)	n.□□□0 Sets CCW as forward	Forward Reference	Motor speed Torque reference CCW	P-OT
		Reverse Reference	+ Motor speed Torque reference Encoder output pulse PAO PAO Phase A advanced CW	N-OT
	Sets CW as forward direction. (Reverse Rotation	Forward Reference	Motor speed Torque reference CW Motor speed Time Motor speed Time Motor speed Time PAO PBO Phase B advanced	P-OT
		Reverse Reference	Motor speed Torque reference CCW Motor speed Motor speed	N-OT

Note: SigmaWin+ trace waveforms are shown in the above table.

#### (2) Setting Parameter Pn002.3

Parameter		Name	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]		Do not use external encoder.*		
Pn002	n.1000	External Encoder	Uses external encoder in standard rotation direc- tion.	After restart	Setup
	n.2000	Usage	Reserved (Do not set.)	111001 10000000	
	n.3000		Uses external encoder in reverse rotation direction.		
	n.4000		Reserved (Do not set.)		

\* The mode will be switched to semi-closed position control if Pn002 is set to  $n.0\square\square\square$ .

	Par	ameter	Pn002.3 (External Encoder Usage)				
			1	3	3		
		Reference direction	Forward reference	Reverse reference	Forward reference	Reverse reference	
	0	Motor rotation direction	CCW	CW	CCW	CW	
	0	External encoder output	cos lead	sin lead	sin lead	cos lead	
<b>Pn000.0</b> (Motor		Encoder output pulse	Phase B lead	Phase A lead	Phase B lead	Phase A lead	
rotation direction)		Reference direction	Forward reference	Reverse reference	Forward reference	Reverse reference	
	1	Motor rotation direction	CW	CCW	CW	CCW	
		External encoder output	sin lead	cos lead	cos lead	sin lead	
		Encoder output pulse	Phase B lead	Phase A lead	Phase B lead	Phase A lead	

(3) Relation between Motor Rotation Direction and External Encoder Pulse Phases Refer to the table below.

• Set Pn002 to n.1 \[ \[ \[ \] \[ \] (forward rotation with forward reference) if the output of the external encoder is cos lead and the motor is turning counterclockwise; set Pn002 to n.3 \[ \] \[ \] (reverse rotation with forward reference) if it is sin lead. When Pn000 is set to n.1 \[ \] \[ \] 0 and Pn002 to n.1 \[ \] \[ \] nanually turn the motor shaft counterclockwise. If the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) counts up, set Pn002 to n.1 \[ \] \[ \] . If the Un00E counts down, set Pn002 to n.3 \[ \] \[ \] .

• The output pulses are phase-B advanced if the motor is turning forward regardless of the setting in Pn000.0.

8.3.2 Sine Wave Pitch (Frequency) for an External Encoder

## 8.3.2 Sine Wave Pitch (Frequency) for an External Encoder

Set the number of external encoder pitches per motor rotation to Pn20A.

#### (1) Setting Example

Specifications External encoder sine wave pitch: 20 µm Ball screw lead: 30 mm

If the external encoder is connected directly to the motor, the set value will be 1500 (30 mm/0.02 mm = 1500).

Note 1. If there is a fraction, round off the digits below the decimal point.

2. If the number of external encoder pitches per motor rotation is not an integer, there will be deviation in the position loop gain (Kp), feedforward, and position reference speed monitor. This is not relevant for the position loop and it therefore does not interfere with the position accuracy.

#### (2) Related Parameter

	Number of External S	Scale Pitch	Position	Classifica- tion	
Pn20A	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	uon
	4 to 1048576	1 pitch/rev	32768	After restart	Setup

## 8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO)

Set the position resolution to Pn281. Set the number of phase A and phase B edges.

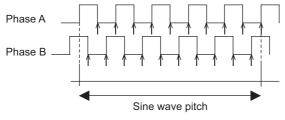
#### (1) Setting Example

Specifications External encoder sine wave pitch: 20 µm Ball screw lead: 30 mm Speed: 1600 mm/s

If the output of a single pulse (multiplied by 4) is 1  $\mu$ m, the set value will be 20.

If the output of a single pulse (multiplied by 4) is  $0.5 \,\mu$ m, the set value will be 40.

The encoder output pulse will have the following waveform if the set value is 20.



" $\uparrow$ " shows the edge position. In this example, the set value is 20 therefore the number of  $\uparrow$  is 20.

Note: The upper limit of the encoder signal output frequency (multiplied by 4) is 6.4 Mpps. Do not set a value that would cause the output to exceed 6.4 Mpps. If the output exceeds the upper limit, the overspeed of encoder output pulse rate alarm (A.511) will be output.

Example:

The frequency is as follows if the set value is 20 and the speed is 1600 mm/s:

 $\frac{1600 \text{ mm/s}}{1600000} = 1.6 \text{ Mpps}$ 

0.001 mm

Because 1.6 Mpps is less than 6.4 Mpps, this value can be used.

#### (2) Related Parameter

	Encoder Output Res	olution	Position	Classifica-	
Pn281	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	tion
	1 to 4096	1 edge/pitch	20	After restart	Setup

2. If the setting of Pn281 exceeds the resolution of the external encoder, the A.041 alarm (Encoder Output Pulse Setting Error) will be output.

#### (3) Phase-C Pulse Output Specifications

The pulse width of phase C (origin pulse) varies according to the encoder output resolution (Pn281), and will become the same as the pulse width of phase A.

Output timing for the phase-C pulse is one of the following.

- In synchronization with the phase-A rising edge
- In synchronization with the phase-A falling edge
- In synchronization with the phase-B rising edge
- In synchronization with the phase-B falling edge



Phase C of the rotational external absolute encoder is output only at the encoder's first point of origin after the power is supplied. Phase C of the external encoder is not output every rotation.

## 8.3.4 External Absolute Encoder Data Reception Sequence

The sequence in which the SERVOPACK receives outputs from the external absolute encoder and transmits them to host controller in fully-closed loop control is shown below.

#### (1) Outline of Absolute Signals

The serial data, pulses, etc., of the external absolute encoder that are output from the SERVOPACK are output from the PAO, PBO, and PCO signals as shown below.

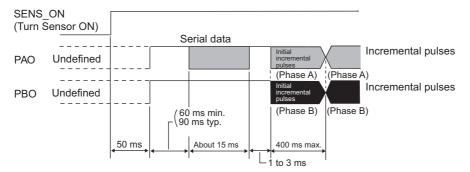
Host controller SI	controller SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Module						
PAO PAO PBO Dividing circuit (Pn281) PCO PCO PCO CN31 Serial data→ pulse conversion CN31 Serial data→ pulse conversion							
Signal Name	Status	Contents					
PAO	At initialization	Serial data Initial incremental pulses					
	Normal Operations	Incremental pulses					
PBO	At initialization	Initial incremental pulses					
100	Normal Operations	Incremental pulses					
PCO	Always	Origin pulses					

Note: When host controller receives the data from the external absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

8.3.4 External Absolute Encoder Data Reception Sequence

#### (2) Absolute Data Transmission Sequence and Contents

- 1. Send the Turn Sensor ON (SENS\_ON) command from the host controller.
- 2. After 100 ms, set the system to serial data reception-waiting-state. Clear the incremental pulse up/down counter to zero.
- 3. Receive eight characters of serial data.
- 4. The system enters a normal incremental operation state about 400 ms after the last serial data is received.



#### Serial data:

The current position pulses divided by Pn281 are output in serial data. One serial data is a value equivalent to 1048576 pulses.

#### Initial incremental pulses:

The current position pulses divided by Pn281 are output in pulses. The number of output pulses is between 0 to 1048576, and the output speed is approximately 1.48 µs per pulse.

	Reference position (at setup) Curren					position
Coordinate _(	) 1	<u> </u>	7 2	2	3	/
value	0	- - - -	1 (Ms)	2		3 (Mo)
Values of Mo and Ms			$M_{o} \times R$		Po	
		i i i	PE	<b>P</b>		
	Ms × R	Ps		Рм		

Final absolute data P<sub>M</sub> is calculated by following formula.

#### $P_E = M_O \times R + P_O$

 $P_M = P_E - M_S \times R - P_S$ 

Signal	Meaning
PE	Current position of external encoder
M <sub>O</sub>	Serial data of current position
P <sub>O</sub>	Number of initial incremental pulses of current position
M <sub>S</sub>	Serial data of reference position
P <sub>S</sub>	Number of initial incremental pulses of reference position
P <sub>M</sub>	Current value required for the user's system
R	1048576

Note: If host controller receives the data from the external absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

## (3) Serial Data Specifications

The serial data is output from the PAO signal.

Data Transfer Method	Start-stop Synchronization (ASYNC)
Baud rate	9600 bps
Start bits	1 bit
Stop bits	1 bit
Parity	Even
Character code	ASCII 7-bit code
Data format	<ul> <li>8 characters, as shown below.</li> <li>"P" "+" or "-" serial data in five digits "CR" in five digits "CR" in five digits in five din five din five digits in five din five digits</li></ul>

## (4) Transferring Alarm Contents

If an external absolute encoder is used, the contents of alarms detected by the SERVOPACK are transmitted in serial data to the host controller from the PAO output when the Turn Sensor OFF command (SENS\_OFF) is received.

Note: The SENS\_OFF command cannot be received while the servomotor power is ON.

Output example of alarm contents are as shown below.

Turns Sensor OFF (SENS_OFF)	ON OFF Error detection
Panel Display	or $\square$
PAO Output	Incremental pulse Enlarged view Serial Data  Enlarged view Serial Data Format  "A" "L" "M" "5" "1" "." "CR"  Upper 2 digits

8.3.5 Electronic Gear

## 8.3.5 Electronic Gear

Refer to *4.4.3 Electronic Gear* for the purpose of setting the electronic gear. The following formula is used to calculate the electronic gear ratio in fully-closed loop control.

Electronic gear ratio  $\frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{Travel distance per reference unit × Number of divisions}{External encoder sine wave pitch}$ 

Note: Set Pn20E (numerator B) and Pn210 (denominator A) to integral values.

The setting range is defined by  $0.001 \le \frac{B}{A} \le 4000$ .

The following table shows the various external encoder sin wave pitches and the number of divisions.

#### External Encoder Sine Wave Pitch and Number of Divisions

Calculate the electronic gear ratio with the values in the following table.

Type of External Encoder	Manufacturer	External Encoder Model	Sine Wave Pitch [µm]	Model of Relay Device between SERVOPACK and External Encoder	Number of Divisions	Resolution
		LIDA48	20	JZDP-D003-□□□-E <sup>*1</sup>	256	0.078 µm
	Heidenhain	LIDA18	40	JZDP-D003-□□□-E <sup>*1</sup>	256	0.156 µm
		LIF48	4	JZDP-D003-□□□-E <sup>*1</sup>	256	0.016 µm
		RGH22B	20	JZDP-D005-□□□-E <sup>*1</sup>	256	0.078 µm
Incremental	Renishaw plc	TONIC series (Ti0000A00V only)	20	JZDP-D005-DDD-E*1	256	0.078 µm
morementar		SR75-DDDDDLF <sup>*2</sup>	80	-	8192	0.0098 µm
		SR75-DDDDDMF	80	-	1024	0.078 µm
	Magnescale Co., Ltd.	$SR85-\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box LF^{*2}$	80	-	8192	0.0098 µm
		SR85-DDDDDMF	80	-	1024	0.078 µm
		SL700 <sup>*2</sup> , SL710 <sup>*2</sup> , SL720 <sup>*2</sup> , SL730 <sup>*2</sup>	800	PL101-RY*3	8192	0.0977 μm
	Heidenhain	LIC4100	20.48	EIB3391Y <sup>*4</sup>	4096	0.005 µm
	Mitutoyo Corporation	ST781A/ST781AL	256	_	512	0.5 µm
		ST782A/ST782AL	256	-	512	0.5 µm
		ST783/ST783AL	51.2	-	512	0.1 µm
	Withdoyo Corporation	ST784/ST784AL	51.2	-	512	0.1 µm
		ST788A/ST788AL	51.2	-	512	0.1 µm
Absolute		ST789A/ST789AL <sup>*5</sup>	25.6	-	512	0.05 µm
		$SR77-\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box LF^{*2}$	80	-	8192	0.0098 µm
		SR77-DDDDDMF	80	_	1024	0.078 µm
	Manuala Ca. Ltl	SR87-DDDDDLF <sup>*2</sup>	80	-	8192	0.0098 µm
	Magnescale Co., Ltd.	SR87-DDDDDMF	80	-	1024	0.078 µm
		RU77-4096ADF <sup>*6</sup>	_	-	256	20 bits
		RU77-4096AFFT01*6	-	-	1024	22 bits

\*1. Models for serial converter units.

\*2. When using the encoder pulse output with these external encoders, the setting range of Pn281 is restricted. For details, refer to 8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO).

\*3. Model for sensor head with interpolator.

- \*4. Model for interface unit by Heidenhain.
- \*5. For details on this external encoder, contact Mitutoyo.
- \*6. Model for rotational external encoder.

Refer to the manuals for the external encoder and serial converter unit for details on the sine wave pitch and the number of divisions of the external encoder.

#### Setting Example

If the servomotor moves  $0.2 \,\mu\text{m}$  for every pulse of position reference, the external encoder sine wave pitch is 20  $\mu$ m, and the number of divisions is 256, the electronic gear ratio will be as follow.

Electronic gear ratio  $\frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{0.2 \times 256}{20} = \frac{512}{200}$ 

Therefore, set 512 for Pn20E (numerator B) and 200 for Pn210 (denominator A).

## 8.3.6 Alarm Detection

The setting of alarm detection (Pn51B/Pn52A) is shown below.

#### (1) Excessive Error Level between Servomotor and Load Positions (Pn51B)

This setting detects the difference between the feedback position of the motor encoder and the feedback load position of the external encoder in fully-closed loop control. If the detected difference is above the set level, the motor-load position error overflow alarm (A.d10) will be output.

	Excessive Error Leve Load Positions	Classifica- tion			
Pn51B	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	lion
	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1000	Immediately	Setup

Note: If you set this parameter to 0, A.d10 alarms will not be output and the machine may be damaged.

#### (2) Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation (Pn52A)

The coefficient of the error between the external encoder and the motor per motor rotation can be set. This function can be used to prevent the motor from running out of control due to damage to the external encoder or to detect slippage of the belt.

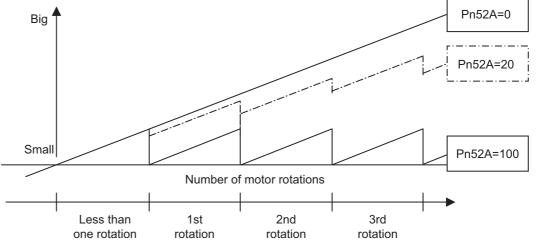
#### Setting Example

Increase the value if the belt slips or is twisted excessively.

If the set value is 0, the external encoder value will be read as it is.

If the factory setting of 20 is used, the second rotation will start with the error for the first motor rotation multiplied by 0.8. (Refer to the following figure.)

Error between motor and external encoder



#### Related Parameter

	Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation				Classifica-	
Pn52/	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	tion	
	0 to 100	1%	20	Immediately	Setup	

Fully-closed Loop Control

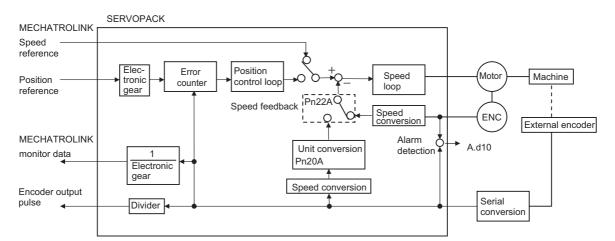
8.3.7 Analog Monitor Signal

## 8.3.7 Analog Monitor Signal

The position error between servomotor and load can be monitored with the analog monitor.

Parameter		Name	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn006	n.□□07	Analog Monitor 1 Signal Selection	Position error between servomotor and load [0.01 V/1 reference unit] Factory setting: n.□□02	Immediately	Setup
Pn007	n.□□07	Analog Monitor 2 Signal Selection	Position error between servomotor and load [0.01 V/1 reference unit] Factory setting: n.□□00	minediatery	Setup

## 8.3.8 Speed Feedback Method during Fully-closed Loop Control



Use Pn22A.3 to select the speed feedback method during fully-closed loop control: Normally, set Pn22A.3 to 0 (Uses motor encoder speed.).

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification	
Pn22A	n.0□□□ [Factory setting]	Uses motor encoder speed.	After restart	Setup	
	n.1000	Uses external encoder speed.			

Note: This parameter cannot be used when Pn002.3 is set to 0.

# Troubleshooting

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## 9.1 Alarm Displays

This section provides a list of the alarms that may occur and the causes of and corrections for those alarms.

## 9.1.1 List of Alarms

This section provides a list of alarm names, alarm meanings, stopping methods, and alarm reset capabilities in order of the alarm numbers.

#### Servomotor Stopping Method

If an alarm occurs, the servomotor can be stopped by doing either of the following operations.

- Gr.1: The servomotor is stopped according to the setting in Pn001.0 if an alarm occurs. Pn001.0 is factory-set to stop the servomotor by applying the DB.
- Gr.2: The servomotor is stopped according to the setting in Pn00B.1 if an alarm occurs. Pn00B.1 is factory-set to stop the servomotor by setting the speed reference to "0." The servomotor under torque control will always use the Gr.1 method to stop. By setting Pn00B.1 to 1, the servomotor stops using the same method as Gr.1. When coordinating a number of servomotors, use this stopping method to prevent machine damage that may result due to differences in the stop method.

#### Alarm Reset

Available: Removing the cause of alarm and then executing the alarm reset can clear the alarm. N/A: Executing the alarm reset cannot clear the alarm.

Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	Servomotor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset
A.020	Parameter Checksum Error 1	The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.021	Parameter Format Error 1	The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.022	System Checksum Error 1	The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.030	Main Circuit Detector Error	Detection data for main circuit is incorrect.	Gr.1	Available
A.040	Parameter Setting Error 1	The parameter setting is outside the setting range.	Gr.1	N/A
A.041	Encoder Output Pulse Setting Error	The setting of Pn212 (Number of Encoder Output Pulses) or Pn281 (Encoder Output Resolution) is outside of the setting range or does not satisfy the setting conditions.	Gr.1	N/A
A.042	Parameter Combination Error	Combination of some parameters exceeds the setting range.	Gr.1	N/A
A.044	Semi-closed/Fully-closed Loop Control Parameter Setting Error	The setting in the option module and the setting of Pn002.3 do not match.	Gr.1	N/A
A.04A	Parameter Setting Error 2	Bank member/bank data setting is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.050	Combination Error	The SERVOPACK and the servomotor capacities do not match each other.	Gr.1	Available
A.051	Unsupported Device Alarm	The device unsupported was connected.	Gr.1	N/A
A.0b0	Cancelled Servo ON Command Alarm	The servo ON command (SV_ON) was sent from the host control- ler after executing a utility function that turns ON servomotor.	Gr.1	Available
A.100	Overcurrent or Heat Sink Overheated	An overcurrent flowed through the IGBT or the heat sink of the SERVOPACK was overheated.	Gr.1	N/A
A.300	Regeneration Error	Regenerative circuit or regenerative resistor is faulty.	Gr.1	Available
A.320	Regenerative Overload	Regenerative energy exceeds regenerative resistor capacity.	Gr.2	Available
A.330	Main Circuit Power Supply Wiring Error• Setting of AC input/DC input is incorrect. • Power supply wiring is incorrect.		Gr.1	Available
A.400	Overvoltage	Main circuit DC voltage is excessively high.	Gr.1	Available
A.410	Undervoltage	Main circuit DC voltage is excessively low.	Gr.2	Available

(cont'd)

Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	Servomotor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset
A.42A	Converter error	<ul> <li>One of the following was detected by the converter.</li> <li>An operation error occurred when using the limit relay for inrush current</li> <li>PN voltage error</li> <li>Regeneration operation error</li> <li>The converter's heat sink overheated</li> <li>An operation error occurred when using the converter and fan</li> </ul>	Gr.1	Available
A.450	Main-Circuit Capacitor Overvoltage	The capacitor of the main circuit has deteriorated or is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
A.510	Overspeed	The servomotor speed is above the maximum rotational speed.	Gr.1	Available
A.511	Overspeed of Encoder Output Pulse Rate	The pulse output speed upper limit of the set encoder output pulse (Pn212) is exceeded.	Gr.1	Available
A.520	Vibration Alarm	Incorrect vibration at the motor speed was detected.	Gr.1	Available
A.521	Autotuning Alarm	Vibration was detected while performing tuning-less function.	Gr.1	Available
A.710	Overload: High Load	The servomotor was operating for several seconds to several tens of seconds under a torque largely exceeding ratings.	Gr.2	Available
A.720	Overload: Low Load	The servomotor was operating continuously under a torque exceeding ratings.	Gr.1	Available
A.730 A.731	Dynamic Brake Overload	When the dynamic brake was applied, rotational energy exceeded the capacity of dynamic brake resistor.	Gr.1	Available
A.740	Overload of Surge Current Limit Resistor	The main circuit power was frequently turned ON and OFF.	Gr.1	Available
A.7A0	Heat Sink Overheated	The heat sink of the SERVOPACK or converter exceeded 100°C.	Gr.2	Available
A.7AB	Built-in Fan in SERVOPACK Stopped	The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped.	Gr.1	Available
A.810	Encoder Backup Error	The power supplies to the encoder all failed and position data was lost.	Gr.1	N/A
A.820	Encoder Checksum Error	The checksum results of encoder memory is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.830	Absolute Encoder Battery Error	The battery voltage was lower than the specified value after the control power supply was turned ON.	Gr.1	Available
A.840	Encoder Data Error	Data in the encoder is incorrect.	Gr.1	N/A
A.850	Encoder Overspeed	The encoder was rotating at high speed when the power was turned ON.	Gr.1	N/A
A.860	Encoder Overheated	The internal temperature of encoder is too high.	Gr.1	N/A
A.8A0	External Encoder Error	External encoder is faulty.	Gr.1	Available
A.8A1	External Encoder Error of Module	Serial converter unit is faulty.	Gr.1	Available
A.8A2	External Encoder Error of Sensor	External encoder is faulty.	Gr.1	Available
A.8A3	External Encoder Error of Position	The position data of external encoder is faulty.	Gr.1	Available
A.8A5	External Encoder Over- speed	The overspeed from the external encoder occurred.	Gr.1	Available
A.8A6	External Encoder Over- heated	The overheat from the external encoder occurred.	Gr.1	Available
<b>A.A□□</b> *1	SERVOPACK: Command Option Module Alarms	-	_	_
A.b31	Current Detection Error 1	The current detection circuit for phase U is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
A.b32	Current Detection Error 2	The current detection circuit for phase V is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A

\*1. These alarms occur in SERVOPACKs with command option modules. For details, refer to the manual for the command option module that is connected.

