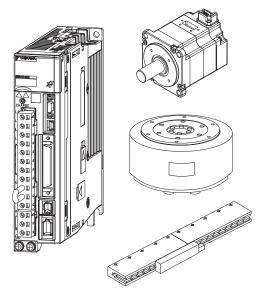
YASKAWA

 Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drive

Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Indexing Application Product Manual

Model: SGD7S-□□□□00□□□□F79

Σ-7



Basic	Information on	
	SERVOPACKs	

SERVOPACK Ratings and Specifications

> Wiring and Connecting SERVOPACKs

Trial Operation

Monitoring

Settings

Operation with Digital I/O 7

Maintenance

Parameter Lists

Appendices

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About this Manual

This manual describes the Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ -7S SERVOPACKs for indexing applications.

Read and understand this manual to ensure correct usage of the Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drives. Keep this manual in a safe place so that it can be referred to whenever necessary.

Outline of Manual

The contents of the chapters of this manual are described in the following table.

When you use the Σ -7S SERVOPACKs for indexing applications, use this manual together with the relevant Σ -7-Series product manual.

	Item	This Manual	Σ-7S SERVOPACKs Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual
	The Σ-7 Series	-	1.1
	Product Introduction	1.1	-
	Interpreting the Nameplate	-	1.2
Basic Information	Part Names	-	1.3
on SERVOPACKs	Model Designations	1.2	-
	Combinations of SERVOPACKs and Servomotors	1.3	-
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	SERVOPACK Overload Characteristics	2.2	-
Calaatina	Specifications	2.3	-
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	Examples of Standard Connections between SERVOPACKs and Peripheral Devices	-	2.4
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	Basic Wiring Diagrams	3.1	-
Wiring and	Wiring the Power Supply to the SERVOPACK	-	4.3
Connecting	Wiring Servomotors	-	4.4
SERVOPACKs	I/O Signal Connections	3.2	-
	Connecting Safety Function Signals	-	4.6
	Connecting the Other Connectors	-	4.7
Basic Functions That Require Setting before Operation		-	Chapter 5
Application Functions		6.2	Chapter 6

			Continued from previous pag
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	Flow of Trial Operation	_	7.1
	Inspections and Confirmations before Trial Operation	-	7.2
	Trial Operation for the Servomotor without a Load	-	7.3
Trial Operation and	Trial Operation Example	4.1	-
Actual Operation	Trial Operation from the Host Controller for the Servomotor without a Load	-	7.4
	Trial Operation with the Servomotor Connected to the Machine	-	7.5
	Convenient Function to Use during Trial Operation	-	7.6
Tuning		-	Chapter 8
	Monitoring Product Information	-	9.1
	Monitoring SERVOPACK Status	5.1	-
Monitoring	Monitoring Machine Operation Status and Signal Waveforms	5.2	-
	Monitoring Product Life	-	9.4
	Alarm Tracing	-	9.5
Fully-Closed Loop C	Control	-	Chapter 10
Safety Functions		-	Chapter 11
	Control Method Selection	6.1	-
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Settings	Moving Mode and Coordinate Settings	6.3	-
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O 1' '11	Homing	7.2	-
Operation with Digital I/O	Program Table Operation	7.3	-
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	ZONE Outputs	7.5	-
	Inspections and Part Replacement	-	12.1
	Alarm Displays		-
	List of Alarms	8.1.1	-
	Troubleshooting Alarms	8.1.2	-
	INDEXER Warning Displays and Trouble-shooting	8.1.3	-
	Resetting Alarms	-	12.2.3
Maintenance	Alarm History Display	-	12.2.4
	Clearing the Alarm History	-	12.2.5
	Resetting Alarms Detected in Option Modules	-	12.2.6
	Resetting Motor Type Alarms	-	12.2.7
	Warning Displays	8.2	-
	Troubleshooting Based on the Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor	8.3	-
Panel Displays and F	Panel Operator Procedures	10.3	-
	Parameter Configuration	9.1	-
Parameter Lists	List of Parameters	9.2	-
	Parameter Recording Table	-	14.2

Item		This Manual	Σ-7S SERVOPACKs Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual
	Examples of Connections to Host Controllers	-	15.1
Appendices	Corresponding SERVOPACK and SigmaWin+Function Names	10.1	-
	Operation of Digital Operator	10.2	-

Related Documents

The relationships between the documents that are related to the Servo Drives are shown in the following figure. The numbers in the figure correspond to the numbers in the table on the following pages. Refer to these documents as required.

System Components Servo Drives Machine Controllers (1) Catalogs Machine Controller MP3300 Σ-7-Series and Servo Drive Catalog Catalog General Catalog Machine Controllers 4 (5) SERVOPACKs with Built-in Controllers: Σ -7C Built-in Option Function Module User's 7 8 Manuals Manuals Enclosed Σ -7-Series Built-in Σ -7-Series **Documents** Σ-7C Function Σ-7C SERVOPACK SERVOPACK Manuals SERVOPACKs: Σ -7S and Σ -7W Troubleshooting Product Manual Manual 12 Enclosed Σ -7-Series Σ -7-Series Σ-7-Series Option Documents Σ -7S/ Σ -7W Σ-7S/Σ-7W Σ-7S/Σ-7W Module SERVOPACK SERVOPACK SERVOPACK Hardware Option User's FT/EX Product Product Manuals Manual Manuals Manuals Product Manuals (such as this manual) Servomotors Enclosed Σ -7-Series Documents Servomotor Product Manuals Other Documents Σ -7-Series Programming Σ -7-Series Distributed Σ-7-Series MECHATROLINK Operation Manuals I/O Module Peripheral Interface Communications Device User's Command Operating Manual Selection Manuals Manuals Manual

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Description
Machine Controller and Servo Drive General Catalog	Machine Controller and AC Servo Drive Solutions Catalog	KAEP S800001 22	Describes the features and application examples for combinations of MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drives.
② MP3300 Catalog	Machine Controller MP3300	KAEP C880725 03	Provides detailed information on MP3300 Machine Controllers, including features and specifications.
③ Σ-7-Series Catalog	AC Servo Drives Σ-7 Series	KAEP S800001 23	Provides detailed information on Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drives, including features and specifications.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7C SERVOPACK Motion Control User's Manual	SIEP S800002 03	Provides detailed information on the specifications, system configuration, and application methods of the Motion Control Function Modules (SVD, SVC4, and SVR4) for Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACKs.
Built-in Function Manuals	Machine Controller MP3000 Series Communications User's Manual	SIEP C880725 12	Provides detailed information on the specifications, system configuration, and communications connection methods for the Ethernet communications that are used with MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVO-PACKs.
© Option Module User's Manuals	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Communication Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 04	Provide detailed information on the specifications and communications methods for the Communications Modules that can be mounted to MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series 262IF-01 FL-net Communication Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 36	
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series 263IF-01 EtherNet/IP Communication Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 39	SERVOPACKs.
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series I/O Module User's Manual	SIEP C880700 34	
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Analog Input/Analog Output Module Al-01/AO-01 User's Manual	SIEP C880700 26	Provide detailed information on the specifications and communications methods for the I/O Modules that can be mounted to MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACKs.
	Machine Controller MP2000 Series Counter Module CNTR-01 User's Manual	SIEP C880700 27	2 / Sanda 2 / C SETTVOT / TOTAS.

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Description
Ciassinearen	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S, Σ-7W, and Σ-7C SERVOPACK Safety Precautions	TOMP C710828 00	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Σ-7-Series SERVOPACKs.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Safety Precautions Option Module	TOBP C720829 00	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Option Modules.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide Command Option Module	TOBP C720829 01	Provides detailed procedures for installing the Command Option Module in a SERVOPACK.
© Enclosed Documents	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide Fully-closed Module	TOBP C720829 03	Provides detailed procedures for installing the Fully-closed Module in a SERVOPACK.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide Safety Module	TOBP C720829 06	Provides detailed procedures for installing the Safety Module in a SERVOPACK.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide INDEXER Module	TOBP C720829 02	Provides detailed procedures for installing the INDEXER Module in a SERVOPACK.
	Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7-Series Installation Guide DeviceNet Module	TOBP C720829 07	Provides detailed procedures for installing the DeviceNet Module in a SERVOPACK.
⑦ Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACK Product Manual	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7C SERVOPACK Product Manual	SIEP S800002 04	Provides detailed information on selecting Σ -7-Series Σ -7C SERVO-PACKs; installing, connecting, setting, testing in trial operation, and tuning Servo Drives; writing, monitoring, and maintaining programs; and other information.
8Σ-7-SeriesΣ-7C SERVOPACKTroubleshootingManual	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7C SERVOPACK Troubleshooting Manual	SIEP S800002 07	Provides detailed troubleshooting information for Σ -7-Series Σ -7C SERVOPACKs.

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Description
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with MECHATROLINK-4 Communications References Product Manual	SIEP S800002 31	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with MECHATROLINK-III Communications References Product Manual	SIEP S800001 28	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with MECHATROLINK-II Communications References Product Manual	SIEP S800001 27	Provide detailed information on
 9 Σ-7-Series Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK Product Manuals 	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual	SIEP S800001 26	selecting Σ -7-Series SERVO-PACKs and information on installing, connecting, setting, performing trial operation for, tuning, monitoring, and maintaining the Servo Drives.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK Command Option Attachable Type with INDEXER Module Product Manual	SIEP S800001 64	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK Command Option Attachable Type with DeviceNet Module Product Manual	SIEP S800001 70	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7W SERVOPACK with MECHATROLINK-III Communications References Product Manual	SIEP S800001 29	
[®] Σ-7-Series Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK with Hardware Option Specifications Product Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK with Hardware Option Specifications Dynamic Brake Product Manual	SIEP S800001 73	Provide detailed information on
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7W/Σ-7C SERVOPACK with Hardware Option Specifications HWBB Function Product Manual	SIEP S800001 72	Hardware Options for Σ-7-Series SERVOPACKs.

21			Continued from previous page.
Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Description
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Index- ing Application Product Manual	This manual (SIEP S800001 84)	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Track- ing Application Product Manual	SIEP S800001 89	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Application with Special Motor, SGM7D Motor Product Manual	SIEP S800001 91	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Press and Injection Molding Application Product Manual	SIEP S800001 94	
Φ Σ-7-Series Σ-7S/Σ-7W SERVOPACK FT/EX Product Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Transfer and Alignment Application Product Manual	SIEP S800001 95	Provide detailed information on the FT/EX Option for Σ-7-Series SERVOPACKs.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Torque/Force Assistance for Conveyance Application Product Manual	SIEP S800002 09	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Cutting Application Feed Shaft Motor Product Manual	SIEP S800002 10	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Three-Point Latching for Conveyance Application Product Manual	SIEP S800002 17	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Semi-/Fully-Closed Loop Control Online Switching for Conveyance Application Product Manual	SIEP S800002 27	
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Σ-7W SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Gantry Applications Product Manual	SIEP S800002 29	Continued on next page

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Continued from previous page. Description
Classification	AC Servo Drives	Document No.	Description
® Option Module User's Manual	Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models/ Σ-7 Series User's Manual Safety Module	SIEP C720829 06	Provides details information required for the design and maintenance of a Safety Module.
(1)	AC Servo Drive Rotary Servomotor Safety Precautions	TOBP C230260 00	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Rotary Servomotors and Direct Drive Servomotors.
Enclosed Documents	AC Servomotor Linear Σ Series Safety Precautions	TOBP C230800 00	Provides detailed information for the safe usage of Linear Servomotors.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Rotary Servomotor Product Manual	SIEP S800001 36	
® Σ-7-Series Servomotor Product Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Linear Servomotor Product Manual	SIEP S800001 37	Provide detailed information on selecting, installing, and connecting the Σ-7-Series Servomotors.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Direct Drive Servomotor Product Manual	SIEP S800001 38	
® Σ-7-Series Peripheral Device Selection Manual	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Peripheral Device Selection Manual	SIEP S800001 32	Describes the peripheral devices for a Σ -7-Series Servo System.
® Σ-7-Series MECHATROLINK Communications Command Manuals	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive MECHATROLINK-II Communications Command Manual	SIEP S800001 30	Provides detailed information on the MECHATROLINK-II communications commands that are used for a Σ -7-Series Servo System.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive MECHATROLINK-III Communications Standard Servo Profile Command Manual	SIEP S800001 31	Provides detailed information on the MECHATROLINK-III communications standard servo profile commands that are used for a Σ -7-Series Servo System.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive MECHATROLINK-4 Communications Standard Servo Profile Command Manual	SIEP S800002 32	Provides detailed information on the MECHATROLINK-4 communications standard servo profile commands that are used for a Σ -7- Series Servo System.
0	Machine Controller MP3000 Series Ladder Programming Manual	SIEP C880725 13	Provides detailed information on the ladder programming specifications and instructions for MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACKs.
Programming Manuals	Machine Controller MP3000 Series Motion Programming Manual	SIEP C880725 14	Provides detailed information on the motion programming and sequence programming specifications and instructions for MP3000-Series Machine Controllers and Σ-7-Series Σ-7C SERVOPACKs.
[®] Σ-7-Series Operation Interface Operating Manuals	Machine Controller MP2000/MP3000 Series Engineering Tool MPE720 Version 7 User's Manual	SIEP C880761 03	Describes in detail how to operate MPE720 version 7.
	Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Digital Operator Operating Manual	SIEP S800001 33	Describes the operating procedures for a Digital Operator for a Σ-7-Series Servo System.
	AC Servo Drive Engineering Tool SigmaWin+ Operation Manual	SIET S800001 34	Provides detailed operating procedures for the SigmaWin+ Engineering Tool for a Σ-7-Series Servo System.

Classification	Document Name	Document No.	Description
® Distributed	MECHATROLINK-III Compatible I/O Module User's Manual	SIEP C880781 04	Describes the functions, specifications, operating methods, and MECHATROLINK-III communications for the Remote I/O Modules for MP2000/MP3000-Series Machine Controllers.
I/O Module User's Manual	MECHATROLINK-4 Compatible I/O Module User's Manual	SIEP C880782 01	Describes the functions, specifications, operating methods, and MECHATROLINK-4 communications for the Remote I/O Modules for MP3000-Series Machine Controllers.

Using This Manual

◆ Technical Terms Used in This Manual

The following terms are used in this manual.

Term	Meaning
Servomotor	A Σ-7-Series Rotary Servomotor, Direct Drive Servomotor, or Linear Servomotor.
Rotary Servomotor	A generic term used for a Σ -7-Series Rotary Servomotor (SGM7M, SGM7J, SGM7A, SGM7P, SGM7G, or SGMMV) or a Direct Drive Servomotor (SGM7E, SGM7F, SGMCV, or SGMCS). The descriptions will specify when Direct Drive Servomotors are excluded.
Linear Servomotor	A generic term used for a Σ -7-Series Linear Servomotor (SGLG, SGLF, or SGLT).
SERVOPACK	A Σ -7-Series Σ -7S Servo Amplifier with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References.
Servo Drive	The combination of a Servomotor and SERVOPACK.
Servo System	A servo control system that includes the combination of a Servo Drive with a host controller and peripheral devices.
servo ON	Supplying power to the motor.
servo OFF	Not supplying power to the motor.
base block (BB)	Shutting OFF the power supply to the motor by shutting OFF the base current to the power transistor in the SERVOPACK.
servo lock	A state in which the motor is stopped and is in a position loop with a position reference of 0.
Main Circuit Cable	One of the cables that connect to the main circuit terminals, including the Main Circuit Power Supply Cable, Control Power Supply Cable, and Servomotor Main Circuit Cable.
SigmaWin+	The Engineering Tool for setting up and tuning Servo Drives or a computer in which the Engineering Tool is installed.

◆ Differences in Terms for Rotary Servomotors and Linear Servomotors

There are differences in the terms that are used for Rotary Servomotors and Linear Servomotors. This manual primarily describes Rotary Servomotors. If you are using a Linear Servomotor, you need to interpret the terms as given in the following table.

Rotary Servomotors	Linear Servomotors
torque	force
moment of inertia	mass
rotation	movement
forward rotation and reverse rotation	forward movement and reverse movement
CW and CCW pulse trains	forward and reverse pulse trains
rotary encoder	linear encoder
absolute rotary encoder	absolute linear encoder
incremental rotary encoder	incremental linear encoder
unit: min ⁻¹	unit: mm/s
unit: N·m	unit: N

Notation Used in this Manual

■ Notation for Reverse Signals

The names of reverse signals (i.e., ones that are valid when low) are written with a forward slash (/) before the signal abbreviation.

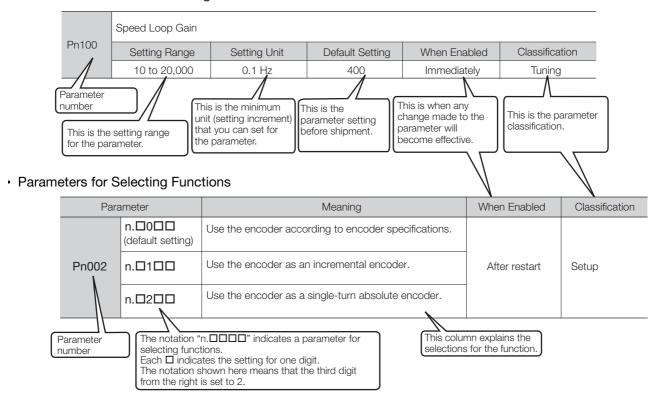
Notation Example

BK is written as /BK.

Notation for Parameters

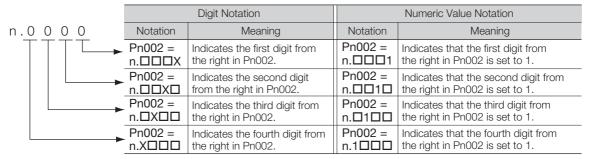
The notation depends on whether the parameter requires a numeric setting (parameter for numeric setting) or requires the selection of a function (parameter for selecting functions).

· Parameters for Numeric Settings



Notation Example

Notation Examples for Pn002



◆ Engineering Tools Used in This Manual

This manual uses the interfaces of the SigmaWin+ for descriptions.

♦ Trademarks

- QR code is a trademark of Denso Wave Inc.
- Other product names and company names are the trademarks or registered trademarks of the respective company. "TM" and the ® mark do not appear with product or company names in this manual.

◆ Visual Aids

The following aids are used to indicate certain types of information for easier reference.



Indicates precautions or restrictions that must be observed. Also indicates alarm displays and other precautions that will not result in machine damage.



Indicates definitions of difficult terms or terms that have not been previously explained in this manual.

Example Indicates operating or setting examples.

Information Indicates supplemental information to deepen understanding or useful information.

Safety Precautions

Safety Information

To prevent personal injury and equipment damage in advance, the following signal words are used to indicate safety precautions in this document. The signal words are used to classify the hazards and the degree of damage or injury that may occur if a product is used incorrectly. Information marked as shown below is important for safety. Always read this information and heed the precautions that are provided.

DANGER

• Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, are likely to result in loss of life, serious injury, or fire.

WARNING

• Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in loss of life, serious injury, or fire.

CAUTION

 Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in relatively serious or minor injury, or in fire.

NOTICE

• Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in property damage.

Safety Precautions That Must Always Be Observed

General Precautions

DANGER

- Read and understand this manual to ensure the safe usage of the product.
- Keep this manual in a safe, convenient place so that it can be referred to whenever necessary.
 Make sure that it is delivered to the final user of the product.
- Do not remove covers, cables, connectors, or optional devices while power is being supplied to the SERVOPACK.

There is a risk of electric shock, operational failure of the product, or burning.

MARNING

- Use a power supply with specifications (number of phases, voltage, frequency, and AC/DC type) that are appropriate for the product.
 There is a risk of burning, electric shock, or fire.
- Connect the ground terminals on the SERVOPACK and Servomotor to ground poles according to local electrical codes (100 Ω or less for a SERVOPACK with a 100-VAC or 200-VAC power supply, and 10 Ω or less for a SERVOPACK with a 400-VAC power supply). There is a risk of electric shock or fire.
- Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify the product.
 There is a risk of fire or failure.
 The warranty is void for the product if you disassemble, repair, or modify it.

CAUTION

- The SERVOPACK heat sinks, regenerative resistors, External Dynamic Brake Resistors, Servomotors, and other components can be very hot while power is ON or soon after the power is turned OFF. Implement safety measures, such as installing covers, so that hands and parts such as cables do not come into contact with hot components.
 There is a risk of burn injury.
- For a 24-VDC power supply, use a power supply device with double insulation or reinforced insulation.

There is a risk of electric shock.

- Do not damage, pull on, apply excessive force to, place heavy objects on, or pinch cables. There is a risk of failure, damage, or electric shock.
- The person who designs the system that uses the hard wire base block safety function must have a complete knowledge of the related safety standards and a complete understanding of the instructions in this document.

There is a risk of injury, product damage, or machine damage.

 Do not use the product in an environment that is subject to water, corrosive gases, or flammable gases, or near flammable materials.

There is a risk of electric shock or fire.

- Do not attempt to use a SERVOPACK or Servomotor that is damaged or that has missing parts.
- Install external emergency stop circuits that shut OFF the power supply and stops operation immediately when an error occurs.
- In locations with poor power supply conditions, install the necessary protective devices (such as AC reactors) to ensure that the input power is supplied within the specified voltage range.
 There is a risk of damage to the SERVOPACK.
- Use a Noise Filter to minimize the effects of electromagnetic interference.

 Electronic devices used near the SERVOPACK may be affected by electromagnetic interference.
- Always use a Servomotor and SERVOPACK in one of the specified combinations.
- Do not touch a SERVOPACK or Servomotor with wet hands.
 There is a risk of product failure.

■ Storage Precautions

♠ CAUTION

 Do not place an excessive load on the product during storage. (Follow all instructions on the packages.)

There is a risk of injury or damage.

NOTICE

- Do not install or store the product in any of the following locations.
 - Locations that are subject to direct sunlight
 - Locations that are subject to ambient temperatures that exceed product specifications
 - Locations that are subject to relative humidities that exceed product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to condensation as the result of extreme changes in temperature
 - Locations that are subject to corrosive or flammable gases
 - · Locations that are near flammable materials
 - · Locations that are subject to dust, salts, or iron powder
 - Locations that are subject to water, oil, or chemicals
 - · Locations that are subject to vibration or shock that exceeds product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to radiation

If you store or install the product in any of the above locations, the product may fail or be damaged.

■ Transportation Precautions

M CAUTION

- Transport the product in a way that is suitable to the mass of the product.
- Do not use the eyebolts on a SERVOPACK or Servomotor to move the machine. There is a risk of damage or injury.
- When you handle a SERVOPACK or Servomotor, be careful of sharp parts, such as the corners. There is a risk of injury.
- Do not place an excessive load on the product during transportation. (Follow all instructions on the packages.)

There is a risk of injury or damage.