9.1.1 List of Alarms

(cont'd) Servomotor Alarm Alarm Stopping Alarm Name Meaning Number Reset Method A.b33 **Current Detection Error 3** Gr.1 N/A The detection circuit for the current is faulty. MECHATROLINK A.b6A Communications ASIC error occurred in the MECHATROLINK communications. N/A Gr.1 ASIC Error 1 MECHATROLINK Communications A.b6b ASIC error occurred in the MECHATROLINK communications. Gr.2 N/A ASIC Error 2 A.bE0 N/A **Firmware Error** An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK. Gr.1 A.bF0 System Alarm 0 "Internal program error 0" of the SERVOPACK occurred. Gr.1 N/A A.bF1 System Alarm 1 "Internal program error 1" of the SERVOPACK occurred. Gr.1 N/A A.bF2 System Alarm 2 "Internal program error 2" of the SERVOPACK occurred. Gr.1 N/A A.bF3 System Alarm 3 "Internal program error 3" of the SERVOPACK occurred. Gr.1 N/A A.bF4 System Alarm 4 "Internal program error 4" of the SERVOPACK occurred. Gr.1 N/A A.C10 Servo Overrun Detected The servomotor ran out of control. Gr.1 Available Absolute Encoder Clear The multiturn for the absolute encoder was not properly cleared or A.C80 Error and Multiturn Limit Gr.1 N/A set. Setting Error **Encoder Communications** Communications between the SERVOPACK and the encoder is not A.C90 Gr.1 N/A possible. Error **Encoder Communications** A.C91 An encoder position data calculation error occurred. Gr.1 N/A Position Data Error **Encoder Communications** An error occurs in the communications timer between the encoder A.C92 Gr.1 N/A Timer Frror and the SERVOPACK. A.CA0 Encoder Parameter Error Encoder parameters are faulty. Gr.1 N/A A.Cb0 Encoder Echoback Error Contents of communications with encoder are incorrect. Gr 1 N/AMultiturn Limit Different multiturn limits have been set in the encoder and the SER-A.CC0 Gr.1 N/A Disagreement VOPACK. Feedback Option Module A.CF1 Communications Error Reception from the Feedback Option Module is faulty. Gr.1 N/A (Reception error) Feedback Option Module Timer for communications with the Feedback Option Module is **Communications Error** A.CF2 Gr.1 N/A faulty. (Timer stop) The setting of Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level) A.d00 Position Error Overflow Gr.1 Available was exceeded by the position deviation. This alarm occurs if the servomotor power is turned ON when the Position Error Overflow A.d01 position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the servo-Gr.1 Available Alarm at Servo ON motor power is OFF. When the position errors remain in the error counter, Pn529 limits Position Error Overflow the speed if the servomotor power is turned ON. If Pn529 limits the A.d02 Alarm by Speed Limit at speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position references are Gr.2 Available Servo ON input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520). Motor-load Position Error During fully-closed loop control, the position error between motor A.d10 Gr.2 Available Overflow and load is excessive. MECHATROLINK Synchronization error during MECHATROLINK communications A.E02 Internal Synchronization Gr.1 Available with the SERVOPACK. Error 1 MECHATROLINK The setting of the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle is out of A.E40 Transmission Cycle Gr.2 Available the allowable range. Setting Error

(coi	nťd)

				(cont'd)
Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	Servomotor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset
A.E41	MECHATROLINK Communications Data Size Setting Error	The setting of the MECHATROLINK communications data size is incorrect.	Gr.2	Available
A.E42	MECHATROLINK Station Address Setting Error	The setting of the MECHATROLINK station address is incorrect.	Gr.2	N/A
A.E50	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Error	A synchronization error occurs during MECHATROLINK commu- nications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E51	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Failed	A synchronization failure occurs in MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E60	MECHATROLINK Communications Error (Reception error)	A communications error occurs continuously during MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E61	MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Error (Synchronization interval error)	The transmission cycle fluctuates during MECHATROLINK com- munications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E62	MECHATROLINK Communications Error (FCS error)	Communications error occurs continuously during MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E63	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Frame Not Received Alarm	Synchronization frames are not received continuously during MECHATROLINK communications.	Gr.2	Available
A.E71	Safety Option Module Detection Failure	Detection of the safety option module failed.	Gr.1	N/A
A.E72	Feedback Option Module Detection Failure	Detection of the Feedback Option Module failed.	Gr.1	N/A
A.E74	Unsupported Safety Option Module	An unsupported safety option module was connected.	Gr.1	N/A
A.E75	Unsupported Feedback Option Module	An unsupported feedback option module was connected.	Gr.1	N/A
A.E81 <sup>*2</sup>	SERVOPACK: Safety Module Alarm	_	_	_
A.EA2	DRV Alarm 2 (SERVOPACK WDC error)	A SERVOPACK DRV alarm 0 occurs.	Gr.2	Available
A.Eb1	Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error	The safety function signal input timing is faulty.	Gr.1	N/A
<b>A.Eb</b> □ *2	SERVOPACK: Safety Module Alarms	_	_	_
<b>A.EC</b> □ *2	SERVOPACK: Safety Module Alarms	_	-	-
A.Ed1	Command Execution Timeout	A timeout error occurred when using a MECHATROLINK command.	Gr.2	Available
A.F10	Main Circuit Cable Open Phase	With the main circuit power supply ON, voltage was low for more than 1 second in phase R, S, or T.	Gr.2	Available
A.F30	Dynamic Brake Contactor Error	An error occurred in the operation of the dynamic brake contactor.	Gr.2	Available
A.F50	Servomotor Main Circuit Cable Disconnection	The servomotor did not operate or power was not supplied to the servomotor even though the SV_ON (Servo ON) command was input when the servomotor was ready to receive it.	Gr.1	Available
FL-1 <sup>*3</sup>	System Alarm	Internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK	_	N/A
FL-2 <sup>*3</sup>	·		-	N/A

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\*2.

These alarms occur in SERVOPACKs with safety modules. For details, refer to  $\Sigma$ -V Series User's Manual, Safety Module (No.: SIEP C720829 06). These alarms are not stored in the alarm history and are displayed only in the panel display. \*3.

#### 9 Troubleshooting

9.1.1 List of Alarms

#### (cont'd)

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Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	Servomotor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset
CPF00	Digital Operator Transmission Error 1	Digital operator (JUSP-OP05A-1-E) fails to communicate with the	_	N/A
CPF01	Digital Operator Transmission Error 2	SERVOPACK (e.g., CPU error).	_	N/A
<b>A</b>	Not an error	Normal operation status	-	-

## 9.1.2 Troubleshooting of Alarms

If an error occurs in servo drives, an alarm display such as  $A.\Box\Box\Box$  and  $CPF\Box\Box$  will appear on the panel display.

Refer to the following table to identify the cause of an alarm and the action to be taken. Contact your Yaskawa representative if the problem cannot be solved by the described corrective action.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The power supply voltage sud- denly dropped.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range, and set Fn005 to initialize the parameter.
	The power supply went OFF while changing a parameter set- ting.	Check the circumstances when the power supply went OFF.	Set Fn005 to initialize the parameter and then set the parameter again.
A.020: Parameter Checksum		Check to see if the parameters were frequently changed through the host controller.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. Reconsider the method of writing parameters.
Error 1 (The parameter data in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.)	Malfunction caused by noise from the AC power supply or grounding line, static electricity noise, etc.	Turn the power supply ON and OFF several times. If the alarm still occurs, there may be noise interfer- ence.	Take countermeasures against noise.
	Gas, water drops, or cutting oil entered the SERVOPACK and caused failure of the internal components.	Check the installation conditions.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	Turn the power supply ON and OFF several times. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.021: Parameter Format Error 1 (The parameter data in	The software version of SERVO- PACK that caused the alarm is older than that of the written parameter.	Check Fn012 to see if the set soft- ware version agrees with that of the SERVOPACK. If not, an alarm may occur.	Write the parameter of another SERVOPACK of the same model with the same software version. Then turn the power OFF and then ON again.
the SERVOPACK is incorrect.)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.022:	The power supply voltage sud- denly dropped.	Measure the power supply voltage.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
System Checksum Error 1	The power supply went OFF while setting an utility function.	Check the circumstances when the power supply went OFF.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
(The parameter data in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	Turn the power supply ON and OFF several times. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.030:	The $\ominus 1$ and $\ominus 2$ terminals of the converter are open.	Check the $\ominus 1$ and $\ominus 2$ terminals on the converter.	Correctly connect the $\ominus 1$ and $\ominus 2$ terminals on the converter.
Main Circuit Detector Error	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	_	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVO- PACK or converter.

9.1.2 Troubleshooting of Alarms

Alarm Number: Alarm Name Cause **Investigative Actions Corrective Actions** (Alarm Description) The SERVOPACK capacity, con-Check the combination of SERVOverter capacity, and the servomo-Select the proper combination of PACK, converter, and servomotor tor capacity do not match each capacities. capacities. A.040: other. Parameter Setting A fault occurred in the SERVO-The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Error 1 PACK. Replace the SERVOPACK. (The parameter setting The parameter setting is out of Check the setting ranges of the Set the parameter to a value within was out of the setting the setting range. parameters that have been changed. the setting range. range.) Check the electronic gear ratio. The Set the electronic gear ratio in the The electronic gear ratio is out of ratio must satisfy: range: 0.001< (Pn20E/Pn210) the setting range. < 4000. 0.001< (Pn20E/Pn210) < 4000. The setting of Pn212 (Number of Check the parameter Pn212. Set Pn212 to a correct value. Encoder Output Pulses) or Pn281 A.041: (Encoder Output Resolution) is Set Pn281 to an appropriate value **Encoder Output Pulse** Check the resolution of the external outside of the setting range or lower than the resolution of the Setting Error encoder and Pn281. does not satisfy the setting condiexternal encoder. tions. The speed of program JOG operation (Fn004) is lower than the setting range after having Check if the detection conditions<sup>\*1</sup> Decrease the setting of the elecchanged the electronic gear ratio tronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210). are satisfied. (Pn20E/Pn210) or the servomotor. The speed of program JOG oper-A.042: ation (Fn004) is lower than the Parameter setting range after having Check if the detection conditions<sup>\*1</sup> Increase the setting of the program **Combination Error** changed the setting of the proare satisfied. JOG movement speed (Pn533). gram JOG movement speed (Pn533). The moving speed of advanced autotuning is lower than the set-Decrease the setting of the elec-Check if the detection conditions<sup>\*1</sup> ting range after having changed tronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210). are satisfied. the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/ Pn210) or the servomotor. A.044: Semi-closed/Fully-The setting of the fully-closed The setting of fully-closed module closed Loop Control module does not match with that Check the settings of Pn002.3. must be compatible with the setting of Pn002.3. of Pn002.3. Parameter Setting Frror For a 4-byte parameter bank, no Change the number of bytes for registration in two consecutive bank members to an appropriate A.04A: bytes for two bank members. value. Parameter Setting The total amount of bank data Error 2 Reduce the total amount of bank exceeds 64. (Pn900  $\times$  Pn901 >data to 64 or less. 64)

\*1. Detection conditions

If one of the following conditions detected, an alarm occurs.

$$Pn533 \text{ [min^{-1}]} \times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{6 \times 10^5} \le \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210}$$

Max Motor Speed 
$$[min^{-1}] \times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{About } 3.66 \times 10^{12}} \ge \frac{\text{Pn20E}}{\text{Pn210}}$$

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.050: Combination Error	The SERVOPACK and servomo- tor capacities do not match each other.	Check the capacities to see if they satisfy the following condition: $\frac{1}{4} \le \frac{\text{Servomotor capacity}}{\text{SERVOPACK capacity}} \le 4$	Select the proper combination of SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities.
(The SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities do	An encoder fault occurred.	Replace the servomotor and see if the alarm occurs again.	Replace the servomotor (encoder).
not correspond.)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	-	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVO- PACK or converter.
A.051: Unsupported Device Alarm	An unsupported serial converter unit, encoder, or external encoder is connected to the SERVO- PACK.	Check the product specifications, and select the correct model.	Select the correct combination of units.
A.0b0: Cancelled Servo ON Command Alarm	After executing the utility func- tion to turn ON the power to the motor, the servo ON command (SV_ON) was sent from the host controller.	-	Turn the SERVOPACK power sup- ply OFF and then ON again or exe- cute a software reset.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name Cause **Investigative Actions Corrective Actions** (Alarm Description) Incorrect wiring or contact fault Check the wiring. Refer to 3.1 Correct the wiring. of main circuit cables. Main Circuit Wiring. Check for short-circuits across the servomotor terminal phases U, V, Short-circuit or ground fault of and W, or between the grounding The cable may be short-circuited. and servomotor terminal phases U, main circuit cables. Replace the cable. V, or W. Refer to 3.1 Main Circuit Wiring. Check for short-circuits across the servomotor terminal phases U, V, Short-circuit or ground fault and W, or between the grounding The servomotor may be faulty. inside the servomotor. and servomotor terminal phases U, Replace the servomotor. V, or W. Refer to 3.1 Main Circuit Wiring. Check for short-circuits across the servomotor connection terminals U. Short-circuit or ground fault V, and W on the SERVOPACK, or The SERVOPACK may be faulty. inside the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK. between the grounding and terminal U, V, or W. Refer to 3.1 Main Circuit Wiring. Check the power consumed by DB The dynamic brake (DB: Emerresistance (Un00B) to see how Change the SERVOPACK model, gency stop executed from the A 100. many times the DB has been used. operating conditions, or the mecha-SERVOPACK) was frequently Overcurrent or Heat Or, check the alarm history display nism so that the DB does not need activated, or the DB overload Sink Overheated Fn000 to see if the DB overload to be used so frequently. alarm occurred. (An overcurrent flowed alarm A.730 or A.731 was reported. through the IGBT or A heavy load was applied while Check to see if the operating condi-Reduce the load applied to the serheat sink of SERVOthe servomotor was stopped or tions are outside servo drive specifivomotor or increase the operating PACK overheated.) running at a low speed. cations. speed. Take countermeasures for noise, Improve the wiring or installation such as correct wiring of the FG. Malfunction caused by noise environment, such as by reducing Use an FG wire size equivalent to interference. noise, and check to see if the alarm the main circuit wire size of the recurs. SERVOPACK and converter. The setting of Pn515.2 (dynamic brake answer signal (/DBANS) Check the setting of Pn515.2 and Set Pn515.2 to agree with the coninput signal mapping) does not the contacts of the dynamic brake tacts of the dynamic brake contacagree with the contacts of the contactor. tor. dynamic brake contactor that is connected. Current flowed to the dynamic brake resistor when power to the The dynamic brake contactor may Check the contactor to see if it is have failed. Replace the dynamic servomotor was ON due to weldwelded. ing or other failure of the brake contactor. dynamic brake contacts. Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still A fault occurred in the SERVOoccurs, the SERVOPACK or con-PACK. verter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or converter.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	An external regenerative resistor unit is not connected.	Check the external regenerative resistor unit connection.	Connect the external regenerative resistor unit.
	The regenerative resistor unit is incorrectly wired, or is removed or disconnected.	Check the regenerative resistor unit connection.	Correctly connect the regenerative resistor unit.
A.300: Regeneration Error	The connection of the I/O signals (CN901) between the SERVO- PACK and converter is faulty.	Check the connection of CN901.	Correctly connect CN901.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	-	While the main circuit power sup- ply is OFF, turn the control power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVO- PACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or con- verter.
	The power supply voltage exceeds the specified limit.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.
	Insufficient regenerative resis- tance, regenerative resistor capacity. Or, regenerative power has been continuously flowing back.	Check the operating condition or the capacity using the capacity selection Software SigmaJunma- Size+, etc.	Change the regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity. Reconsider the operating conditions using the capacity selection soft- ware SigmaJunmaSize+, etc.
A.320:	Regenerative power continu- ously flowed back because nega- tive load was continuously applied.	Check the load applied to the servo- motor during operation.	Reconsider the system including servo, machine, and operating conditions.
Regenerative Overload	The setting of parameter Pn600 is smaller than the regenerative resistor's capacity.	Check the regenerative resistor unit connection and the value of the Pn600.	Set the Pn600 to a correct value.
	The regenerative resistance is too high.	Check the regenerative resistance.	Change the regenerative resistance to a correct value or use an external regenerative resistor of appropriate capacity.
	The connection of the I/O signals (CN901) between the SERVO- PACK and converter is faulty.	Check the connection of CN901.	Correctly connect CN901.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	-	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVO- PACK or converter.
	The regenerative resistor unit was disconnected when the power supply voltage to the SERVO- PACK and converter was high.	Measure the resistance of the regen- erative resistor unit using a measur- ing instrument.	Replace the regenerative resistor unit.
A.330:	DC power was supplied.	Check the power supply to see if it is a AC power supply.	Use an AC power supply.
Main Circuit Power Supply Wiring Error	An regenerative resistor unit is not connected.	Check the regenerative resistor unit connection.	Connect the regenerative resistor unit.
(Detected when the power to the main circuit is turned ON.)	The $\ominus 1$ and $\ominus 2$ terminals of the converter are open.	Check the $\ominus 1$ and $\ominus 2$ terminals on the converter.	Correctly connect the $\ominus 1$ and $\ominus 2$ terminals on the converter.
	The connection of the I/O signals (CN901) between the SERVO- PACK and converter is faulty.	Check the connection of CN901.	Correctly connect CN901.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	-	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVO- PACK or converter.

Alarm Number: Cause **Corrective Actions** Alarm Name **Investigative Actions** (Alarm Description) The AC power supply voltage exeeded: • 290 VAC for 200-VAC Set AC power supply voltage within Measure the power supply voltage. SERVOPACKs. the specified range. . 580 VAC for 400-VAC SERVOPACKs. Improve the power supply conditions by installing a surge absorber, etc. Then, turn the power supply The power supply is unstable, or was influenced by a lightning Measure the power supply voltage. OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK or consurge. verter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or converter. Voltage for AC power supply was Check the power supply voltage and Set AC power supply voltage within too high during acceleration or the speed and torque during operathe specified range. deceleration. tion The regenerative resistance is too Select a regenerative resistance A.400: Check the operating conditions and high for the actual operating convalue appropriate for the operating Overvoltage the regenerative resistance. conditions and load. ditions (Detected in the SER-Confirm that the moment of inertia VOPACK main circuit The moment of inertia ratio Increase the deceleration time, or exceeded the allowable value. ratio is within the allowable range. reduce the load. power supply section.) Check for a Regeneration Error alarm (A.300) and check the CHARGE indicator on the con-The converter may be faulty. The fuse in the converter's regen verter to see if it remains lit for eration circuit is blown out. Replace the converter. more than a few seconds immediately after the main circuit power supply is turned OFF. The connection of the I/O signals (CN901) between the SERVO-Check the connection of CN901. Correctly connect CN901. PACK and converter is faulty. Turn the control power OFF and then ON again while the main circuit power supply is OFF. If the A fault occurred in the SERVOalarm still occurs, the SERVO-PACK or converter. PACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or converter. The AC power supply voltage dropped to: • 120 V or less for 200-VAC Set the power supply voltage within Measure the power supply voltage. SERVOPACKs. the specified range. • 240 V or less for 400-VAC SERVOPACKs. The power supply voltage Measure the power supply voltage. Increase the power supply capacity. dropped during operation. A.410: Undervoltage When the instantaneous power cut Occurrence of instantaneous Measure the power supply voltage. hold time (Pn509) is set, decrease (Detected in the SERpower interruption. the setting. VOPACK main circuit power supply section.) Replace the converter, connect a reactor, and run the SERVOPACK The converter fuse is blown out. and converter. Correctly connect the  $\ominus 1$  and  $\ominus 2$ The  $\ominus 1$  and  $\ominus 2$  terminals of the Check the  $\ominus 1$  and  $\ominus 2$  terminals on converter are open. the converter. terminals on the converter. The SERVOPACK or converter A fault occurred in the SERVOmay be faulty. Replace the SERVO-PACK or converter.

PACK or converter.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The Converter fan stopped (The FAN STOP indicator on the con- verter is lit.).	Check for foreign matter or debris inside the converter.	Remove foreign matter or debris from the converter. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK or con- verter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or converter.
	An error was detected in the mag- netic contactor inside the con- verter. (The CHRG-ERR indicator on the converter lights when the power supply is turned ON.)	Check to see if you can hear the magnetic contactor operate when the power supply is turned ON.	If the power supply voltage is cor- rect but no sound is heard when the power supply is turned ON, the con- verter may be faulty. Replace the converter.
	Overheating was detected in the heat sink in the converter (The OVERHEAT indicator on the converter is lit.).	Check the ambient temperature, check for an overload, and check the installation method.	Review the ambient temperature, load conditions, and installation conditions.
A.42A: Converter error	The DC output voltage from the converter is not correct. (The CHRG-ERR indicator on the con-	Measure the power supply voltage and the output voltage.	If the output voltage is not consis- tent with the power supply voltage, the converter may be faulty. Replace the converter.
	verter is lit.)	Measure the power supply voltage waveform when the power supply is turned ON and OFF.	If the voltage waveform is not sta- ble, take suitable measures to make it stable.
	The timing of inputting the con- trol power supply to the SERVO- PACK and converter is incorrect.	Check the timing of inputting the control power supply to the SER- VOPACK and converter.	Input the control power supply simultaneously to the SERVO- PACK and converter.
	The wiring between the SERVO- PACK and converter is incorrect or the connection is faulty.	Check the wiring.	Correctly connect the SERVO- PACK and converter to each other.
	The connection of the I/O signals (CN901) between the SERVO- PACK and converter is faulty.	Check the connection of CN901.	Correctly connect CN901.
	A fault occurred in the converter.	-	Replace the converter.
A.450: Main-Circuit	The fuse in the SERVOPACK is blown out.	Check to see if this alarm occurs when the main circuit power supply is turned ON.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
Capacitor Overvoltage	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK or con- verter.
	The order of phases U, V, and W in the servomotor wiring is incorrect.	Check the motor wiring.	Confirm that the servomotor is correctly wired.
A.510: Overspeed	A reference value exceeding the overspeed detection level was input.	Check the input value.	Reduce the reference value or adjust the gain.
(The servomotor speed exceeds the maximum.)	The motor speed exceeded the maximum.	Check the motor speed waveform.	Reduce the speed reference input gain, adjust the servo gain, or recon- sider the operating conditions.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	-	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVO- PACK or converter.
A 511 <sup>.</sup>	The encoder output pulse fre- quency exceeded the limit.	Check the encoder output pulse set- ting.	Decrease the setting of the encoder output pulse (Pn212).
A.511: Overspeed of Encoder Output Pulse Rate	The encoder output pulse output frequency exceeded the limit because the motor speed was too high.	Check the encoder output pulse out- put setting and motor speed.	Decrease the motor speed.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.520:	Abnormal vibration was detected at the motor speed.	Check for abnormal noise from the servomotor, and check the speed and torque waveforms during oper- ation.	Reduce the motor speed or reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100).
Vibration Alarm	The moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) value is greater than the actual value or is greatly changed.	Check the moment of inertia ratio.	Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) to an appropriate value.
A.521: Autotuning Alarm (Vibration was detected while executing the one- parameter tuning,	The servomotor vibrated consid- erably while performing tuning- less function.	Check the motor speed waveform.	Reduce the load so that the moment of inertia ratio falls within the allowable value, or raise the load level using the tuning-less levels setting (Fn200) or reduce the rigid- ity level.
EasyFFT, or tuning-less function.)	The servomotor vibrated consid- erably during one-parameter tun- ing or EasyFFT.	Check the motor speed waveform.	Check the operation procedure of corresponding function and take a corrective action.
	Incorrect wiring or contact fault of servomotor and encoder.	Check the wiring.	Confirm that the servomotor and encoder are correctly wired.
A.710: A.720:	Operation beyond the overload protection characteristics.	Check the servomotor overload characteristics and executed run command.	Reconsider the load conditions and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity.
Overload A.710: High Load A.720: Low Load	Excessive load was applied during operation because the ser- vomotor was not driven due to mechanical problems.	Check the executed operation reference and motor speed.	Remove the mechanical problems.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	_	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVO- PACK or converter.
	The servomotor rotates because of external force.	Check the operation status.	Take measures to ensure the servo- motor will not rotate because of external force.
A.730: A.731: Dynamic Brake Overload (An excessive power consumption of dynamic brake was detected.)	The rotating energy at a DB stop exceeds the DB resistance capac- ity.	Check the power consumed by DB resistance (Un00B) to see how many times the DB has been used.	<ul> <li>Reconsider the following:</li> <li>Reduce the motor reference speed.</li> <li>Reduce the moment of inertia ratio.</li> <li>Reduce the number of times of the DB stop operation.</li> </ul>
	The setting of Pn001.0 (Servo- motor Power OFF or Alarm Gr.1 Stop Mode) is not correct.	Check the setting of Pn001.0.	To not use the dynamic brake, set Pn001.0 to 2. (The dynamic brake will not be used and the motor will coast to a stop.)
	The setting of Pn601 does not agree with the dynamic brake resistance that is connected.	Check the setting of Pn601.	Set Pn601 correctly.
	The connection of the dynamic brake unit is faulty.	Check the wiring between the dynamic brake unit and DU, DV, DW, and CN115 is correct and securely connected.	Correctly wire and securely connect the dynamic brake unit with DU, DV, DW, and CN115.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.740: Overload of Surge Current Limit Resistor (The main circuit power	The inrush current limit resistor operation frequency at the main circuit power supply ON/OFF operation exceeds the allowable range.	_	Reduce the frequency of turning the main circuit power supply ON/OFF.
is turned ON/OFF too frequently.)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	-	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVO- PACK or converter.
	The surrounding air temperature is too high.	Check the surrounding air tempera- ture using a thermostat.	Decrease the surrounding air tem- perature by improving the installa- tion conditions of the SERVOPACK.
4.740	The overload alarm has been reset by turning OFF the power too many times.	Check the alarm history display (Fn000) to see if the overload alarm was reported.	Change the method for resetting the alarm.
A.7A0: Heat Sink Overheated (Detected when the SERVOPACK's heat sink temperature exceeds 100°C.)	Excessive load or operation beyond the regenerative energy processing capacity.	Check the accumulated load ratio (Un009) to see the load during oper- ation, and the regenerative load ratio (Un00A) to see the regenera- tive energy processing capacity.	Reconsider the load and operating conditions.
	Incorrect installation orientation of the SERVOPACK or/and insufficient space around the SERVOPACK.	Check the installation conditions of the SERVOPACK.	Install the SERVOPACK correctly as specified.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.7AB: Built-in Fan in SERVOPACK Stopped	The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped.	Check for foreign matter or debris inside the SERVOPACK.	Remove foreign matter or debris from the SERVOPACK. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVO- PACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	Alarm occurred when the power to the absolute encoder was ini- tially turned ON.	Check to see if the power was turned ON initially.	Set up the encoder (Fn008).
A.810:	The encoder cable disconnected, and connected again.	Check to see if the power was turned ON initially.	Confirm the connection and set up the encoder (Fn008).
Encoder Backup Error (Only when an absolute encoder is connected.) (Detected on the encoder side.)	The power from both the control power supply (+5 V) from the SERVOPACK and the battery power supply is not being sup- plied.	Check the encoder connector bat- tery or the connector contact status.	Replace the battery or take similar measures to supply power to the encoder, and set up the encoder (Fn008).
,	An absolute encoder fault occurred.	-	If the alarm cannot be reset by set- ting up the encoder again, replace the servomotor.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.820: Encoder Checksum Error (Detected on the encoder side.)	An encoder fault occurred.	_	<ul> <li>Absolute encoder Set up the encoder again using Fn008. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.</li> <li>Absolute encoder that shows values for a single rotation or incre- mental encoder The servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.</li> </ul>
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.830: Absolute Encoder	The battery connection is incorrect.	Check the battery connection.	Reconnect the battery.
Battery Error (The absolute encoder	The battery voltage is lower than the specified value 2.7 V.	Measure the battery voltage.	Replace the battery.
battery voltage is lower than the specified value.)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.840: Encoder Data Error	An encoder malfunctioned.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
(Detected on the encoder side.)	Malfunction of encoder because of noise interference, etc.	-	Correct the wiring around the encoder by separating the encoder cable from the servomotor main cir- cuit cable or by checking the grounding and other wiring.
A.850:	The servomotor speed is higher than 200 min <sup>-1</sup> when the control power supply was turned ON.	Check the motor rotating speed (Un000) to confirm the servomotor speed when the power is turned ON.	Reduce the servomotor speed to a value less than 200 min <sup>-1</sup> , and turn ON the control power supply.
Encoder Overspeed (Detected when the con- trol power supply was turned ON.)	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
(Detected on the encoder side.)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The ambient operating tempera- ture around the servomotor is too high.	Measure the ambient operating tem- perature around the servomotor.	The ambient operating temperature must be 40°C or less.
A.860: Encoder Overheated	The motor load is greater than the rated load.	Check the accumulated load ratio (Un009) to see the load.	The motor load must be within the specified range.
(Only when an absolute encoder is connected.) (Detected on the encoder side.)	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.8A0: External Encoder	Setting the zero point position of external absolute encoder failed because the servomotor rotated.	Before setting the zero point posi- tion, use the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) to confirm that the servomotor is not rotating.	The servomotor must be stopped while setting the zero point posi- tion.
Error	An external encoder fault occurred.	-	Replace the external encoder.
A.8A1: External Encoder	An external encoder fault occurred.	-	Replace the external encoder.
Error of Module	A serial converter unit fault occurred.	-	Replace the serial converter unit.
A.8A2: External Encoder Error of Sensor (Incremental)	An external encoder fault occurred.	-	Replace the external encoder.
A.8A3: External Encoder Error of Position (Absolute)	An external absolute encoder fault occurred.	-	The external absolute encoder may be faulty. Refer to the encoder man- ufacturer's instruction manual for corrective actions.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.8A5: External Encoder Overspeed	The overspeed from the external encoder occurred.	Check the maximum speed of the external encoder.	Keep the external encoder below its maximum speed.
A.8A6: External Encoder Overheated	The overheat from the external encoder occurred.	-	Replace the external encoder.
A.b31: Current Detection Error 1	The current detection circuit for phase U is faulty.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.b32: Current Detection Error 2	The current detection circuit for phase V is faulty.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.b33: Current Detection Error 3	The detection circuit for the cur- rent is faulty.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
End 3	The servomotor main circuit cable is disconnected.	Check for disconnection of the ser- vomotor main circuit cable.	Correct the servomotor wiring.
A.b6A: MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 1	SERVOPACK MECHATROLINK communica- tion section fault.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.b6b: MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC	MECHATROLINK data recep- tion error occurred due to noise interference.	_	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable.
Error 2	SERVOPACK MECHATROLINK communica- tion section fault.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bE0: Firmware Error	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF0: System Alarm 0	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF1: System Alarm 1	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF2: System Alarm 2	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF3 <sup>:</sup> System Alarm 3	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.bF4: System Alarm 4	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The order of phases U, V, and W in the servomotor wiring is incor- rect.	Check the motor wiring.	Confirm that the servomotor is correctly wired.
A.C10: Servo Overrun Detected (Detected when the servomotor power is	An encoder fault occurred.	_	If the alarm still occurs after turning the power OFF and then ON again, even though the servomotor is cor- rectly wired, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
ON.)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK or con- verter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or converter.
A.C80: Absolute Encoder Clear Error and	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
Multi-turn Limit Set- ting Error	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	Contact fault of connector or incorrect wiring for encoder cable.	Check the connector contact status for encoder cable.	Re-insert the connector and confirm that the encoder is correctly wired.
	Cable disconnection for encoder cable or short-circuit. Or, incorrect cable impedance.	Check the encoder cable.	Use the cable with the specified rat- ing.
	Corrosion caused by improper temperature, humidity, or gas, short-circuit caused by intrusion of water drops or cutting oil, or connector contact fault caused by vibration.	Check the operating environment.	Improve the operating environmen- tal conditions, and replace the cable. If the alarm still occurs, replace the SERVOPACK.
A.C90: Encoder Communications Error	Malfunction caused by noise interference.	_	Correct the wiring around the encoder by separating the encoder cable from the servomotor main cir- cuit cable or by checking the grounding and other wiring.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Connect the servomotor to another SERVOPACK, and turn ON the control power. If no alarm occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Connect the Servomotor to another SERVOPACK, and turn ON the control power supply. If the alarm occurs, the Servomotor may be faulty. Replace the Servomotor.
A.C91: Encoder Communications Position Data Error	Noise interference occurred on the I/O signal line because the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.	Check the encoder cable and con- nector.	Confirm that there is no problem with the cable layout.
	The encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high-current line.	Check the cable layout for encoder cable.	Confirm that there is no surge volt- age on the cable.
	The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side, such as the welder.	Check the cable layout for encoder cable.	Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	Noise interference occurred on the I/O signal line from the encoder.	-	Take countermeasures against noise for the encoder wiring.
A.C92:	Excessive vibration and shocks were applied to the encoder.	Check the operating environment.	Reduce the machine vibration or correctly install the servomotor.
Encoder Communications Timer Error	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.CA0:	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
Encoder Parameter Error	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The wiring and contact for encoder cable are incorrect.	Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.
	Noise interference occurred due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.	_	Use tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of at least 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> .
	Noise interference occurred because the wiring distance for the encoder cable is too long.	_	The wiring distance must be 50 m max.
A.Cb0: Encoder Echoback Error	The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side, such as the welder.	Check the cable layout for encoder cable.	Properly ground the machines to separate from encoder FG.
	Excessive vibration and shocks were applied to the encoder.	Check the operating environment.	Reduce the machine vibration or correctly install the servomotor.
	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.CC0: Multiturn Limit Disagreement	The multiturn limit value of the encoder is different from that of the SERVOPACK. Or, the multi- turn limit value of the SERVO- PACK has been changed.	Check the value of the Pn205 of the SERVOPACK.	Execute Fn013 at the occurrence of alarm.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

			(cont d)
Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	Wiring of cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is incorrect or contact is faulty.	Check the external encoder wiring.	Correct the cable wiring.
A.CF1: Feedback Option Module	The specified cable is not used between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK.	Confirm the external encoder wir- ing specifications.	Use the specified cable.
Communications Error (Reception error)	Cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is too long.	Measure the length of this cable.	Use 20-m cable max.
	Sheath of cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is broken.	Check the cable for damage.	Replace the cable.
A.CF2: Feedback Option	Noise interferes with the cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK.	-	Correct the wiring around serial converter unit, e.g., separating I/O signal line from main circuit cable or grounding.
Module Communications Error (Timer stop)	A serial converter unit fault occurred.	_	Replace the serial converter unit.
(Timer stop)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The servomotor U, V, and W wir- ings is faulty.	Check the servomotor main circuit cable connection.	Confirm that there is no contact fault in the motor wiring or encoder wiring.
	The position reference speed is too high.	Reduce the reference speed, and operate the SERVOPACK.	Reduce the position reference speed or acceleration of position refer- ence. Or, reconsider the electronic gear ratio.
A.d00: Position Error Overflow (The setting of Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level) was exceeded by the position deviation.)	The acceleration of the position reference is too high.	Reduce the reference acceleration, and operate the SERVOPACK.	Reduce the reference acceleration of the position reference using a MECHATROLINK command, or smooth the acceleration of the posi- tion reference by selecting the posi- tion reference filter (ACCFIL) using a MECHATROLINK com- mand.
	Setting of the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520) is low against the operating condition.	Check the alarm level (Pn520) to see if it is set to an appropriate value.	Set the Pn520 to proper value.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.d01: Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	This alarm occurs if the servomo- tor power is turned ON when the position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the ser- vomotor power is OFF.	Check the position error amount (Un008) while the servomotor power is OFF.	Correct the excessive position error alarm level at servo ON (Pn526).
A.d02: Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ON	When the position errors remain in the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is ON. If Pn529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position references are input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).	_	Correct the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520). Or, adjust the speed limit level at servo ON (Pn529).

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.d10: Motor-load Position	Motor rotation direction and external encoder installation direction are opposite.	Check the servomotor rotation direction and the external encoder installation direction.	Install the external encoder in the opposite direction, or change the setting of the external encoder usage method (Pn002.3) to reverse the direction.
Error Overflow	Mounting of the load (e.g., stage) and external encoder joint instal- lation are incorrect.	Check the external encoder mechanical connection.	Check the mechanical joints.
A.E02: MECHATROLINK	MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated.	-	Remove the cause of transmission cycle fluctuation at host controller.
Internal Synchronization Error 1	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.E40: MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Setting Error	Setting of MECHATROLINK transmission cycle is out of speci- fications range.	Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting.	Set the transmission cycle to the proper value.
A.E41: MECHATROLINK Communications Data Size Setting Error	The number of transmission bytes set by the DIP switch S3 is incor- rect.	Check the MECHATROLINK com- munications data size of the host controller.	Reset the setting of the DIP switch S3 to change the number of trans- mission bytes to the proper value.
A.E42: MECHATROLINK Station Address Setting Error	The station address is out of the allowable setting range.	Check the rotary switches, S1 and S2, to see if the station address is within the allowable range from 03 to EF.	Check the setting for the station address of the host controller, and reset the setting of the rotary switches, S1 and S2 to change the address to the proper value between 03 and EF.
	Two or more stations on the com- munications network have the same address.	Check that two or more stations on the communications network have the same address.	Check the setting for the station address of the host controller, and reset the setting of the rotary switches, S1 and S2 to change the address to the proper value between 03 and EF.
A E50:	WDT data of host controller was not updated correctly.	Check the WDT data updating for the host controller.	Update the WDT data at the host controller correctly.
A.E50: MECHATROLINK Synchronization Error	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.E51: MECHATROLINK Synchronization Failed	WDT data of host controller was not updated correctly at the syn- chronization communications start, and synchronization com- munications could not start.	Check the WDT data updating for the host controller.	Update the WDT data at the host controller correctly.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Alarm Number:			(001114)
Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Check the MECHATROLINK wirings.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing.
A.E60: MECHATROLINK Communications error (Reception error)	MECHATROLINK data recep- tion error occurred due to noise interference.	-	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.E61: MECHATROLINK	MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated.	Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting.	Remove the cause of transmission cycle fluctuation at host controller.
Transmission Cycle Error (Synchronization interval error)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Check the MECHATROLINK wir- ings.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing.
A.E62: MECHATROLINK Communications error (FCS error)	MECHATROLINK data recep- tion error occurred due to noise interference.	_	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.E63: MECHATROLINK Synchronization Frame Not Received Alarm	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Check the MECHATROLINK wirings.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing.
	MECHATROLINK data recep- tion error occurred due to noise interference.	-	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.E71: Safety Option Module Detection Failure	The connection between the SERVOPACK and the safety option module is faulty.	Check the connection between the SERVOPACK and the safety option module.	Correctly connect the safety option module.
	The safety option module was disconnected.	-	Execute Fn014 (Resetting configu- ration error of option module) with using the digital operator or Sig- maWin+ and turn the power supply OFF and then ON again.
	A safety option module fault occurred.	_	Replace the safety option module.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Replace the SERVOPACK.

			(cont'd)
Alarm Number: Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.E72: Feedback Option Module Detection Failure	The connection between the SERVOPACK and the Feedback Option Module is Faulty.	Check the connection between the SERVOPACK and the Feedback Option Module.	Correctly connect the Feedback Option Module.
	The Feedback Option Module was disconnected.	_	Execute Fn014 (Resetting configu- ration error of option module) with using the digital operator or Sig- maWin+ and turn the power supply OFF and then ON again.
	A Feedback Option Module fault occurred.	_	Replace the Feedback Option Mod- ule.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.E74:	A safety option module fault occurred.	-	Replace the safety option module.
Unsupported Safety Option Module	A unsupported safety option module was connected.	Refer to the catalog of the con- nected safety option module.	Connect a compatible safety option module.
A.E75:	A feedback option module fault occurred.	_	Replace the feedback option mod- ule.
Unsupported Feedback Option Module	A unsupported feedback option module was connected.	Refer to the catalog of the con- nected feedback option module or the manual of the SERVOPACK.	Connect a compatible feedback option module.
A.EA2:	MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated.	Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting.	Remove the cause of transmission cycle fluctuation at host controller.
DRV Alarm 2 (SERVOPACK WDT error)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.Eb1: Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error	The lag between activations of the input signals /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 for the HWBB function is ten second or more.	Measure the time lag between the / HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals.	The output signal circuits or devices for /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 or the SERVOPACK input signal circuits may be faulty. Alternatively, the input signal cables may be disconnected. Check if any of these items are faulty or have been disconnected.
A.Ed1:	A timeout error occurred when	Check the motor status when the command is executed.	Execute the SV_ON or SENS_ON command only when the motor is not running.
Command Execution Timeout	using an MECHATROLINK command.	For fully-closed loop control, check the status of the external encoder after an output is made to execute the command.	Execute the SENS_ON command only when an external encoder is connected.
A.F10:	The three-phase power supply wiring is incorrect.	Check the power supply wiring.	Confirm that the power supply is correctly wired.
Main Circuit Cable Open Phase (With the main circuit power supply ON, volt- age was low for more than 1 second in an R, S, or T phase.) (Detected when the main power supply was turned ON.)	The three-phase power supply is unbalanced.	Measure the voltage at each phase of the three-phase power supply.	Balance the power supply by chang- ing phases.
	The connection of the I/O signals (CN901) between the SERVO- PACK and converter is faulty.	Check the connection of CN901.	Correctly connect CN901.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK or con- verter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or converter.

#### (cont'd)

Alarm Number:			
Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The contactor is faulty in the dynamic brake circuit.	Check the contacts to see if they are welded or not.	The contactor may be faulty. Replace the contactor.
A.F30: Dynamic Brake	Incorrect wiring of the dynamic brake answer signal.	Check the wiring of the dynamic brake answer signal.	Correctly wire the dynamic brake answer signal.
Contactor Error	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.F50: Servomotor Main Circuit Cable Disconnection (The servomotor did not operate or power was not supplied to the servomotor even though the SV_ON (Servo ON) command was input when the servomotor was ready to receive it.)	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	The wiring is not correct or there is a faulty contact in the motor wiring.	Check the wiring.	Make sure that the servomotor is correctly wired.
FL-1 <sup>*2</sup> : System Alarm	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be
FL-2 <sup>*2</sup> : System Alarm	inck.		faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
CPF00: Digital Operator Transmission Error 1	The contact between the digital operator and the SERVOPACK is faulty.	Check the connector contact.	Insert securely the connector or replace the cable.
	Malfunction caused by noise interference.	-	Keep the digital operator or the cable away from noise sources.
CPF01: Digital Operator Transmission Error 2	A digital operator fault occurred.	-	Disconnect the digital operator and then re-connect it. If the alarm still occurs, the digital operator may be faulty. Replace the digital operator.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
*7 The	a alamma and mat stand in the alamma	history and are displayed only in the	

\*2. These alarms are not stored in the alarm history and are displayed only in the panel display.

# 9.2 Warning Displays

The following sections describe troubleshooting in response to warning displays.

The warning name and warning meaning output are listed in order of the warning numbers in 9.2.1 List of *Warnings*.

The causes of warnings and troubleshooting methods are provided in 9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings.

### 9.2.1 List of Warnings

This section provides list of warnings.

Warning Number	Warning Name	Meaning	Reset
<b>A.900</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Position Error Overflow	Position error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn520×Pn51E/100).	Required
<b>A.901</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	When the servomotor power is ON, the position error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn526×Pn528/100).	
<b>A.910</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Overload	This warning occurs before the overload alarms (A.710 or A.720) occur. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, an overload alarm may occur.	Required
<b>A.911</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Vibration	Abnormal vibration at the motor speed was detected. The detection level is the same as A.520. Set whether to output an alarm or warning by the vibration detection switch (Pn310).	Required
<b>A.920</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Regenerative Overload	This warning occurs before the regenerative overload alarm (A.320) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, a regenerative overload alarm may occur.	Required
<b>A.921</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Dynamic Brake Overload	This warning occurs before dynamic brake overload alarm (A.731) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, a dynamic brake overload alarm may occur.	Required
<b>A.930</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Absolute Encoder Battery Error	This warning occurs when the voltage of absolute encoder's battery is lowered.	Required
<b>A.94A</b> *2	Data Setting Warning 1 (Parameter Number Error)	Incorrect command parameter number was set.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.94B</b> *2	Data Setting Warning 2 (Out of Range)	Command input data is out of range.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.94C</b> <sup>*2</sup>	Data Setting Warning 3 (Calculation Error)	Calculation error was detected.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
A.94D <sup>*2</sup>	Data Setting Warning 4 (Parameter Size)	Data size does not match.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.94E</b> <sup>*2</sup>	Data Setting Warning 5 (Latch Mode Error)	Latch mode error is detected.	Required
<b>A.95A</b> <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 1 (Unsatisfying Command)	Command was sent although the conditions for sending a command were not satisfied.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.95B</b> <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 2 (Non-supported Command)	Unsupported command was sent.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
A.95D*2	Command Warning 4 (Command Interference)	Command, especially latch command, interferes.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
A.95E <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 5 (Subcommand Disable)	Subcommand and main command interfere.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
A.95F <sup>*2</sup>	Command Warning 6 (Undefined Command)	Undefined command was sent.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.960</b> <sup>*2</sup>	MECHATROLINK Communications Warning	Communications error occurred during MECHATROLINK communications.	Required
<b>A.962</b> *2	MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (FCS Error)	Communications error occurred during MECHATROLINK communications.	Required

#### 9 Troubleshooting

9.2.1 List of Warnings

(cont'd)

			( )
Warning Number	Warning Name	Meaning	Reset
<b>A.963</b> <sup>*2</sup>	MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (Synchronization Frame Not Received)	The synchronization frame was not received during MECHATROLINK com- munications.	Required
<b>A.971</b> <sup>*3</sup>	Undervoltage	This warning occurs before undervoltage alarm (A.410) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, an undervoltage alarm may occur.	Required
<b>A.97A</b> *2	Command Warning 7 (Phase Error)	A command that cannot be executed in the current phase was sent.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.97B</b> <sup>*2</sup>	Data Clamp (Out of Range)	The set command data was clamped to a minimum or maximum value out of the allowable setting range.	Automatic reset <sup>*4</sup>
<b>A.9A0</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Overtravel	Overtravel is detected while the servomotor power is ON.	Required

\*1. Use Pn008.2 to activate or not the warning detection.