- Do not hold onto the front cover or connectors when you move a SERVOPACK.
 There is a risk of the SERVOPACK falling.
- A SERVOPACK or Servomotor is a precision device. Do not drop it or subject it to strong shock. There is a risk of failure or damage.
- Do not subject connectors to shock.

 There is a risk of faulty connections or damage.
- If disinfectants or insecticides must be used to treat packing materials such as wooden frames, plywood, or pallets, the packing materials must be treated before the product is packaged, and methods other than fumigation must be used.

Example: Heat treatment, where materials are kiln-dried to a core temperature of 56°C for 30 minutes or more.

If the electronic products, which include stand-alone products and products installed in machines, are packed with fumigated wooden materials, the electrical components may be greatly damaged by the gases or fumes resulting from the fumigation process. In particular, disinfectants containing halogen, which includes chlorine, fluorine, bromine, or iodine can contribute to the erosion of the capacitors.

Do not overtighten the eyebolts on a SERVOPACK or Servomotor.
 If you use a tool to overtighten the eyebolts, the tapped holes may be damaged.

Installation Precautions

⚠ CAUTION

- Install the Servomotor or SERVOPACK in a way that will support the mass given in technical documents.
- Install SERVOPACKs, Servomotors, regenerative resistors, and External Dynamic Brake Resistors on nonflammable materials.

Installation directly onto or near flammable materials may result in fire.

 Provide the specified clearances between the SERVOPACK and the control panel as well as with other devices.

There is a risk of fire or failure.

- Install the SERVOPACK in the specified orientation. There is a risk of fire or failure.
- Do not step on or place a heavy object on the product. There is a risk of failure, damage, or injury.
- Do not allow any foreign matter to enter the SERVOPACK or Servomotor. There is a risk of failure or fire.

- Do not install or store the product in any of the following locations.
 - Locations that are subject to direct sunlight
 - · Locations that are subject to ambient temperatures that exceed product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to relative humidities that exceed product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to condensation as the result of extreme changes in temperature
 - Locations that are subject to corrosive or flammable gases
 - · Locations that are near flammable materials
 - · Locations that are subject to dust, salts, or iron powder
 - · Locations that are subject to water, oil, or chemicals
 - · Locations that are subject to vibration or shock that exceeds product specifications
 - · Locations that are subject to radiation

If you store or install the product in any of the above locations, the product may fail or be damaged.

- Use the product in an environment that is appropriate for the product specifications. If you use the product in an environment that exceeds product specifications, the product may fail or be damaged.
- A SERVOPACK or Servomotor is a precision device. Do not drop it or subject it to strong shock. There is a risk of failure or damage.
- Always install a SERVOPACK in a control panel.
- Do not allow any foreign matter to enter a SERVOPACK or a Servomotor with a Cooling Fan and do not cover the outlet from the Servomotor's cooling fan.
 There is a risk of failure.

Wiring Precautions

A DANGER

Do not change any wiring while power is being supplied.
 There is a risk of electric shock or injury.

⚠ WARNING

- Wiring and inspections must be performed only by qualified engineers. There is a risk of electric shock or product failure.
- Check all wiring and power supplies carefully.

 Incorrect wiring or incorrect voltage application to the output circuits may cause short-circuit failures. If a short-circuit failure occurs as a result of any of these causes, the holding brake will not work. This could damage the machine or cause an accident that may result in death or injury.
- Connect the AC and DC power supplies to the specified SERVOPACK terminals.
 - Connect an AC power supply to the L1, L2, and L3 terminals and the L1C and L2C terminals on the SERVOPACK.
 - Connect a DC power supply to the B1/⊕ and ⊕2 terminals and the L1C and L2C terminals on the SERVOPACK.

There is a risk of failure or fire.

• If you use a SERVOPACK that supports a Dynamic Brake Option, connect an External Dynamic Brake Resistor that is suitable for the machine and equipment specifications to the specified terminals

There is a risk of unexpected operation, machine damage, burning, or injury when an emergency stop is performed.

CAUTION

Wait for at least six minutes after turning OFF the power supply (with a SERVOPACK for a 100-VAC power supply input, wait for at least nine minutes) and then make sure that the CHARGE indicator is not lit before starting wiring or inspection work. Do not touch the power supply terminals while the CHARGE lamp is lit because high voltage may still remain in the SERVOPACK even after turning OFF the power supply.

There is a risk of electric shock.

 Observe the precautions and instructions for wiring and trial operation precisely as described in this document.

Failures caused by incorrect wiring or incorrect voltage application in the brake circuit may cause the SERVOPACK to fail, damage the equipment, or cause an accident resulting in death or injury.

- Check the wiring to be sure it has been performed correctly.
 Connectors and pin layouts are sometimes different for different models. Always confirm the pin layouts in technical documents for your model before operation.
 There is a risk of failure or malfunction.
- Connect wires to power supply terminals and motor connection terminals securely with the specified methods and tightening torque.
 Insufficient tightening may cause wires and terminal blocks to generate heat due to faulty contact, possibly resulting in fire.
- Use shielded twisted-pair cables or screened unshielded multi-twisted-pair cables for I/O Signal Cables and Encoder Cables.
- The maximum wiring length is 3 m for I/O Signal Cables, and 50 m for Encoder Cables or Servomotor Main Circuit Cables.
- Observe the following precautions when wiring the SERVOPACK's main circuit terminals.
 - Turn ON the power supply to the SERVOPACK only after all wiring, including the main circuit terminals, has been completed.
 - If a connector is used for the main circuit terminals, remove the main circuit connector from the SER-VOPACK before you wire it.
 - Insert only one wire per insertion hole in the main circuit terminals.
 - When you insert a wire, make sure that the conductor wire (e.g., whiskers) does not come into contact with adjacent wires.
- Install molded-case circuit breakers and other safety measures to provide protection against short circuits in external wiring.

There is a risk of fire or failure.

NOTICE

- Whenever possible, use the Cables specified by Yaskawa.
 If you use any other cables, confirm the rated current and application environment of your model and use the wiring materials specified by Yaskawa or equivalent materials.
- Securely tighten connector screws and lock mechanisms.
 Insufficient tightening may result in connectors falling off during operation.
- Do not bundle power lines (e.g., the Main Circuit Cable) and low-current lines (e.g., the I/O Signal Cables or Encoder Cables) together or run them through the same duct. If you do not place power lines and low-current lines in separate ducts, separate them by at least 30 cm.
 If the cables are too close to each other, malfunctions may occur due to noise affecting the low-current lines.
- Install a battery at either the host controller or on the Encoder Cable.

 If you install batteries both at the host controller and on the Encoder Cable at the same time, you will create a loop circuit between the batteries, resulting in a risk of damage or burning.
- When connecting a battery, connect the polarity correctly. There is a risk of battery rupture or encoder failure.

Operation Precautions

MARNING

- Before starting operation with a machine connected, change the settings of the switches and parameters to match the machine.
 - Unexpected machine operation, failure, or personal injury may occur if operation is started before appropriate settings are made.
- Do not radically change the settings of the parameters.

 There is a risk of unstable operation, machine damage, or injury.
- Install limit switches or stoppers at the ends of the moving parts of the machine to prevent unexpected accidents.

There is a risk of machine damage or injury.

- For trial operation, securely mount the Servomotor and disconnect it from the machine. There is a risk of injury.
- Forcing the motor to stop for overtravel is disabled when the Jog, Origin Search, or EasyFFT utility function is executed. Take necessary precautions.

 There is a risk of machine damage or injury.
- When an alarm occurs, the Servomotor will coast to a stop or stop with the dynamic brake
 according to the SERVOPACK Option specifications and settings. The coasting distance will
 change with the moment of inertia of the load and the resistance of the External Dynamic Brake
 Resistor. Check the coasting distance during trial operation and implement suitable safety measures on the machine.
- Do not enter the machine's range of motion during operation. There is a risk of injury.
- Do not touch the moving parts of the Servomotor or machine during operation. There is a risk of injury.

CAUTION

- Design the system to ensure safety even when problems, such as broken signal lines, occur.
 For example, the P-OT and N-OT signals are set in the default settings to operate on the safe side if a signal line breaks. Do not change the polarity of this type of signal.
- When overtravel occurs, the power supply to the motor is turned OFF and the brake is released.
 If you use the Servomotor to drive a vertical load, set the Servomotor to enter a zero-clamped state after the Servomotor stops. Also, install safety devices (such as an external brake or counterweight) to prevent the moving parts of the machine from falling.
- Always turn OFF the servo before you turn OFF the power supply. If you turn OFF the main circuit power supply or control power supply during operation before you turn OFF the servo, the Servomotor will stop as follows:
 - If you turn OFF the main circuit power supply during operation without turning OFF the servo, the Servomotor will stop abruptly with the dynamic brake.
 - If you turn OFF the control power supply without turning OFF the servo, the stopping method that is used by the Servomotor depends on the model of the SERVOPACK. For details, refer to the manual for the SERVOPACK.
 - If you use a SERVOPACK with the Dynamic Brake Hardware Option, the Servomotor stopping methods will be different from the stopping methods used without the Option or with other Hardware Options. For details, refer to the following manual.
 - Σ -7-Series Σ -7S/ Σ -7W SERVOPACK with Dynamic Brake Hardware Option Specifications Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 73)
- Do not use the dynamic brake for any application other than an emergency stop. There is a risk of failure due to rapid deterioration of elements in the SERVOPACK and the risk of unexpected operation, machine damage, burning, or injury.

- When you adjust the gain during system commissioning, use a measuring instrument to monitor the torque waveform and speed waveform and confirm that there is no vibration.
 If a high gain causes vibration, the Servomotor will be damaged quickly.
- Do not frequently turn the power supply ON and OFF. After you have started actual operation, allow at least one hour between turning the power supply ON and OFF (as a guideline).
 Do not use the product in applications that require the power supply to be turned ON and OFF frequently.

The elements in the SERVOPACK will deteriorate quickly.

- An alarm or warning may occur if communications are performed with the host controller while the SigmaWin+ or Digital Operator is operating.
 If an alarm or warning occurs, it may interrupt the current process and stop the system.
- After you complete trial operation of the machine and facilities, use the SigmaWin+ to back up
 the settings of the SERVOPACK parameters. You can use them to reset the parameters after

If you do not copy backed up parameter settings, normal operation may not be possible after a faulty SERVOPACK is replaced, possibly resulting in machine or equipment damage.

■ Maintenance and Inspection Precautions

SERVOPACK replacement.

A DANGER

Do not change any wiring while power is being supplied.
 There is a risk of electric shock or injury.

WARNING

• Wiring and inspections must be performed only by qualified engineers. There is a risk of electric shock or product failure.

M CAUTION

- Wait for at least six minutes after turning OFF the power supply (with a SERVOPACK for a 100-VAC power supply input, wait for at least nine minutes) and then make sure that the CHARGE indicator is not lit before starting wiring or inspection work. Do not touch the power supply terminals while the CHARGE lamp is lit because high voltage may still remain in the SERVOPACK even after turning OFF the power supply.
 There is a risk of electric shock.
- Before you replace a SERVOPACK, back up the settings of the SERVOPACK parameters. Copy
 the backed up parameter settings to the new SERVOPACK and confirm that they were copied
 correctly.

If you do not copy backed up parameter settings or if the copy operation is not completed normally, normal operation may not be possible, possibly resulting in machine or equipment damage.

NOTICE

 Discharge all static electricity from your body before you operate any of the buttons or switches inside the front cover of the SERVOPACK.
 There is a risk of equipment damage.

■ Troubleshooting Precautions

A DANGER

If the safety device (molded-case circuit breaker or fuse) installed in the power supply line operates, remove the cause before you supply power to the SERVOPACK again. If necessary, repair or replace the SERVOPACK, check the wiring, and remove the factor that caused the safety device to operate.

There is a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury.

MARNING

The product may suddenly start to operate when the power supply is recovered after a momentary power interruption. Design the machine to ensure human safety when operation restarts.
 There is a risk of injury.

CAUTION

- When an alarm occurs, remove the cause of the alarm and ensure safety. Then reset the alarm or turn the power supply OFF and ON again to restart operation.
 There is a risk of injury or machine damage.
- If the Servo ON signal is input to the SERVOPACK and an alarm is reset, the Servomotor may suddenly restart operation. Confirm that the servo is OFF and ensure safety before you reset an alarm

There is a risk of injury or machine damage.

- Always insert a magnetic contactor in the line between the main circuit power supply and the main circuit power supply terminals on the SERVOPACK so that the power supply can be shut OFF at the main circuit power supply.
 - If a magnetic contactor is not connected when the SERVOPACK fails, a large current may flow, possibly resulting in fire.
- If an alarm occurs, shut OFF the main circuit power supply.
 There is a risk of fire due to a regenerative resistor overheating as the result of regenerative transistor failure.
- Install a ground fault detector against overloads and short-circuiting or install a molded-case circuit breaker combined with a ground fault detector.
 There is a risk of SERVOPACK failure or fire if a ground fault occurs.
- The holding brake on a Servomotor will not ensure safety if there is the possibility that an external force (including gravity) may move the current position and create a hazardous situation when power is interrupted or an error occurs. If an external force may cause movement, install an external braking mechanism that ensures safety.

■ Disposal Precautions

 Correctly discard the product as stipulated by regional, local, and municipal laws and regulations. Be sure to include these contents in all labelling and warning notifications on the final product as necessary.



■ General Precautions

- Figures provided in this document are typical examples or conceptual representations. There may be differences between them and actual wiring, circuits, and products.
- The products shown in illustrations in this document are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Always replace all covers and protective guards before you use the product.
- If you need a new copy of this document because it has been lost or damaged, contact your nearest Yaskawa representative or one of the offices listed on the back of this document.
- This document is subject to change without notice for product improvements, specifications changes, and improvements to the manual itself.
 We will update the document number of the document and issue revisions when changes are made.
- Any and all quality guarantees provided by Yaskawa are null and void if the customer modifies
 the product in any way. Yaskawa disavows any responsibility for damages or losses that are
 caused by modified products.

Warranty

Details of Warranty

■ Warranty Period

The warranty period for a product that was purchased (hereinafter called the "delivered product") is one year from the time of delivery to the location specified by the customer or 18 months from the time of shipment from the Yaskawa factory, whichever is sooner.

■ Warranty Scope

Yaskawa shall replace or repair a defective product free of charge if a defect attributable to Yaskawa occurs during the above warranty period.

This warranty does not cover defects caused by the delivered product reaching the end of its service life and replacement of parts that require replacement or that have a limited service life.

This warranty does not cover failures that result from any of the following causes.

- Improper handling, abuse, or use in unsuitable conditions or in environments not described in product catalogs or manuals, or in any separately agreed-upon specifications
- · Causes not attributable to the delivered product itself
- Modifications or repairs not performed by Yaskawa
- Use of the delivered product in a manner in which it was not originally intended
- Causes that were not foreseeable with the scientific and technological understanding at the time of shipment from Yaskawa
- · Events for which Yaskawa is not responsible, such as natural or human-made disasters

Limitations of Liability

- Yaskawa shall in no event be responsible for any damage or loss of opportunity to the customer that arises due to failure of the delivered product.
- Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any programs (including parameter settings) or the results of program execution of the programs provided by the user or by a third party for use with programmable Yaskawa products.
- The information described in product catalogs or manuals is provided for the purpose of the customer purchasing the appropriate product for the intended application. The use thereof does not guarantee that there are no infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of Yaskawa or third parties, nor does it construe a license.
- Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any damage arising from infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of third parties as a result of using the information described in catalogs or manuals.

Suitability for Use

- It is the customer's responsibility to confirm conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply if the Yaskawa product is used in combination with any other products.
- The customer must confirm that the Yaskawa product is suitable for the systems, machines, and equipment used by the customer.
- Consult with Yaskawa to determine whether use in the following applications is acceptable. If use in the application is acceptable, use the product with extra allowance in ratings and specifications, and provide safety measures to minimize hazards in the event of failure.
 - Outdoor use, use involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or use in conditions or environments not described in product catalogs or manuals
 - Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicle systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations
 - Systems, machines, and equipment that may present a risk to life or property
 - Systems that require a high degree of reliability, such as systems that supply gas, water, or electricity, or systems that operate continuously 24 hours a day
 - · Other systems that require a similar high degree of safety
- Never use the product for an application involving serious risk to life or property without first ensuring that the system is designed to secure the required level of safety with risk warnings and redundancy, and that the Yaskawa product is properly rated and installed.
- The circuit examples and other application examples described in product catalogs and manuals are for reference. Check the functionality and safety of the actual devices and equipment to be used before using the product.
- Read and understand all use prohibitions and precautions, and operate the Yaskawa product correctly to prevent accidental harm to third parties.

Specifications Change

The names, specifications, appearance, and accessories of products in product catalogs and manuals may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. The next editions of the revised catalogs or manuals will be published with updated code numbers. Consult with your Yaskawa representative to confirm the actual specifications before purchasing a product.

Compliance with UL Standards, EU Directives, UK Regulations, and Other Safety Standards

Certification marks for the standards for which the product has been certified by certification bodies are shown on nameplate. Products that do not have the marks are not certified for the standards. Refer to the Servomotor manual for compliant standards of Servomotors.

North American Safety Standards (UL)



Product	Model	North American Safety Standards (UL File No.)
SERVOPACK	SGD7S	UL 61800-5-1 (E147823) CSA C22.2 No.274

European Directives



Product	Model	EU Directive	Harmonized Standards
SERVOPACK	SGD7S	Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015 EN IEC 62061 EN 61800-5-2
		EMC Directive 2014/30/EU	EN 55011 Group 1, Class A EN 61000-6-2 EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 (Category C2, Second environment)
		Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU	EN 61800-5-1
		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU (EU)2015/863	EN IEC 63000

Note: 1. We declared the CE Marking based on the harmonized standards in the above table.

^{2.} These products are for industrial use. In home environments, these products may cause electromagnetic interference and additional noise reduction measures may be necessary.

◆ UK Conformity Assessed (UKCA)



Product	Model	UK Regulations	Designated Standards
		Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations S.I. 2008/1597	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015 EN IEC 62061 EN 61800-5-2
		Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations S.I. 2016/1091	EN 55011 Group 1, Class A EN 61000-6-2 EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 (Category C2, Second environment)
SERVOPACK	SGD7S	Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations S.I. 2016/1101	EN 61800-5-1
		Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Sub- stances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Reg- ulations S.I. 2012/3032	EN IEC 63000

Note: We declared the UKCA marking based on the designated standards in the above table.

Safety Standards

Product	Model	Safety Standards	Standards
SERVOPACK		Safety of Machinery	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015 EN 60204-1
	SGD7S	Functional Safety	EN 61508 series EN IEC 62061 EN 61800-5-2
		Functional Safety EMC	EN 61326-3-1 EN 61000-6-7

◆ Safety Parameters

Item	Standards	Performa	nce Level
Sofety Integrity Level	EN 61508	SIL3	
Safety Integrity Level	EN IEC 62061	maximum SIL 3	
Mission Time	EN 61508	10 years	20 years
Probability of Dangerous Failure per Hour	EN 61508 EN IEC 62061	PFH = 4.04×10^{-9} [1/h] (4.04% of SIL3)	PFH = 4.05×10^{-9} [1/h] (4.05% of SIL3)
Performance Level	EN ISO 13849-1	PL e (Category 3)	
Mean Time to Dangerous Failure of Each Channel	EN ISO 13849-1	MTTFd: High	
Average Diagnostic Coverage	EN ISO 13849-1	DCavg: Medium	
Stop Category	EN 60204-1	Stop category 0	
Safety Function	EN 61800-5-2	STO	
Hardware Fault Tolerance	EN 61508	HFT = 1	
Subsystem	EN 61508	В	

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Revision History

Basic Information on SERVOPACKs

This chapter provides basic information, including an introduction to the product, and describes how to interpret model numbers and combinations with Servomotors.

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1.1.1 Main Features

1.1 Product Introduction

The SERVOPACKs described in this manual are for positioning and contain a built-in INDEXER.

1.1.1 Main Features

This section describes the main features.

- You can achieve high-speed, high-precision positioning without using a motion controller. A host controller can be easily connected through digital I/O signals.
- Motion control can be easily achieved simply by setting positions and speeds in a program table or jog speed table.
- The SigmaWin+ Engineering Tool can be used for everything from making adjustments to editing the program table and jog speed table.

1.1.2 Main Functions

This section describes the main functions.

Function Name	Function Overview
Program Table	With program table operation, you can register positioning operation patterns in a table in the SERVOPACK in advance and then use digital I/O signals with the host controller to specify the operation patterns to perform operation. You can save up to 256 program steps. Program steps can be linked to each other to create complex movements.
Homing and Jog Speed Table	You can perform homing when an incremental encoder is used, or you can perform jog operation with a jog speed table that contains up to eight jog speeds.
Registration	The program table supports registration (external positioning).
Programmable Output Signals	You can specify the output status of up to five output signals (/POUT0 to /POUT4).
ZONE Table	You can use the programmable output signals (/POUT0 to /POUT2) as the ZONE signals. You can specify up to eight ZONEs in the ZONE table.

Hardware Options

Applicable

All models

FT/EX Specification

Model Designations

Interpreting SERVOPACK Model Numbers 1.2.1



Voltage	Code	Motor Capacity		Voltage Specification		th+10th digits Specific	1 .
Voltage		Specification	Code		Code	Specification	Ap _l
	R70*1	0.05 kW	A	200 VAC	000	Without options	All mo
	R90*1	0.1 kW	F	100 VAC		Without options	7 41 1110
	1R6*1	0.2 kW					
	2R8*1	0.4 kW	5th+6	th digits Interface*3	11th+	12th+13th digits FT/	EX Spe
	3R8	0.5 kW	Code				· ·
	5R5*1	0.75 kW	00	Analog voltage/pulse train reference	Code	Specification	
Three-Pha	7R6	1.0 kW		Arraiog voltage/pulse trail reference	F79	Indexing applications	
e, 200	120*2	1.5 kW	Zilo elli			0 11	_
ACC	180	2.0 kW	7th dig	Design Revision Order			
	200	3.0 kW	Α				
	330	5.0 kW					
	470	6.0 kW					
	550	7.5 kW					
	590	11 kW					
	780	15 kW					
	R70	0.05 kW					
n-	R90	0.1 kW					
le-Phase, 00 VAC	2R1	0.2 kW					

*1. You can use these models with either a single-phase or three-phase input.

0.4 kW

2R8

- *2. A model with a single-phase, 200-VAC power supply input is available as a hardware option (model: SGD7S-
- *3. The same SERVOPACKs are used for both Rotary Servomotors and Linear Servomotors.

Interpreting Servomotor Model Numbers 1.2.2

This section outlines the model numbers of Σ -7-series Servomotors. Refer to the relevant manual in the following list for details.

- Σ-7-Series Rotary Servomotor Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 36)
- $\ \square$ Σ -7-Series Linear Servomotor Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 37)
- Σ-7-Series Direct Drive Servomotor Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 38)

1.3

Combinations of SERVOPACKs and Servomotors

Refer to the following manuals for information on combinations with Σ -7-Series Servomotors.