\*2. Use Pn800.1 to activate or not the warning detection.

\*3. Use Pn008.1 to activate or not the warning detection.

\*4. If using the commands for the MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile, the warning will automatically be cleared after the correct command is received. If using the commands for the MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile, send a Clear Warning or Alarm comman

If using the commands for the MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile, send a Clear Warning or Alarm command (ALM\_CLR) to clear the warning.

## 9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings

Refer to the following table to identity the cause of a warning and the action to be taken. Contact your Yaskawa representative if the problem cannot be solved by the described corrective action.

Warning Num- ber: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The servomotor U, V, and W wirings is faulty.	Check the servomotor main circuit cable connection.	Confirm that there is no contact fault in the motor wiring or encoder wiring.
	The SERVOPACK gain is too low.	Check the SERVOPACK gain.	Increase the servo gain by using the function such as advanced autotuning.
A.900: Position Error Overflow	The acceleration of the position reference is too high.	Reduce the reference acceleration, and operate the SERVOPACK.	Reduce the reference acceleration of the position reference using a MECHATROLINK command, or smooth the acceleration of the position reference by selecting the position ref- erence filter (ACCFIL) using a MECHATROLINK command.
	Setting of the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520) is low against the operating condition.	Check the alarm level (Pn520) to see if it is set to an appropriate value.	Set the Pn520 to proper value.
	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.901: Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	When the servomotor power is ON, the posi- tion error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn526×Pn528/100).	_	Set an appropriate value for the excessive position error warning level at servo ON (Pn528).
	Incorrect wiring or con- tact fault of servomotor and encoder.	Check the wiring.	Confirm that the servomotor and encoder are correctly wired.
A.910:	Operation beyond the overload protection characteristics.	Check the motor overload characteris- tics and executed run command.	Reconsider the load conditions and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity.
Overload (Warning before alarm A.710 or A.720 occurs)	Excessive load was applied during opera- tion because the servo- motor was not driven due to mechanical prob- lems.	Check the executed operation reference and motor speed.	Remove the mechanical problems.
	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.911: Vibration	Abnormal vibration was detected at the motor speed.	Check for abnormal noise from the servomotor, and check the speed and torque waveforms during operation.	Reduce the motor speed or reduce the servo gain by using the function such as one-parameter tuning.
	The moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) value is greater than the actual value or is greatly changed.	Check the moment of inertia ratio.	Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) to an appropriate value.

9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings

Warning Num- ber: Warning Name (Warning	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
Description)			
A.920: Regenerative Overload (Warning before the alarm A.320 occurs)	The power supply volt- age exceeds the speci- fied limit.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.
	Insufficient regenera- tive resistance, regener- ative resistor capacity, SERVOPACK capacity, or converter capacity. Or, regenerative power has been continuously flowing back.	Check the operating condition or the capacity using the capacity selection Software SigmaJunmaSize+, etc.	Change the regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, SER- VOPACK capacity, or converter capacity. Reconsider the operating conditions using the capacity selection software SigmaJunmaSize+, etc.
	Regenerative power continuously flowed back because negative load was continuously applied.	Check the load to the servomotor during operation.	Reconsider the system including servo drives, machine, and operating condi- tions.
	The servomotor rotates because of external force.	Check the operation status.	Take measures to ensure the servomo- tor will not rotate because of external force.
A.921: Dynamic Brake Overload (Warning before the alarm A.731 occurs)	The rotating energy at a DB stop exceeds the DB resistance capacity.	Check the power consumed by DB resistance (Un00B) to see how many times the DB has been used.	<ul> <li>Reconsider the following:</li> <li>Reduce the motor reference speed.</li> <li>Reduce the moment of inertia ratio.</li> <li>Reduce the number of times of the DB stop operation.</li> </ul>
	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK or con- verter.	-	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or converter.
A.930: Absolute	The battery connection is incorrect.	Check the battery connection.	Reconnect the battery.
Encoder Battery Error (The absolute encoder battery	The battery voltage is lower than the specified value 2.7 V.	Measure the battery voltage.	Replace the battery.
voltage is lower than the specified value.) * Only when an absolute encoder is connected.	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.
A.94A Data Setting Warning 1 (Parameter Num- ber Error)	Disabled parameter number was used.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Use the correct parameter number.
A.94B Data Setting Warning 2 (Out of Range)	Attempted to send val- ues outside the range to the command data.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Set the value of the parameter within the allowable range.
A.94C Data Setting Warning 3 (Calculation Er- ror)	Calculation result of set value is incorrect.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Set the value of the parameter within the allowable range.

			(cont'd)
Warning Num- ber: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.94D Data Setting Warning 4 (Parameter Size)	Parameter size set in command is incorrect.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Use the correct parameter size.
A.94E Data Setting Warning 5 (Latch mode error)	Latch mode error is detected.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Change the setting value of Pn850 or the LT_MOD data for the LTMOD_ON command sent by the host controller to the proper value. (When using the MECHATROLINK- II-compatible profile.)
A.95A Command Warning 1 (Unsatisfying Command)	Command sending con- dition is not satisfied.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.95B Command Warning 2 (Non-supported Command)	SERVOPACK received unsupported command.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Do not sent an unsupported command.
A.95D Command Warning 4 (Command Inter- ference)	Command sending con- dition for latch-related commands is not satis- fied.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.95E Command Warning 5 (Subcommand Disable)	Subcommand sending condition is not satis- fied.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.95F Command Warning 6 (Undefined Com- mand)	Undefined command was sent.	Refer to 9.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which command was the cause of the warning.	Do not use an undefined command.
	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Confirm the wiring.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing.
A.960 MECHATROLINK Communications Warning	MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference.	Confirm the installation conditions.	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communica- tions cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable.
	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK.

9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings

(conťd)

Warning Num- ber: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Confirm the wiring.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing. Or, connect a terminal to the terminal station.
A.962 MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (FCS Error)	MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference.	Confirm the installation conditions.	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communica- tions cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable.
	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect.	Confirm the wiring.	Correct the MECHATROLINK wir- ing. Or, connect a terminal to the terminal station.
A.963 MECHATROLINK Communications Warning (Synchronization Frame Not Received)	MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference.	Confirm the installation conditions.	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communica- tions cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communi- cations cable.
	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK.
	<ul> <li>The AC power supply voltage dropped to:</li> <li>140 V or less for 200- VAC SERVOPACKs.</li> <li>280 V or less for 400- VAC SERVOPACKs.</li> </ul>	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.
A.971: Undervoltage	The power supply volt- age dropped during operation.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Increase the power supply capacity.
	Occurrence of instanta- neous power interrup- tion.	Measure the power supply voltage.	When the instantaneous power cut hold time (Pn509) is set, decrease the setting.
	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK or converter.	-	The SERVOPACK or converter may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK or converter.
A.97A Command Warning 7 (Phase Error)	A command that cannot be executed in the cur- rent phase was sent.	_	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.97B Data Clamp (Out Of Range)	The set command data was clamped to a mini- mum or maximum value out of the allow- able setting range.	-	Set the value of the command data within the allowable range.

			(cont d)
Warning Num- ber: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.9A0: Overtravel (Overtravel status is detected.)	When the servomotor power is ON, over- travel status is detected.	Check the input signal monitor (Un005) to check the status of the overtravel signals.	<ul> <li>Refer to 9.4 Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor. Even if</li> <li>overtravel signals were not shown by the input signal monitor (Un005), momentary overtravel may have been detected. Take the following precautions.</li> <li>Do not specify movements that would cause overtravel from the host controller.</li> <li>Check the wiring of the overtravel signals.</li> <li>Take countermeasures for noise.</li> </ul>
A.9b0: Preventative Maintenance Warning	One of the consumable parts in the SERVO- PACK has reached the end of its service life.	-	Replace the part. Contact your Yaskawa representative for replace- ment.
A.9b1: Servomotor Preventative Maintenance Warning	One of the consumable parts in the servomotor has reached the end of its service life.	-	Replace the part. Contact your Yaskawa representative for replace- ment.

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# **9.3** Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning

The command data received on occurrence of an alarm or warning, such as a data setting warning  $(A.94\Box)$  or a command warning  $(A.95\Box)$  can be monitored using the following parameters. The following is an example of the data when an alarm/warning has occurred in the normal state.

Command Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurrence: Pn890 to Pn8A6 Response Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurrence: Pn8A8 to Pn8BE

Command Byte Order	Command Data Storage at Alarm/Warning Occurrence		
Dyte Oldel	CMD	RSP	Example: Pn8A8 = 87 65 43 21
0	Pn890.1 to 0	Pn8A8.1 to 0	
1	Pn890.3 to 2	Pn8A8.3 to 2	
2	Pn890.5 to 4	Pn8A8.5 to 4	
3	Pn890.7 to 6	Pn8A8.7 to 6	
4 to 7	Pn892	Pn8AA	
8 to 11	Pn894	Pn8AC	
12 to 15	Pn896	Pn8AE	
16 to 19	Pn898	Pn8B0	
20 to 23	Pn89A	Pn8B2	
24 to 27	Pn89C	Pn8B4	
28 to 31	Pn89E	Pn8B6	
32 to 35	Pn8A0	Pn8B8	
36 to 39	Pn8A2	Pn8BA	
40 to 43	Pn8A4	Pn8BC	
44 to 47	Pn8A6	Pn8BE	

Note 1. Data is stored in little endian byte order and displayed in the hexadecimal format.

 For details on commands, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

# **9.4** Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor

Troubleshooting for the malfunctions based on the operation and conditions of the servomotor is provided in this section.

Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
	The control power supply is not ON.	Check voltage between control power terminals.	Turn OFF the servo system. Correct the wiring so that the control power supply turns ON.
	The main circuit power supply is not ON.	Check the voltage between main circuit power terminals.	Turn OFF the servo system. Correct the wiring so that the main circuit power supply turns ON.
	Wiring of I/O signal connector CN1 is faulty or disconnected.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the connector CN1 is properly inserted and connected.	Correct the connector CN1 connec- tion.
	Wiring for servomotor main circuit cable or encoder cable is discon- nected.	Check the wiring.	Turn OFF the servo system. Correct the wiring.
	Overloaded	Run under no load and check the load status.	Turn OFF the servo system. Reduce load or replace with larger capacity servomotor.
	Encoder type differs from parame- ter setting (Pn002.2).	Check the settings for parameter Pn002.2.	Set parameter Pn002.2 to the encoder type being used.
Servomotor Does Not Start	Settings for the input signal selec- tions (Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511) is incorrect.	Check the settings for parameters Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511.	Correct the settings for parameter Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511.
	SV_ON command is not sent.	Check the command sent from the host controller.	Send the SV_ON command.
	SENS_ON command is not sent.	Check the command sent from the host controller.	Send the command in the correct SERVOPACK sequence.
	The forward run prohibited (P-OT) and reverse run prohibited (N-OT) input signals are turned OFF.	Check P-OT or N-OT input signal.	Turn P-OT or N-OT input signal ON.
	The safety input signal (/HWBB1 or /HWBB2) remains OFF.	Check the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signal.	Set the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signal to ON. When not using the safety function, mount the safety function jumper connector (provided as an acces- sory) on the CN8.
	The brake is not released.	Check the operation of the brake.	Release the brake.
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK or converter.	_	Turn OFF the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK or con- verter.
Servomotor Moves Instantaneously, and then Stops	Servomotor wiring is incorrect.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.
	Encoder wiring is incorrect.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.
Servomotor Speed Unstable	Wiring connection to servomotor is defective.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check connections of power line (phases U, V, and W) and encoder connec- tors.	Tighten any loose terminals or con- nectors and correct the wiring.
Servomotor Rotates Without Reference Input	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn OFF the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions	
	Improper Pn001.0 setting	Check the setting for parameter Pn001.0.	Correct the setting for parameter Pn001.0.	
Dynamic Brake Does Not Operate	DB resistor disconnected	Check if excessive moment of iner- tia, motor overspeed, or DB fre- quently activated occurred.	Turn OFF the servo system. Replace the dynamic brake unit or change the external dynamic brake circuit. And reduce the load.	
	DB drive circuit fault	-	Turn OFF the servo system. A defective component is in the dynamic brake circuit inside SER- VOPACK. Replace the SERVO- PACK.	
	Wiring of the dynamic brake unit is incorrect.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.	
	The servomotor largely vibrated during execution of tuning-less function.	Check the motor speed waveform.	Reduce the load so that the moment of inertia ratio becomes within the allowable value, or increase the load level or lower the tuning level for the tuning-less levels setting (Fn200).	
	Mounting is not secured.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if there are any loose mounting screws.	Tighten the mounting screws.	
	Mounting is not secured.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if there is misalignment of cou- plings.	Align the couplings.	
		Turn OFF the servo system. Check if there are unbalanced couplings.	Balance the couplings.	
	Bearings are defective.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check for noise and vibration around the bearings.	Replace the servomotor.	
	Vibration source at the driven machine.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check for any foreign matter, damage, or deformations on the machinery's movable parts.	Contact the machine manufacturer.	
Abnormal Noise from Servomotor	Noise interference due to incorrect I/O signal cable specifications.	Turn OFF the servo system. The I/O signal cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup>	Use the specified I/O signal cable.	
	Noise interference due to length of	min. Turn OFF the servo system. Check	The I/O signal cable length must be	
	I/O signal cable.	the length of the I/O signal cable.	no more than 3 m.	
	Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup>	Use the specified encoder cable.	
		min.		
	Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check the length of the encoder cable.	The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m.	
	Noise interference due to damaged encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.	Replace the encoder cable and correct the cable layout.	
	Excessive noise to the encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high- current line.	<ul><li>Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied.</li><li>Use a double-shielded encoder cable.</li></ul>	

<b>-</b> · ·			(cont'd)	
Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions	
	The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side, such as the welder.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the machines are correctly grounded.	Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG.	
Abnormal Noise from Servomotor	SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interference	Check if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder.	Turn OFF the servo system. Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring.	
(Continued from previous page.)	Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu- racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).	Reduce vibration from the machine, or secure the servomotor installa- tion.	
	An encoder fault occurred.	_	Turn OFF the servo system. Replace the servomotor.	
	Unbalanced servo gains	Check to see if the servo gains have been correctly adjusted.	Execute the advanced autotuning.	
	Speed loop gain value (Pn100) too high.	Check the speed loop gain (Pn100). Factory setting: Kv = 40.0 Hz	Reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100).	
Servomotor Vibrates at Frequency of Approx. 200 to	Position loop gain value (Pn102) too high.	Check the position loop gain (Pn102). Factory setting: Kp = 40.0/s	Reduce the position loop gain (Pn102).	
400 Hz.	Incorrect speed loop integral time constant (Pn101)	Check the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101). Factory setting: Ti = 20.0 ms	Correct the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101).	
	Incorrect moment of inertia ratio (Pn103)	Check the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).	Correct the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).	
	Unbalanced servo gains	Check to see if the servo gains have been correctly adjusted.	Execute the advanced autotuning.	
	Speed loop gain value (Pn100) too high	Check the speed loop gain (Pn100). Factory setting: Kv = 40.0 Hz	Reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100).	
High Motor Speed Overshoot on	Position loop gain value (Pn102) too high	Check the position loop gain (Pn102). Factory setting: Kp = 40.0/s	Reduce the position loop gain (Pn102).	
Starting and Stopping	Incorrect speed loop integral time constant (Pn101)	Check the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101). Factory setting: Ti = 20.0 ms	Correct the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101).	
	Incorrect moment of inertia ratio data (Pn103)	Check the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).	Correct the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).	
	The torque reference is saturated.	Check the torque reference wave- form.	Use a mode switch.	
Absolute Encoder Position Difference Error (The position saved in the host controller when the power was turned OFF is different from the position when the power was next turned ON.)	Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> min.	Use the specified encoder cable.	
	Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check the length of the encoder cable.	The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m.	
	Noise interference due to damaged encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.	Replace the encoder cable and cor- rect the cable layout.	
	Excessive noise to the encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high- current line.	<ul> <li>Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied.</li> <li>Use a double-shielded encoder cable.</li> </ul>	

Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions	
	FG potential varies because of influence of machines such as welders at the servomotor.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the machines are correctly grounded.	Ground machines correctly, and prevent diversion to the FG on the encoder side.	
Absolute	SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interference	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder.	Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring.	
Encoder Position Difference Error (The position saved in the host controller when	Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu- racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).	Reduce vibration from the machine, or secure the servomotor installa- tion.	
the power was turned OFF is different from the	An encoder fault occurred.	-	Turn OFF the servo system. Replace the servomotor.	
position when the power was next	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	-	Turn OFF the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK.	
turned ON.) (Continued from previous page.)		Check the error detection section of the host controller.	Correct the error detection section of the host controller.	
1 13/	Host controller multiturn data read- ing error	Check if the host controller is exe- cuting data parity checks.	Execute a multiturn data parity check.	
		Check noise in the cable between the SERVOPACK and the host con- troller.	Take measures against noise, and again execute a multiturn data par- ity check.	
		Check the external power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signal		
	Forward or reverse run prohibited	Check if the overtravel limit switch operates properly.	Correct the overtravel limit switch.	
	signal is input.	Check if the overtravel limit switch is wired correctly.	Correct the overtravel limit switch wiring.	
		Check the settings for parameters Pn50A and Pn50B.	Correct the settings for parameters Pn50A and Pn50B.	
		Check the fluctuation of the exter- nal power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signal.	Stabilize the external power supply (+24 V) voltage.	
Overtravel (OT)	Forward or reverse run prohibited signal malfunctioning.	Check if the overtravel limit switch operates correctly.	Correct the overtravel limit switch.	
		Check if the overtravel limit switch wiring is correct. (check for dam- aged cables or loose screws.)	Correct the overtravel limit switch wiring.	
	Incorrect forward or reverse run prohibited signal (P-OT/N-OT)	Check if the P-OT signal is allo- cated in Pn50A.3.	If another signal is allocated in Pn50A.3, allocate P-OT.	
	allocation (parameters Pn50A.3, Pn50B.0)	Check if the N-OT signal is allo- cated in Pn50B.0.	If another signal is allocated in Pn50B.0, allocate N-OT.	
	Incorrect servomotor stop method	Check the settings for parameters Pn001.0 and Pn001.1 when the ser- vomotor power is OFF.	Select a servomotor stop method other than "coast to stop."	
	selection	Check the settings for parameters Pn001.0 and Pn001.1 when in torque control.	Select a servomotor stop method other than "coast to stop."	
Improper Stop	Improper limit switch position and dog length	-	Install the limit switch at the appropriate position.	
Position by Overtravel (OT) Signal	The overtravel limit switch position is too short for the coasting distance.	-	Install the overtravel limit switch at the appropriate position.	

Problem	Probable Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions		
	Noise interference due to incorrect encoder cable specifications	Turn OFF the servo system. The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted- pair or screened unshielded twisted- pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> min.	Use the specified encoder cable.		
	Noise interference due to length of encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check the length of the encoder cable.	The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m.		
	Noise influence due to damaged encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged.	Replace the encoder cable and mod ify the cable layout.		
	Excessive noise to encoder cable.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high- current line.	<ul><li>Change the cable layout so that no surge is applied.</li><li>Use a double-shielded encoder cable.</li></ul>		
	The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side such as the welder.	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the machines are correctly grounded.	Properly ground the machines encoder FG.		
Position Error (Without Alarm)	SERVOPACK pulse count error due to noise	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if the I/O signal line from the encoder is influenced by noise.	Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring.		
(without Alarm)	Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accu- racy, fixing, alignment, etc.).	Reduce the machine vibration or mount the servomotor securely.		
	Unsecured coupling between machine and servomotor	Turn OFF the servo system. Check if a position error occurs at the cou- pling between machine and servo- motor.	Secure the coupling between the machine and servomotor.		
	Noise interference due to improper I/O signal cable specifications	Turn OFF the servo system. The I/O signal cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of 0.12 mm <sup>2</sup> min.	Use input signal cable with the specified specifications.		
	Noise interference due to length of I/O signal cable	Turn OFF the servo system. Check the I/O signal cable length.	The I/O signal cable length must be no more than 3 m.		
	An encoder fault occurred. (The pulse count does not change.)	_	Turn OFF the servo system. Replace the servomotor.		
	A fault occurred in the SERVO- PACK.	_	Turn OFF the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK.		
	Ambient operating temperature too high	Measure the servomotor ambient operating temperature.	Reduce the ambient operating tem- perature to 40°C or less.		
	Servomotor surface dirty	Turn OFF the servo system. Visu- ally check the surface.	Clean dust and oil from the surface		
Servomotor Overheated	Servomotor overloaded	Check the load status with monitor.	If an overload occurs, reduce the load or replace the SERVOPACK, converter, and servomotor with models with higher capacities.		
	A fault occurred in the fan.	Check if the fan is rotating or not.	Replace the servomotor.		
	Incorrect wiring of the fan.	Check if the fan is rotating back- ward.	Correct the wiring.		
		Check the wiring.			
	The brake is not released.	Check the operation of the brake.	Release the brake.		

# 10

# Appendix

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10.1.1 Utility Functions

# **10.1** List of Parameters

## 10.1.1 Utility Functions

The following list shows the available utility functions.

Parameter No.	Function	Reference Section
Fn000	Alarm history display	6.2
Fn002	JOG operation	6.3
Fn003	Origin search	6.4
Fn004	Program JOG operation	6.5
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	6.6
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	6.7
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	4.7.4
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	6.8
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	6.9
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	6.10
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal	6.11
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	6.12
Fn011	Servomotor model display	6.13
Fn012	Software version display	6.14
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs	4.7.7
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option modules	6.15
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	6.16
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	6.17
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	6.18
Fn020	Origin setting	6.19
Fn030	Software reset	6.20
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	5.2.2
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	5.3.2
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	5.4.2
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	5.5.2
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	5.6.2
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	5.7.2
Fn206	EasyFFT	6.21
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	6.22

Note: Execute the utility function with either a digital operator or SigmaWin+. If they are used together, "no\_oP" or "NO-OP" will be displayed when the utility function is executed.

## 10.1.2 Parameters

This section contains a tables of parameters.

Note: Do not change the following parameters from the factory settings. • Reserved parameters • Parameters not described in this manual

Parameter No.	Size	I	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Basic Function	on Select Switch 0	0000 to 00B3	-	0000	After restart	Setup	_	-
Pn000	r		igit digit Direction 0 1 2 and 3 Reserv Reserv	on Selection Sets CCW as forwa Sets CW as forwa Reserved (Do not ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang	ard direction. () : use.) ge.) ge.)	Reverse Rotat	ion Mode)			Reference Section 4.3.1
	2	Application I Switch 1	Function Select	0000 to 1122	_	0000	After restart	Setup	_	-
	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit n.						1 Step Made			
		0 Stops the servomotor by applying DB (dynamic brake).								Section
	1         Stops the servomotor by applying DB and then releases DB.							4.3.5		
	2 Makes the servomotor coast to a stop state without using the DB.									
Pn001			Overtra	ivel (OT) Stop Mo	ode					Reference Section
			0	Apply the dynamic	brake or coast	the motor to	a stop.			
			1	Sets the torque of I and then sets it to s			e, decelerates the se	ervomotor to	o a stop,	4.3.2
			2	Sets the torque of I and then sets it to c		aximum value	e, decelerates the se	ervomotor to	o a stop,	
	Reserved (Do not change.)									
			Reserv	ed (Do not chang	je.)					

#### 10 Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

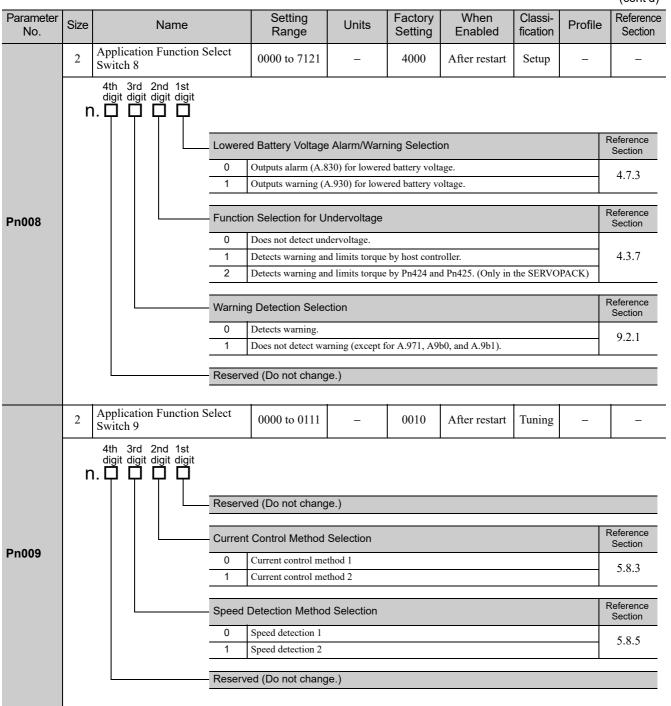
				0.45			24/1			(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Application Switch 2	Function Select	0000 to 4113	-	0011	After restart	Setup	_	-
	r	4th 3rd 2 digit digit d 1.	ligit digit	ATROLINK Comn	nand Positior	n and Speed	d Control Optior	1		Reference Section
			0	Reserved (Do not u TLIM operates as t	<i>,</i>	values.				*1
			2	Reserved (Do not use.) Reserved (Do not use.)						*1
			Torque	Torque Control Option					1	Reference Section
Pn002			0	Reserved (Do not u	ise.)					*1
1 11002			1	VLIM operates as the speed limit value.						
			Absolut	Absolute Encoder Usage						Reference Section
			0	Uses absolute encoder as an absolute encoder.					4.7	
			1	1 Uses absolute encoder as an incremental encoder.						
			Externa	xternal Encoder Usage					1	Reference Section
			0	Do not use external	l encoder.*					
			1	Uses external enco	der in standard	rotation direc	ction.			
			2	Reserved (Do not u						8.3.1
			3	Uses external enco		otation direct	ion.			
			4	Reserved (Do not u	/					
		<b>F</b> 1 / 1		ode will be switc		closed posi			set to 0.	

\*1. For details, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

										(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Application Function S Switch 6	Select	0000 to 005F	-	0002	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.3
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.								
			Analog	Monitor 1 Signal	Selection					
			00	Motor rotating spe	ed (1 V/1000	min <sup>-1</sup> )				
			01	Speed reference (1	V/1000 min <sup>-</sup>	)				
			02 Torque reference (1 V/100% rated torque)							
			03	Position error (0.0	5 V/1 reference	e unit)				
			04	Position amplifier	error (after ele	ectronic gears	) (0.05 V/1 encode	r pulse unit	)	
			05	Position reference	speed (1 V/10	00 min <sup>-1</sup> )				
Pn006			06							
			07	Motor-load position	on error (0.01	V/1 reference	unit)			
			08	Positioning compl	etion (position	ing complete	1: 5 V, positioning	not comple	ted: 0 V)	
			09	Speed feedforward	l (1 V/1000 m	in <sup>-1</sup> )				
			0A	Torque feedforwar	d (1 V/100%	rated torque)				
			0B	Active gain (1st ga	in: 1 V, 2nd g	ain: 2 V)				
			0C	Completion of pos	ition reference	e (completed:	5 V, not completed	l: 0 V)		
		0D External encoder speed (1 V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup> : Values at motor shaft)								
			Reserv	ed (Do not chang	e.)					
				(	/					
			- Reserv	ed (Do not chang	e.)					
	2	Application Function S	Select	0000 to 005F		0000	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.3
		Switch 7		0000 10 0001		0000	minediatery	Setup		5.1.5
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1.								
				Monitor 2 Signal	Selection					
			00	Motor rotating spee	ed (1 V/1000 r	nin <sup>-1</sup> )				
			01	Speed reference (1	V/1000 min <sup>-1</sup>	)				
			02 Torque reference (1 V/100% rated torque)							
			03	Position error (0.05						
			04	Position amplifier e	error (after ele	ctronic gears)	(0.05 V/1 encoder	pulse unit)		
Pn007			05	Position reference s		00 min <sup>-1</sup> )				
11007			06	Reserved (Do not u						
			07	Motor-load position						
			08 Positioning completion (positioning completed: 5 V, positioning not completed: 0 V)							
			09	Speed feedforward		,				
			0A	Torque feedforward						
			0B	Active gain (1st gai						
			00	Completion of posi				0 V)		
			0D	External encoder sp	beed (1 V/100	) min <sup>-1</sup> : Value	es at motor shaft)			
			Reserv	ed (Do not chang	e.)					
			Reserv	ed (Do not chang	e.)					
				,	/					

Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters



Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Application Function Select Switch B	0000 to 1111	_	0000	After restart	Setup		-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 							
		Para	meter Display Sele	ction					Reference Section
		0	Setup parameters						2.4.1
Pn00B			All parameters						
		Alarr	n Gr.2 Stop Method	Selection					Reference Section
		0	Stops the motor by						4.3.5
			Same setting as Pn	001.0 (Stops tl	ne motor by a	oplying DB or by o	coasting).		<u> </u>
		Rese	erved (Do not chang	je.)					
		Rese	erved (Do not chang	10)					
		1030		JC.)					
	2	Application Function Select Switch C	0000 to 0111	_	0000	After restart	Setup	-	4.5, 4.5.1
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit I. ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐							
		Sele	ction of Test without	t a Motor					
		0	Disables test witho	ut a motor.					
		1	Enables test without	ıt a motor.					
Pn00C		Enco	der Resolution for	Test without	a Motor				
		0	13 bits						
			20 bits						
		Enco	oder Type for Test w	vithout a Mot	or				
		0	Incremental encode	er					
		1	Absolute encoder						
		Rese	erved (Do not chang	je.)					

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name No. Range Setting Enabled fication Section Application Function Select 2 0000 to 1011 0000 \_ \_ Setup \_ Switch D 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit Ď Ď n. 🛛 Reserved (Do not change.) When Reference **Dynamic Brake Signal Selection** Classification Enabled Section 0 Enables the control of an NO contactor (The dynamic brake is activated when current is Pn00D supplied to the contactor coil.) 3.9.3 After restart Setup 1 Enables the control of an NC contactor (The dynamic brake is activated when current is not supplied to the contactor coil.) Reserved (Do not change.) When Reference **Overtravel Warning Detection Selection** Classification Section Enabled 0 Does not detect overtravel warning. Setup 4.3.2 Immediately 1 Detects overtravel warning. Pn00F 2 Reserved (Do not change.) 0000 Application Function Select 2 0000 to 1111 0000 After restart Setup 8.1.7 \_ Switch 81 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit 4th digit n. L Phase-C Pulse Output Selection Pn081 0 Outputs phase-C pulse only in forward direction. 1 Outputs phase-C pulse in forward and reverse direction. Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) Pn100 2 Speed Loop Gain 10 to 20000 0.1 Hz 400 Immediately Tuning 5.8.1 \_ Speed Loop Integral Time Pn101 2 15 to 51200 0.01 ms 2000 5.8.1 Immediately Tuning \_ Constant Pn102 2 10 to 20000 400 Position Loop Gain 0.1/sImmediately Tuning \_ 5.8.1 Pn103 0 to 20000 1% 2 Moment of Inertia Ratio 100 Immediately Tuning 5.8.1 \_ Pn104 2 10 to 20000 0.1 Hz 400 2nd Speed Loop Gain Immediately 5.8.1 Tuning \_ 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Pn105 2 15 to 51200 0.01 ms 2000 Immediately Tuning 5.8.1 Constant Pn106 2 10 to 20000 0.1/s 400 2nd Position Loop Gain 5.8.1 Immediately Tuning \_ Pn109 2 Feedforward Gain 0 to 100 1% 0 Immediately \_ 5.9.1 Tuning Feedforward Filter Time Pn10A 2 0 to 6400 0.01 ms 0 5.9.1 Immediately Tuning Constant

									(conťd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Application Function for Gain Select Switch	0000 to 5334	-	0000	-	-	-	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 1		I					
		Mode S	witch Selection			Wher Enable	Class	ification	Reference Section
		0	Uses internal torc (Level setting: Pr		the condition	n			
		1	Uses speed refere setting: Pn10D).	ence as the cond	lition (Level				
		2	Uses acceleration Pn10E).	as the condition	n (Level sett	ing: Immedia	tely S	etup	5.9.2
Pn10B		3	Uses position erro Pn10F).	or as the conditi	ion (Level set	ting:			
		4	No mode switch	function availab	ole.				
		Speed L	.oop Control Me	thod		Wher Enable	Class	ification	Reference Section
		0	PI control						
		1 	I-P control	(		After res	start S	etup	-
		2 and 3	Reserved (Do no	,					
		Reserve	ed (Do not chang	ge.)					
		Reserve	ed (Do not chang	ge.)					
Pn10C	2	Mode Switch (torque reference)	0 to 800	1%	200	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.9.2
Pn10D	2	Mode Switch (speed reference)	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.9.2
Pn10E	2	Mode Switch (acceleration)	0 to 30000	1 min <sup>-1</sup> / s	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.9.2
Pn10F	2	Mode Switch (position error)	0 to 10000	1 reference unit	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.9.2
Pn11F	2	Position Integral Time Constant	0 to 50000	0.1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.7
Pn121	2	Friction Compensation Gain	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.2
Pn122	2	2nd Gain for Friction Compensation	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.2
Pn123	2	Friction Compensation Coefficient	0 to 100	1%	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.8.2
Pn124	2	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	-10000 to 10000	0.1 Hz	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.2
Pn125	2	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	1 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.2
Pn131	2	Gain Switching Time 1	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.8.1
Pn132	2	Gain Switching Time 2	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.1
Pn135	2	Gain Switching Waiting Time	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.1
Pn136	2	Gain Switching Waiting Time 2	0 to 65535	1 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.1

Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Automatic Gain Changeover Related Switch 1	0000 to 0052	_	0000	Immedi- ately	Tuning	_	5.8.1
Pn139	r	0 1 2 Gain Sv 0 1 2 3 4 5 	witching Selection Manual gain switch Changes gain manu Reserved (Do not to Automatic gain sw Changes automatic Changes automatic Changes automatic Changes automatic Witching Condition Positioning comp Positioning near s Positioning near s Positioning near s Position reference Position reference ed (Do not change	hing ually using G-S itching pattern ally 1st gain to ally 2nd gain to ally 2nd gain to n A letion signal (// letion signal (// letion signal (// signal (/NEAR) signal (/NEAR) e filter output = e input ON ge.)	1 2nd gain wh o 1st gain wh COIN) ON COIN) OFF 0 ON 0 OFF	en the switching co	ondition A i	s satisfied.	
Pn13D	2	Current Gain Level	100 to 2000	1%	2000	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.4
	2	Model Following Control Related Switch	0000 to 1121	_	0100	Immediately	Tuning	_	-
Pn140	r	0 1 Vibratic 0 1 2 Vibratic 0 1	Following Control Does not use mode Uses model follow In Suppression S Does not perform v Performs vibration Performs vibration In Suppression A Does not adjust vit Adjusts vibration s on of Speed Feed Does not use mode Uses model follow	el following con ing control. election vibration suppre- suppression ov djustment Se pration suppress uppression auto dforward (VF el following con	ession. /er the specifi /er two differ election sion automationationatically us F) / Torque ttrol and spec	ent kinds of freque cally using utility ing utility function Feedforward (T d/torque feedforward	function.  FF) ard together	5.3 5.5 Re	eference Section 1.1, 5.4.1, 5.1, 5.7.1 eference Section 3.1, 5.4.1
Pn141	2	Model Following Control Gain	10 to 20000	0.1/s	500	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn142	2	Model Following Control Gain Compensation	500 to 2000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn143	2	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	0 to 10000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	-	-

10-10

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn144	2	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	0 to 10000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning		-
Pn145	2	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	10 to 2500	0.1 Hz	500	Immediately	Tuning	_	-
Pn146	2	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	10 to 2500	0.1 Hz	700	Immediately	Tuning	-	-
Pn147	2	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	0 to 10000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn148	2	2nd Model Following Control Gain	10 to 20000	0.1/s	500	Immediately	Tuning	_	_
Pn149	2	2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation	500 to 2000	0.1%	1000	Immediately	Tuning	_	-
Pn14A	2	Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency	10 to 2000	0.1 Hz	800	Immediately	Tuning	_	-
Pn14B	2	Vibration Suppression 2 Com- pensation	10 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	-	-
	2	Control Related Switch	0000 to 0011	_	0011	After restart	Tuning	-	-
Pn14F		Tuning 0 1 Reserv	Model Following C Model Following C -less Type Select Funing-less type 1 Funing-less type 2 red (Do not chan red (Do not chan	ontrol 2 ction nge.)					5.3.1, 5.4.1, 5.5.1 Reference Section 5.2.2
	2	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	0000 to 0011	-	0010	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.3.1, 5.4.1, 5.5.1, 5.7.1
Pn160	r	0 Du 1 Us Anti-Res 0 1	sonance Control pes not use anti-reso ses anti-resonance control Does not adjust ant Adjusts anti-resona ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang	Adjustment i-resonance co nce control aut ge.)	Selection				

10.1.2 Parameters

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn161	2	Anti-Resonance Frequency	10 to 20000	0.1 Hz	1000	Immediately	Tuning	-	-
Pn162	2	Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation	1 to 1000	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	1	-
Pn163	2	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	0 to 300	1%	0	Immediately	Tuning	Ι	-
Pn164	2	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 1 Compensation	-1000 to 1000	0.01 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	-
Pn165	2	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 2 Compensation	-1000 to 1000	0.01 ms	0	Immediately	Tuning	Ι	-
	2	Tuning-less Function Related Switch	0000 to 2411	-	1401	-	_	-	-
Pn170	ſ	0 1 Control 0 U	less Function Se Disables tuning-less Enables tuning-less Method during S ses as speed control ses as speed control sition control.	s function. function. peed Contro		When Enabled After restar When Enabled for After restar	Classif	tup	Reference       Section       5.2       Reference       Section       5.2
		Rigidity 0 to 4	Level			When Enabled Immediately	Classif / Set	ication	Reference Section 5.2
		Load Lo 0 to 2		When Enabled Immediatel	Classi		Reference Section 5.2		
Pn190	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	_	0010	-	_	_	-
Pn200	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	_	0100	-	-	-	-
Pn205	2	Multiturn Limit Setting	0 to 65535	1 rev	65535	After restart	Setup	-	4.7.6

										(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Position Control Functio Switch	n	0000 to 2210	_	0010	After restart	Setup	—	-
Pn207	r		Reserve	ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang Dutput Timing Outputs when the positioning compl filtering is 0. Outputs when the positioning compl	position error a eted width (Pn: position error a eted width (Pn: position error a	522). Ibsolute value 522), and the Ibsolute value	e is the same or les reference after pos e is the same or les	s than the ition referent s than the	nce	Reference Section 4.8.6
Pn20A	4	Number of External Scal Pitch	le	4 to 1048576	1 pitch/rev	32768	After restart	Setup	_	8.3
Pn20E	4	Electronic Gear Ratio (N ator)	lumer-	1 to 1073741824	1	1	After restart	Setup	_	4.4.3
Pn210	4	Electronic Gear Ratio (D inator)	enom-	1 to 1073741824	1	1	After restart	Setup	_	4.4.3
Pn212	4	Encoder Output Pulses		16 to 1073741824	1 P/rev	2048	After restart	Setup	_	4.4.5
	2	Fully-closed Control Selection Switch		0000 to 1003	-	0000	After restart	Setup	_	-
Pn22A	r		Reserve Reserve Speed F 0	ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang Feedback Selecti Uses motor encode Uses external enco	ie.) ion at Fully-c r speed.	losed Contr	rol			Reference Section 8.3.8

10.1.2 Parameters

									(conťd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Position Control Expanded Function Switch	0000 to 0001	_	0000	After reset	Setup	_	5.8.6
		4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit n.							
			ash Compensati Compensates wi		n the forward	direction			
Pn230			Compensates wi						
			· · · ·						_
		Reser	rved (Do not cha	nge.)					
		Rese	rved (Do not cha	nge.)					
		Rese	rved (Do not cha	nge.)					
			1	^ · ·	1		1		1
Pn231	4	Backlash Compensation Value	-500000 to 500000	0.1 reference unit	0	Immediately	Setup	—	5.8.6
Pn233	2	Backlash Compensation Time Constant	0 to 65536	0.01 ms	0	Immediately	Setup	-	5.8.6
Pn281	2	Encoder Output Resolution	1 to 4096	1 edge/ pitch	20	After restart	Setup	_	8.3.3
Pn304	2	JOG Speed	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	500	Immediately	Setup	-	6.3
Pn305	2	Soft Start Acceleration Time	0 to 10000	1 ms	0	Immediately	Setup	-	_
Pn306	2	Soft Start Deceleration Time	0 to 10000	1 ms	0	Immediately	Setup	-	-
	2	Vibration Detection Switch	0000 to 0002	-	0000	Immediately	Setup	-	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit D. T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	n Detection Sele	ection					Reference
		0	Does not detect vi	bration.					Section
Pn310		1	Outputs warning (		ibration is de	tected.			6.16
		2	Outputs alarm (A.	520) when vib	ration is detec	eted.			
		Reserve	ed (Do not chang	ge.)					
		Reserve	ed (Do not chang	ge.)					
		Reserve	ed (Do not chang	ge.)					
Pn311	2	Vibration Detection Sensibility	50 to 500	1%	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	6.16
Pn312	2	Vibration Detection Level	0 to 5000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	50	Immediately	Tuning	-	6.16
Pn324	2	Moment of Inertia Calculating Start Level	0 to 20000	1%	300	Immediately	Setup	_	5.3.2
Pn401	2	Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.9.3
Pn402	2	Forward Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	800	Immedi- ately	Setup	_	4.6.1
Pn403	2	Reverse Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	800	Immedi- ately	Setup	_	4.6.1

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn404	2	Forward External Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	-	4.6.2
Pn405	2	Reverse External Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	-	4.6.2
Pn406	2	Emergency Stop Torque	0 to 800	1%	800	Immediately	Setup	-	4.3.2
Pn407	2	Speed Limit during Torque Control	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	Setup	-	4.8.8
	2	Torque Related Function Switch 4th 3rd 2nd 1st	0000 to 1111	_	0000	_	-	_	_
Pn408	r	0 N 1 U Speed L 0 1 2nd Step 0 1		filter for torque filter for torque f the maximum as the speed li f the overspeed 407 as the speed 407 as the speed election	motor speed mit value. I detection spe ed limit value ue reference. ection	After resta	ly Se Classi rt Se Classi ly Se Classi	iication   tup   fication   itup   fication   fication   fication   tup	Reference         Section         5.9.3         Reference         Section         4.8.8         Reference         Section         5.9.3         Reference         Section         5.9.3         Reference         Section         5.9.3         Reference         Section         5.9.3
Pn409	2	1st Notch Filter Frequency	50 to 5000	1 Hz	5000	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.9.3
Pn40A	2	1st Notch Filter Q Value	50 to 1000	0.01	70	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.9.3
Pn40B	2	1st Notch Filter Depth	0 to 1000	0.001	0	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.9.3
Pn40C	2	2nd Notch Filter Frequency	50 to 5000	1 Hz	5000	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.9.3
Pn40D	2	2nd Notch Filter Q Value	50 to 1000	0.01	70	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.9.3
Pn40E	2	2nd Notch Filter Depth	0 to 1000	0.001	0	Immediately	Tuning	-	5.9.3
Pn40F	2	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Frequency	100 to 5000	1 Hz	5000	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.9.3
Pn410	2	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Q Value	50 to 100	0.01	50	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.9.3
Pn412	2	1st Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	0 to 65535	0.01 ms	100	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.8.1
Pn415	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	_	-	0	-	-	_	-
Pn423	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	-	0000	-	-	_	-
Pn424	2	Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop	0 to 100	1%	50	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.7
		Release Time for Torque Limit	0 to 1000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.7
Pn425	2	at Main Circuit Voltage Drop	0101000			-			

Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

									(conťd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Notch Filter Adjustment Switch	0000 to 0101	_	0101	Immediately	Tuning	_	5.2.1 5.3.1 5.5.1
Pn460	r	0 1 Reserve Notch F 0 1	ilter Adjustment Does not adjust 1s Adjust 1st step no ed (Do not chang ilter Adjustment Does not adjust 2nd Adjust 2nd step no ed (Do not chang	it step notch fil tch filter autom je.) Selection 2 d step notch filt tch filter autom	er automatica	ally using utility fu			
Pn501	2	Zero Clamp Level	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn502	2	Rotation Detection Level	1 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	20	Immediately	Setup	-	4.8.3
Pn503	2	Speed Coincidence Signal Out- put Width	0 to 100	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10	Immediately	Setup	-	4.8.5
Pn506	2	Brake Reference - Servo OFF Delay Time	0 to 50	10 ms	0	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.4
Pn507	2	Brake Reference Output Speed Level	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	100	Immediately	Setup	-	4.3.4
Pn508	2	Waiting Time for Brake Signal When Motor Running	10 to 100	10 ms	50	Immediately	Setup	-	4.3.4
Pn509	2	Instantaneous Power Cut Hold time	20 to 50000	1 ms	20	Immediately	Setup	-	4.3.6

# 10-16

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Input Signal Selection 1	0000 to FFF1	-	2881	After restart	Setup	-	-
Pn50A		4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit 	ved (Do not change ved (Do not change Signal Mapping (F Forward run allow Forward run allow	Ie.) Ie.) Forward run p red when CN1 red when CN1 red when CN1 red when CN1 red when CN1 red when CN1 bited. red. red. red. red when CN1 red when CN1	prohibited w 40 input sign 41 input sign 42 input sign 43 input sign 44 input sign 45 input sign 46 input sign 41 input sign 41 input sign 42 input sign 44 input sign 44 input sign	then OFF (open al is ON (closed). al is OFF (open). al is OFF (open).			A.3.2
		F				al is OFF (open).			