- \square Σ -7-Series Rotary Servomotor Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 36)
- \square Σ -7-Series Linear Servomotor Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 37)
- \square Σ -7-Series Direct Drive Servomotor Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 38)

1.4 Functions

This section lists the functions provided by SERVOPACKs. Refer to this manual and the following manuals for details on the functions.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)

· Functions Related to the Machine

Power Supply Type Settings for the Main Circuit and Control Circuit Automatic Detection of Connected Motor Motor Direction Setting Linear Encoder Pitch Setting Writing Linear Servomotor Parameters Selecting the Phase Sequence for a Linear Servomotor Polarity Sensor Setting Polarity Detection Overtravel Function and Settings Holding Brake Motor Stopping Methods for Servo OFF and Alarms Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Motor Direction Setting Linear Encoder Pitch Setting Writing Linear Servomotor Parameters Selecting the Phase Sequence for a Linear Servomotor Polarity Sensor Setting Polarity Detection Overtravel Function and Settings Holding Brake Motor Stopping Methods for Servo OFF and Alarms Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
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Selecting the Phase Sequence for a Linear Servomotor Polarity Sensor Setting Polarity Detection Overtravel Function and Settings Holding Brake Motor Stopping Methods for Servo OFF and Alarms Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Polarity Sensor Setting Polarity Detection Overtravel Function and Settings Holding Brake Motor Stopping Methods for Servo OFF and Alarms Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Polarity Detection Overtravel Function and Settings Holding Brake Motor Stopping Methods for Servo OFF and Alarms Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Overtravel Function and Settings Holding Brake Motor Stopping Methods for Servo OFF and Alarms Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Holding Brake Motor Stopping Methods for Servo OFF and Alarms Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Motor Stopping Methods for Servo OFF and Alarms Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Resetting the Absolute Encoder Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Setting the Origin of the Absolute Encoder Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Setting the Regenerative Resistor Capacity Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Operation for Momentary Power Interruptions SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
SEMI F47 Function Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
Setting the Motor Maximum Speed
NA 1000 110 100 100
Multiturn Limit Setting
Adjustment of Motor Current Detection Signal Offset
Forcing the Motor to Stop
Speed Ripple Compensation
Current Control Mode Selection
Current Gain Level Setting
Speed Detection Method Selection
Fully-Closed Loop Control
Safety Functions

Functions Related to the Host Controller

Function
Electronic Gear Settings
I/O Signal Allocations
ALM (Servo Alarm) Signal
ALO1 to ALO3 (Alarm Code) Signals
/WARN (Warning Output) Signal
/TGON (Rotation Detection) Signal
/S-RDY (Servo Ready) Signal
Speed Control
Basic Settings for Speed Control
Speed Reference Filter
Zero Clamping
/V-CMP (Speed Coincidence Detection) Signal
Position Control
Reference Pulse Form
Continued on payt page

Function
CLR (Position Deviation Clear Input) Signal Function and Settings
Reference Pulse Input Multiplication Switching
/COIN (Positioning Completion) Signal
/NEAR (Near) Signal
Reference Pulse Inhibition and Settings
Torque Control
Basic Settings for Torque Control
Torque Reference Filter Settings
Speed Limit during Torque Control
/VLT (Speed Limit Detection) Signal
Encoder Divided Pulse Output
Selecting Torque Limits
Vibration Detection Level Initialization
Alarm Reset
Replacing the Battery
Setting the Position Deviation Overflow Alarm Level

• Functions to Achieve Optimum Motions

Function
Speed Control
Soft Start Settings
Position Control
Smoothing Settings
Torque Control
Tuning-less Function
Autotuning without a Host Reference
Autotuning with a Host Reference
Custom Tuning
Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment
Vibration Suppression
Gain Selection
Friction Compensation
Model Following Control
Compatible Adjustment Functions
Mechanical Analysis
EasyFFT

• Functions for Trial Operation during Setup

Function
Software Reset
Trial Operation for the Servomotor without a Load
Program Jog Operation
Origin Search
Test without a Motor
Monitoring Machine Operation Status and Signal Waveforms

• Functions for Inspection and Maintenance

Function
Write Prohibition Setting for Parameters
Initializing Parameter Settings
Automatic Detection of Connected Motor
Monitoring Product Information
Monitoring Product Life
Alarm History Display

• Operation with Digital I/O

Function					
Homing					
Positioning Operations with a Program Table					
Registration					
Constant Speed Operations with a Jog Speed Table					
ZONE Outputs					

1.5 SigmaWin+

To use the SigmaWin+, a model information file for the SERVOPACK must be added to SigmaWin+ version 7. Contact your Yaskawa representative for the model information file.

SERVOPACK Ratings and Specifications

2

This chapter provides information required to select SERVOPACKs, such as specifications.

2.1	Ratings2-2
2.2	SERVOPACK Overload Protection Characteristics 2-6
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2.1

Ratings

Three-Phase, 200 VAC

Model SGD7S-			R70A	R90A	1R6A	2R8A	3R8A	5R5A	7R6A	120A	180A	200A	330A
Maximum Applicable Motor Capacity [kW]		0.05	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.75	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	5.0	
Continuous Output Current [Arms]			0.66	0.91	1.6	2.8	3.8	5.5	7.6	11.6	18.5	19.6	32.9
Instantaneous Maximum Output Current [Arms]		2.1	3.2	5.9	9.3	11	16.9	17	28	42	56	84	
	Power Sup	ply	200 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz/60 Hz										
Main Circuit	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation		-15% to +10%										
	Input Curre	nt [Arms]*	0.4	0.8	1.3	2.5	3.0	4.1	5.7	7.3	10	15	25
	Power Sup	ply				200 VA	C to 2	40 VAC	, 50 Hz	/60 Hz			<u> </u>
Con- trol	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation		-15% to +10%										
	Input Current [Arms]*		0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.25	0.25	0.3
Power S	Supply Capac	city [kVA]*	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.0	1.3	1.6	2.3	3.2	4.0	5.9	7.5
	Main Circuit Power Loss [W]		5.0	7.0	11.9	22.5	28.5	38.9	49.2	72.6	104.2	114.2	226.6
Power Loss*	Control Circuit Power Loss [W]		12	12	12	12	14	14	14	15	16	16	19
L088.	Built-in Regenerative Resistor Power Loss [W]		-	-	_	-	8	8	8	12	12	12	36
	Total Power Loss [W]		17.0	19.0	23.9	34.5	50.5	60.9	71.2	97.6	136.2	146.2	281.6
	Built-In Regener- ative Resistor	Resistance $[\Omega]$	_	_	_	_	40	40	40	20	12	12	8
Regenerative Resistor		Capacity [W]	_	_	_	_	40	40	40	60	60	60	180
	Minimum Allowable External Resistance [Ω]		40	40	40	40	40	40	40	20	12	12	8
Overvoltage Category													

^{*} This is the net value at the rated load.

	Model SGD7S-		470A	550A	590A	780A			
Maximum Applic	able Motor Capa	city [kW]	6.0	7.5	11	15			
Continuous Outp	out Current [Arms]		46.9	54.7	58.6	78.0			
Instantaneous M	laximum Output C	Current [Arms]	110	130	140	170			
	Power Supply		200 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz/60 Hz						
Main Circuit	Permitted Voltag	e Fluctuation	-15% to +10%						
	Input Current [A	rms]*1	29	37	54	73			
	Power Supply		200 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz/60 Hz						
Control	Permitted Voltag	e Fluctuation	-15% to +10%						
	Input Current [A	rms]*1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4			
Power Supply C	apacity [kVA]*1	10.7	14.6	21.7	29.6				
	Main Circuit Pov	ver Loss [W]	271.7	326.9	365.3	501.4			
	Control Circuit F	ower Loss [W]	21	21	28	28			
Power Loss*1	External Regene Unit Power Loss		180 ^{*2}	350 ^{*3}	350*³	350 ^{*3}			
	Total Power Los	s [W]	292.7	347.9	393.3	529.4			
	External	Resistance $[\Omega]$	6.25*2	3.13*3	3.13*3	3.13*3			
External Regenerative Resistor		Capacity [W]	880*2	1760*³	1760*³	1760*3			
Unit	Minimum Allowa Resistance $[\Omega]$	ble External	5.8	2.9	2.9	2.9			
Overvoltage Cate	egory		I	I					

^{*1.} This is the net value at the rated load.

Single-Phase, 200 VAC

	Model SGD7S-	R70A	R90A	1R6A	2R8A	5R5A	120A					
Maximum App	olicable Motor Capa	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5					
Continuous O	utput Current [Arms	[S]	0.66	0.91	1.6	2.8	5.5	11.6				
Instantaneous	Maximum Output	2.1	3.2	5.9	9.3	16.9	28					
	Power Supply	200 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz/60 Hz										
Main Circuit	Permitted Voltage	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation			-15% to +10%							
	Input Current [Arn	0.8	1.6	2.4	5.0	8.7	16					
	Power Supply	200 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz/60 Hz										
Control	Permitted Voltage	-15% to +10%										
	Input Current [Arn	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.25					
Power Supply Capacity [kVA]*				0.3	0.6	1.2	1.9	4.0				
	Main Circuit Powe	5.0	7.1	12.1	23.7	39.2	71.8					
	Control Circuit Po	12	12	12	12	14	16					
Power Loss*	Built-in Regenerat Power Loss [W]	-	-	_	_	8	12					
	Total Power Loss	ower Loss [W]		19.1	24.1	35.7	61.2	103.8				
	Built-In Regener-	Resistance $[\Omega]$	_	_	_	_	40	12				
Regenera-	ative Resistor	Capacity [W]	_	_	_	_	40	60				
tive Resistor	Minimum Allowab Resistance $[\Omega]$	40	40	40	40	40	12					
Overvoltage C	Category			ı	II							

 $[\]boldsymbol{\ast}$ This is the net value at the rated load.

st2. This value is for the optional JUSP-RA04-E Regenerative Resistor Unit.

^{*3.} This value is for the optional JUSP-RA05-E Regenerative Resistor Unit.

270 VDC

N	Model SGD7S-	R70A	R90A	1R6A	2R8A	3R8A	5R5A	7R6A	120A
Maximum Applicable	e Motor Capacity [kW]	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.75	1.0	1.5
Continuous Output	Current [Arms]	0.66	0.91	1.6	2.8	3.8	5.5	7.6	11.6
Instantaneous Maxir	mum Output Current [Arms]	2.1	3.2	5.9	9.3	11.0	16.9	17.0	28.0
	Power Supply			27	0 VDC to	o 324 V	DC		_
Main Circuit	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation				-15% to	+10%			_
	Input Current [Arms]*1	0.5	1.0	1.5	3.0	3.8	4.9	6.9	11
	Power Supply	270 VDC to 324 VDC							
Control	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation	-15% to +10%							
	Input Current [Arms]*1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2*2
Power Supply Capa	city [kVA]*1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1	1.4	1.6	2.3	3.2
	Main Circuit Power Loss [W]	4.4	5.9	9.8	17.5	23.0	30.7	38.7	55.8
Power Loss*1	Control Circuit Power Loss [W]	12	12	12	12	14	14	14	15
	Total Power Loss [W]	16.4	17.9	21.8	29.5	37.0	44.7	52.7	70.8
Overvoltage Category			III						

^{*1.} This is the net value at the rated load.

^{*2.} The value is 0.25 Arms for the SGD7S-120A00A008.

ı	Model SGD7S-	180A	200A	330A	470A	550A	590A	780A
Maximum Applicab	le Motor Capacity [kW]	2.0	3.0	5.0	6.0	7.5	11.0	15.0
Continuous Output	Current [Arms]	18.5	19.6	32.9	46.9	54.7	58.6	78.0
Instantaneous Max	imum Output Current [Arms]	42.0	56.0	84.0	110	130	140	170
	Power Supply			270 V	DC to 32	4 VDC		
Main Circuit	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation			-15	5% to +1	0%		
	Input Current [Arms]*	14	20	34	36	48	68	92
	Power Supply	270 VDC to 324 VDC						
Control	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation	-15% to +10%						
	Input Current [Arms]*	0.25	0.25	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Power Supply Capa	acity [kVA]*	4.0	5.9	7.5	10.7	14.6	21.7	29.6
	Main Circuit Power Loss [W]	82.7	83.5	146.2	211.6	255.3	243.6	343.4
Power Loss*	Control Circuit Power Loss [W]	16	16	19	21	21	28	28
	Total Power Loss [W]	98.7	99.5	165.2	232.6	276.3	271.6	371.4
Overvoltage Category		•	•	III	•			

^{*} This is the net value at the rated load.

Single-Phase, 100 VAC

	Model SGD7S-	R70F	R90F	2R1F	2R8F		
Maximum App	olicable Motor Capacity [kW]	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.4		
Continuous O	utput Current [Arms]	0.66	0.91	2.1	2.8		
Instantaneous	Maximum Output Current [Arms]	2.1	3.2	6.5	9.3		
	Power Supply	100	VAC to 120 V	/AC, 50 Hz/60	Hz		
Main Circuit	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation		-15% to	+10%			
	Input Current [Arms]*	1.5	2.5	5	10		
	Power Supply	100 VAC to 120 VAC, 50 Hz/60 Hz					
Control	Permitted Voltage Fluctuation	-15% to +10%					
	Input Current [Arms]*	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38		
Power Supply	Capacity [kVA]*	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.4		
	Main Circuit Power Loss [W]	5.3	7.8	14.2	26.2		
Power Loss*	Control Circuit Power Loss [W]	12	12	12	12		
	Total Power Loss [W]	17.3	19.8	26.2	38.2		
Regenerative Resistor Minimum Allowable Resistance $[\Omega]$		40	40	40	40		
Overvoltage C	ategory		II	I			

^{*} This is the net value at the rated load.

2.2

SERVOPACK Overload Protection Characteristics

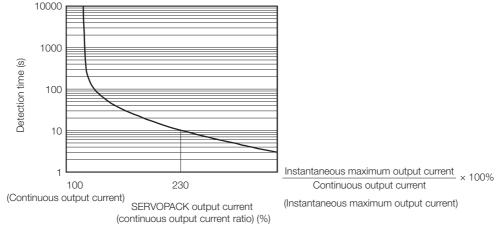
The overload detection level is set for hot start conditions with a SERVOPACK surrounding air temperature of 55°C.

An overload alarm (A.710 or A.720) will occur if overload operation that exceeds the overload protection characteristics shown in the following diagram (i.e., operation on the right side of the applicable line) is performed.

The actual overload detection level will be the detection level of the connected SERVOPACK or Servomotor that has the lower overload protection characteristics.

In most cases, that will be the overload protection characteristics of the Servomotor.

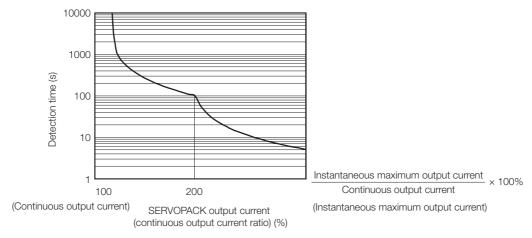
• SGD7S-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, and -2R8F



Note: The above overload protection characteristics do not mean that you can perform continuous duty operation with an output of 100% or higher.

For a Yaskawa-specified combination of SERVOPACK and Servomotor, maintain the effective torque within the continuous duty zone of the torque-motor speed characteristic of the Servomotor.

 SGD7S-3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A, -470A, -550A, -590A, and -780A



Note: The above overload protection characteristics do not mean that you can perform continuous duty operation with an output of 100% or higher.

For a Yaskawa-specified combination of SERVOPACK and Servomotor, maintain the effective torque within the continuous duty zone of the torque-motor speed characteristic of the Servomotor.

2.3 Specifications

The product specifications are given below.

	Item	Specification				
Control Met	hod		IGBT-based PWM control, sine wave current drive			
	With Rotary Servomotor	Serial en	Serial encoder: 20 bits or 24 bits (incremental encoder/ absolute encoder) 22 bits (absolute encoder)			
Feedback	With Linear Servomotor	the abs	 Absolute linear encoder (The signal resolution depends on the absolute linear encoder.) Incremental linear encoder (The signal resolution depends on the incremental linear encoder or Serial Converter Unit.) 			
	Surrounding Air Temperature*1	Refer to	55°C rating, usage is possible between 55°C and 60°C.) the following manual for derating specifications. Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse n References Product Manual (SIEP S800001 26)			
	Storage Temperature	-20°C to	85°C			
	Surrounding Air Humidity	90% relation)	tive humidity max. (with no freezing or condensa-			
	Storage Humidity	90% relation)	tive humidity max. (with no freezing or condensa-			
	Vibration Resistance	4.9 m/s ²				
Em duam	Shock Resistance	19.6 m/s	2			
Environ- mental		Degree	SERVOPACK Model: SGD7S-			
Conditions	Degree of Protection	IP20	R70A, R90A, 1R6A, 2R8A, 3R8A, 5R5A, 7R6A, 120A, R70F, R90F, 2R1F, 2R8F			
		IP10	120A00A008, 180A, 200A, 330A, 470A, 550A, 590A, 780A			
	Pollution Degree	 Must b 	 Must be no corrosive or flammable gases. Must be no exposure to water, oil, or chemicals. Must be no dust, salts, or iron dust. 			
	Altitude*1	1,000 m max.				
	Others	Location	se the SERVOPACK in the following locations: s subject to static electricity, noise, strong electromagnetic fields, or radioactivity			
Compliant S	Standards	€ Com	the following section for details. pliance with UL Standards, EU Directives, UK Regula- s, and Other Safety Standards on page xxviii			
Mounting		Base-mo				
	Speed Control Range		At the rated torque, the lower limit of the speed con- e must not cause the Servomotor to stop.)			
	Ocasii cata at O	±0.01% (of rated speed max. (for a load fluctuation of 0% to			
Perfor-	Coefficient of Speed Fluctuation*2	0% of rat	ted speed max. (for a load fluctuation of ±10%)			
mance	- Idoladion	±0.1% of 25°C ±25	rated speed max. (for a temperature fluctuation of 5°C)			
	Torque Control Precision (Repeatability)	±1%				
	Soft Start Time Setting	0 s to 10 decelerat	·			
			Continued on next page.			

	l# =			Constitued from previous page.
	Item			Specification
	Encoder Divided Pulse Output			Phase A, phase B, phase C: Line-driver output Number of divided output pulses: Any setting is allowed.
	Overheat P	rotection In	put	Number of input points: 1 Input voltage range: 0 V to +5 V
			Fixed Input Signals	Allowable voltage range: 5 VDC ±5% Number of input points: 1 (Input method: Sink inputs or source inputs) Input signal: SEN (Absolute Data Request) signal
				Number of input points: 1
				(Input method: Line driver or open collector)
				Input Signals • /DEC (Homing Deceleration Switch) signal • /RGRT (Registration Input) signal • CLR (Clear) signal
				Allowable voltage range: 24 VDC ±20% Number of input points: 7 (Input method: Sink inputs or source inputs)
I/O Signals	Sequence Input Signals	SERVO- PACKs	Input Signals for Which Alloca- tions Can Be Changed	Input method: Sink inputs or source inputs

				Continued from previous page.			
	Item			Specification			
			Fixed Output	Allowable voltage range: 5 VDC to 30 VDC Number of output points: 1 (Output method: A photocoupler output (isolated)) Output signal: ALM (Servo Alarm) signal			
	()LITOLIT			Allowable voltage range: 5 VDC to 30 VDC Number of output points: 6 (A photocoupler output (isolated) is used for three of the outputs.) (An open-collector output (non-isolated) is used for the other three outputs.)			
I/O Signals		Output Signals PACKs Output Signals That the Be	Output Signals That Can Be Allocated	Output Signals · /COIN (Positioning Completion) signal · /V-CMP (Speed Coincidence Detection) signal · /TGON (Rotation Detection) signal · /S-RDY (Servo Ready) signal · /CLT (Torque Limit Detection) signal · /VLT (Speed Limit Detection) signal · /WLT (Speed Limit Detection) signal · /BK (Brake) signal · /WARN (Warning) signal · /NEAR (Near) signal · /PSELA (Reference Pulse Input Multiplication Switching Output) signal · ALO1, ALO2, and ALO3 (Alarm Code) signals · /POUT0 (Programmable Output 0) signal · /POUT1 (Programmable Output 1) signal · /POUT2 (Programmable Output 2) signal · /POUT3 (Programmable Output 3) signal · /POUT4 (Programmable Output 4) signal · /POSRDY (Homing Completed Output) signal · /POSRDY (Homing Completed Output) signal · DEN (Position Reference Distribution Completed) signal A signal can be allocated and the positive and negative logic			
	RS-422A	Interfaces 1:N		can be changed. Digital Operator (JUSP-OP05A-1-E)			
Camana uni	Communi- cations (CN3)	Communi Axis Addr		Up to N = 15 stations possible for RS-422A port			
Communi- cations		Setting		Set with parameters.			
	USB Communi-	Interface		Personal computer (with SigmaWin+)			
	cations (CN7)	Communi Standard	cations	Conforms to USB2.0 standard (12 Mbps).			
Displays/Indi	cators			CHARGE indicator and five-digit seven-segment display			
Panel Operat	tor			Four push switches			
Operating Methods	Program Ta	ble		 Program table positioning in which steps are executed in sequence with commands from contact inputs Positioning by specifying station numbers with commands from contact inputs 			
Wicthods		Maximum of Steps	Number	256 steps (Up to 32 steps can be selected with input signals.)			
•	Other Func	tions		Registration (positioning with external signals) and homing			
Analog Monitor (CN5)				Number of points: 2 Output voltage range: ±10 VDC (effective linearity range: ±8 V) Resolution: 16 bits Accuracy: ±20 mV (Typ)			
				Maximum output current: ±10 mA Settling time (±1%): 1.2 ms (Typ) Continued on next page			

		Item		Specification		
Dynamic Brako (DR)				Activated when a servo alarm or overtravel (OT) occurs, or when the power supply to the main circuit or servo is OFF.		
Reg	Regenerative Processing			Built-in (An external resistor must be connected to the SGD7S-470A to -780A.) Refer to the following catalog for details. Σ-7-Series AC Servo Drive Peripheral Device Selection Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 32)		
Ove	ertravel (C	OT) Prevention		Stopping with dynamic brake, deceleration to a stop, or coasting to a stop for the P-OT (Forward Drive Prohibit) or N-OT (Reverse Drive Prohibit) signal		
Pro	tective Fu	unctions		Overcurrent, overvoltage, low voltage, overload, regeneration error, etc.		
Utili	Utility Functions			Gain adjustment, alarm history, jog operation, origin search, etc.		
-	Safety Functions Output			/HWBB1 and /HWBB2: Base block signals for Power Modules		
				EDM1: Monitors the status of built-in safety circuit (fixed output).		
		Compliant Standards*	·3	ISO13849-1 PLe (Category 3) and IEC61508 SIL3		
App	olicable C	ption Modules		Fully-closed Modules and Safety Modules Note: You cannot use a Fully-closed Module and a Safety Module together.		
		Soft Start Time Setting	9	0 s to 10 s (Can be set separately for acceleration and deceleration.)		
			Refer- ence Voltage	 Maximum input voltage: ±12 V (forward motor rotation for positive reference). 6 VDC at rated speed (default setting). Input gain setting can be changed. 		
		Input Signal	Input Imped- ance	Approx. 14 kΩ		
Controls	Speed Con- trol		Circuit Time Con- stant	30 μs		
		Internal Set Speed Control	Rota- tion Direc- tion Selec- tion	With Proportional Control signal		
			Speed Selec- tion	With Forward/Reverse External Torque Limit signals (speed 1 to 3 selection). Servomotor stops or another control method is used when both signals are OFF.		