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd)

Parameter	Size		Name		Setting	Units	Factory	When	Classi-	Profile	(cont'd) Reference
No.	Size				Range	Units	Setting	Enabled	fication	FIOIIIe	Section
	2	Input S	Signal Selection	n 2	0000 to FFFF	_	8883	After restart	Setup	-	-
	r	digit c	Brd 2nd 1st digit digit digit		ignal Mapping (F				))	1	Reference Section
				0	Reverse run allow						
				1 2	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow		1 0				
				3	Reverse run allow						
				4	Reverse run allow			. ,			
				5	Reverse run allow						
				6	Reverse run allow						
				7	Reverse run prohi		1 0	~ /			
				8	Reverse run allow						4.3.2
				9	Reverse run allow	ed when CN1-	40 input signa	al is OFF (open).			
				A	Reverse run allow	ed when CN1-	41 input signa	al is OFF (open).			
				В	Reverse run allow	ed when CN1-	42 input signa	al is OFF (open).			
				С	Reverse run allow	ed when CN1-	43 input signa	al is OFF (open).			
				D	Reverse run allow	ed when CN1-	44 input signa	al is OFF (open).			
				D							
				E	Reverse run allow	ed when CN1-	45 input signa	al is OFF (open).			
Pn50B				E F Reserve	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang	ed when CN1- je.)	46 input signa	al is OFF (open).			Reference
Pn50B				E F Reserve	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang tignal Mapping (1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v	46 input signa	al is OFF (open).			Reference Section
Pn50B				E F Reserve	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa	46 input signa when ON (c	al is OFF (open).			
Pn50B				E F Reserve	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa	46 input signa when ON (c il is ON (close	al is OFF (open). slosed)) ed).			
Pn50B				E F 	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang ignal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa	46 input signa when ON (c il is ON (close il is ON (close il is ON (close	al is OFF (open).			
Pn50B				E F Reserve /P-CL S 0 1 2 3	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang tignal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- ge.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa	46 input signa when ON (c il is ON (close il is ON (close il is ON (close il is ON (close	al is OFF (open).			
Pn50B				E F Reserve /P-CL S 0 1 2 3 4	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close I is ON (close	al is OFF (open).			
Pn50B				E F - Reserve /P-CL S 0 1 2 3 4 5	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close il is ON (close	al is OFF (open). alosed)) ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed).			
Pn50B				E F 	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang ignal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -45 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close il is ON (close	al is OFF (open). alosed)) ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed).			
Pn50B				E F Reserve /P-CL S 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- Je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -45 input signa -46 input signa ted).	46 input signa when ON (close il is ON (close	al is OFF (open). alosed)) ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed). ed).			
Pn50B				E F 	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -45 input signa -46 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close I is ON (close	al is OFF (open).			Section
Pn50B				E F Reserve /P-CL S 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -46 input signa -46 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close I is ON (close	al is OFF (open). alosed)) ad). a			Section
Pn50B				E F Reserve 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- Je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -46 input signa -40 input signa -40 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close I is OFF (ope	al is OFF (open). alosed)) ed). e			Section
Pn50B				E F Reserve 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not change Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -45 input signa -46 input signa -40 input signa -41 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close il is OFF (ope il is OFF (ope il is OFF (ope	al is OFF (open). al is OFF (op			Section
Pn50B				E F Reserve /P-CL S 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -46 input signa -46 input signa -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close il is OFF (ope il is OFF (ope il is OFF (ope il is OFF (ope	al is OFF (open). al is OFF (op			Section
Pn50B				E F Reserve /P-CL S 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 A B C	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -46 input signa -40 input signa -41 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close I is OFF (ope I is OFF (ope I is OFF (ope I is OFF (ope	al is OFF (open). al is OFF (op			Section
Pn50B				E F Reserve 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- Je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -46 input signa -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -43 input signa -43 input signa	46 input signa when ON (close I is OFF (ope I is OFF (ope I is OFF (ope I is OFF (ope I is OFF (ope	al is OFF (open).			Section
Pn50B				E F Reserve /P-CL S 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 A B C D E F	Reverse run allow Reverse run allow Reverse run allow ed (Do not chang Signal Mapping (T Active when CN1 Active when CN1	ed when CN1- Je.) Forque Limit v -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -46 input signa -40 input signa -41 input signa -42 input signa -43 input signa -43 input signa -44 input signa -44 input signa -45 input signa	46 input signa when ON (d il is ON (close il is OFF (ope il is OFF (ope	al is OFF (open). al is OFF (op			Section

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2 Output Signal Selection	on 1	0000 to 3333	-	0000	After restart	Setup	-	-
	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n.	Position 0 1 2 3	ing Completion S Disabled (the abov Outputs the signal Outputs the signal Outputs the signal	re signal is not from CN1-25 from CN1-27	used.) , -26 output te , -28 output te	rminal. rminal.		Sec	rence stion
Pn50E		Speed (	Coincidence Dete	ection Signa	Mapping (/	V-CMP)			rence
		0 to 3	Same as /COIN S			,			tion 8.5
		Servom	otor Rotation De	tection Sign	al Mapping	(/TGON)		Refer	
		0 to 3	Same as /COIN S	Signal Mappin	g.			4.3	8.3
		Servo F	leady Signal Ma	oping (/S-RE	)Y)			Refer Sec	
		0 to 3	Same as /COIN S	Signal Mappin	g.			4.8	3.4
	2 Output Signal Selection	on 2	0000 to 3333	_	0100	After restart	Setup	-	-
	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n.	_ Torque	Limit Detection S	ignal Mappi	ng (/CLT)				erence
		0	Disabled (the abo	-	-				
		1	Outputs the signated output signated outputs the signated output signated outputs the signated output signa		-				.6.3
		3	Outputs the signa		-				
Pn50F		Speed I	imit Detection S	ignal Mappir	ng (/VLT)				erence ction
		0 to 3	Same as /CLT Sign	nal Mapping.				4	.8.8
		Brake S	ignal Mapping (/	BK)					erence ction
		0 to 3	Same as /CLT Sig	nal Mapping.				4	.3.4
		- Warning	g Signal Mapping	(/WARN)					erence ction
		0 to 3	Same as /CLT Sig	nal Mapping.				4	.8.2

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd)

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Output Signal Selection 3	0000 to 0333	-	0000	After restart	Setup	-	-
	r	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit I.	gnal Mapping (/N	IEAR)					erence
		0	Disabled (the abov						
Pn510		1	Outputs the signal	4	.8.7				
FIISTO		2	Outputs the signal	from CN1-27,	-28 output te	rminal.			,
		3	Outputs the signal	from CN1-29,	-30 output te	rminal.			
		Reserve	ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang ed (Do not chang	ie.)					

Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section			
	2	Input Signal Selection	n 5	0000 to FFFF	_	6541	After restart	Setup	_	3.4.1			
	n	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit I. I I I I I I I I I. I I I I I I I I I	- Homing 0 1 2 3 4	Deceleration Sv Active when CN Active when CN Active when CN Active when CN Active when CN	1-40 input sig 1-41 input sig 1-42 input sig 1-43 input sig	nal is ON (clo nal is ON (clo nal is ON (clo nal is ON (clo	sed). sed). sed).						
			5	Active when CN1-45 input signal is ON (closed).									
			6	Active when CN	1-46 input sig	nal is ON (clo	sed).						
			7	Always active (f	ixed).								
			8	Not active (fixed	l).								
			9	Active when CN	1-40 input sig	nal is OFF (op	oen).						
			A	Active when CN	1-41 input sig	nal is OFF (op	en).						
			В	Active when CN	1-42 input sig	nal is OFF (op	en).						
			С	Active when CN	1-43 input sig	nal is OFF (op	en).						
			D	Active when CN	. ÷	; <b>,</b>	,						
Pn511			E	Active when CN	1-45 input sig	nal is OFF (op	en).						
			F	Active when CN	1-46 input sig	nal is OFF (op	en).						
			External	External Latch Signal Mapping (/EXT1)									
			0 to 3	Not active (fixe									
			4	Active when CN									
			5	Active when CN									
			6	Active when CN		gnal 15 ON (clo	osed).						
			7 to C D	Not active (fixe	·	malia OEE (-	non)						
			E	Active when CN Active when CN									
			 F	Active when CN									
				Active when er	1-40 input sig		pen).						
			External	Latch 2 Signal I		,							
			0 to F	Same as /EXT1	signal mappir	g.							
			External	Latch 3 Signal I	Mapping (/E	XT3)							
			0 to F										

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Factory When Classi-Reference Setting Size Units Profile Name No Setting Enabled fication Section Range 2 Output Signal Inverse Setting 0000 to 0111 0000 After restart Setup 3.4.2 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. Ŏ Ŏ Ŏ Ŏ Output Signal Inversion for CN1-25 or -26 Terminal 0 Does not inverse outputs. 1 Inverses outputs Pn512 Output Signal Inversion for CN1-27 or -28 Terminal 0 Does not inverse outputs 1 Inverses outputs. Output Signal Inversion for CN1-29 or -30 Terminal 0 Does not inverse outputs. 1 Inverses outputs. Reserved (Do not change.) Pn514 Reserved (Do not change.) 0000 2 2 Setup Input Signal Selection 6 0000 to FFFF 8888 After restart 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit ΔĎ n. 🗖 Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) Reference Dynamic Brake Answer Signal Input Signal Mapping (/DBANS) Section 0 Detects dynamic brake (DB) contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-40 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied. Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-41 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied. 1 2 Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-42 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied. 3 Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-43 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied. Pn515 4 Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-44 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied. 5 Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-45 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied. 6 Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-46 is ON (closed) while the DB is applied. 3.9.4 7,8 Disables DB contactor error detection of DB answer signal. 9 Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-40 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied. Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-41 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied. А В Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-42 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied. С Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-43 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied. D Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-44 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied. Е Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-45 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied. Detects DB contactor errors when the input signal of CN1-46 is OFF (open) while the DB is applied. F Reserved (Do not change.) Pn517 2 0000 Reserved (Do not change.) Excessive Error Level between 1 0 to Pn51B 4 Servomotor and Load Posireference 1000 Immediately Setup 8.3.6 1073741824 tions unit Excessive Position Error Warn-Pn51E 2 100 10 to 100 1% 9.2.1 Immediately Setup \_ ing Level

									(conťd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn520	4	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level	1 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	5242880	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.4 9.1.1
Pn522	4	Positioning Completed Width	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	7	Immediately	Setup	_	4.8.6
Pn524	4	NEAR Signal Width	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1073741824	Immediately	Setup	_	4.8.7
Pn526	4	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON	1 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	5242880	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.4
Pn528	2	Excessive Position Error Warn- ing Level at Servo ON	10 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.4
Pn529	2	Speed Limit Level at Servo ON	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	Setup	-	5.1.4
Pn52A	2	Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation	0 to 100	1%	20	Immediately	Tuning	_	8.3.6
Pn52B	2	Overload Warning Level	1 to 100	1%	20	Immediately	Setup	-	4.3.8
Pn52C	2	Derating of Base Current at Detecting Overload of Motor	10 to 100	1%	100	After restart	Setup	_	4.3.8
Pn52D	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	_	50	-	-	-	-
Pn52F	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	-	0FFF	-	-	_	-
Pn530	r	0 1 2 3 4 5 	n JOG Operation (Waiting time Pn53 (Waiting time Pn53 (Waiting time Pn53 (Waiting time Pn53 (Waiting time Pn53 (Waiting time Pn53 Reverse movement (Waiting time Pn53 Forward movement ed (Do not changed) (Do not changed)	$5 \rightarrow$ Forward $5 \rightarrow$ Reverse 1 $5 \rightarrow$ Forward $5 \rightarrow$ Reverse 1 $5 \rightarrow$ Reverse 1 $5 \rightarrow$ Reverse 1 $5 \rightarrow$ Forward $5 \rightarrow$ Forward $25 \rightarrow$ Forward 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	novement Pn. movement Pn novement Pn novement Pn movement Pn nober of moven novement Pn	531 × Number of 531 → Waiting timents Pn536 531 → Waiting timents Pn536	movements movements movements movements movements ne Pn535 –	Pn536 s Pn536 Pn536 Pn536 s Pn536 s Pn536	
Pn531	4	Program JOG Movement Distance	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	32768	Immediately	Setup	_	6.5
Pn533	2	Program JOG Movement Speed	1 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	500	Immediately	Setup	_	6.5
			+	1					
Pn534	2	Program JOG Acceleration/ Deceleration Time	2 to 10000	1 ms	100	Immediately	Setup	-	6.5

10.1.2 Parameters

									(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn536	2	Number of Times of Program JOG Movement	0 to 1000	1 time	1	Immediately	Setup	_	6.5
Pn550	2	Analog Monitor 1 Offset Volt- age	-10000 to 10000	0.1 V	0	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.3
Pn551	2	Analog Monitor 2 Offset Volt- age	-10000 to 10000	0.1 V	0	Immediately	Setup	-	5.1.3
Pn552	2	Analog Monitor Magnification (×1)	-10000 to 10000	×0.01	100	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.3
Pn553	2	Analog Monitor Magnification (×2)	-10000 to 10000	×0.01	100	Immediately	Setup	_	5.1.3
Pn560	2	Remained Vibration Detection Width	1 to 3000	0.1%	400	Immediately	Setup	_	5.7.1
Pn561	2	Overshoot Detection Level	0 to 100	1%	100	Immediately	Setup	_	5.3.1 5.4.1
Pn600	2	Regenerative Resistor Capac- ity <sup>*2</sup>	Depends on SERVO- PACK Capacity <sup>*3</sup>	10 W	0	Immediately	Setup	_	3.8.3
Pn601	2	Dynamic brake resistor capac- ity	0 or higher (Max. value depends on model.) <sup>*3</sup>	10 W	0	Immediately	Setup	_	3.9.2
Pn612	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	_	_	30	-	-	-	—
Pn614	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	-	-	500	_	-	Ï	_
Pn615	2	Reserved (Do not change.)	_	_	2000	_	-	ĺ	_
Pn621 to Pn628 <sup>*4</sup>		SERVOPACK: Safety Module Parameters	_	_	_	_	_	_	-

\*2. Normally set to "0." When using an external regenerative resistor, set the capacity (W) of the regenerative resistor unit.

\*3. The upper limit is the maximum output capacity (W) of the SERVOPACK.
\*4. These parameters can be set in SERVOPACKs with safety modules. For details, refer to Σ-V Series User's Manual,

									(conťd)		
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section		
	2 Communica	ations Control	-	-	1040	Immediately	Setup	_	-		
	4th 3rd 2 digit digit digit n. 🗖 🗍	2nd 1st digit digit MECH. 0 1 2 3	ATROLINK-III Co No mask Ignores MECHAT Ignores WDT error Ignores both MEC g Check Mask No mask Ignores data setting Ignores command	ROLINK com r (A.E5□). HATROLINK g warning (A.9	ns Check M munications en communication	ask (for debug) rror (A.E6□).			]).		
		3	Ignores both data s	etting warning	(A.94□) and	command warnin	g (A.95□).				
		4	Ignores communic	ations warning	g (A.96□).						
		5	Ignores both data s	etting warning	, (A.94□) and	communications	warning (A.	96□).			
		6	Ignores both comm	nand warning (	(A.95□) and c	communications wa	arning (A.9	5□).			
Pn800		7	Ignores data setting warning (A.94 $\square$ ), command warning (A.95 $\square$ ) and communications warni (A.96 $\square$ ).								
		8	Ignores command	warning 7 (A.9	97A) and data	clamp (A.97B).					
		9	Ignores data setting			- · ·		• •			
		<u>A</u>	Ignores command	÷ 1		<u> </u>	,	• ·	,		
		В	Ignores data setting and data clamp (A.		94□), commar	nd warning (A.95D	]), comman	d warning 7	(A.97A)		
		С	Ignores communic	ations warning	(A.96□), cor	nmand warning 7	(A.97A) and	l data clamp	(A.97B).		
		D	Ignores data setting (A.97A) and data d		<i>,.</i>	nications warning	(A.96□), co	mmand war	ning 7		
		E	Ignores command (A.97A) and data c	÷ .		cations warning (A	A.96□), con	nmand warni	ng 7		
		F	Ignores data setting (A.96□), comman		<i>,.</i>	U (	]), commun	ications war	ning		
		Reserv	red (Do not chang	je.)							
		Autom	tic warning-clear (for debug) <sup>*11</sup>								
			8	、		1)					

\*11. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile.

10.1.2 Parameters

										(conťd)
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Application Function (Software LS)	Select 6	-	-	0003	Immediately	Setup	Ι	4.3.3
Pn801	n.	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit	0 E 1 D 2 D 3 D Reserved Software I 0 D 1 E	imit Function nables forward and isables forward sof isables reverse soft isables software lim (Do not change.) imit for Referenc isables software lim nables software lim	tware limit. ware limit. nit in both direc nit in both direc e nit for reference	e.				
Pn803	2	Origin Range		0 to 250	1 reference unit	10	Immediately	Setup	_	*1
Pn804	4	Forward Software Lin	nit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	1073741823	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.3
Pn806	4	Reverse Software Lin	nit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	-1073741823	Immediately	Setup	_	4.3.3
Pn808	4	Absolute Encoder Or Offset	igin	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*5</sup>	Setup	_	4.7.8
Pn80A	2	1st Linear Acceleratio Constant	on	1 to 65535	10000 reference unit/s <sup>2</sup>	100	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>	Setup	_	*1
Pn80B	2	2nd Linear Accelerati Constant	on	1 to 65535	10000 reference unit/s <sup>2</sup>	100	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>	Setup	_	*1
Pn80C	2	Acceleration Constan ing Speed	t Switch-	0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>	Setup	_	*1
Pn80D	2	1st Linear Deceleratio Constant	on	1 to 65535	10000 reference unit/s <sup>2</sup>	100	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>	Setup	-	*1
Pn80E	2	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant . For details, refer to the <i>EV</i> .		1 to 65535	10000 reference unit/s <sup>2</sup>	100	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>	Setup	_	*1

\*1. For details, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).
\*5. Available after the SENS\_ON command is input.

\*6. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting	Units	Factory	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	(cont'd) Reference Section
Pn80F	2	Deceleration Constant Switch- ing Speed	Range 0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	Setting 0	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>	Setup	-	*1
Pn810	2	Exponential Function Acceleration/Deceleration Bias	0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*7</sup>	Setup	_	*1
Pn811	2	Exponential Function Acceleration/Deceleration Time Constant	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*7</sup>	Setup	_	*1
Pn812	2	Movement Average Time	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*7</sup>	Setup	-	*1
Pn814	4	Final Travel Distance for External Positioning	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	100	Immediately	Setup	_	*1
	2	Homing Mode Setting	_	_	0000	Immediately	Setup	M2 <sup>*11</sup>	-
Pn816	n.	Reserved (I	rection rward verse Do not change.) Do not change.) Do not change.)						
				100					
Pn817 <sup>*8</sup>	2	Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed 1)	0 to 65535	100 reference unit/s	50	Immedi- ately <sup>*6</sup>	Setup	-	*1
Pn817 <sup>*8</sup> Pn818 <sup>*9</sup>	2	Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed 1) Homing Creep Speed(Homing Approach Speed 2)	0 to 65535 0 to 65535	reference	50		Setup Setup	_	*1

ual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63). \*6. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

\*7. The settings are updated only if the sending of the reference has been stopped (DEN is set to 1).\*8. The set value of Pn842 is valid when the set value of Pn817 is 0.

\*9. The set value of Pn844 is valid when the set value of Pn818 is 0.

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name No. Setting Enabled fication Section Range Input Signal Monitor  $M2^{*11}$ 2 0000 Immediately \_ Setup \_ \_ Selection 4th 3rd 2nd 1st IO12 Signal Mapping 0 No mapping 1 Monitors CN1-40 input terminal. 2 Monitors CN1-41 input terminal. 3 Monitors CN1-42 input terminal 4 Monitors CN1-43 input terminal. 5 Monitors CN1-44 input terminal. Pn81E 6 Monitors CN1-45 input terminal. 7 Monitors CN1-46 input terminal **IO13 Signal Mapping** 0 to 7 Same as IO12 signal mapping. IO14 Signal Mapping 0 to 7 Same as IO12 signal mapping. IO15 Signal Mapping 0 to 7 Same as IO12 signal mapping.  $M2^{*11}$ \*1 2 0010 Command Data Allocation Setup After restart 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆 **Option Field Allocation** 0 Disables OPTION bit allocation. 1 Enables OPTION bit allocation. Pn81F Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Function Allocation 0 Disables allocation. 1 Enables allocation. Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) -2147483648 1 Forward Latching Allowable \*1 Pn820 0 4 reference Immediately Setup to Area 2147483647 unit -2147483648 1 Reverse Latching Allowable \*1 Pn822 4 0 to reference Immediately Setup Area 2147483647 unit

\*1. For details, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

\*11. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile.

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	(cont'd) Reference Section	
		Option N	Ionitor 1 Selection		_						
		0000h	Motor rotating speed [overspeed detection]	position/100000	0h]						
		0001h	Speed reference [overspeed detection ]	position/100000	0h]						
		0002h	Torque [max. torque/1	1000000h]							
		0003h	Position error (lower 3	· -	-						
		0004h	Position error (upper 3	32 bits) [referen	ce unit]						
		0005h	System reserved								
		0006h 000Ah	System reserved Encoder count (lower	22 hita) [nafana	n a a 11mit]						
		000An 000Bh	Encoder count (lower Encoder count (upper	, E	-						
		000Dh	FPG count (lower 32								
		000Dh	FPG count (upper 32	, E	-						
		0010h	Un000: Motor rotating								
		0011h	Un001: Speed referen								
		0012h	Un001: Speed referen								
		0012h	Un003: Rotational and the phase-C origin: de	gle 1 (encoder p	ulses from						
			0014h	Un004: Rotational and							
		0015h	Un005: Input signal n								
		0016h	Un006: Output signal	monitor							
		0017h	Un007: Input position	reference speed	d [min <sup>-1</sup> ]						
		0018h	Un008: Position error	[reference unit]	]				-		
Pn824	2	0019h	Un009: Accumulated	load ratio [%]		0000 Imm	Immediately	Setup		*1	
		001Ah	Un00A: Regenerative								
		001Bh	Un00B: DB resistance								
		001Ch	Un00C: Input reference		-						
		001Dh	Un00D: Feedback pul	-							
		001Eh	Un00E: Fully-closed l [external encoder reso		alse counter						
		001Fh	System reserved								
		0023h	Primary multi-turn da								
		0024h	Primary incremental d Un027: Service life pr		r huilt in						
		0042h	fan remaining life rati Un028: Service life pr	o [%]							
		0043h	Un028: Service life pr remaining life ratio [9 Un029: Service life pr	6]	•						
		0044h	vention circuit remain Un02A: Service life p	ing life ratio [%	6]						
		0045h	brake circuit remainin	g life ratio [%]	2						
		0049h	Un02D: Service life p tor main components	1 remaining life	ratio [%]						
		004Ah	Un02E: Service life p tor main components	2 remaining life	ratio [%]						
		0080h	Previous value of late (LPOS) [encoder puls	e]							
		0081h	Previous value of late (LPOS2) [encoder pul	lse]	osition				M3 <sup>*10</sup>		
		0084h	Continuous latch statu	1S							

Appendix

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\*1. For details, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).
\*10. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile.

10.1.2 Parameters

#### (cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name Enabled No. Setting fication Section Range **Option Monitor 2 Selection** 0000 0000h Pn825 2 Immediately \*1 Setup Same as Option Monitor 1 Selection. to 0084h 10000 ref-Immedi-Linear Deceleration Constant 1 \*1 Pn827 2 1 to 65535 erence 100 Setup \_ $ately^{\ast 6}$ for Stopping $unit/s^2$ SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF Immedi-\*1 Pn829 2 0 to 65535 0 10 ms Setup at deceleration to stop) ately\*6 $M2^{*11}$ 2 **Option Field Allocation 1** 0000 to 1E1E 1813 \_ After restart Setup \_ 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. $\Box$ $\Box$ $\Box$ $\Box$ 0 to E ACCFIL bit position Pn82A 0 Disables ACCFIL bit allocation. 1 Enables ACCFIL bit allocation. 0 to E GSEL bit position 0 Disables GSEL bit allocation. 1 Enables GSEL bit allocation. 2 **Option Field Allocation 2** 0000 to 1F1F 1D1C After restart M2<sup>\*11</sup> \_ Setup 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗆 🗆 🗖 0 to F V\_PPI bit position Pn82B 0 Disables V\_PPI bit allocation. 1 Enables V\_PPI bit allocation. 0 to F P\_PI\_CLR bit position 0 Disables P\_PI\_CLR bit allocation. 1 Enables P\_PI\_CLR bit allocation.

\*1. For details, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

\*6. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

\*11. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-II-compatible profile.

Deveneeter				Catting		Fastami		Classi		
Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
	2	Option Field Allocation	on 3	0000 to 1F1F	—	1F1E	After restart	Setup	M2 <sup>*11</sup>	-
Pn82C	n.	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit	- 0 I 1 F	P_CL bit position Disables P_CL bit all Enables P_CL bit all N_CL bit position						
			- 0 I	Disables N_CL bit al	location.					
			1 I	Enables N_CL bit all	ocation.					
	2	Option Field Allocation	on 4	0000 to 1F1C	_	0000	After restart	Setup	M2 <sup>*11</sup>	_
	n.	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit	- 0 to C I	3ANK_SEL1 bit pos	ition					
Pn82D			- 0 I	Disables BANK_SEI	1 bit allocatio	n.				
				 Enables BANK_SEL						
			- 0 to F I	T_DISABLE bit pos	sition					
				Disables LT_DISAB						
			1 I	Enables LT_DISABL	E bit allocatio	n.				
	2	Option Field Allocation	on 5	0000 to 1D1F	_	0000	After restart	Setup	M2 <sup>*11</sup>	-
	n.	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit	Reserved	I (Do not change.)						
Ducor			110501700							
Pn82E			Reserved	I (Do not change.)						
			- 0 to D	OUT_SIGNAL bit po	sition					
			- 0 I	Disables OUT_SIGN	AL bit allocat	ion.				
			1 H	Enables OUT_SIGNA	AL bit allocati	on.				
	*]	1. This parameter is e	nabled on	ly for MECHATI	ROLINK-II-	compatible	profile.			

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Appendix

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name No. Setting Enabled fication Section Range \*1 2 Motion Setting 0000 to 0001 0000 After restart Setup \_ \_ 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n.  $\Box$   $\Box$   $\Box$   $\Box$ Linear Accel/Decel Constant Selection 0 Uses Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827. (Setting of Pn834 to Pn840 disabled) Pn833 1 Uses Pn834 to Pn840. (Setting of Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827 disabled) Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) Reserved (Do not change.) 10000 1st Linear Acceleration Immediately 1 to \*1 Pn834 4 reference 100 Setup Constant 2 20971520 \*6 unit/s<sup>2</sup> 10000 2nd Linear Acceleration 1 to Immediately \*1 Pn836 4 reference 100 Setup Constant 2 20971520 \*6 unit/s 1 Acceleration Constant Switch-0 to Immediately Pn838 0 \*1 4 reference Setup ing Speed 2 2097152000 \*6 unit/s 10000 1st Linear Deceleration 1 to Immediately Pn83A 4 reference 100 \*1 Setup 20971520 Constant 2 \*6 unit/s<sup>2</sup> 10000 2nd Linear Deceleration 1 to Immediately \*1 reference Pn83C 4 100 Setup 20971520 Constant 2 \*6 unit/s<sup>2</sup> 1 Immediately Deceleration Constant Switch-0 to \*1 Pn83E 0 4 reference Setup 2097152000 ing Speed 2 \*6 unit/s 10000 Linear Deceleration 1 to Immediately Pn840 reference 100 4 Setup \*1 \_ 20971520 Constant 2 for Stopping \*6 unit/s<sup>2</sup> 100 Homing Approach Speed 0 to Immediately **Pn842**<sup>\*8</sup> 4 reference 0 Setup \*1 (Homing Approach Speed 12) 20971520 \*6 unit/s 100 Homing Creep Speed (Hom-0 to Immediately **Pn844**<sup>\*9</sup> \*1 4 reference 0 Setup 20971520 ing Approach Speed 22) \*6 unit/s Pn850 Immediately \*1 2 Latch Sequence Number 0 to 8 0 \_ \_ Setup Pn851 2 Continuous Latch Count 0 to 255 0 Immediately \*1 Setup \_

\*1. For details, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

\*6. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

\*8. The set value of Pn842 is valid when the set value of Pn817 is 0.

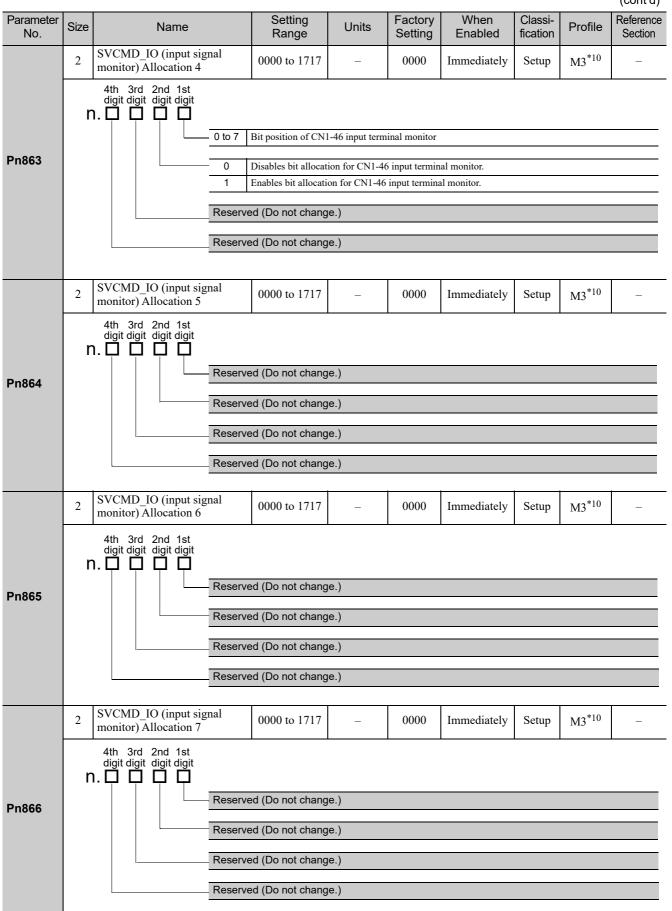
\*9. The set value of Pn844 is valid when the set value of Pn818 is 0.

									(cont'd)	
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section	
	2	Latch Sequence Signal 1 to 4 Setting	0000 to 3333	_	0000	Immediately	Setup	_	*1	
Pn852	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit no. <ul> <li>Latch sequence 1 signal selection.</li> <li>0</li> <li>Phase C</li> <li>1</li> <li>EXT1 signal</li> <li>2</li> <li>EXT2 signal</li> <li>3</li> <li>EXT3 signal</li> </ul> Latch sequence 2 signal selection.         0 to 3           0 to 3         Same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.           Latch sequence 4 signal selection.         0 to 3               0 to 3 <ld>Same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.             2         Latch Sequence 4 signal selection.           0 to 3         Same as latch sequence 1 signal selection.           2         Latch Sequence 5 signal 5 to 8         0000 to 3333         -         0000         Immediately         Setup         -</ld>									
	2		0000 to 3333	-	0000	Immediately	Setup	_	*1	
Pn853	n.	4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit Latch s 0 1 2 3 Latch s 0 to 3	equence 5 signal se Phase C EXT1 signal EXT2 signal EXT3 signal equence 6 signal se Same as latch sequer same as latch sequer equence 8 signal se Same as latch sequer	lection. nee 5 signal sel lection. nee 5 signal sel election.	ection.					

\*1. For details, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP S800000 63).

10.1.2 Parameters

(cont'd) Parameter Setting Factory When Classi-Reference Size Units Profile Name No. Range Setting Enabled fication Section SVCMD\_IO (input signal  $M3^{*10}$ 2 0000 to 1717 0000 Immediately \_ Setup \_ monitor) Allocation 1 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. Ŏ Ŏ Ŏ Ŏ Bit position of CN1-40 input terminal monitor 0 to 7 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-40 input terminal monitor. Pn860 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-40 input terminal monitor. Bit position of CN1-41 input terminal monitor 0 to 7 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-41 input terminal monitor. 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-41 input terminal monitor. SVCMD IO (input signal 2 0000 to 1717 0000 Immediately Setup M3<sup>\*10</sup> monitor) Allocation 2 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆 0 to 7 Bit position of CN1-42 input terminal monitor 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-42 input terminal monitor. Pn861 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-42 input terminal monitor. 0 to 7 Bit position of CN1-43 input terminal monitor 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-43 input terminal monitor. 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-43 input terminal monitor. SVCMD\_IO (input signal  $M3^{*10}$ 0000 to 1717 0000 Setup 2 Immediately monitor) Allocation 3 4th 3rd 2nd 1st digit digit digit digit n. Bit position of CN1-44 input terminal monitor 0 to 7 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-44 input terminal monitor. Pn862 Enables bit allocation for CN1-44 input terminal monitor. 1 0 to 7 Bit position of CN1-45 input terminal monitor 0 Disables bit allocation for CN1-45 input terminal monitor. 1 Enables bit allocation for CN1-45 input terminal monitor.



\*10. This parameter is enabled only for MECHATROLINK-III standard servo profile.

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				-		-			(cont d)
Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Profile	Reference Section
Pn880	2	Station Address Monitor (for maintenance, read only)	03 to EFh	-	0	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn881	2	Setting Transmission Byte Monitor [byte] (for maintenance, read only)	17, 32, 48	-	0	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn882	2	Transmission Cycle Setting Monitor [0.25 µs] (for maintenance, read only)	0 to FFFFh	-	0	Immediately	Setup	—	-
Pn883	2	Communications Cycle Set- ting Monitor [x transmission cycle] (for maintenance, read only)	0 to 32	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	-
Pn88A	2	MECHATROLINK Receive Error Counter Monitor (for maintenance, read only)	0 to 65535	-	0	Immediately	Setup	_	_
Pn890 to Pn8A6	4	Command Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only)	0 to FFFFFFFh	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	*1
Pn8A8 to Pn8BE	4	Response Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFh	_	0	Immediately	Setup	_	*1
Pn900	2	Parameter Bank Number	0 to 16	_	0	After restart	Setup	-	*1
Pn901	2	Parameter Bank Member Number	0 to 15	_	0	After restart	Setup	_	*1
Pn902 to Pn910	2	Parameter Bank Member Definition	0000h to 08FFh	-	0	After restart	Setup	_	*1
Pn920 to Pn95F	2	Parameter Bank Data (nonvol- atile memory save disabled)	0000h to FFFFh	-	0	Immediately	Setup	_	*1

\*1. For details, refer to the Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands (No.: SIEP \$800000 63).

# 10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

The following list shows the common parameters used by all devices for MECHATROLINK-III. These common parameters are used to make settings from the host controller via MECHATROLINK communications. Do not change settings with the digital operator or any other device.

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
04		Encoder	Type Selection (read only)	0 to 1	_	-		
01 PnA02	4	0000h	Absolute encoder				_	
		0001h	Incremental encoder					
00		Motor Ty	pe Selection (read only)	0 to 1	_	_		
02 PnA04	4	0000h	Rotational servomotor				_	
		0001h	Linear servomotor					
03			sed/Fully-closed Type (read only)	0 to 1 –		_		
PnA06	4	0000h	Semi-closed				_	
		0001h	Fully-closed					<b>D</b> .
04 PnA08	4	Rated Sp	eed (read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFh	x10^PnA0C min <sup>-1</sup>	_	_	Device Information Related
05 PnA0A	4	Maximur	n Output Speed (read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFh	x10^PnA0C min <sup>-1</sup>	_	_	Parameters
06 PnA0C	4	Speed M	ultiplier (read only)	-1073741823 to 1073741823	_	-	_	
07 PnA0E	4	Rated To	rque (read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFh	x10^PnA12 N∙m	_	_	
08 PnA10	4	Maximur only)	n Output Torque (read	0 to FFFFFFFFh	x10^PnA12 N∙m	-	-	
09 PnA12	4	Torque M	fultiplier (read only)	-1073741823 to 1073741823	_	_	_	
0A PnA14	4	Resolutio	on (read only)	0 to FFFFFFFFh	pulse/rev	_	_	

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

								(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
21 PnA42	4	Electroni	c Gear Ratio (Numerator)	1 to 1073741824	_	1	After restart	
22 PnA44	4	Electroni tor)	c Gear Ratio (Denomina-	1 to 1073741824	-	1	After restart	
23 PnA46	4	Absolute	Encoder Origin Offset	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*1</sup>	
24 PnA48	4	Multitur	n Limit Setting	0 to 65535	Rev	65535	After restart	
		Limit Se	tting	0 to 33h	0000h			
		Bit 0	P-OT (0: Enabled, 1: Disab			After restart Immedi- ately <sup>*1</sup> After restart After restart		
	4	Bit 1	N-OT (0: Enabled, 1: Disab			Machine		
		Bit 2	Reserved					
25 PnA4A		Bit 3	Reserved		0000h		Specification Related Parameters	
PIA4A		Bit 4	P-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: Ena	abled)		Testart		
		Bit 5	N-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: Ena	abled)				
		Bit 6	Reserved					
		Bit 7 to 31	Reserved					
26 PnA4C	4	Forward	Software Limit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	1073741823	Immedi- ately	
27 PnA4E	4	Reserved	l (Do not use.)	-	_	0	Immedi- ately	
28 PnA50	4	Reverse	Software Limit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	-1073741823	Immedi- ately	
29 PnA52	4	Reserved	l (Do not use.)	_	_	0	Immedi- ately	

\*1. Available after the SENS\_ON command is input.

Parameter No.	Size	l Resolu				Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
		Speed Ui	nit Selection <sup>*2</sup>	0 to 4	_			
		0000h	reference unit/sec					
41		0001h	reference unit/min		0	After		
PnA82	4	0002h	Percentage (%) of rated spe		restart			
		0003h	min <sup>-1 *4</sup>					
		0004h	Max. motor speed/400000					
42 PnA84	4	Speed Base Unit Selection $^{*3}$ , $^{*4}$ , $^{*5}$ (Set the value of "n" used as the exponent in $10^n$ when calculating the Speed Unit Selection (41).)		-3 to 3	_	0	After restart	
43	4	Position	Unit Selection	0	_	0	After	
PnA86	4	0000h	reference unit	0	restart			
44 PnA88	4	(Set the vertice)	Base Unit Selection value of "n" used as the in 10 <sup>n</sup> when calculating ion Unit Selection (43).)	0	_	0	After restart	Unit System Related
	4	Accelera	tion Unit Selection			Parameters		
45 PnA8A		0000h	reference unit/sec <sup>2</sup>	1	0	After restart		
		0001h	Not supported					
46 PnA8C	4	Acceleration Base Unit Selection (Set the value of "n" used as the exponent in $10^{n}$ when calculating the Acceleration Unit Selection (45).)		4 to 6	_	4 After restart		
		Torque U	Unit Selection	1 or 2	_			
47	4	0000h	Not supported	1			After	
PnA8E	4	0001h	Percentage (%) of rated tor		1	restart		
		0002h	Max. torque/40000000h*7					
48 PnA90	4	(Set the very set of the set of t	Base Unit Selection <sup>*6, *7</sup> value of "n" used as the t in $10^{n}$ when calculating the Unit Selection (47).)	-5 to 0	_	0	After restart	

\*2. When using fully-closed loop control, set 0000h (Reference unit/sec).

 \*3. If you set the Speed Unit Selection (parameter 41: PnA82) to 0002h adjust the Speed Base Unit Selection (parameter 42: PnA84) to satisfy the following formula. Rotary Servomotor: 1.28 × Rated speed [min<sup>-1</sup>] × 10<sup>PnA84</sup> < Maximum speed [min<sup>-1</sup>]

Linear Servomotor:  $1.28 \times \text{Rated speed } [\text{mm/s}] \times 10^{\text{PnA84}} < \text{Maximum speed } [\text{mm/s}]$ 

\*4. When either 0002h or 0003h is selected for the Speed Unit (parameter 41: PnA82), set the Speed Base Unit (parameter 42: PnA84) to a number between -3 and 0.

\*5. When 0004h is selected for the Speed Unit (parameter 41: PnA82), set the Speed Base Unit (parameter 42: PnA84) to 0.

\*6. If you set the Torque Unit Selection (parameter 47: PnA8E) to 0001h, adjust the Torque Base Unit Selection (parameter 48: PnA90) to satisfy the following formula.
100 to PnA90 a formula.

128 × 10<sup>PnA90</sup> < Maximum torque [%]</li>
\*7. When 0002h is selected for the Torque Unit (parameter 47: PnA8E), set the Torque Base Unit (parameter 48: PnA90) to 0.

# 10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
		Complia	nce Unit System (read only)					
		Speed						
		Bit 0	reference unit/s (1: Enabled					
		Bit 1	reference unit/min (1: Enab					
		Bit 2	Percentage (%) of rated spe	eed (1: Enabled)				
		Bit 3	min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm) (1: Enabled)					
49 PnA92		Bit 4	Max. motor speed/4000000	Oh (1: Enabled)		0601011Fh		
		Bit 5 to 7	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Position						
		Bit 8	reference unit (1: Enabled)			0601011Fh		
	4	Bit 9 to 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)	0601011Fh	-	Unit System Related Parameters		
		Accelera	tion			Parameters		
		Bit 16	reference unit/s <sup>2</sup> (1: Enable					
		Bit 17	msec (Acceleration time ta (0: Disabled)	ken to reach the ra	ted speed)	-		
		Bit 18 to 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Torque		1				
		Bit 24	N·m (N) (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 25	Percentage (%) of rated tor	que (1: Enabled)				
		Bit 26	Max. torque/4000000h (1	: Enabled)	1			
		Bit 27 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
61 PnAC2	4	Speed Lo	oop Gain	1000 to 2000000	0.001 Hz [0.1 Hz]	40000	Immedi- ately	
62 PnAC4	4	Speed Lo	oop Integral Time Constant	150 to 512000	μs [0.01 ms]	20000	Immedi- ately	
63 PnAC6	4	Position	Loop Gain	1000 to 2000000	0.001/s [0.1/s]	40000	Immedi- ately	Adjustmen
64 PnAC8	4	Feedforw	vard Compensation	0 to 100	1%	0	Immedi- ately	Related Parameters
65 PnACA	4	Position Constant	Loop Integral Time	0 to 5000000	μs [0.1 ms]	0 Immed ately		
66 PnACC	4	Positioni	ng Completed Width	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	7	Immedi- ately	
67 PnACE	4	NEAR S	ignal Width	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1073741824	Immedi- ately	Adjustmen Related Parameters

					(cont'o			
Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
81 PnB02	4	Exponent Time Cor	tial Function Accel/Decel	0 to 510000	μs [0.1 ms]	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*8</sup>	
82 PnB04	4	Movemen	nt Average Time	0 to 510000	μs [0.1 ms]	0	Immedi- ately <sup>*8</sup>	
83 PnB06	4	Final Tra Positioni	vel Distance for External ng	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	100	Immedi- ately	
84 PnB08	4	Homing <i>I</i>	Approach Speed	0 to 3FFFFFFFh	10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	5000 Value converted reference/s into 10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Immedi- ately	
85 PnB0A	4	Homing	Creep Speed	0 to 3FFFFFFFh	10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	500 Value converted reference/s into 10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	Immedi- ately	
86 PnB0C	4	Final Tra	ravel Distance for Homing -1073741823 to 1073741823 1 reference unit 100 Immediately					
87 PnB0E	4	Monitor 3 0000h 0001h 0002h 0003h 0004h 0005h 0006h 0007h 0008h 0009h 0008h 0009h 0000Bh 000Ch 000Dh 000Eh 000Fh	Selection 1 APOS CPOS PERR LPOS1 LPOS2 FSPD CSPD TRQ ALARM MPOS Reserved (Undefined value Reserved (Undefined value CMN1 (Common monitor CMN2 (Common monitor OMN1 (Optional monitor	e) 1) 2)		1	Immedi- ately	Command Related Parameters
88 PnB10	4		Selection 2 Same as Monitor Selection	-	_	0	Immedi- ately	

(conťd)

\*8. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

# 10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

(cont'd)

Parameter								Units	Factory	When	(cont'd) Classifica-
No.	Size		N	lame	Se	etting Rar	nge	[Resolution]	Setting	Enabled	tion
		Monitor (CMN1)	Selection for SEL_MON1 0 to 6 –				_				
		0000h	TPOS	(Target posi	tion in the re	eference c	oordin	ates)			
		0001h		(Reference p							
		0002h	POS_0 (POS_	OFSET (Offs SET))	set value set						
		0003h	TSPD	(Target spee	d)						
		0004h		LIM (Speed ]							
		0005h		LIM (Torque	e limit value	)					
			00ł 01ł 02ł 03ł Byte 00ł 01ł 02ł Byte		ontrol mode ontrol mode trol mode trol mode						
			Bit	Name	Conte	ents	Value	Setting			- Command Related Parameters
89 PnB12	4		Bit 0	LT_RDY1	Processing status for latch detection specified by SVCMD_CTRL, LT_REQ1	etection	0	Latch detection not processed	0 Immed ately	Immedi- ately	
							1	During latch detection processing			
		0006h	Bit 1	LT RDY1	Processing status for latch detection specified by	etection	0	Latch detection not processed			
					SVCMD_0 LT_REQ2		1	During latch detection processing			
						_	0	Phase C			
			Bit 2,				1	External input signal 1			
			Bit 3	LT_SEL1R	Latch signa	al	2	External input signal 2			
	1						3	External input signal 3			
							0	Phase C			
			Bit 4,	IT SEI 2D	Latah sisa-	-1	0	External input signal 1			
			Bit 4, Bit 5	LT_SEL2R	Latch signa	al -	-	External input signal 1 External input signal 2			
			Bit 5			al	1	External input signal 1 External			
						al	1 2	External input signal 1 External input signal 2 External			