Item					Specification
		Feedforward Compensation			0% to 100%
		Output Sigr pleted Widt		ing Com-	0 to 1,073,741,824 reference units
				Refer- ence Pulse Form	One of the following is selected: Sign + pulse train, CW + CCW pulse trains, and two-phase pulse trains with 90° phase differential
	Desi			Input Form	Line driver or open collector
Sontrols	Position Control	Input Sig- nals	Reference pulses	Two-phase pulse trains with 90° phase differential: open Collector Fre- quency Two-phase pulse trains with 90° phase differential: open Collector Sign + pulse train or CW + CCW pulse trains: 200 Two-phase pulse trains with 90° phase differential:	Sign + pulse train or CW + CCW pulse trains: 4 Mpps Two-phase pulse trains with 90° phase differential: 1 Mpps
S				Input Multiplica- tion Switching	1 to 100 times
			Clear Sigr	nal	Position deviation clear Line driver or open collector
	Torquo		Reference Voltage Dut Signal Input Impedance		 Maximum input voltage: ±12 V (forward torque output for positive reference). 3 VDC at rated torque (default setting). Input gain setting can be changed.
Co	Con- trol	1 0			Approx. 14 k Ω
				Circuit Time Constant	16 μs

^{*1.} If you combine a Σ -7-Series SERVOPACK with a Σ -V-Series Option Module, the following Σ -V-Series SERVOPACKs specifications must be used: a surrounding air temperature of 0°C to 55°C and an altitude of 1,000 m max. Also, the applicable surrounding range cannot be increased by derating.

Coefficient of speed fluctuation = $\frac{\text{No-load motor speed - Total-load motor speed}}{\text{Rated motor speed}} \times 100\%$

^{*2.} The coefficient of speed fluctuation for load fluctuation is defined as follows:

^{*3.} Always perform risk assessment for the system and confirm that the safety requirements are met.

Wiring and Connecting SERVOPACKs

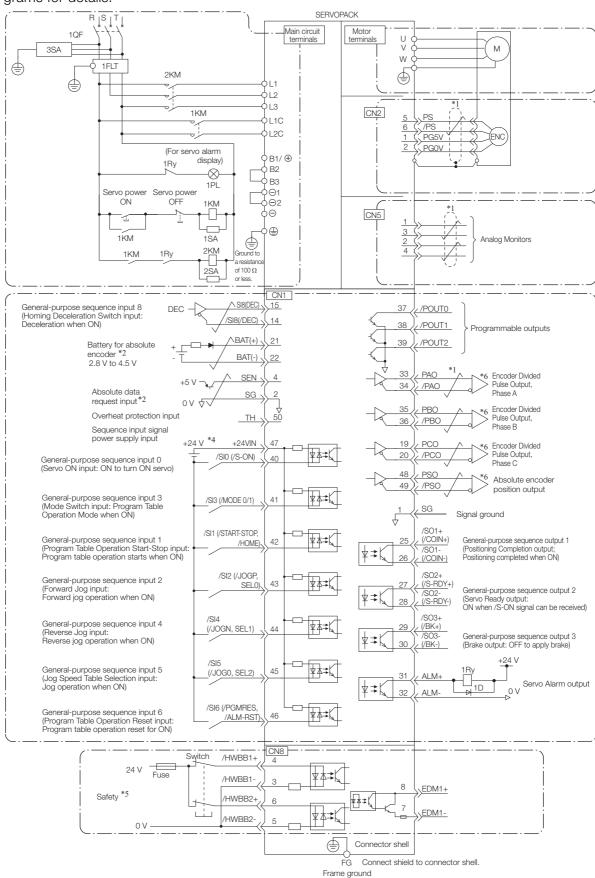
3

This chapter provides information on wiring and connecting SERVOPACKs to power supplies and peripheral devices.

3.1	Basic	Wiring Diagrams3-2
	1/0 0	
3.2	1/O S	ignal Connections3-4
	3.2.1	I/O Signal Connector (CN1) Names and Functions
	3.2.2	I/O Signal Connector (CN1) Pin Arrangement 3-7
	3.2.3	I/O Circuits

3.1 Basic Wiring Diagrams

This section provide the basic wiring diagrams. Refer to the reference sections given in the diagrams for details.



- *1. represents twisted-pair wires.
 *2. Connect these when using an absolute encoder. If the Encoder Cable with a Battery Case is connected, do not connect a backup battery.
- *3. You can enable this function with a parameter setting.
- *4. The 24-VDC power supply is not provided by Yaskawa. Use a 24-VDC power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation.
- *5. Refer to the following manual if you use a safety function device.
 - Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)

If you do not use the safety function, insert the Safety Jumper Connector (provided as an accessory) into CN8 when you use the SERVOPACK.

- *6. Always use line receivers to receive the output signals.
- Note: 1. If you use a 24-V brake, install a separate power supply for the 24-VDC power supply from other power supplies, such as the one for the I/O signals of the CN1 connector. If the power supply is shared, the I/O signals may malfunction.
 - 2. Default settings are given in parentheses.

3.2

I/O Signal Connections

3.2.1 I/O Signal Connector (CN1) Names and Functions

The following table gives the pin numbers, names, and functions of the I/O signal pins for the default settings.

Input Signals

Default settings are given in parentheses.

Control Method	Signal	Pin No.	Name	Function	Reference Page
	/SI0* (/S-ON)	40	General-purpose Sequence Input 0 (Servo ON Input)	You can allocate the input signal to use with a parameter. Controls turning the Servomotor ON and OFF (supplying/not supplying power).	page 6-3
	/SI3* (MODE 0/ 1)	41	General-purpose Sequence Input 3 (Mode Switch Input)	You can allocate the input signal to use with a parameter. Switches between mode 0 and mode 1. ON: Program Table Operation Mode is entered (mode 0). OFF: Jog Speed Table Operation or Homing Mode is entered (mode 1).	page 6-3
	/SI1* (/START- STOP, /HOME)	42	General-purpose Sequence Input 1 (Program Table Operation Start- Stop Input or Homing Input)	You can allocate the input signal to use with a parameter. Mode 0: When the signal turns ON, program table operation starts or restarts. Refer to /SEL0 to /SEL4 when starting. When this signal turns OFF, the program table operation is stopped. Mode 1: When the signal turns ON, homing is started or restarted. When the signal turns OFF, homing is canceled.	page 6-3
Any Control Method	/SI2* (/JOGP, SEL0)	43	General-purpose Sequence Input 2 (Forward Jog Input or Program- Specified Area 1 Input)	You can allocate the input signal to use with a parameter. Mode 0: Program table selection 0 Mode 1: Forward jog operation starts when the input signal turns ON. (Jog operation stops when the signal turns OFF.)	
	/SI5* (/JOG0, /SEL2)	45	General-purpose Sequence Input 5 (Jog Speed Table Selection Input or Program-Speci- fied Area 3 Input)	You can allocate the input signal to use with a parameter. Mode 0: Program table selection 2 Mode 1: Jog operation is started when the input signal turns ON.	
	/SI6* (/PGM- RES, /ALM-RST)	46	General-purpose Sequence Input 6 (Program Table Operation Reset Input or Alarm Clear Input)	You can allocate the input signal to use with a parameter. Mode 0: If this signal turns ON while a program table operation is stopped, the program table operation will be reset. Mode 0 or mode 1: An alarm is reset. (There are a limited number of general-purpose input signals, so this signal is used for two functions. Both /ALM-RST and /PGM-RES are used to reset errors.)	page 6-3
	/SI4* (/JOGN, SEL1)	44	General-purpose Sequence Input 4 (Reverse Jog Input or Program- Specified Area 2 Input)	You can allocate the input signal to use with a parameter. Mode 0: Program table selection 1 Mode 1: Reverse jog operation is performed. (Jog operation stops when the signal turns OFF.)	page 6-3

3.2.1 I/O Signal Connector (CN1) Names and Functions

Continued from previous page.

Control Method	Signal	Pin No.	Name	Function	Reference Page
Control Method	+24VIN	47	Sequence Input Signal Power Supply Input	Inputs the sequence input signal power supply. Allowable voltage range: 24 VDC ±20% The 24-VDC power supply is not provided by Yaskawa.	-
	SEN	4 (2)	Absolute Data Request Input (SEN)	Inputs the overheat protection signal from a Linear Servomotor.	-
	BAT+	21	Battery for absolute encoder (+)	These are the pins to connect the absolute encoder backup battery.	
	BAT-	22	Battery for absolute encoder (-)	Do not connect these pins if you use the Encoder Cable with a Battery Case.	
	TH	50	Overheat Protection Input	Inputs the overheat protection signal from a Linear Servomotor.	_
Speed Control	V-REF	5 (6)	Speed Reference Input	Inputs the speed reference. Maximum input voltage: ±12 V	_
	PULS /PULS	7 8	Pulse Reference Input	One of the following input pulse forms is set. • Sign + pulse train	
Position	SIGN /SIGN	11 12	Sign of Reference Input	CW + CCW pulse trains 90° phase-differential pulses	_
Control	SI8(DEC) /SI8(/DEC)	15 14	General-purpose Sequence Input 8 (Homing Deceleration Switch Input)	You can allocate the input signal to use with a parameter. The homing speed is changed to the approach speed or creep speed.	page 6-6
Torque Control	T-REF	9 (10)	Torque Reference Input	Inputs the torque reference. Maximum input voltage: ±12 V	_

^{*} You can change the allocations. Refer to the following section for details.

Note: 1. Pin numbers in parentheses () indicate signal grounds.

^{6.2.1} Input Signal Allocations on page 6-3

^{2.} If forward drive prohibition or reverse drive prohibition is used, the SERVOPACK is stopped by software controls. If the application does not satisfy the safety requirements, add external safety circuits as required.

3.2.1 I/O Signal Connector (CN1) Names and Functions

Output Signals

Default settings are given in parentheses.

Control Method	Signal	Pin No.	Name	Function	Reference Page	
	ALM+	31	Servo Alarm	Turns OFF (opens) when an error is detected.	_	
	ALM-	32	Output			
	/SO2+* (/S-RDY+)	27	General-pur- pose Sequence Output 2	You can allocate the output signal to use with a parameter. Turns ON (closes) when the SERVO-	page 6-6	
	/SO2-* (/S-RDY-)	28	(Servo Ready Output)	PACK is ready to acknowledge the /S-ON (Servo ON) signal.	page 0-0	
	/SO3+* (/BK)	29	General-pur- pose Sequence	You can allocate the output signal to use with a parameter.	page 6-6	
	/SO3-* (/BK)	30	Output 3 (Brake Output)	Activates the brake.	page 0-0	
	PAO	33	Encoder Divided			
	/PAO	34	Pulse Output, Phase A	Output the encoder divided pulse output		
Any	PBO	35	Encoder Divided	signals with a 90° phase differential.		
Control Method	/PBO	36	Pulse Output, Phase B			
Method	PCO	19	Encoder Divided		_	
	/PCO	20	Pulse Output, Phase C	Output the encoder origin signal.		
	PSO	48	Absolute	Outputs the position data of the absolute		
	/PSO	49	Encoder Position Output	encoder.		
	ALO1* (/POUT0)	37 (1)		You can allocate the output signals to use with parameters. Output the programmed signals.		
	ALO2* (/POUT1)	38 (1)	Programmable Outputs		page 6-6	
	ALO3* (/POUT2)	39 (1)				
	FG	Shell	Frame ground	Connected to the frame ground if the shield of the I/O Signal Cable is connected to the connector shell.	_	
	/SO1+* (/COIN+)	25	General-pur- pose Sequence	You can allocate the output signals to use with parameters.		
Position	/SO1-* (/COIN-)	26	Output 1 (Positioning Completion Output)	Turns ON (closes) if the position deviation reaches the set value when position control is selected.	page 6-6	
Control	PL1	3	Open-Collector			
	PL2	13	Power Supply Output for Refer-	Outputs the open-collector power supply for reference pulses.	_	
	PL3	18	ence Pulses	Torrerence puises.		
-	-	16 17 23 24 48 49 50	_	Do not use these terminals.	_	

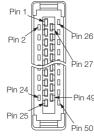
^{*} You can change the allocations. Refer to the following section for details. $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \& & 6.2.2 \ Output \ Signal \ Allocations \ on page \ 6-6 \end{tabular}$

Note: Pin numbers in parentheses () indicate signal grounds.

3.2.2 I/O Signal Connector (CN1) Pin Arrangement

The following figure gives the pin arrangement of the of the I/O signal connector (CN1) for the default settings.

	2	SG	Signal	1	SG	Signal Ground	27	/SO2+	General- purpose	26	/SO1- (/COIN-)	General- purpose Sequence
	4	SEN	Absolute Data Request Input	3	PL1	Open-Collector Power Supply Output for Reference Pulses	29	/SO3+ (/BK+)	Sequence Output 2 General- purpose Sequence	28	/SO2- (/S-RDY-)	Output 1 General- purpose Sequence Output 2
	6	SG	(SEN) Signal Ground	5	V-REF	Speed Reference Input	31	ALM+	Output 3 Servo Alarm Output	30	/SO3- (/BK-)	General- purpose Sequence Output 3
	8	8 /PULS 10 SG	Pulse Reference Input Signal Ground Sign of Reference Input	7	PULS	Pulse Reference Input	33	PAO	Encoder Divided Pulse	32	ALM-	Servo Alarm Output
	10			9	T-REF	Torque Reference Input	35	PBO	Output, Phase A Encoder Divided Pulse	34	/PAO	Encoder Divided Pulse Output, Phase A
26				11	SIGN	Sign of Refer-			Output, Phase B	36	/PBO	Encoder Divided Pulse
27 49	12	/SIGN				ence Input Open-Collec-	37	/POUT0	Program- mable Output			Output, Phase B
50 , , , , , , , , , ,	14	/SI8 (/DEC)	General- purpose Sequence Input 8	13	PL2	tor Power Supply Out- put for Refer- ence Pulses	39	/POUT2	Program- mable Output	38	/POUT1	Program- mable Output
	16	-	-	15	SI8 (DEC)	General-pur- pose Sequence Input 8	41	/SI3 (MODE0/1)	General- purpose Sequence Input 3	40	/SI0 (/S-ON)	General- purpose Sequence Input 0
		PL3	Open- Collector Power Supply	17	_	-	43	/SI2	General- purpose	42	/SI1 (/START- STOP)	General- purpose Sequence Input 1
	18	FLO	Output for Refer- ence Pulses	19	PCO	Encoder Divided Pulse Output, Phase C	43	(/JOGP)	Sequence Input 2	44	/SI4 (/JOGN)	General- purpose Sequence Input 4
	20	/PCO	Encoder Divided Pulse Output, Phase C	21	BAT+	Battery for Absolute Encoder (+)	45	/SI5 (/JOG0)	General- purpose Sequence Input 5	46	/SI6 (/PGM- RES)	General- purpose Sequence Input 6
	22	BAT-	Battery for Abso- lute Encoder (-)	23	-	-	47	+24VIN	Sequence Input Sig- nal Power Supply Input	48	PSO	Absolute Encoder Position Output
	24	-	-	25	/SO1+ (/COIN+)	General-pur- pose Sequence Output 1	49	/PSO	Absolute Encoder Position Output	50	TH	Overheat Protec- tion Input



The above view is from the direction of the following arrow without the connector shell attached.



3.2.3 I/O Circuits

Sequence Input Circuits

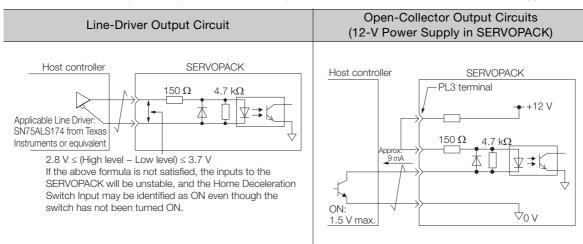
This section describes CN1 connector terminals 15-14 (Homing Deceleration Switch Input).



The wiring specifications for CN1 connector terminals 15-14 and 40 to 47 are different. Wire the terminals according to the information described in this section (Sequence Input Circuits).

The SERVOPACK may fail if the terminals are wired incorrectly.

The output circuit for the Homing Deceleration Switch signal from the host controller can be either line-driver output or open-collector output. These are shown below for each type.



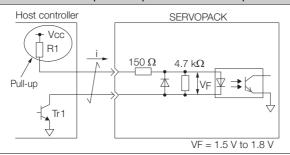


Precaution When Host Controller Uses Open-Collector Output with User-Supplied Power Supply

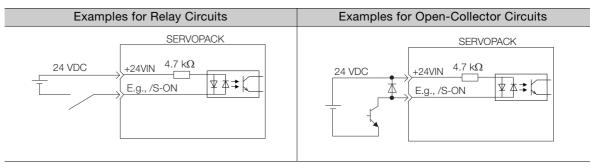
The SERVOPACK may fail depending on the relationship between the pull-up voltage (Vcc) and the pull-up resistance (R1). Before you wire the circuits, confirm that the specifications of the host controller satisfy the values shown in the following table.

Pull-Up Voltage (Vcc)	Pull-Up Resistance (R1)	Output Current (i)
24 V	1.8 k Ω to 2.7 k Ω	
12 V max.	820 Ω to 1.5 k Ω	20 mA max.
5 V max.	180 Ω to 470 Ω	

Circuit Example for Open-Collector Outputs

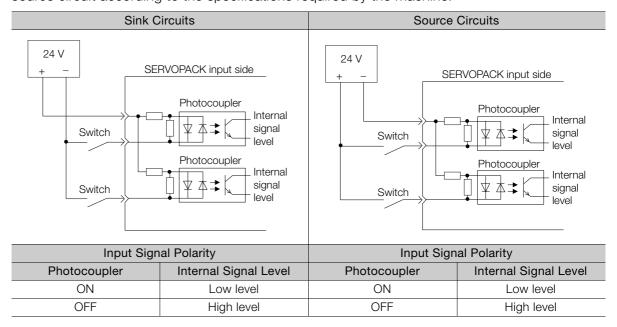


This section describes CN1 connector terminals 40 to 47. The circuits are connected through relay or open-collector transistor circuits. If you connect through a relay, use a low-current relay, If you do not use a low-current relay, a faulty contact may result.



Note: The 24-VDC external power supply capacity must be 50 mA minimum.

The SERVOPACK input circuits use bidirectional photocouplers. Select either a sink circuit or source circuit according to the specifications required by the machine.



Sequence Output Circuits

Refer to the following manual for details on sequence circuit outputs.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)

3.2.3 I/O Circuits

Trial Operation

This chapter gives the flow and operating procedures for trial operation.

4.1 Trial Operation Example4-2

4.1 Trial Operation Example

A trial operation example for digital I/O is given below.

Refer to the following chapter for information on operation with digital I/O.

Chapter 7 Operation with Digital I/O

Confirm that the wiring is correct, and then connect the I/O signal connector (CN1 connector).

Refer to the following chapter for details on wiring.

Chapter 3 Wiring and Connecting SERVOPACKs

2. Turn ON the power supplies to the SERVOPACK.

If power is being supplied correctly, the CHARGE indicator on the SERVOPACK will light.

3. Set the following items, which are necessary for trial operation.

Program Table Operation

Setting	Reference					
Electronic Gear	~ · · · · · · · · · ·					
Motor Direction	Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)					
Overtravel						

4. Input the /S-ON (Servo ON) signal.

The servo will turn ON.

5. Operate the Servomotor at low speed.

Program Table Operation

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+10000	1000	-	1000	:	:	::::::	IT0	1	END

6. While operation is in progress for step 5, confirm the following items.

Confirmation Item	Reference
Confirm that the rotational direction of the Servomotor agrees with the forward or reverse reference. If they do not agree, correct the rotation direction of the Servomotor.	Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)
Confirm that no abnormal vibration, noise, or temperature rise occurs. If any abnormalities are found, implement corrections.	8.3 Troubleshooting Based on the Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor on page 8-53

Note: If the load machine is not sufficiently broken in before trial operation, the Servomotor may become overloaded. This chapter provides information on monitoring SERVO-PACK product information and SERVOPACK status.

5.1	Monitoring SERVOPACK Status5-						
	5.1.1 5.1.2	Monitoring Operation, Status, and I/O5-2 I/O Signals Status Monitor5-4					
5.2	Monito	ring Machine Operation Status and Signal Waveforms 5-6					

5.1.1 Monitoring Operation, Status, and I/O

Monitoring SERVOPACK Status

Monitoring Operation, Status, and I/O 5.1.1

Monitor Items

The items that you can monitor on the Operation Pane, Status Pane, and I/O Pane are listed below.

Operation Pane

· Error Monitor

- Position Reference Current Position
- Motor Current Position
- Positioning Target Position
- · Positioning Distance
- Registration Target Position
- Registration Distance
- Program Step
- Elapsed Event Time
- Loop Execution Elapsed Time
- Motor Speed
- Speed Reference
- Internal Torque Reference
- Angle of Rotation 1
 - (number of encoder pulses from encoder phase C)
- Angle of Rotation 2 (electrical angle from polarity origin)

Monitor Items

- Input Reference Pulse Speed
- Deviation Counter (Position Deviation)
- · Cumulative Load
- · Regenerative Load
- Power Consumption
- · Consumed Power
- Cumulative Power Consumption
- DB Resistor Consumption Power
- Absolute Encoder Multiturn Data
- · Absolute Encoder Position within One Rotation
- Absolute Encoder (Lower)
- Absolute Encoder (Upper)
- Reference Pulse Counter
- Feedback Pulse Counter
- Fully Closed Feedback Pulse Counter
- · Total Operating Time

Status Pane

Monitor Items

- · Main Circuit
- Encoder (PGRDY)
- Motor Power (Request)
- Motor Power ON
- Dynamic Brake (DB)
- Rotation (Movement) Direction
- Mode Switch
- Speed Reference (V-Ref)
- Torque Reference (T-Ref)
- · Position Reference (PULS)
- Position Reference Direction
- Surge Current Limiting Resistor Short Relay

- · Regenerative Transistor
- Regenerative Error Detection
- AC Power ON
- Overcurrent
- · Origin Not Passed
- NEAR Status
- DEN Status
- Positioning Stopped or Program Stopped
- Program Operating Status
- · Current Limit Status
- · Main Power Supply Status

I/O Pane

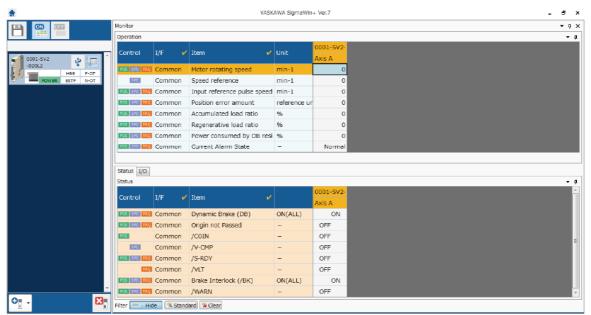
Monitor Items • ALM (Servo Alarm Output Signal) • /S-ON (Servo ON Input Signal) P-OT (Forward Drive Prohibit Input Signal) /S-RDY (Servo Ready Output Signal) • N-OT (Reverse Drive Prohibit Input Signal) • /BK (Brake Output Signal) • /ALM-RST (Alarm Reset Input Signal) /WARN (Warning Output Signal) • CLR (Clear Input Signal) • PAO (Encoder Divided Pulse Output Phase A Sig-• /DEC (Homing Deceleration Switch Input Sig-• PBO (Encoder Divided Pulse Output Phase B Sig- /RGRT (Registration Input Signal) nal) /MODE 0/1 (Mode Switch Input Signal) PCO (Encoder Divided Pulse Output Phase C Sig-• /START-STOP (Program Table Operation Start-Status nal) Stop Input Signal) • ALO1, ALO2, and ALO3 (Alarm Code Output Sig-• /PGMRES (Program Table Operation Reset nals) Input Signal) /COIN (Positioning Completion Output Signal) /SEL0 (Program Step Selection Input 0 Signal) /POUT0 (Programmable Output 0 Signal) • /SEL1 (Program Step Selection Input 1 Signal) /POUT1 (Programmable Output 1 Signal) /SEL2 (Program Step Selection Input 2 Signal) /POUT2 (Programmable Output 2 Signal) • /SEL3 (Program Step Selection Input 3 Signal) • /POUT3 (Programmable Output 3 Signal) /SEL4 (Program Step Selection Input 4 Signal) /POUT4 (Programmable Output 4 Signal) /HOME (Homing Input Signal) /POSRDY (Homing Completed Output Signal) /JOGP (Forward Jog Input Signal) • DEN (Position Reference Distribution Completed /JOGN (Reverse Jog Input Signal) Signal) • /JOG0 (Jog Speed Table Selection Input 0 Sig-• /JOG1 (Jog Speed Table Selection Input 1 Sig-• /JOG2 (Jog Speed Table Selection Input 2 Sig-

Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to display the Operation Monitor, Status Monitor, and I/O Monitor for the SERVOPACK.

• Select **Monitor** in the SigmaWin+ Menu Dialog Box.

The Operation Pane, Status Pane, and I/O Pane will be displayed in the Monitor Window.



Information

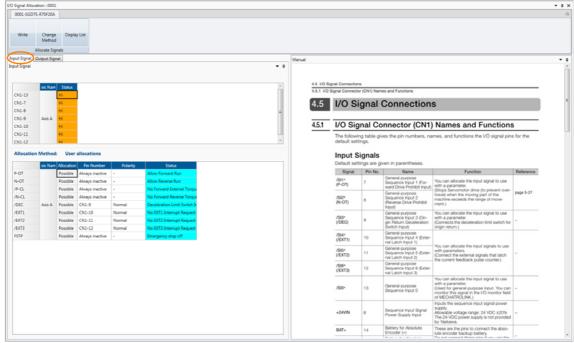
You can flexibly change the contents that are displayed in the Monitor Window. Refer to the following manual for details.

Engineering Tool SigmaWin+ Operation Manual (Manual No.: SIET S800001 34)

5.1.2 I/O Signals Status Monitor

Use the following procedure to check the status of the I/O signals.

- 1. Click the Servo Drive Button in the workspace of the Main Window of the SigmaWin+.
- **2.** Select I/O Signal Allocation in the Menu Dialog Box. The I/O Signal Allocation Window will be displayed.
- 3. Click the Input Signal Tab.



Check the status of the input signals.

4. Click the Output Signal Tab.



Check the status of the output signals.

Information

You can also use the above window to check wiring.

- Checking Input Signal Wiring
 Change the signal status at the host controller. If the input signal status on the window changes accordingly, then the wiring is correct.
- changes accordingly, then the wiring is correct.
 Checking Output Signal Wiring
 Click the Force Output Mode Button. This will force the output signal status to change. If the signal status at the host controller changes accordingly, then the wiring is correct. You cannot use the Force Output Mode Button while the servo is ON.

For details, refer to the following manual.

AC Servo Drive Engineering Tool SigmaWin+ Operation Manual (Manual No.: SIET S800001 34)

5.2

Monitoring Machine Operation Status and Signal Waveforms

To monitor waveforms, use the SigmaWin+ trace function or a measuring instrument, such as a memory recorder.

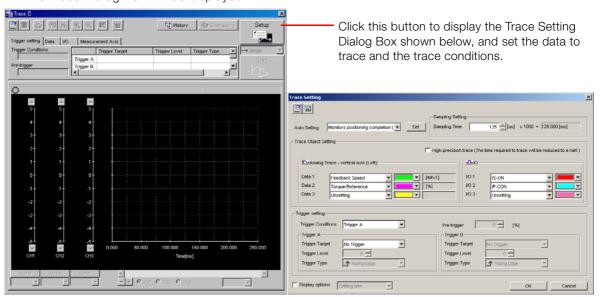
This section describes how to trace data and I/O with the SigmaWin+.

Refer to the following manual for detailed operating procedures for the SigmaWin+.

AC Servo Drives Engineering Tool SigmaWin+ Selection Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 34)

Operating Procedure

- 1. Select the Servo Drive's __ Button from the workspace of the Main Window of the SigmaWin+.
- **2.** Select Trace in the Menu Dialog Box. The Trace Dialog Box will be displayed.



Trace Objects

You can trace the following items.

· Data Tracing

Trace Objects Torque Reference Feedback Speed Reference Speed Position Reference Speed Position Error (Deviation) Position Amplifier Error (Deviation) Motor - Load Position Deviation Speed Feedforward Torque Feedforward Effective (Active) Gain Main Circuit DC Voltage External Encoder Speed Control Mode

• I/O Tracing

	Trace Objects					
Input Signals	 /S-ON (Servo ON Input Signal) /P-CON (Proportional Control Input Signal) P-OT (Forward Drive Prohibit Input Signal) N-OT (Reverse Drive Prohibit Input Signal) /ALM-RST (Alarm Reset Input Signal) /P-CL (Forward External Torque/Force Limit Input Signal) /N-CL (Reverse External Torque/Force Limit Input Signal) /SPD-D (Motor Direction Input Signal) /SPD-A (Internal Set Speed Selection Input Signal) /SPD-B (Internal Set Speed Selection Input Signal) /C-SEL (Control Selection Input Signal) /ZCLAMP (Zero Clamping Input Signal) /INHIBIT (Reference Pulse Inhibit Input Signal) /P-DET (Polarity Detection Input Signal) /FSTP (Forced Stop Input Signal) SEN (Absolute Data Request Input Signal) PULS (Pulse Reference Input Signal) SIGN (Sign Reference Input Signal) CLR (Position Deviation Clear Input Signal) /PSEL (Reference Pulse Input Multiplicanal) 	Output Signals	 ALM (Servo Alarm Output Signal) /COIN (Positioning Completion Output Signal) /V-CMP (Speed Coincidence Detection Output Signal) /TGON (Rotation Detection Output Signal) /S-RDY (Servo Ready Output Signal) /CLT (Torque Limit Detection Output Signal) /VLT (Speed Limit Detection Output Signal) /BK (Brake Output Signal) /WARN (Warning Output Signal) /MEAR (Near Output Signal) ALO1 (Alarm Code Output Signal) ALO2 (Alarm Code Output Signal) ALO3 (Alarm Code Output Signal) PAO (Encoder Divided Pulse Output Phase A Signal) PBO (Encoder Divided Pulse Output Phase B Signal) PCO (Encoder Divided Pulse Output Phase C Signal) /PSELA (Reference Pulse Input Multiplication Switching Output Signal) 			
	 */PSEL (Neference Pulse input Multiplication Input Signal) */HWBB1 (Hard Wire Base Block Input 1 Signal) */HWBB2 (Hard Wire Base Block Input 2 Signal) 	Internal Status	 ACON (Main Circuit ON Signal) PDETCMP (Polarity Detection Completed Signal) DEN (Position Reference Distribution Completed Signal) 			

Settings

This chapter describes settings that are made according to the machine.

6.1	Program Table Operation Setting6-2			
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6.1

Program Table Operation Setting

- Reference value is 0
- · Servomotor is stopped

$Pn000 = n.\square\square X\square$	Control Method	/MODE Signal	
n.□□0□	Switching between speed control and program table operation	 Speed control when the /Mode 0/1 signal is turned OFF (Mode 1). Program table operation when the /Mode 0/1 signal is turned ON (Mode 0). 	
n.□□1□ (default setting)	Switching between position control and program table operation	 Position control when the /Mode 0/1 signal is turned OFF (Mode 1). Program table operation when the /Mode 0/1 signal is turned ON (Mode 0). 	
n.□□2□	Switching between torque control and program table operation	 Torque control when the /Mode 0/1 signal is turned OFF (Mode 1). Program table operation when the /Mode 0/1 signal is turned ON (Mode 0). 	

Note: When the X in Pn000 = n.□□X□ (Control Method Selection) is set to 3 to B, the program table operation cannot be used.

6.2 I/O Signal Allocations

Functions are allocated to the pins on the I/O signal connector (CN1) in advance. You can change the allocations and the polarity for some of the connector pins. Function allocations and polarity settings are made with parameters.

This section describes the I/O signal allocations.

6.2.1 Input Signal Allocations

Changing Input Signal Allocations



- If you change the polarity of the /S-ON (SERVO ON Input) signal from the default setting, you will not be able to turn OFF the main circuit power supply to the Servomotor if signal lines break or other problems occur. If you change the polarity of this signal, verify operation and make sure that no safety problems will exist.
- If you allocate two or more signals to the same input circuit, a logical OR of the inputs will be used and all of the allocated signals will operate accordingly. This may result in unexpected operation.

◆ Input Signals That Can Be Allocated to CN1-40 to CN1-46

The input signals that you can allocate to the pins on the I/O signal connector (CN1) and the related parameters are given in the following table.

Input Signal	Input Signal Name	Parameter
/S-ON	Servo ON	Pn50A = n.□□X□
/P-CON	Proportional Control	Pn50A = n.□X□□
P-OT	Forward Drive Prohibit	Pn50A = n.X□□□
N-OT	Reverse Drive Prohibit	Pn50B = n.□□□X
/ARM-RST	Alarm Reset	Pn50B = n.□□X□
/P-CL	Forward External Torque Limit	Pn50B = n.□X□□
/N-CL	Reverse External Torque Limit	Pn50B = n.X□□□
/SPD-D	Motor Direction	Pn50C = n.□□□X
/SPD-A	Internal Set Speed Selection	Pn50C = n.□□X□
/SPD-B	Internal Set Speed Selection	Pn50C = n.□X□□
/C-SEL	Control Selection	Pn50C = n.X□□□
/ZCLAMP	Zero Camping	Pn50D = n.□□□X
/INHIBIT	Reference Pulse Inhibit	Pn50D = n.□□X□
/G-SEL	Gain Selection	Pn50D = n.□X□□
/P-DET	Polarity Detection	Pn50D = n.X□□□
SEN	Absolute Data Request	Pn515 = n.□□□X
/PSEL	Reference Pulse Input Multiplication Switch	Pn515 = n.□□X□
FSTP	Forced Stop	Pn516 = n.□□□X
/MODE 0/1	Mode Switch	Pn630 = n.□□□X
/START-STOP	Program Table Operation Start-Stop	Pn630 = n.□□X□
/HOME	Homing	Pn630 = n.□X□□
/PGMRES	Program Table Operation Reset	Pn630 = n.X□□□
/SEL0	Program Step Selection Input 0	Pn631 = n.□□□X
/SEL1	Program Step Selection Input 1	Pn631 = n.□□X□
/SEL2	Program Step Selection Input 2	Pn631 = n.□X□□
/SEL3	Program Step Selection Input 3	Pn631 = n.X□□□

Continued on next page.

6.2.1 Input Signal Allocations

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Input Signal	Input Signal Name	Parameter
/SEL4	Program Step Selection Input 4	Pn632 = n.□□□X
/JOGP	Forward Jog Input	Pn632 = n.□□X□
/JOGN	Reverse Jog Input	Pn632 = n.□X□□
/JOG0	Jog Speed Table Selection Input 0	Pn632 = n.X□□□
/JOG1	Jog Speed Table Selection Input 1	Pn633 = n.□□□X
/JOG2	Jog Speed Table Selection Input 2	Pn633 = n.□□X□

■ Relationship between Parameter Settings, Allocated Pins, and Polarities

The following table shows the relationship between the input signal parameter settings, the pins on the I/O signal connector (CN1), and polarities.

Parameter Setting	Pin No.	Description
0	40	
1	41	+24 V
2	42	
3	43	A reverse signal (a signal with "/" before the signal abbreviation, such as the /
4	44	S-ON signal) is active when the contacts are ON (closed).
5	45	A signal that does not have "/" before the signal abbreviation (such as the P-OT signal) is active when the contacts are OFF (open).
6	46	or signal, to do not whom the contacto and one (open,).
7	_	The input signal is not allocated to a connector pin and it is always active. If the signal is processed on a signal edge, then it is always inactive.
8	_	The input signal is not allocated to a connector pin and it is always inactive. Set the parameter to 8 if the signal is not used.
9	40	
А	41	+24 V
В	42	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
С	43	A reverse signal (a signal with "/" before the signal abbreviation, such as the /
D	44	S-ON signal) is active when the contacts are OFF (open).
Е	45	A signal that does not have "/" before the signal abbreviation (such as the P-OT signal) is active when the contacts are ON (closed).
F	46	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Note: Refer to the following section for details on input signal parameter settings.

9.2.2 List of Parameters on page 9-4

■ Example of Changing Input Signal Allocations

The following example shows reversing the P-OT (Forward Drive Prohibit) signal allocated to CN1-42 and the /P-CL (External Torque Limit) signal allocated to CN1-45.

Pn50A = n.2
$$\square$$
0 Pn50B = n. \square 5 \square 0 Before change
$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$
 Pn50A = n.5 \square 1 Pn50B = n. \square 2 \square 0 After change

Refer to the following manual for the parameter setting procedure.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)

Settings

◆ Input Signals That Can Be Allocated to CN1-14 and CN1-15

Input Signal	Input Signal Name	Parameter Setting
CLR	Clear	Pn634 = n.□□□1
/DEC	Homing Deceleration Switch	Pn634 = n.□□□2
/RGRT	Registration	Pn634 = n.□□□3

■ Relationship between Parameter Settings, Pin Numbers, and Polarity

The polarity of the signals that you allocate to CN1-14 and CN1-15 are set in separate parameters. You can set the signal polarity in Pn634 = $n.\Box\Box X\Box$ (SI8 Signal Selection Logic).

i	Parameter Setting	Pin No.	Description
	0	14, 15	A reverse signal (a signal with "/" before the signal abbreviation, such as the /DEC signal) is active when the contacts are ON (closed).
	1	14, 15	A reverse signal (a signal with "/" before the signal abbreviation, such as the /DEC signal) is active when the contacts are OFF (open).

Note: Refer to the following section for details on input signal parameter settings.

9.2.2 List of Parameters on page 9-4

■ Example of Changing Input Signal Allocation for CN1-14 and CN1-15

The following example shows how to change the allocation of the Return Deceleration Switch signal (/DEC) to CN1-14 and CN1-15 to allocate the Registration Input (/RGRT) instead.

Before Change: Pn634 = n.□□□2

 \downarrow

After Change: Pn634 = n.□□□3



The wiring specifications for CN1 connector terminals 15-14 and 40 to 47 are different. Refer to the following section for information on the wiring the terminals.

3.2.3 I/O Circuits on page 3-8

The SERVOPACK may fail if the terminals are wired incorrectly.

Confirming the Allocation Status of Input Signals

You can confirm the allocation status of input signals with the I/O Signal Allocations Window of the SigmaWin+. Refer to the following section for details.

5.1.2 I/O Signals Status Monitor on page 5-4

Operations When an Alarm Occurs While the Servo Is ON

- If an alarm occurs when the servo is ON, the servo is turned OFF. After the servo is turned OFF, the servo will not be turned back ON automatically even after resetting the alarm.
- To turn the servo back ON, first turn OFF the /S-ON (Servo ON) signal and then turn it ON again.
- To turn the servo back ON after an alarm occurs while the /S-ON (Servo ON) signal is kept always active by setting parameter Pn50A=n.□□7□, turn the power supply to the SERVO-PACK OFF and ON again.

6.2.2 Output Signal Allocations

You can allocate the desired output signals to pins 25 to 30 and 37 to 39 on the I/O signal connector (CN1). You set the allocations in the following parameters: Pn50E, Pn50F, Pn510, Pn512, Pn513, Pn514, Pn517, Pn635, and Pn636.



- The signals that are not detected are considered to be OFF. For example, the /COIN (Positioning Completion) signal is considered to be OFF during speed control.
- Reversing the polarity of the /BK (Brake) signal, i.e., changing it to positive logic, will prevent the holding brake from operating if its signal line is disconnected. If you must change the polarity of this signal, verify operation and make sure that no safety problems will exist.
- If you allocate two or more signals to the same output circuit, a logical OR of the outputs will be used and all of the allocated signals will operate accordingly. This may result in unexpected operation.

The following table shows the relationship between the parameters and the output signals that can be allocated to the pins on the I/O signal connector (CN1).

Output Signals	Output Signal Name	Parameter
/COIN	Positioning Completion	Pn50E = n.□□□X
/V-CMP	Speed Coincidence Detection	Pn50E = n.□□X□
/TGON	Rotation Detection	Pn50E = n.□X□□
/S-RDY	Servo Ready	Pn50E = n.X□□□
/CLT	Torque Limit Detection	$Pn50F = n.\Box\Box\Box X$
/VLT	Speed Limit Detection	$Pn50F = n.\square\square X\square$
/BK	Brake	$Pn50F = n.\square X \square \square$
/WARN	Warning	$Pn50F = n.X\square\square\square$
/NEAR	Near	Pn510 = n.□□□X
/PSELA	Reference Pulse Input Multiplication Switching Output	Pn510 = n.□X□□
/PM	Preventative Maintenance	Pn514 = n.□X□□
ALO1		Pn517 = n.□□□X
ALO2	Alarm Code Output	Pn517 = n.□□X□
ALO3		Pn517 = n.□X□□
/POUT0	Programmable Output 0	Pn635 = □□□X
/POUT1	Programmable Output 1	Pn635 = □□X□
/POUT2	Programmable Output 2	Pn635 = □X□□
/POUT3	Programmable Output 3	Pn635 = X□□□
/POUT4	Programmable Output 4	Pn636 = □□□X
/POSRDY	Homing Completion Output	Pn636 = □□X□
/DEN	Positioning Reference Distribution Output	Pn636 = □X□□

Relationship between Parameter Settings and Allocated Pin Numbers

The following table shows the relationship between the output signal parameter settings and the pin numbers on the I/O signal connector (CN1).

Parameter Setting	Pin No.	Description
0	_	Disable (signal output is not used)
1	25 or 26	Output the allocated signal from the CN1-25 or CN1-26 output terminal.
2	27 or 28	Output the allocated signal from the CN1-27 or CN1-28 output terminal.
3	29 or 30	Output the allocated signal from the CN1-29 or CN1-30 output terminal.
4	37	Output the allocated signal from the CN1-37 output terminal.
5	38	Output the allocated signal from the CN1-38 output terminal.
6	39	Output the allocated signal from the CN1-39 output terminal.

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◆ Output Signal Polarity Switching

The polarity of output signals is switched using Pn512 and Pn513.

Parameter				
Parameter No.		Setting Value	Pin No.	Description
	n.□□□X	0	25 or 26	The signal is not inverted.
		1	23 01 20	The signal is inverted.
	n.□□X□	0	27 or 28	The signal is not inverted.
Pn512	11.00	1	21 01 20	The signal is inverted.
P11012	n. □ X □ □	0	29 or 30	The signal is not inverted.
		1		The signal is inverted.
	n.XDDD	0	37	The signal is not inverted.
		1		The signal is inverted.
	n.□□□X	0	38	The signal is not inverted.
Pn513		1		The signal is inverted.
	» ППVП	0	39	The signal is not inverted.
	n.□□X□	1	39	The signal is inverted.

Example of Changing Output Signal Allocations

The following example shows disabling the /COIN (Positioning Completion) signal allocated to CN1-25 and CN1-26 and allocating the /BK (Brake) signal.

$$Pn50E = n.\Box\Box\Box$$
 $Pn50F = n.\Box\Box\Box\Box$ Before change
 \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow $Pn50E = n.\Box\Box\Box\Box$ $Pn50F = n.\Box\Box\Box\Box$ After change

Refer to the following manual for the parameter setting procedure.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP \$800001 26)

Confirming the Allocation Status of Output Signals

You can confirm the allocation status of output signals with the I/O Signal Allocations Window of the SigmaWin+. Refer to the following section for details.

5.1.2 I/O Signals Status Monitor on page 5-4

6.3.1 When the Coordinates are the Linear Type

6.3

Moving Mode and Coordinate Settings

Use the following parameters to set the moving mode and the coordinates.

Parameter			Meaning			Whei Enable		Classifica- tion	
	n.□□□0 [default setting]	Sets	Sets coordinates to linear type.						
Pn637	n.□□□1		coordinates to rotary est path.	type. Moving mode	e is set as	After res	start	Setup	
	n.□□□2		coordinates to rotary s set as forward.	y type. Moving mod	e is				
	n.□□□3		coordinates to rotary s set as reverse.	y type. Moving mod	e is				
	Lincor Time	(Dn607	7	and Caffunara Limit /	D I C/				
				ard Software Limit (Point of Rotational (
Pn638	Setting Range		Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled (Cla	Classification	
	-536,870,911 to +536,870,911		Reference unit	+536,870,911	After re	estart		Setup	
	Linear Type (Pn637 = n.□□□0): Reverse Software Limit (N-LS) Rotary Type (Pn637 ≠ n.□□□0): Starting Point of the Rotational Coordinates								
Pn63A	Setting Range		Setting Unit	Default Setting	When E	nabled	Cla	ssification	
	-536,870,911 to +536,870,911		Reference unit	-536,870,911	After re	estart		Setup	
	Origin (Incremental Encoder) Absolute Encoder Offset (Absolute Encoder)								
Pn63C	Setting Ra	ange	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When E	nabled	Cla	ssification	
FN03C	-1,073,741 to +1,073,741	•	Reference unit	0	After r	estart		Setup	

6.3.1 When the Coordinates are the Linear Type

For a ball screw or other equipment with linear coordinates, set Pn637 to n. \$\square\$ (Moving Mode), set the forward software limit (P-LS) in Pn638, and set the reverse software limit (N-LS) in Pn63A.