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
8A		Monitor Selection for SEL_MON2 (CMN2)     0 to 6			_		Immedi-	
PnB14	4	0000h to 0006h	Same as Monitor Selection	n for SEL_MON1.		0	ately	
8B PnB16	4	Origin D	etection Range	0 to 250	1 reference unit	10	Immedi- ately	
8C PnB18	4	Forward	Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	Immedi- ately	
8D PnB1A	4	Reverse '	Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%	100	Immedi- ately	
8E PnB1C	4	Zero Spe	ed Detection Range	1000 to 10000000	10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	20000	Immedi- ately	
8F PnB1E	4	Speed Co Width (re	pincidence Signal Output ead only)	0 to 100000	10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immedi- ately	
			ommand Control Field Disabled (read only) CMD PAUSE (1: Enabled	_			Command	
		Bit 1	CMD_TAOSE (1: Enabled					
		Bit 2, 3	STOP MODE (1: Enabled			Related Parameters		
		Bit 4, 5	ACCFIL (1: Enabled)	-				
		Bit 6, 7	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 8	LT_REQ1 (1: Enabled)		]			
		Bit 9	LT_REQ2 (1: Enabled)					
90 PnB20	4	Bit 10, 11	LT_SEL1 (1: Enabled)	LT_SEL1 (1: Enabled)				
FIIDZV		Bit 12, 13	LT_SEL2 (1: Enabled)	LT_SEL2 (1: Enabled)				
		Bit 14, 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)	Reserved (0: Disabled)				
		Bit 16 to 19	SEL_MON1 (1: Enabled)	SEL_MON1 (1: Enabled)				
		Bit 20 to 23	SEL_MON2 (1: Enabled)			-		
		Bit 24 to 27	SEL_MON3 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 28 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

10

#### 10.1.3 MECHATROLINK-III Common Parameters

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	(cont'd) Classifica- tion
			mmand Status Field Disabled (read only)					
		Bit 0	CMD_PAUSE_CMP (1: En	nabled)		-		
		Bit 1	CMD_CANCEL_CMP (1:	Enabled)				
		Bit 2, 3	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 4, 5	ACCFIL (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 6, 7	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 8	L_CMP1 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 9	L_CMP2 (1: Enabled)					
91		Bit 10	POS_RDY (1: Enabled)					
PnB22	4	Bit 11	PON (1: Enabled)			0FFF3F33h	—	
		Bit 12	M_RDY (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 13	SV_ON (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 14, 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 16 to 19	SEL_MON1 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 20 to 23	SEL_MON2 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 24 to 27	SEL_MON3 (1: Enabled)			-		Command
		Bit 28 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					Related Parameter
		I/O Bit E (read only	nabled/Disabled (Output) y)	_	_			
		Bit 0 to 3	Reserved (0: Disabled)			-		
		Bit 4	V_PPI (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 5	P_PPI (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 6	P_CL (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 7	N_CL (1: Enabled)					
92	4	Bit 8	G_SEL (1: Enabled)			007501501		
PnB24	4	Bit 9 to 11	G_SEL (0: Disabled)			007F01F0h	_	
		Bit 12 to 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 16 to 19	BANK_SEL (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 20 to 22	SO1 to SO3 (1: Enabled)			1		
		Bit 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)			]		
		Bit 24 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					

-						-		(cont'd)
Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
		I/O Bit E (read only	nabled/Disabled (Input) y)	_	-			
		Bit 0	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 1	DEC (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 2	P-OT (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 3	N-OT (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 4	EXT1 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 5	EXT2 (1: Enabled)					
	4	Bit 6	EXT3 (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 7	ESTP (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 8	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
93		Bit 9	BRK_ON (1: Enabled)					Command
PnB26		Bit 10	P-SOT (1: Enabled)			FF0FFEFEh	—	Related Parameters
		Bit 11	N-SOT (1: Enabled)					Farameters
		Bit 12	DEN (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 13	NEAR (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 14	PSET (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 15	ZPOINT (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 16	T_LIM (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 17	V_LIM (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 18	V_CMP (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 19	ZSPD (1: Enabled)					
		Bit 20 to 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Bit 24 to 31	I0_STS1 to 8 (1: Enabled)					

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

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## **10.2** List of Monitor Displays

Parameter No.	Description	Unit
Un000	Motor rotating speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un001	Speed reference	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un002	Internal torque reference (percentage of the rated torque)	%
Un003	Rotational angle 1 (encoder pulses from the phase-C origin: decimal display)	encoder pulse <sup>*3</sup>
Un004	Rotational angle 2 (from polarity origin (electric angle))	deg
Un005 <sup>*1</sup>	Input signal monitor	-
Un006 <sup>*2</sup>	Output signal monitor	-
Un007	Input reference pulse speed (valid only in position control)	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un008	Position error amount (valid only in position control)	reference unit
Un009	Accumulated load ratio (in percentage to the rated torque: effective torque in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00A	Regenerative load ratio (as a percentage of the processable regenerative power: regenerative power consumption in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00B	Power consumed by DB resistance (in percentage to the processable power at DB activation: dis- played in cycle of 10 seconds)	%
Un00C	Input reference pulse counter	reference unit
Un00D	Feedback pulse counter	encoder pulse <sup>*3</sup>
Un00E	Fully-closed feedback pulse counter	external encoder resolution <sup>*4</sup>
Un012	Total operation time	100 ms
Un013	Feedback pulse counter	reference unit
Un014	Effective gain monitor (gain settings $1 = 1$ , gain settings $2 = 2$ )	_
Un015	Safety I/O signal monitor	_
Un020	Motor rated speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un021	Motor maximum speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Un027	Service life prediction monitor built-in fan remaining life ratio	%
Un028	Service life prediction monitor capacitor remaining life ratio	%
Un029	Service life prediction monitor surge prevention circuit remain- ing life ratio	%
Un02A	Service life prediction monitor dynamic brake circuit remain- ing life ratio	%
Un02D	Service life prediction monitor servomotor main components 1 remaining life ratio	%
Un02E	Service life prediction monitor servomotor main components 2 remaining life ratio	%
Un030	The current backlash compensation value	0.1 reference unit
Un031	Backlash compensation setting limit value	0.1 reference unit

The following list shows the available monitor displays.

\*1. For details, refer to 7.3 Monitoring Input Signals.

\*2. For details, refer to 7.4 Monitoring Output Signals.

\*3. For details, refer to 4.4.3 Electronic Gear.

\*4. For details, refer to 8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO).

## **10.3** Parameter Recording Table

Use the following table for recording parameters.

Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn000	0000	Basic Function Select Switch 0	After restart
Pn001	0000	Application Function Select Switch 1	After restart
Pn002	0011	Application Function Select Switch 2	After restart
Pn006	0002	Application Function Select Switch 6	Immediately
Pn007	0000	Application Function Select Switch 7	Immediately
Pn008	4000	Application Function Select Switch 8	After restart
Pn009	0010	Application Function Select Switch 9	After restart
Pn00B	0000	Application Function Select Switch B	After restart
Pn00C	0000	Application Function Select Switch C	After restart
Pn00D	0000	Application Function Select Switch D	*1
Pn00F	0000	Reserved	_
Pn081	0000	Application Function Select Switch 81	After restart
Pn100	400	Speed Loop Gain	Immediately
Pn101	2000	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Immediately
Pn102	400	Position Loop Gain	Immediately
Pn103	100	Moment of Inertia Ratio	Immediately
Pn104	400	2nd Speed Loop Gain	Immediately
Pn105	2000	2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Con- stant	Immediately
Pn106	400	2nd Position Loop Gain	Immediately
Pn109	0	Feedforward Gain	Immediately
Pn10A	0	Feedforward Filter Time Constant	Immediately
Pn10B	0000	Application Function for Gain Select Switch	*1
Pn10C	200	Mode Switch (torque reference)	Immediately
Pn10D	0	Mode Switch (speed reference)	Immediately
Pn10E	0	Mode Switch (acceleration)	Immediately
Pn10F	0	Mode Switch (position error)	Immediately
Pn11F	0	Position Integral Time Constant	Immediately
Pn121	100	Friction Compensation Gain	Immediately
Pn122	100	2nd Gain for Friction Compensation	Immediately
Pn123	0	Friction Compensation Coefficient	Immediately
Pn124	0	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	Immediately
Pn125	100	Friction Compensation Gain Correc- tion	Immediately
Pn131	0	Gain Switching Time 1	Immediately
Pn132	0	Gain Switching Time 2	Immediately
Pn135	0	Gain Switching Waiting Time 1	Immediately

10

\*1. The timing varies in accordance with the digit changed in a parameter (1st digit, 2nd digit, and so on). For details, refer to *10.1.2 Parameters*.

			(cont d)
Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn136	0	Gain Switching Waiting Time 2	Immediately
Pn139	0000	Automatic Gain Changeover Related Switch 1	Immediately
Pn13D	2000	Current Gain Level	Immediately
Pn140	0100	Model Following Control Related Switch	Immediately
Pn141	500	Model Following Control Gain	Immediately
Pn142	1000	Model Following Control Gain Com- pensation	Immediately
Pn143	1000	Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction)	Immediately
Pn144	1000	Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction)	Immediately
Pn145	500	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A	Immediately
Pn146	700	Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B	Immediately
Pn147	1000	Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation	Immediately
Pn148	500	2nd Model Following Control Gain	Immediately
Pn149	1000	2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation	Immediately
Pn14A	800	Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency	Immediately
Pn14B	100	Vibration Suppression 2 Compensa- tion	Immediately
Pn14F	0011	Control Related Switch	After restart
Pn160	0010	Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch	Immediately
Pn161	1000	Anti-Resonance Frequency	Immediately
Pn162	100	Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation	Immediately
Pn163	0	Anti-Resonance Damping Gain	Immediately
Pn164	0	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Con- stant 1 Compensation	Immediately
Pn165	0	Anti-Resonance Filter Time Con- stant 2 Compensation	Immediately
Pn170	1401	Tuning-less Function Related Switch	*1
Pn190	0010	Reserved Parameter	-
Pn200	0100	Reserved Parameter	-
Pn205	65535	Multiturn Limit Setting	After restart
Pn207	0010	Position Control Function Switch	After restart
Pn20A	32768	Number of External Scale Pitch	After restart
Pn20E	1	Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	After restart
Pn210	1	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	After restart
Pn212	2048	Encoder Output Pulses	After restart
Pn22A	0000	Fully-closed Control Selection Switch	After restart
Pn230	0000	Position Control Expanded Function Switch	After reset
Pn231	0	Backlash Compensation Value	Immediately

\*1. The timing varies in accordance with the digit changed in a parameter (1st digit, 2nd digit, and so on). For details, refer to 10.1.2 Parameters.

(cont	'd)

Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn233	0	Backlash Compensation Time Con- stant	Immediately
Pn281	20	Encoder Output Resolution	After restart
Pn304	500	JOG Speed I	Immediately
Pn305	0	Soft Start Acceleration Time I	Immediately
Pn306	0	Soft Start Deceleration Time I	Immediately
Pn310	0000	Vibration Detection Switch I	Immediately
Pn311	100	Vibration Detection Sensibility I	Immediately
Pn312	50	Vibration Detection Level I	Immediately
Pn324	300	Moment of Inertia Calculating Start Level	Immediately
Pn401	100	Torque Reference Filter Time Con- stant	Immediately
Pn402	800	Forward Torque Limit I	Immediately
Pn403	800	Reverse Torque Limit I	Immediately
Pn404	100	Forward External Torque Limit I	Immediately
Pn405	100	Reverse External Torque Limit I	Immediately
Pn406	800	Emergency Stop Torque	Immediately
Pn407	10000	Speed Limit during Torque Control I	Immediately
Pn408	0000	Torque Related Function Switch	*1
Pn409	5000	1st Notch Filter Frequency I	Immediately
Pn40A	70	1st Notch Filter Q Value I	Immediately
Pn40B	0	1st Notch Filter Depth I	Immediately
Pn40C	5000	2nd Notch Filter Frequency I	Immediately
Pn40D	70	2nd Notch Filter Q Value I	Immediately
Pn40E	0	2nd Notch Filter Depth I	Immediately
Pn40F	5000	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Frequency	Immediately
Pn410	50	2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Q Value	Immediately
Pn412	100	1st Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	Immediately
Pn415	0	Reserved	-
Pn423	0000	Reserved	_
Pn424	50	Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop	Immediately
Pn425	100	Release Time for Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop	Immediately
Pn456	15	Sweep Torque Reference Amplitude I	Immediately
Pn460	0101	Notch Filter Adjustment Switch	Immediately
Pn501	10	Zero Clamp Level I	Immediately
Pn502	20	Rotation Detection Level I	Immediately
Pn503	10	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width	Immediately

\*1. The timing varies in accordance with the digit changed in a parameter (1st digit, 2nd digit, and so on). For details, refer to 10.1.2 Parameters.

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

10

Appendix

			(cont'd)
Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn506	0	Brake Reference - Servo OFF Delay Time	Immediately
Pn507	100	Brake Reference Output Speed Level	Immediately
Pn508	50	Waiting Time for Brake Signal When Motor Running	Immediately
Pn509	20	Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time	Immediately
Pn50A	2881	Input Signal Selection 1	After restart
Pn50B	8883	Input Signal Selection 2	After restart
Pn50E	0000	Output Signal Selection 1	After restart
Pn50F	0100	Output Signal Selection 2	After restart
Pn510	0000	Output Signal Selection 3	After restart
Pn511	6541	Input Signal Selection 5	After restart
Pn512	0000	Output Signal Inverse Setting	After restart
Pn514	0000	Reserved	-
Pn515	8888	Input Signal Selection 6	After restart
Pn517	0000	Reserved	-
Pn51B	1000	Excessive Error Level Between Ser- vomotor and Load Positions	Immediately
Pn51E	100	Excessive Position Error Warning Level	Immediately
Pn520	5242880	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level	Immediately
Pn522	7	Positioning Completed Width	Immediately
Pn524	1073741824	NEAR Signal Width	Immediately
Pn526	5242880	Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON	Immediately
Pn528	100	Excessive Position Error Warning Level at Servo ON	Immediately
Pn529	10000	Speed Limit Level at Servo ON	Immediately
Pn52A	20	Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation	Immediately
Pn52B	20	Overload Warning Level	Immediately
Pn52C	100	Derating of Base Current at Detecting Overload of Motor	After restart
Pn52D	50	Reserved	_
Pn52F	0FFF	Reserved	-
Pn530	0000	Program JOG Operation Related Switch	Immediately
Pn531	32768	Program JOG Movement Distance	Immediately
Pn533	500	Program JOG Movement Speed	Immediately
Pn534	100	Program JOG Acceleration/Decelera- tion Time	Immediately
Pn535	100	Program JOG Waiting Time	Immediately
Pn536	1	Number of Times of Program JOG Movement	Immediately
Pn550	0	Analog Monitor 1 Offset Voltage	Immediately
Pn551	0	Analog Monitor 2 Offset Voltage	Immediately

Parameter	Factory Setting		Name	When Enabled
Pn552	100		Analog Monitor Magnification (×1)	Immediately
Pn553	100		Analog Monitor Magnification (×2)	Immediately
Pn560	400		Remained Vibration Detection Width	Immediately
Pn561	100		Overshoot Detection Level	Immediately
Pn600	0		Regenerative Resistor Capacity	Immediately
Pn601	0		Dynamic Brake Resistor Capacity	Immediately
Pn612	30		Reserved	-
Pn614	500		Reserved	-
Pn615	2000		Reserved	-
Pn800	1040		Communications Control	Immediately
Pn801	0003		Application Function Select 6 (Software LS)	Immediately
Pn803	10		Origin Range	Immediately
Pn804	1073741823		Forward Software Limit	Immediately
Pn806	-1073741823		Reverse Software Limit	Immediately
Pn808	0		Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	Immediately *2
Pn80A	100		1st Linear Acceleration Constant	Immediately *3
Pn80B	100		2nd Linear Acceleration Constant	Immediately *3
Pn80C	0		Acceleration Constant Switching Speed	Immediately *3
Pn80D	100		1st Linear Deceleration Constant	Immediately *3
Pn80E	100		2nd Linear Deceleration Constant	Immediately *3
Pn80F	0		Deceleration Constant Switching Speed	Immediately *3
Pn810	0		Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Bias	Immediately *3
Pn811	0		Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Time Constant	Immediately *3
Pn812	0		Movement Average Time	Immediately *3
Pn814	100		Final Travel Distance for External Positioning	Immediately *3
Pn816	0000		Homing Mode Setting	Immediately *3
Pn817	50		Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed 1)	Immediately *3
Pn818	5		Homing Creep Speed (Homing Approach Speed 2)	Immediately *3
Pn819	100		Final Travel Distance for Homing	Immediately *3

\*2. Available after the SENS\_ON command is input.

Pn81E

Pn81F

0000

0010

\*3. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

Input Signal Monitor Selection

Command Data Allocation

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

10

Immediately

After restart

			(cont'd)
Parameter	Factory Setting	Name	When Enabled
Pn820	0	Forward Latching Allowable Area	Immediately
Pn822	0	Reverse Latching Allowable Area	Immediately
Pn824	0000	Option Monitor 1 Selection	Immediately
Pn825	0000	Option Monitor 2 Selection	Immediately
Pn827	100	Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for Stopping	Immediately *3
Pn829	0	SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop)	Immediately
Pn82A	1813	Option Field Allocation 1	After restart
Pn82B	1D1C	Option Field Allocation 2	After restart
Pn82C	1F1E	Option Field Allocation 3	After restart
Pn82D	0000	Option Field Allocation 4	After restart
Pn82E	0000	Option Field Allocation 5	After restart
Pn833	0000	Motion Setting	After restart
Pn834	100	1st Linear Acceleration Constant 2	Immediately *3
Pn836	100	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant 2	Immediately *3
Pn838	0	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	Immediately *3
Pn83A	100	1st Linear Deceleration Constant 2	Immediately *3
Pn83C	100	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant 2	Immediately *3
Pn83E	0	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	Immediately *3
Pn840	100	Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping	Immediately *3
Pn842	0	Homing Approach Speed (Homing Approach Speed12)	Immediately *3
Pn844	0	Homing Creep Speed (Homing Approach Speed 22)	Immediately *3
Pn850	0	Latch Sequence Number	Immediately
Pn851	0	Continuous Latch Count	Immediately
Pn852	0000	Latch Sequence Signal 1 to 4 Setting	Immediately
Pn853	0000	Latch Sequence Signal 5 to 8 Setting	Immediately
Pn860	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 1	Immediately
Pn861	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 2	Immediately
Pn862	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 3	Immediately
Pn863	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 4	Immediately
Pn864	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 5	Immediately
Pn865	0000	SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 6	Immediately

10 Appendix

Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during \*3.

				(cont d)
Parameter	Factory Setting		Name	When Enabled
Pn866	0000		SVCMD_IO (input signal monitor) Allocation 7	Immediately
Pn880	0		Station Address Monitor (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn881	0		Setting Transmission Byte Monitor [byte] (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn882	0		Transmission Cycle Setting Monitor [0.25 μs] (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn883	0		Communications Cycle Setting Monitor [x transmission cycle] (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn88A	0		MECHATROLINK Receive Error Counter Monitor (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn890 to Pn8A6	0		Command Data Monitor at Alarm/ Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn8A8 to Pn8BE	0		Response Data Monitor at Alarm/ Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only)	Immediately
Pn900	0		Parameter Bank Number	After restart
Pn901	0		Parameter Bank Member Number	After restart
Pn902 to Pn910	0		Parameter Bank Member Definition	After restart
Pn920 to Pn95F	0		Parameter Bank Data (nonvolatile memory save disabled)	Immediately
01 PnA02	-		Encoder Type Selection (read only)	_
02 PnA04	_		Motor Type Selection (read only)	-
03 PnA06	_		Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type Selection (read only)	_
04 PnA08	_		Rated Speed (read only)	_
05 PnA0A	-		Maximum Output Speed (read only)	-
06 PnA0C	_		Speed Multiplier (read only)	_
07 PnA0E	-		Rated Torque (read only)	_
08 PnA10	_		Maximum Output Torque (read only)	_
09 PnA12	_		Torque Multiplier (read only)	_
0A PnA14	_		Resolution (read only)	-
21 PnA42	1		Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	After restart
22 PnA44	1		Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	After restart

Appendix

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(00)	nu)

				(cont'd)
Parameter	Factory Setting		Name	When Enabled
23 PnA46	0		Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	Immediately*2
24 PnA48	65535		Multiturn Limit Setting	After restart
25 PnA4A	0000h		Limit Setting	After restart
26 PnA4C	1073741823		Forward Software Limit	Immediately
27 PnA4E	0		Reserved (Do not use.)	Immediately
28 PnA50	-1073741823		Reverse Software Limit	Immediately
29 PnA52	0		Reserved (Do not use.)	Immediately
41 PnA82	0		Speed Unit Selection	After restart
42 PnA84	0		Speed Base Unit Selection	After restart
43 PnA86	0		Position Unit Selection	After restart
44 PnA88	0		Position Base Unit Selection	After restart
45 PnA8A	0		Acceleration Unit Selection	After restart
46 PnA8C	4		Acceleration Base Unit Selection	After restart
47 PnA8E	1		Torque Unit Selection	After restart
48 PnA90	0		Torque Base Unit Selection	After restart
49 PnA92	0601011Fh		Compliance Unit System (read only)	-
61 PnAC2	40000		Speed Loop Gain	Immediately
62 PnAC4	20000		Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	Immediately
63 PnAC6	40000		Position Loop Gain	Immediately
64 PnAC8	0		Feedforward Compensation	Immediately
65 PnACA	0		Position Loop Integral Time Constant	Immediately
66 PnACC	7		Positioning Completed Width	Immediately
67 PnACE	1073741824		NEAR Signal Width	Immediately
			1	L

\*2. Available after the SENS\_ON command is input.
 Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

		 		(cont'd)
Parameter	Factory Setting		Name	When Enabled
81 PnB02	0		Exponential Function Accel/Decel Time Constant	Immediately*3
82 PnB04	0		Movement Average Time	Immediately*3
83 PnB06	100		Final Travel Distance for External Positioning	Immediately
84 PnB08	5000 Value con- verted refer- ence/s into 10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>		Homing Approach Speed	Immediately
85 PnB0A	500 Value con- verted refer- ence/s into 10 <sup>-3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>		Homing Creep Speed	Immediately
86 PnB0C	100		Final Travel Distance for Homing	Immediately
87 PnB0E	1		Monitor Selection 1	Immediately
88 PnB10	0		Monitor Selection 2	Immediately
89 PnB12	0		Monitor Selection for SEL_MON1 (CMN1)	Immediately
8A PnB14	0		Monitor Selection for SEL_MON2 (CMN2)	Immediately
8B PnB16	10		Origin Detection Range	Immediately
8C PnB18	100		Forward Torque Limit	Immediately
8D PnB1A	100		Reverse Torque Limit	Immediately
8E PnB1C	20000		Zero Speed Detection Range	Immediately
8F PnB1E	10000		Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width (read only)	Immediately
90 PnB20	0FFF3F3Fh		Servo Command Control Field Enabled/Disabled (read only)	-
91 PnB22	0FFF3F33h		Servo Command Status Field Enabled/Disabled (read only)	-
92 PnB24	007F01F0h		I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled (Output) (read only)	_
93 PnB26	FF0FFEFEh		I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled (Input) (read only)	-

\*3. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.
Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

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