One of the following errors will occur if the positioning target point exceeds a software limit: Moving Disabled Error due to P-LS (E4DE) or Moving Disabled Error due to N-LS (E4EE).

One of the following errors will also occur if $\pm INFINITE$ is specified for the target position (POS) in the program table: Moving Disabled Error due to P-LS (E4DE) or Moving Disabled Error due to N-LS (E4EE).

If the motor reaches a software limit during jog speed table operation, the motor will be stopped at the deceleration rate set in Pn640.

If you set both Pn638 and Pn63A to 0, the software limits are disabled.

The software limits are enabled when homing is completed.



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6.3.2 When the Coordinates are the Rotary Type

For a rotary table or other equipment with rotational coordinates, set Pn637 = n. \(\subseteq \subseteq X\) to 1 (shortest path), 2 (always forward), or 3 (always reverse). Set the last rotational coordinate in Pn638 (End Point of Rotational Coordinates) and the first rotational coordinate in Pn63A (Starting Point of Rotational Coordinates). Set Pn638 and Pn63A so that the origin is between them.

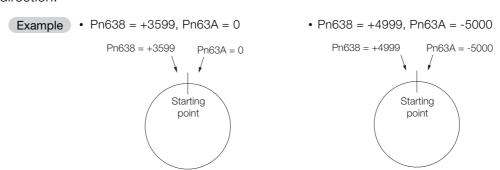
The software limit function will be disabled.

If $Pn637 = n.\Box\Box\Box\Box$ 1 (shortest path), the motor will rotate in the shortest direction (forward or reverse) when the target position is specified as an absolute position.

If $Pn637 = n.\Box\Box\Box\Box$ (forward), the motor will always rotate in the forward direction when the target position is specified as an absolute position.

If $Pn637 = n.\square\square\square\square 3$ (reverse), the motor will always rotate in the reverse direction when the target position is specified as an absolute position.

If the target position is specified as an relative position, the motor will rotate in the specified direction.



If a rotary table or other device with rotational coordinates is used, but multiturn operation is not possible, use linear coordinates (Pn637 = $n.\Box\Box\Box\Box$ 0). In this case, Pn638 and Pn63A are for software limits.



When using rotary type coordinates and an absolute encoder, set the multi-turn limit (Pn205). Refer to the following manual for information on the multiturn limit settings.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)

6.4.1 Motor Speed

6.4

Settings for References

6.4.1 Motor Speed

For program table operation, the positioning speed is registered in SPD and the registration speed is registered in RSPD. For jog speed table operation, the jog speed is registered in JSPD.

The speed is set in units of 1,000 reference units/min.

Example

The following calculation applies if the reference unit is 0.01 mm and the positioning speed is 15 m/min.

 $\frac{15,000 \text{ mm/min}}{0.01 \text{ mm}} = 1,500,000 \text{ reference units/min}$

Thus, the positioning speed setting is 1,500 [1,000 reference units/min].

6.4.2 Acceleration Rate and Deceleration Rate

For program table operation, the acceleration rate is set in ACC and the deceleration rate is set in DEC.

For jog speed table operation, the settings of the following Pn63E parameter (Acceleration Rate) and Pn640 parameter (Deceleration Rate) are used.

The acceleration and deceleration rates are set in units of 1,000 reference units/min/ms.

Pn63E	Acceleration Rate							
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification			
	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 (reference units/min)/ms	1,000	Immediately	Setup			

Pn640	Deceleration Rate							
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification			
	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 (reference units/min)/ms	1,000	Immediately	Setup			

Example

The following calculation applies if the reference unit is 0.01 mm and the acceleration time from 0 m/min to 15 m/min is 100 ms.

$$\frac{15,000 \text{ mm/min}}{0.01 \text{ mm}} = 1,500,000 \text{ reference units/min}$$

1,500,000 reference units/min
100 ms = 15,000 [(reference units/min)/ms]

Thus, the acceleration setting is 15 [1,000 reference units/min].



Set the acceleration and deceleration so that the values of the two settings do not differ greatly. If they differ greatly, the machine will not accelerate in accordance with the settings. For example, if Pn63E is set to 199,999,999 and Pn640 is set to 1, then the machine's performance will be unpredictable.

6.4.3 Smoothing

Smoothing allows you to apply a filter to the position reference to produce smoother Servomotor acceleration and deceleration.

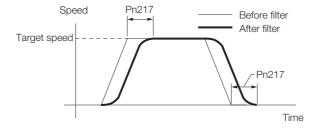
Note: Smoothing does not affect the travel distance.

The following parameters are related to smoothing.

Pn217	Average Position Reference Movement Time						
	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification		
111217	0 to 10,000	0.1 ms	0*	Immediately after the motor stops	Setup		

^{*} The filter is disabled if you set the parameter to 0.

Note: Change the setting only when the motor is stopped.



6.5.1 When Using an Absolute Encoder

6.5 Origin Settings

It is necessary to define a reference position to operate a device or machine. This is done with origin settings.

The origin settings depend on whether an absolute encoder or an incremental encoder is used.

6.5.1 When Using an Absolute Encoder

If you use an absolute encoder, it is not necessary to set the origin every time the power supply to the equipment is turned ON.

However, when you set up the equipment, you must set Pn63C to the offset between the origin of the absolute encoder and the position of the origin of the reference coordinate system (called the machine coordinate system).

When you start a system that uses an absolute encoder, you must initialize the absolute encoder and adjust the position of the machine origin. Then you must set the offset that defines the origin of the reference coordinates.

		Origin (Incremental Encoder) Absolute Encoder Offset (Absolute Encoder)						
F	n63C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification		
	-1073741823 to +1073741823	Reference unit	0	After restart	Setup			

Perform one of the following operations to set the offset.

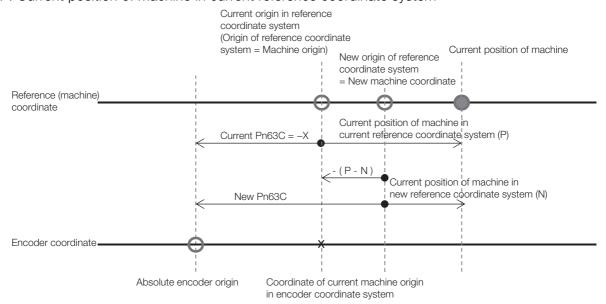
- Execute utility function Fn066.
- Calculate the value and set it in Pn63C.

The relationship between the origin of the absolute encoder and the machine origin coordinate system is shown in the following figure. Use the following formula to find the setting value of Pn63C (a new absolute encoder offset).

Pn63C = Current Pn63C + N - P

N: Current position of machine in new reference coordinate system If this position is to be defined as the origin, then normally N is 0.

P: Current position of machine in current reference coordinate system



When using the linear type coordinate ($Pn637 = n.\square\square\square\square$ 0), set the calculated value in Pn63C.

() ()

When using a rotary type coordinate (Pn637 \neq n. $\Box\Box\Box$ 0), set the results in Pn63C after performing the following calculations so that the following relationships are satisfied: Pn63A \leq Pn63C \leq Pn638.

- If the results is smaller than Pn63A (the starting point of the rotational coordinates), add the width of the coordinates (Pn638 Pn63A + 1).
- If the results is larger than Pn638 (the end point of the rotational coordinates), subtract the width of the coordinates (Pn638 Pn63A + 1).

Refer to the following manual for information on setting up an absolute encoder.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)



You must define the origin again if you change the settings of any of the following parameters: Pn20E, Pn210, Pn205, Pn637, or Pn63C. Always turn the power supply OFF and ON again before you set the origin to enable changes to these parameters.

6.5.2 When Using an Incremental Encoder

If you use an incremental encoder, you must set the origin every time the power supply to the equipment is turned ON.

Homing is used to define the machine origin. Refer to the following section for details on homing.

7.2 Homing on page 7-4

The setting of Pn63C is set as the current value when the power supply is turned ON or when homing is completed.

	Origin (Incremental Encoder) Absolute Encoder Offset (Absolute Encoder)						
Pn63C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification		
	-1073741823 to +1073741823	Reference unit	0	After restart	Setup		

WARNING

 If you are using an incremental encoder, always perform homing before you start program table operation. If you perform program table operation without performing homing, positions cannot be managed so correct positioning may not be possible.
 Unexpected machine operation, failure, or personal injury may occur. 6.5.2 When Using an Incremental Encoder

Operation with Digital I/O

7

This chapter provides detailed information on homing, positioning with a program table, registration, constant speed operation with a jog speed table, and ZONE outputs.

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7.1 Operation Functions

The following five operation functions are provided.

- Homing
 - Homing is used to define the machine origin when the power supply is turned ON to equipment that uses an incremental encoder.
 - Homing is not required for equipment that uses an absolute encoder because the positional relationship between the origin of the absolute encoder and the machine origin is set in a parameter.
- Positioning with a Program Table
 You can register (program) positioning patterns in a table in advance and then use specifications from the host controller to specify the operation pattern to perform operation.
- Registration
 If a trigger signal (/RGRT) is input from an external device during positioning, the motor will be moved for the registration distance (RDST) that is registered in the program table.
- Constant Speed Operations with a Jog Speed Table
 This function supports constant-speed operation at preset jog speeds.
- ZONE Outputs
 - This function outputs a zone number to indicate when the motor is within a preset zone. The lower three programmable outputs are assigned.

7.2.1 I/O Signals Related to Homing

7.2

Homing

Homing is used to define the machine origin when the power supply is turned ON to equipment that uses an incremental encoder. Turn OFF (mode 1) the /MODE 0/1 (Mode Switch Input) signal to enable performing homing.

WARNING

 If you are using an incremental encoder, always perform homing before you start program table operation. If you perform program table operation without performing homing, positions cannot be managed so correct positioning may not be possible.
 Unexpected machine operation, failure, or personal injury may occur.

7.2.1 I/O Signals Related to Homing

The following I/O signals are related to homing.

Input Signals Related to Homing

Input Signal	Description	Reference
/MODE 0/1	ON: Mode 0 (program table operation) OFF: Mode 1 (jog speed table operation or homing)	page 6-3
/HOME	The /HOME signal is turned ON to start homing.	page 6-3
/DEC	The /DEC signal is used to change the homing speed. The homing method is set in Pn642 = $n.\Box\Box\Box$ X.	page 6-5

Output Signals Related to Homing

Output Signal	Description	Reference
/COIN	This signal turns ON when the current position is within the positioning completed width of the target position (final travel distance). It also turns ON when the motor stops after positioning is canceled, even if the target position was not reached.	*
/POSRDY	This signal turns ON when homing is completed.	_
/CLT	This signal turns ON where the torque limit is applied.	_

^{*} Refer to the following manual for details.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)



Homing is not performed for an absolute encoder.

Therefore, error E61E (Encoder Mismatch Error) will occur if the /HOME signal turns ON.

7.2.2 Parameters Related to Homing

Parameter That Specifies the Homing Method

Specify the homing method with $Pn642 = n.\Box\Box\Box X$.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
	n.□□□0 (default setting)	The current position when the power supply is turned ON is the origin. Homing is not executed.	- After restart	Setup
	n.□□□1	The /DEC signal and encoder phase C are used for performing homing.		
Pn642	n.□□□2	Only the /DEC signal is used for performing homing.		
	n.□□□3	Only the encoder phase C is used for performing homing.		
	n.□□□4	Pressing homing is performed.		

Note: 1. A Homing Method Unspecified Error (E5DE) will occur if homing is attempted while Pn642 is set to n.□□□0.

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Homing Direction

Specify whether to perform homing in the forward or in the reverse direction with $Pn643 = n.\square\square\squareX$.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classifica- tion
Pn643	n.□□□0 (default setting)	Perform homing in the forward direction.	Immediately	Setup
	n.□□□1	Perform homing in the reverse direction.		

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Origin

The value specified in Pn63C will be set as the current value when using an incremental encoder and when homing is completed. The value specified in Pn63C will also be the homing offset when using an absolute encoder.

	Origin/Absolute Encoder Offset						
Pn63C	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
	-1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823	Reference units	0	After restart	Setup		

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Origin

The value specified in Pn655 will be set as the current value when homing is completed with an absolute encoder.

	Absolute Encoder Origin						
Pn655	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
	-1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823	Reference units	0	After restart	Setup		

^{2.} Pressing homing (Pn642 = n. \(\begin{align*} \pi \pi \align*) \) can be used with SERVOPACK software versions 0028F794 and higher.

7.2.2 Parameters Related to Homing

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Homing Movement Speed

The following parameter sets the homing movement speed.

	Homing Movement Speed						
Pn644	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 reference units/min	1,000	Immediately	Setup		

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Homing Approach Speed

The following parameter sets the homing approach speed for homing. Operation details, such as changing to this speed, depends on the homing method.

	Homing Approach Speed						
Pn646	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 reference units/min	1,000	Immediately	Setup		

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Homing Creep Speed

The following parameter sets the homing creep speed. Operation details, such as changing to this speed, depends on the homing method.

		Homing Creep Speed						
Pn648		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
		1 to 199,999,999	1,000 reference units/min	1,000	Immediately	Setup		

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Homing Final Travel Distance

This parameter sets the travel distance after the motor changes to the creep speed. The stopping position when this travel is completed is set as the setting of Pn63C (Origin Position). If a negative value is set, the movement direction will be reversed after the motor changes to the creep speed.

	Homing Final Travel Distance						
Pn64A	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
	-1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823	Reference units	0	Immediately	Setup		

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Pressing Torque for Pressing Homing

The following parameter specifies the torque limit during pressing homing. The torque limit in this parameter is used during pressing homing. The origin is set by first pressing the moving part into the end of travel of the machine with the specified torque, and then moving it the final travel distance in the opposite direction.

	Pressing Torque for Pressing Homing						
Pn650	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
	0 to 100	%	25	Immediately	Setup		

Parameter That Specifies the Pressing Detection Time for Pressing Homing

The following parameter specifies the time from starting pressing homing to stopping the motor. Normally set this parameter to the same value as Pn652 (Pressing Time for Pressing Homing).

If a Position Deviation Overflow alarm occurs, adjust the system by lowering the value of this parameter. If the value of this parameter is too small, the moving part may stop before reaching the stopper in systems in which a torque limit is applied during movement, such as during acceleration.

	Pressing Detection Time for Pressing Homing						
Pn651	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
	0 to 10,000	ms	250	Immediately	Setup		

◆ Parameter That Specifies the Pressing Time for Pressing Homing

The following parameter specifies the pressing time during pressing homing. After the moving part presses into the end of travel, the origin is set by moving the moving part the final travel distance in the opposite direction when the time specified in this parameter has elapsed.

	Pressing Time for Pressing Homing						
Pn652	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classifica- tion		
	0 to 10,000	ms	250	Immediately	Setup		

◆ Parameter That Detects Overspeed during Pressing Homing

The overspeed alarm is detected during pressing homing if the speed set in this parameter is exceeded.

	Overspeed Detection Level for Pressing Homing						
Pn653	Setting Range	Setting Unit Default Setting When Enabled		Classifica- tion			
	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 refer- ence units/min	2,000	Immediately	Setup		

7.2.3 Homing Procedures

Homing will start when the /HOME signal turns ON. Homing will be stopped if the /HOME signal turns OFF. If the /HOME signal turns ON while homing is stopped, homing will be restarted from where it was stopped.

If a jog speed table operation is performed with the /JOGP or /JOGN signal or if the mode is changed with the /MODE 0/1 signal while homing is stopped, homing will be canceled.

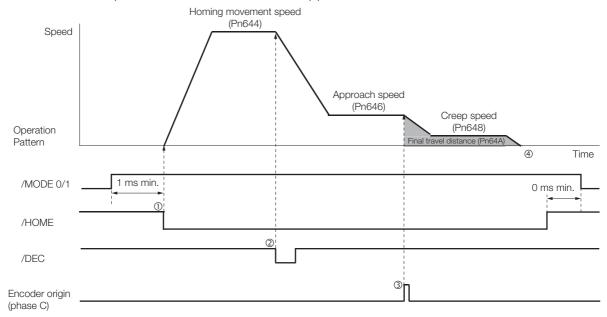
When Pn642 is set to n. \(\sim \sim \sim 0\) (the current position when the power supply is turned ON is the origin; homing is not executed), the origin position is defined as soon as the control power supply is turned ON.

There are four different origin patterns depending on the homing method that is specified in $Pn642 = n.\square\square\square\square X$.

The homing procedure for each method is given in this section.

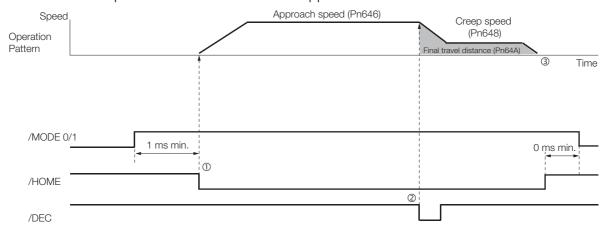
Using the /DEC Signal and Encoder Origin (Phase C) for Homing (Pn642 = $n.\Box\Box\Box$ 1)

- ① Turn ON the /HOME signal. Homing starts. The motor will rotate in the direction specified in Pn643 = n.□□□X (Homing Direction) at the speed specified in Pn644 (Homing Movement Speed).
- ② When the /DEC signal turns ON, the motor changes to the approach speed.
- ③ When the encoder's origin signal (phase C) is detected, the motor decelerates to the creep speed.
- Homing is completed after the motor moves the final travel distance. Set Pn63C to the value
 of the current position where the motor is stopped.



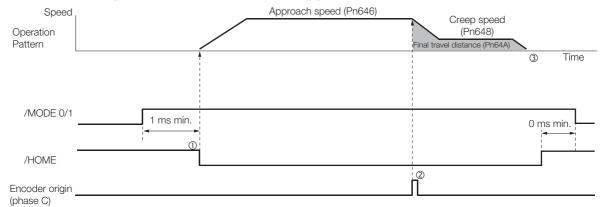
Using Only the /DEC Signal for Homing (Pn642 = $n.\Box\Box\Box$ 2)

- ① Turn ON the /HOME signal. Homing starts. The motor will rotate in the direction specified in Pn643 = n.□□□X (Homing Direction) at the speed specified in Pn646 (Approach Speed).
- ② When the /DEC signal turns ON, the motor decelerates to the creep speed.
- 3 Homing is completed after the motor moves the final travel distance. Set Pn63C to the value of the current position where the motor is stopped.



Using Only the Encoder Origin (Phase C) for the Homing $(Pn642 = n.\Box\Box\Box\exists)$

- ① Turn ON the /HOME signal. Homing starts. The motor will rotate in the direction specified in Pn643 = n. □□□X (Homing Direction) at the speed specified in Pn646 (Approach Speed).
- ② When the encoder's origin signal (phase C) is detected, the motor decelerates to the creep speed.
- ③ Homing is completed after the motor moves the final travel distance. Set Pn63C to the value of the current position where the motor is stopped.



7.2.3 Homing Procedures

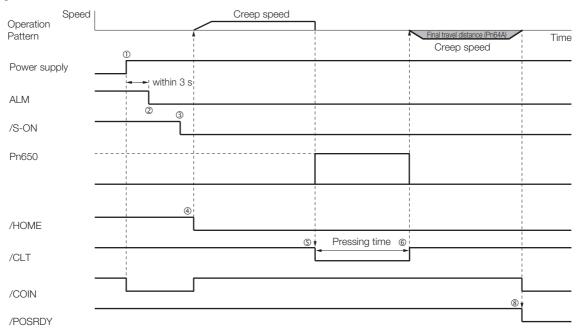
Using Pressing Homing (Pn642 = n.□□□4)

Pressing homing is a homing operation that establishes the origin by first pressing the moving part into a stopper with the torque specified in Pn650 (Pressing Torque for Pressing Homing) for the amount of time specified in Pn652 (Pressing Time for Pressing Homing), and then moving the distance specified in Pn64A (Homing Final Travel Distance).

Pressing homing (Pn642 = $n.\Box\Box\Box$ 4) can be used with SERVOPACK software versions 0028F794 and higher.

Note: Set Pn64A (Homing Final Travel Distance) to an appropriate value. The machine may be subjected to shocks if Pn64A is set to 0 (stopper position).

- ①Turn ON the power supply.
- The ALM signal turns OFF.
- ③Turn ON the /S-ON signal. The servo turns ON.
- Turn ON the /HOME signal. Homing starts.
- The moving part moves to the end of travel and presses into the stopper with the torque specified in Pn650.
- © After the moving part presses into the stopper for the amount of time set in Pn652, it moves in the reverse direction.
- The moving part moves the final travel distance. The POSRDY signal turns ON.



7.3 Program Table Operation

With program table operation, you can register (program) positioning patterns in a table in advance and then use commands from the host controller to specify the operation patterns to perform operation.

If you use program table operation, you do not need motion control programming in the host controller.

This section describes the types of operation that are possible, program table details, and SigmaWin+ operating procedures. It also provides examples of program table operation.

7.3.1 Types of Operation

Two types of program table operation are provided: positioning and registration.

Both types of operation are described in the rest of this section.



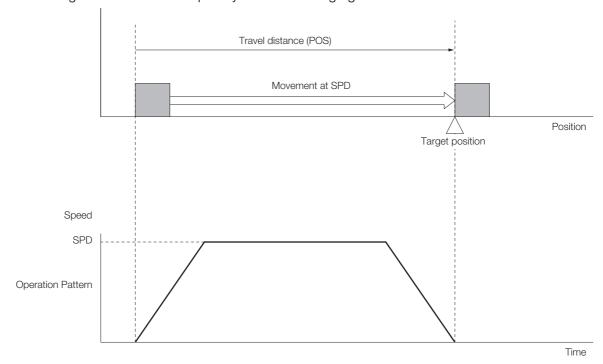
This section describes program table operation using the item names and symbols that are registered in the program table. Refer to the following section for detailed information on the names and symbols.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

Positioning

For positioning, the target positions are specified as the target positions (POS) in the program table. The motor is moved to the current target position.

Positioning is illustrated conceptually in the following figure.

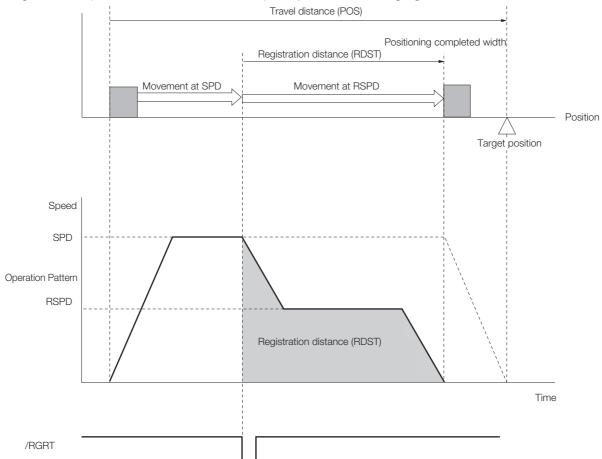


7.3.1 Types of Operation

Registration Operation

If an external trigger signal (/RGRT) is input during travel (i.e., during positioning) toward a target position that is specified as the target position (POS) in the program table, the motor will move the registration distance (RDST) that is specified in the program table.

Registration operation is illustrated conceptually in the following figure.



7.3.2 I/O Signals Related to Program Table Operation

The following I/O signals are related to program table operation.

Input Signals Related to Program Table Operation

Input Signal	Description	Reference
/MODE 0/1	ON: Mode 0 (program table operation) OFF: Mode 1 (jog speed table operation or homing)	page 6-3
/START-STOP	Turn ON this signal to start operation for the program step that is specified by the /SEL0 to /SEL4 (Program Step Selection Inputs) signals. Turn OFF this signal to stop program table operation and decelerate the motor to a stop.	page 6-3
/PGMRES	If this signal turns ON while a program table operation is stopped, the program table operation will be reset and canceled.*1	page 6-3
/SEL0 to /SEL4	These signals specify the program step number at which to start program table operation.*2	page 6-3
/RGRT	Registration operation starts on the rising edge of this signal.	page 6-3

^{*1. &}quot;Canceled" is the state in which the mode is mode 0, execution is not in a stopped state, and no program step has been executed.

^{*2.} Use the five selection signals (/SEL0 to /SEL4) to specify between 0 and 31 for PGMSTEP. A value of 1 means that the signal is ON (active), and a value of 0 means that the signal is OFF (inactive).

PGMSTEP		Selection Signals					
FGIVISTEF	/SEL4	/SEL3	/SEL2	/SEL1	/SEL0		
0	0	0	0	0	0		
1	0	0	0	0	1		
2	0	0	0	1	0		
3	0	0	0	1	1		
4	0	0	1	0	0		
5	0	0	1	0	1		
6	0	0	1	1	0		
7	0	0	1	1	1		
8	0	1	0	0	0		
	•	•	'	'	,		
		•					
30	1	1	1	1	0		
31	1	1	1	1	1		

Output Signals Related to Program Table Operation

Output Signal	Description				
/COIN	This signal turns ON when the target position (final travel distance) is within the positioning completed width. It also turns ON when the motor stops after positioning is canceled, even if the target position was not reached.				
/POUT0 to /POUT4	You can set these signals as outputs. The output status is specified with POUT in the program steps.				
/DEN	This signal turns ON at the completion of position reference distribution.				

7.3.3 Program Table Configuration

The program table is a table that contains programming. You can enter up to 256 program steps.

The configuration of the program table is shown below. Each line in the table is called a program step. The steps are managed with program step numbers 0 to 255.

Note: You can program up to 256 program steps. You can used input signals (/SEL0 to /SEL4) to select program steps numbers 0 to 31.

Refer to the following section for details on the items that are set.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0										
1										
2										
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
255										



After you edit the program table, save it to flash memory. Refer to the following section for the operating procedure.

■ Saving the Program Table to Flash Memory in the SERVOPACK on page 7-26

Note

If you turn OFF the power supply before you save the program table in flash memory, the values that you set in the program table will be lost.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table

Item	Name	Meaning	Setting Procedure	
PGM STEP	Program step	Numbers are used to identify the program steps in the program table.	The /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals are used to specify the program step.	
POS	Target position	Specifies the target position.	Refer to the following section. © POS on page 7-18	
SPD	Positioning speed	Specifies the target speed for positioning.	Refer to the following section. \$\mathbb{G}\$ SPD on page 7-19	
RDST	Registration distance	Specifies the travel distance after the trigger signal (/RGRT) is input.	Refer to the following section. **ERDST* on page 7-19	
RSPD	Registration speed	Specifies the target speed for positioning after the trigger signal (/RGRT) is input.	Refer to the following section. Refer to the following section.	
ACC	Acceleration rate	Specifies the acceleration rate to use to reach the positioning speed.	Refer to the following section.	
DEC	Deceleration rate	Specifies the deceleration rate from the positioning speed.	₩ ACC and DEC on page 7-20	
POUT	Programmable output specification	Specifies the output status of /POUT0 to /POUT4. nnnnn POUT0 POUT0 POUT4 n = N, A, Z, or: N: Non-active (OFF) A: Active (ON) Z: ZONE signal A colon (:) indicates using the specification from the previous program step. Refer to the following section for information on the ZONE signals. 7.5 ZONE Outputs on page 7-55	Refer to the following section. POUT (Output Signal) on page 7-22	
EVENT	End condition	Specifies the condition to use to determine when the program step is completed. When the end condition is met and the number of executions specified for LOOP is completed, execution jumps to the program step specified by NEXT.	Refer to the following section. © EVENT on page 7-22	
LOOP	Number of loops	Specifies the number of times to execute the program step.	Refer to the following section. **Example 1.5	
NEXT	Next program step	Specify the program step to execute after completion of the current program step.	Refer to the following section. **Refer to the following section.** **Refer to the following section.**	

7.3.5 SigmaWin+ Procedures



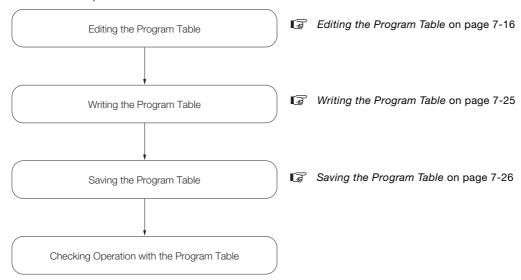
- If you specify new positioning during positioning, an E53E (Movement Reference Duplication) error will occur and program table operation will be stopped. To restart, first turn ON the /PGM-RES signal to cancel program table operation.
- If the target position (POS) is ±INFINITE and the registration distance (RDST) is "-" (no registration), you can change the program step to change the speed.
 In this case, the motor will simply change to the new speed. In all other cases, you cannot change the program step to change the speed. An E53E (Movement Reference Duplication) error will occur.
- You can change the settings in the program table only when program table operation is canceled.

If program table operation is in progress or stopped, you cannot change the settings, even for program steps that are not currently being executed. An E5EE (Execution Not Possible during Program Table Operation) error will occur.

7.3.5 SigmaWin+ Procedures

You use the SigmaWin+ to edit, write, and save the program table.

A flowchart is provided below.



Editing the Program Table

Displaying the Program Table Editing Dialog Box.

Select Edit Program Table from the menu bar of the Main Window of the SigmaWin+.



No.	Item	Description			
①	Save Button	Saves the program table currently displayed on the SigmaWin+ in a file on the computer.			
2	Print Button	Used to print the program table.			
3	Station split Button	Splits the valid coordinate range (i.e., the range defined by Pn63A to Pn638) into equal intervals and sets the resulting positions in the program table.			
4	Program table editing cells	You edit the program table here. The colors of the cells will change as follows: White: The values in SERVOPACK RAM is the same as the value in the SigmaWin+ table cells. Green: If any changes are made, the rows that include the changes change to green. When you write the changes, the cells change to white. Red: If there is a setting error, the row is displayed in red. The Write Button will be disabled. Refer to the following section for the table cell editing procedures. ✓ Editing Procedures on page 7-18			
(5)	Import Button	Imports a file on the computer to a program table in SigmaWin+.			
6	Comment Button	Lets you enter a comment for the program table. The comment is also saved when you click the Save Button.			
7	② Initialize Button Initializes the flash memory for the program table in the SERVOPACH the default settings.				
8	Save Button	Saves the program table in RAM in the SERVOPACK to flash memory. If you save the program table to flash memory, it will not be lost even if you turn OFF the power supply. The next time you turn ON the power supply, the program table will be written to RAM.			
9	Read Button	Reads the program table in RAM in the SERVOPACK to the SigmaWin+.			
100	Write Button	Writes the program table currently displayed on the SigmaWin+ to the SERVO-PACK. The program table is written only to RAM. Writing the program table enables program operation.			

7.3.5 SigmaWin+ Procedures

Editing Procedures

The following two ways are used to edit the program table.

Note: The method that is used depends on the item.

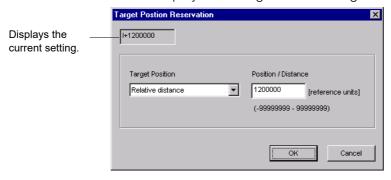
· Items That Are Entered Directly

Click the cell to edit the item. Enter the setting directly.



· Items with Dialog Boxes

Double-click the cell to display the dialog box for editing. Make the settings in the dialog box.



Setting procedures are provided below for each item.

■ POS

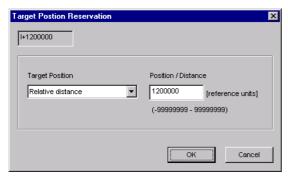
Set the target positions.

1. Double-click the cell to edit.

The Target Position Reservation Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Set the target position and the position/distance.

Information The **Position/Distance** setting is enabled when you set the target position to an absolute position or relative distance.



Target position

Selected Item	Description	Display in Program Table
Absolute position	Use this setting to specify the target position directly.	A ± Position
Relative distance	Use this setting to specify the relative position (travel distance) from the previous step.	I ± Distance
Infinity (Positive direction)*1	Constant-speed operation is performed in the forward direction.	+INFINITE
Infinity (Negative direction)*1	Constant-speed operation is performed in the reverse direction.	-INFINITE
Stop [default setting]	The axis is not moved. Use this setting to stop constant-speed operation when the target position is set to infinite.	STOP
Consecutive stop*2	Specify the absolute target position within the rotational coordinates to perform positioning after constant-speed operation.	S + Position
Without reference	The axis is not moved. This setting can be used only when POUT is specified.	-

- *1. You can use the INFINITE settings for the target positions only for rotational coordinates (Pn637 ≠ n.□□□0) or when the software limits are not used (Pn637 and Pn63A = 0). An error will occur if you use an INFINITE setting for linear coordinates or when the software limits are enabled.
- *2. You can use consecutive stop settings for the target positions for rotational coordinates (Pn637 ≠ n.□□□□0) or when the target position in the previous step is set to INFINITE.

 A consecutive stop setting will result in an error if linear coordinates are being used or if the target position for the previous step is not INFINITE.

 Also, you cannot use the consecutive stop setting in combination with a speed change for an infinite target position setting.

· Position/Distance

Unit	Setting Range	Default Setting
Reference units	-1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823	STOP

3. Click the OK Button.

This concludes the setting procedure.

■ SPD

Specify the target speeds for positioning.

Select the cells to edit and enter the values directly.

Unit	Setting Range	Default Setting	
1,000 reference units/min	1 to 199,999,999	1,000	

■ RDST

Set the registration absolute distance.

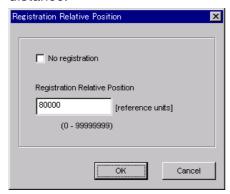
1. Double-click the cell to edit.

The Registration Relative Position Dialog Box will be displayed.

7.3.5 SigmaWin+ Procedures

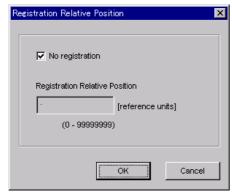
Using Registration

2. Clear the selection of the **No registration** Check Box and enter the registration absolute distance.



Not Using Registration

2. Select the No registration Check Box.



3. Click the OK Button.

This concludes the setting procedure.

■ RSPD

Set the registration speed.

Select the cell to edit and set the value directly.

Unit	Setting Range	Default Setting	
1,000 reference units/min	1 to 199,999,999	1,000	

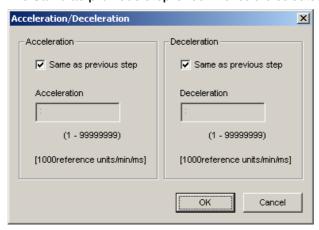
■ ACC and DEC

Set the acceleration rate (ACC) and deceleration rate (DEC) for movement.

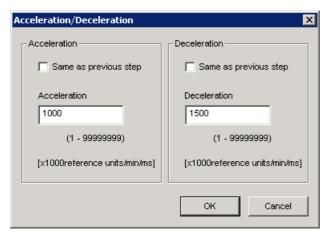
1. Double-click a cell under ACC or DEC.

The Acceleration/Deceleration Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Set the acceleration and deceleration rates. The Same as previous step Check Boxes are selected by default.



To use different values from the previous step, clear the selections of the **Same as previous step** Check Boxes and enter the values directly.



Unit	Setting Range	Default Setting
1,000 reference units/min/ms	1 to 199,999,999	:

3. Click the OK Button.

This concludes the setting procedure.

Information

If you select the **Same as previous step** Check Boxes for the starting program step, the settings of the acceleration/deceleration parameters (Pn63E: acceleration rate, Pn640: deceleration rate) that were set before programmed operation was started will be used.

7.3.5 SigmaWin+ Procedures

■ POUT (Output Signal)

Specify the signals to output immediately after program step execution is started.

Note: If you want to output the signal at the end of the step, specify POUT as POS = "-" in the next step.

1. Double-click the cell to edit.

The Output Signal Dialog Box will be displayed.

Note: Output signals 5 to 7 cannot be used for the FT79 SERVOPACKs.



2. Select the settings for output signals 0 to 4 in the boxes.

The corresponding terminals are given below.

Output signal 0: /POUT0 terminal

Output signal 1: /POUT1 terminal

Output signal 2: /POUT2 terminal

Output signal 3: /POUT3 terminal

Output signal 4: /POUT4 terminal

Selection Items	Description	Program Table Notation
Active	Always ON	А
Not Active	Always OFF	N
Same as previous step	Continues previous state.	:
ZONE	Sets the ZONE signal (/Z0 to /Z3) that corresponds to that digit.	Z

3. Click the OK Button.

This concludes the setting procedure.

■ EVENT

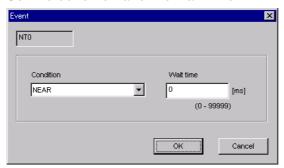
Specify the conditions to complete execution of the program steps.

When the end condition is met and the number of executions specified for LOOP is completed, execution jumps to the program step specified by NEXT. If the number of executions specified for LOOP has not been completed, the step will be executed again.

1. Double-click the cell to edit.

The Event Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Set the condition and the wait time.



• Condition

Selected Item	Description	Display in Pro- gram Table
Positioning complete [default setting]	The step ends when the /COIN (Positioning Completion Output) signal turns ON (closes).	1
NEAR	The step ends when the /NEAR signal width is entered.	N
Command Issuance Completion	The step ends when position reference distribution is completed (DEN).	D
SELO, SEL1,	The step ends when the /SELx input signal turns ON (closes). x = 0 to 4	SELx
	Execution waits for n milliseconds after the /COIN (Positioning Completion Output) signal turns ON (closes).	lTn
Wait time	Execution waits for n milliseconds after the /NEAR (Near Output) signal turns ON (closes).	NTn
	Execution waits for n milliseconds after position reference distribution is completed (DEN).	DTn
	Execution waits for n milliseconds after the SELx input signal turns ON (closes).	SELxTn
Same as previous step	The condition from the previous program step is used.	:

• Wait Time

Unit for "n"	Setting Range of "n"	Default Setting
ms	0 to 99,999	IT0

3. Click the OK Button.

This concludes the setting procedure.

■ LOOP

Specify the number of times to execute the step.

Note: NEXT is accessed after the number of executions specified with LOOP has been completed. You cannot specify LOOP across more than one program step.

Select the cell to edit and set the value directly.

Unit	Setting Range	Default Setting
Times	1 to 99,999	1

7.3.5 SigmaWin+ Procedures

■ NEXT

Specify the operation to perform after execution of the current program step is completed.

Double-click the cell to edit.
 The Next Step Dialog Box will be displayed.

Executing a Next Step

2. Clear the selection of the END Check Box and set a value between 0 and 255 for the next step number.



Unit	Setting Range	Default Setting
_	0 to 255	END*

^{*} Program table operation is ended and canceled.

Ending Program Execution at the Current Step

2. Select the Complete Check Box.

When execution of the current program step is completed, program execution will be canceled.



3. Click the OK Button.

This concludes the setting procedure.

Writing the Program Table

You can write the edited program table to SERVOPACK RAM to operate the SERVOPACK according to the program table.

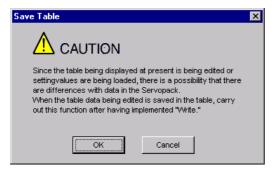


- 1. Make sure that the system is in SERVO OFF state when you write the program table.
- 2. The program table that is written will be deleted when the power supply to the SERVOPACK is turned OFF. Before you turn OFF the power supply to the SERVOPACK, save the program table from RAM to flash memory. Refer to the following section for the procedure.
 Saving the Program Table on page 7-26
- 1. Click the Write Button in the Program Table Editing Dialog Box.

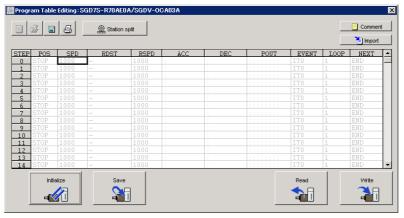


The Write Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Click the OK Button.



The program table edited on the SigmaWin+ will be written to the SERVOPACK and all edited rows will change to white.



This concludes the writing procedure.

Saving the Program Table

Saving the Program Table to Flash Memory in the SERVOPACK

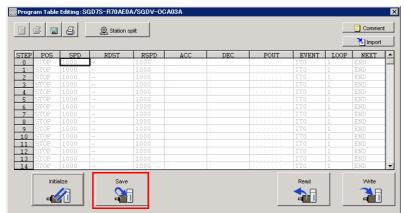
To prevent the program table from being deleted when the power supply to the SERVOPACK is turned OFF, you must save it to flash memory in the SERVOPACK. The program table that is saved in the flash memory is automatically loaded each time the power supply is turned ON. We recommend that you save the program table that is normally used for operation in this flash memory.

There are the following two ways to save the program table to flash memory in the SERVO-PACK.

- Save it from the Edit Program Dialog Box.
- Save it with Fn060 (Edit/Save Program Table) on a Digital Operator.

Use the following procedure to save the program table from the Edit Program Dialog Box.

1. Click the Save Button in the Program Table Editing Dialog Box.



The Save Table Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Click the OK Button.

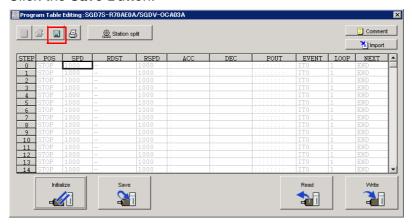


This concludes the saving procedure.

◆ Saving the Program Table to a Computer File

You can save the program table to a file on the computer. Use computer files to back up program tables.

1. Click the Save Button.

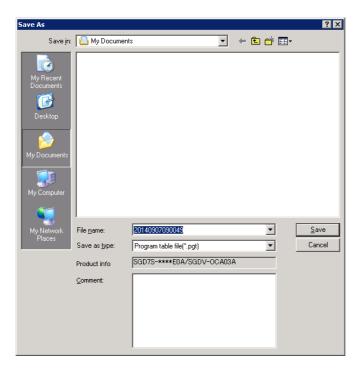


The Save As Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Specify the save location and file name.

You can set any file name. However, you cannot change the file name extension.

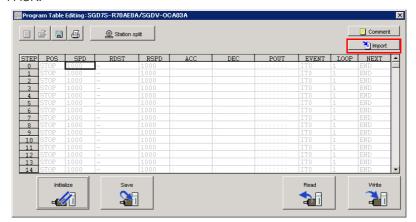
Information You can also set a comment.



7.3.6 State Transitions

Information

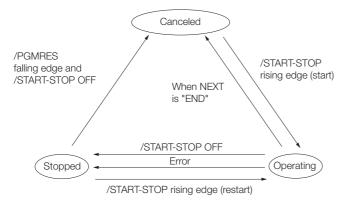
You can use the **Import** Button to load the program table saved in a file to the SERVO-PACK.



This concludes the saving procedure.

7.3.6 State Transitions

Program table operation can be in any of three states: Canceled, operating, or stopped.



		Transition Condition	State Transition			
	/START-STOP	/PRGRES	Canceled	Operating	Stopped	
	T ON	OR OFF	•			
sition	OFF	OR OFF		•	→	
Transition	OFF	T ON	<		•	
	ON	OR OFF			•	

Note: 1. "Canceled state" means that the mode is mode 0, execution is not in a stopped state, and no program step is being executed.

- 2. The status will also change from operating to canceled in the following case: The next step is set to END in the program table.
 - The status will also change from operating to stopped in the following case: An error occurs during operation.

Information

If the program table operation is restarted after it is stopped because of an error, the PGMSTEP in which the error occurred will be skipped and execution will be restarted from the PGMSTEP specified by NEXT. (If the operation has not been executed for the number of times specified in the LOOP, the next LOOP will be executed.)

7.3.7 Program Table Operation Examples

This section provides the following 12 examples to show the timing of the I/O signals related to program table operation.

In the following examples, it is assumed that homing has been completed to define the origin. Refer to the following section for a timing chart from when the power supply to the equipment is turned ON until homing is completed when an incremental encoder is used.

7.2 Homing on page 7-4

No.	Item	Reference
1	Specifying the Program Steps to Execute One at a Time	page 7-30
2	Specifying the Next Step to Execute in the NEXT Setting	page 7-31
3	Specifying the Number of Times to Execute a Program Step	page 7-32
4	Pausing Program Table Operation	page 7-33
5	Outputting POUT Signals for the Specified Time	page 7-35
6	Specifying SEL Signals as Events	page 7-36
7	Combining Positioning with Constant-Speed Operation	page 7-37
8	Performing Registration	page 7-38
9	Pausing Registration	page 7-39
10	Turning ON the /RGRT Signal While Program Table Operation Is Stopped	page 7-40
11	Using Consecutive Stops	page 7-41
12	Resetting Program Table Operation	page 7-43

7.3.7 Program Table Operation Examples

Specifying the Program Steps to Execute One at a Time

In this example, the program table contains steps 0 to 4, but only program steps 3 and 4 are executed.

Step 3 performs relative positioning for 100,000 reference units at a speed of 15,000,000 references units/min. The acceleration/deceleration rates that are set in Pn63E (Acceleration Rate) and Pn640 (Deceleration Rate) are used.

Step 4 performs relative positioning for 200,000 reference units at a speed of 30,000,000 references units/min with the same acceleration/deceleration rates as step 3.

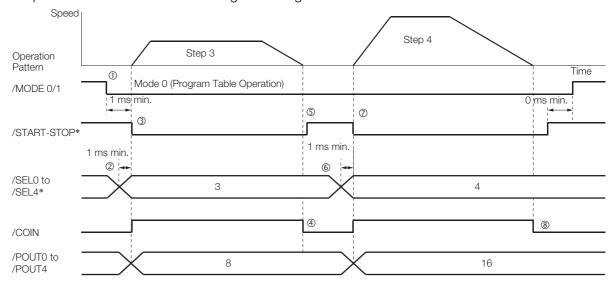
The program table for this positioning is shown below.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+100000	15000	_	1000	:	:	NNNNA	IT2000	1	END
1	A+100000	15000	_	1000	:	:	NNNAN	IT2000	1	END
2	I+300000	15000	_	1000	:	:	NNANN	IT2000	1	END
3	I+100000	15000	_	1000	:	:	NANNN	IT2000	1	END
4	I+200000	30000	_	1000	:	:	ANNNN	IT2000	1	END

Operating Procedure

- ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
- ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 3 (i.e., turn ON /SEL0 and /SEL1) to specify program step 3.
- ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF and the /POUT3 signal turns ON.
- 4 When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- ⑤ Turn OFF the /START-STOP signal.
- © Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 4 (turn ON /SEL2) to specify program step 4.
- Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /POUT4 signal turns ON.
- ® When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.

Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



^{*} Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

Specifying the Next Step to Execute in the NEXT Setting

In this example, repeated positioning is performed using program steps 0 and 1.

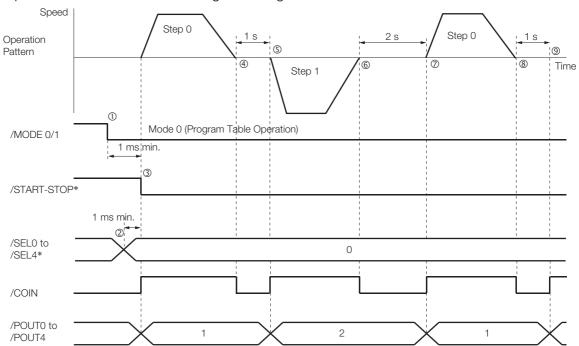
Step 0 performs relative positioning for 300,000 reference units at a speed of 15,000,000 references units/min. The acceleration rate is 400,000,000 reference units/min/ms and the deceleration rate is 200,000,000 reference units/min/ms.

Step 1 performs relative positioning for -400,000 reference units at a speed of 20,000,000 references units/min. The acceleration rate is 500,000,000 reference units/min/ms and the deceleration rate is 250,000,000 reference units/min/ms.

The program table for this positioning is shown below.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+300000	15000	1	1000	400000	200000	NNNNA	IT1000	1	1
1	I-400000	20000	-	1000	500000	250000	NNNAN	IT2000	1	0

- Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
 - ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF and the /POUT0 signal turns ON.
 - 4 When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
 - ⑤ After a wait time of 1 second, execution of the program step specified with the NEXT setting (program step 1) is executed.
 - The /COIN and POUT0 signals turn OFF and the /POUT1 signal turns ON.
 - © When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
 - ② After a wait time of 2 seconds, execution of the program step specified with the NEXT setting (program step 0) is executed.
 - Steps 4 to 7 are repeated.
- Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



^{*} Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

7.3.7 Program Table Operation Examples

Specifying the Number of Times to Execute a Program Step

In this example, program step 0 is executed and then step 1 is executed three times.

Step 0 performs relative positioning for 300,000 reference units at a speed of 15,000,000 references units/min. The acceleration rate is 400,000,000 reference units/min/ms and the deceleration rate is 200,000,000 reference units/min/ms.

Step 1 performs relative positioning for -400,000 reference units at a speed of 20,000,000 references units/min. The acceleration rate is 500,000,000 reference units/min/ms and the deceleration rate is 250,000,000 reference units/min/ms. The number of loops for step 1 is set to 2.

The program table for this positioning is shown below.

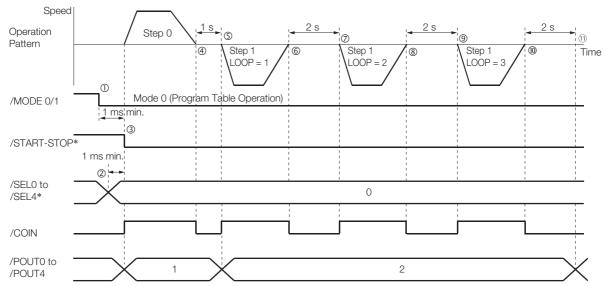
PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+300000	15000	1	1000	400000	200000	NNNNA	IT1000	1	1
1	I-400000	20000	_	1000	500000	250000	NNNAN	IT2000	3	END

· Operating Procedure

- ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
- ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
- ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF and the /POUT0 signal turns ON.
- 4 When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- ⑤ After a wait time of 1 second, execution of the program step specified with the NEXT setting (program step 1) is executed.
- The /COIN and /POUT0 signals turn OFF and the /POUT1 signal turns ON.

 © When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- ② After a wait time of 2 seconds, execution of program step 1 is started twice. The /COIN signal turns OFF.
- ® When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- After a wait time of 2 seconds, program table operation is ended and the /POUT1 signal turns OFF.

· Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

Pausing Program Table Operation

This example shows how to turn OFF the /START-STOP signal to temporarily stop program table operation and then turn ON the /START-STOP signal to execute the remainder of the step.

Execution is temporarily stopped and then restarted during execution of program step 4.

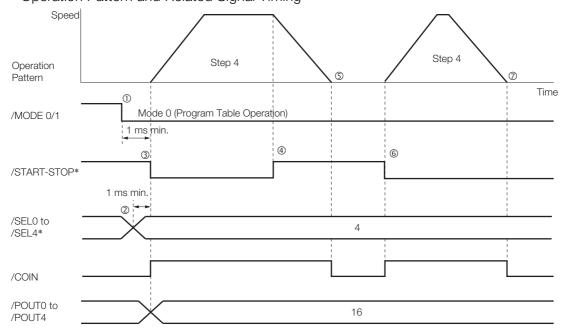
The program table for this positioning is shown below.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+100000	15000	_	1000	400000	200000	NNNNA	IT1000	1	END
1	A+100000	15000	_	1000	:	:	NNNAN	IT2000	1	END
2	I+300000	15000	_	1000	:	:	NNANN	IT3000	1	END
3	I+100000	15000	_	1000	:	:	NANNN	IT2000	1	END
4	I+200000	30000	_	1000	200000	200000	ANNNN	IT2000	1	END

- · Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 4 (i.e., turn ON /SEL2) to specify program step 4.
 - ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF and the /POUT4 signal turns ON.
 - 4 Turn OFF the /START-STOP signal to stop program table operation.
 - ⑤ The Servomotor decelerates to a stop and the /COIN signal turns ON.
 - © Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to restart program table operation.

 The remaining travel distance will be executed. The /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals are not latched at this time.
 - ① When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.

Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



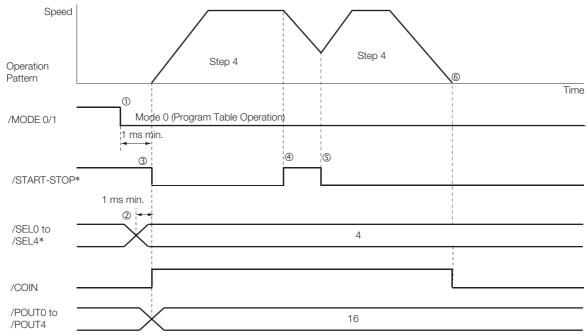
 $[\]ast$ Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

7.3.7 Program Table Operation Examples

As described below, operation is restarted even when the /START-STOP signal is turned ON even during deceleration after the /START-STOP signal is turned OFF.

- · Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 4 (i.e., turn ON /SEL2) to specify program step 4.
 - ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF and the /POUT4 signal turns ON.
 - 4 Turn OFF the /START-STOP signal to stop program table operation.
 - ⑤ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal while the Servomotor is decelerating. Program table operation is restarted.
 - The remaining travel distance will be executed.
 - 6 When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.

• Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



^{*} Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

Outputting POUT Signals for the Specified Time

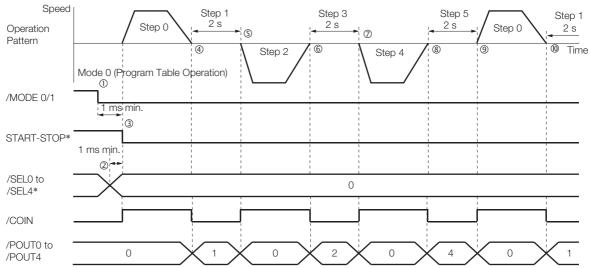
This example shows how to output the POUT signals in the next step for the specified length of time after completing positioning for a program step.

Positioning is registered for steps 0, 2, and 4. POUT signal outputs are specified for steps 1, 3, and 5.

The program table for this positioning is shown below.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+200000	15000	-	1000	400000	200000	NNNNN	IT0	1	1
1	_	15000	-	1000	:	:	::::A	T2000	1	2
2	I-200000	30000	-	1000	:	:	NNNNN	IT0	1	3
3	_	30000	-	1000	:	:	:::A:	T2000	1	4
4	I-200000	30000	-	1000	:	:	NNNNN	IT0	1	5
5	_	30000	_	1000	:	:	::A::	T2000	1	0

- Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
 - ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - 4 When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON. Execution moves to program step 1 and the /POUT0 signal turns ON.
 - S After a wait time of 2 seconds, execution of the program step specified with the NEXT setting (program step 2) is executed. The /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - 6 When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON. Execution moves to program step 3 and the /POUT1 signal turns ON.
 - ② After a wait time of 2 seconds, execution of the program step specified with the NEXT setting (program step 4) is executed. The /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON. Execution moves to program step 5 and the /POUT2 signal turns ON.
 - After a wait time of 2 seconds, execution of the program step specified with the NEXT setting (program step 0) is executed.
 The /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - 10 Steps 4 to 9 are repeated.
- Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



 $[\]ast$ Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

7.3.7 Program Table Operation Examples

Specifying SEL Signals as Events

In this example, SEL signals are specified as the end conditions for the program steps.

Step 0 ends 2 seconds after the /SEL0 signal turns ON after positioning is completed.

Step 1 ends 2 seconds after the /SEL1 signal turns ON after positioning is completed.

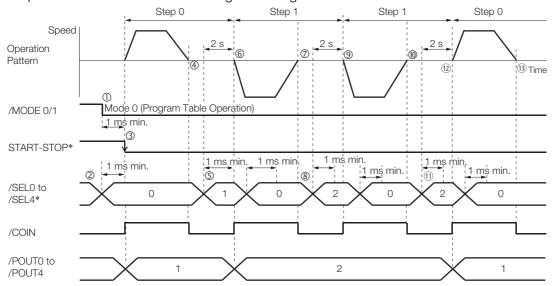
The program table for this positioning is shown below.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+200000	15000	1	1000	400000	200000	NNNNA	SEL0T2000	1	1
1	I-200000	30000	_	1000	400000	200000	NNNAN	SEL1T2000	2	0

· Operating Procedure

- ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
- ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
- ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF and the /POUT0 signal turns ON.
- 4 When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- ⑤ The /SEL0 signal turns ON.
- After a wait time of 2 seconds, execution of the program step specified with the NEXT setting (program step 1) is executed.
 - The /COIN signal turns OFF and the /POUT1 signal turns ON.
- ① When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- ® The /SEL1 signal turns ON.
- After a wait time of 2 seconds, program step 1 is executed again.
 The /COIN signal turns OFF.
- [®] When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- 1 The /SEL1 signal turns ON.
- After a wait time of 2 seconds, execution of the program step specified with the NEXT setting (program step 0) is executed.
 - The /COIN and /POUT1 signals turn OFF and the /POUT0 signal turns ON.
- Steps 4 to 12 are repeated.

Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



^{*} Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

Combining Positioning with Constant-Speed Operation

This example shows how to perform operation that combines constant-speed operation and positioning when the target position (POS) is set to INFINITE.

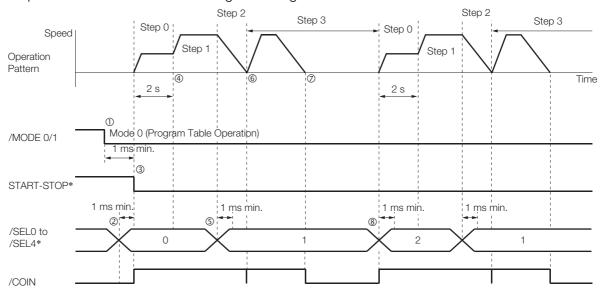
Step 0 performs operation for 2 seconds with no target position (infinite length = INFINITE) at a speed of 15,000,000 reference units/min.

Step 1 performs operation with no target position (infinite length = INFINITE) and changes the speed from 15,000,000 reference units/min to 30,000,000 reference units/min. Operation continues until the /SEL0 signal turns ON.

Step 2 decelerates the motor to a stop and step 3 performs relative positioning from the stop position to a target position of 200,000 reference units.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	+INFINITE	15000	-	1000	400000	200000	NNNNN	T2000	1	1
1	+INFINITE	30000	-	1000	:	:	:	SEL0T0	1	2
2	STOP	30000	-	1000	:	:	:	IT0	1	3
3	I+200000	30000	-	1000	:	:	:	SEL1T0	1	0

- Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
 - ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - 4 After 2 seconds elapse, step 1 is executed.
 - ⑤ When the /SEL0 signal turns ON, step 2 is executed.
 - 6 After the motor decelerates to a stop, the /COIN signal turns ON and step 3 is executed. At the start of execution, the /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - The when positioning is completed to the target position, the COIN signal turns ON.
 - When the /SEL1 signal turns ON, program step 3 is ended and program step 0 is executed.
- Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



^{*} Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

7.3.7 Program Table Operation Examples

Performing Registration

This example shows how to use the /RGRT signal during execution of a program step to change to the specified speed and perform positioning for the specified distance.

Step 0 performs positioning for a travel distance (RDST) of 100,000 reference units when the / RGRT signal turns ON.

The speed changes to 15,000,000 reference units/min (RSPD).

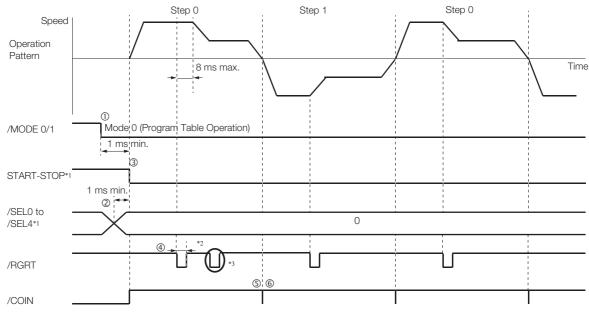
Step 1 performs positioning for a travel distance (RDST) of 100,000 reference units when the / RGRT signal turns ON.

The speed changes to 15,000,000 reference units/min (RSPD).

The program table for this positioning is shown below.

	PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
	0	I+200000	30000	100000	15000	400000	200000	NNNNNNN	IT0	1	1
_	1	1-200000	30000	100000	15000	:	:	:::::::	IT0	1	0

- Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
 - ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - 4 The /RGRT signal turns ON to perform registration operation. The speed changes to the registration speed.
 - ⑤ The /COIN turns ON when positioning is completed for the registration distance.
 - 6 When execution of program step 1 starts, the /COIN signal turns OFF.
- Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



- *1. Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.
- *2. Pn634 = n.□□0□ (Registration is started by changing the input signal from OFF (open) to ON (closed)): 20 μs min.
 Pn634 = n.□□1□ (Registration is started by changing the input signal from ON (closed) to OFF (open)): 200 μs min
- *3. The /RGRT signal is ignored during registration operation.

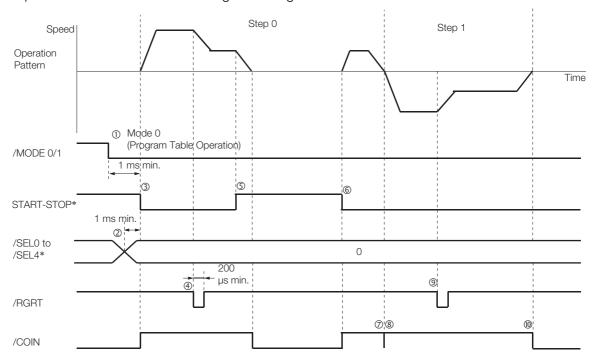
Pausing Registration

This example shows how to turn OFF the /START-STOP signal to temporarily stop registration operation and then turn ON the /START-STOP signal to restart registration operation.

The program table for this positioning is shown below.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+200000	30000	100000	15000	400000	200000	NNNNNNN	IT0	1	1
1	I-200000	30000	100000	15000	:	:	:::::::	IT0	1	END

- Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
 - ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - 4 The /RGRT signal turns ON to perform registration operation. The speed changes to the registration speed.
 - ⑤ Turn OFF the /START-STOP signal to stop operation.
 - © Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to restart program table operation.
 - The /COIN turns ON when positioning is completed for the remaining registration distance.
 - ® When execution of program step 1 starts, the /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - The /RGRT signal turns ON to perform registration operation. The speed changes to the registration speed.
 - 10 The /COIN turns ON when positioning is completed for the registration distance.
- · Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



^{*} Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

Turning ON the /RGRT Signal While Program Table Operation Is Stopped

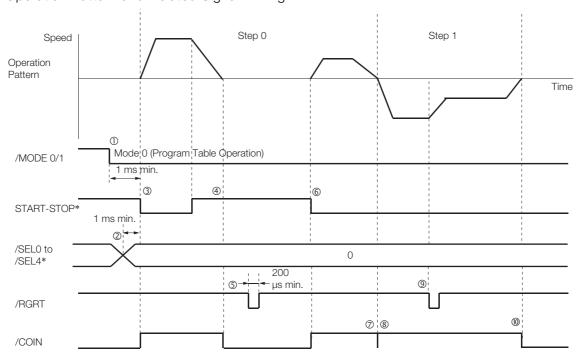
This example shows what happens when the /RGRT signal is turned ON while program table operation is stopped after turning OFF the /START-STOP signal. In this case, registration operation is performed when the /START-STOP signal is turned ON.

The program table for this positioning is shown below.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+200000	30000	100000	15000	400000	200000	NNNNNNN	IT0	1	1
1	I-200000	30000	100000	15000	:	:	:::::::	IT0	1	END

- · Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
 - ③ Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - 4 Turn OFF the /START-STOP signal to stop operation.
 - ⑤ The /RGRT signal turns ON to specify registration operation.
 - © Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to restart program table operation. In this case, registration operation is performed.
 - ① The /COIN turns ON when positioning is completed for the registration distance.
 - ® When execution of program step 1 starts, the /COIN signal turns OFF.
 - The /RGRT signal turns ON to perform registration operation. The speed changes to the registration speed.
 - 10 The /COIN turns ON when positioning is completed for the registration distance.

Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



^{*} Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

Using Consecutive Stops



You can use consecutive stops to set the target position to infinite (+/-INFINITE) and then perform positioning from constant-speed operation to a specified absolute position within the rotational coordinates without stopping.

Term

During positioning, the positioning speed (SPD) that is set for the previous program step is continued until the point where deceleration is started to position to the target position within the rotational coordinates without rotating in the reverse direction.

Note: Conditions for Using a Consecutive Stop

All of the following conditions must be met to use a consecutive stop.

If execution is attempted when any of the conditions is not met, an E53E (Movement Reference Duplication) or E63E (Consecutive Stop Execution Failure) error will occur. Conditions:

- Rotational coordinates must be used (Pn637 ≠ n.□□□0).
- The target position (POS) in the previous program step must be infinite (±INFINITE).
- Registration cannot be used in the previous program step.

A consecutive stop is used with a program step that is set for an infinite length and constantspeed operation.

In the following example, step 0 operates the motor for 2 seconds at a speed of 1,080,000,000 reference units/min and then execution moves to step 1. If the reference unit is set to 0.001 deg, then the speed would be 1,080 deg/min.

Step 1 continues operation at the positioning speed (SPD) specified for step 0 and performs positioning to a target position of 45,000 reference units (45 deg). The rotation direction is not reversed.

The program table for this positioning is shown below.

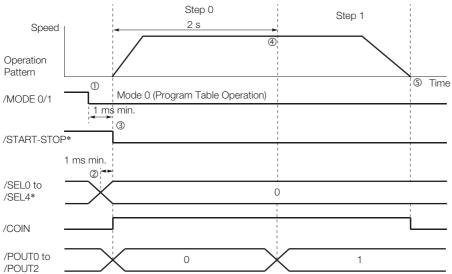
PGMSTEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	+INFINITE	1080000	1	1000	1080	1080	NNNNNNA	T2000	1	1
1	S+45000	1000	-	1000	1080	1080	NNNNNAN	IT0	1	END

Note: 1. If INFINITE is specified for the target position (POS), always set the number of loops setting (LOOP) to 1.

- If a consecutive stop is specified for the target position (POS), the settings of the positioning speed (SPD) and acceleration rate (ACC) are ignored. The values that were specified in the previous program step are used.
- Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
 - 3 Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation. The /COIN signal turns OFF and the /POUT0 signal turns ON.
 - After 2 seconds elapse, step 1 is executed.
 - The /POUT0 signal turns OFF and the /POUT1 signal turns ON.
 - (9) When positioning is completed to the target position (45 deg = 45,000 reference units), the /COIN signal turns ON.

7.3.7 Program Table Operation Examples

• Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



 $[\]ast$ Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

Resetting Program Table Operation

In this example, program operation is reset during repeated operation of program steps 0 and 1 and then the program step is specified and operation is restarted from the canceled state.

Note: "Canceled" is the state in which the mode is mode 0, execution is not in a stopped state, and no program step has been executed.

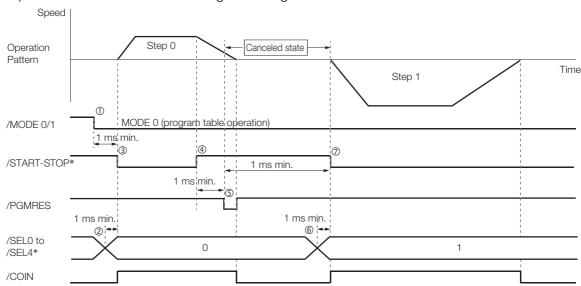
Step 0 performs relative positioning for 100,000 reference units at a speed of 15,000,000 references units/min. The acceleration rate is 400,000,000 reference units/min/ms and the deceleration rate is 200,000,000 reference units/min/ms.

Step 1 performs relative positioning for 100,000 reference units at a speed of 30,000,000 references units/min. The acceleration rate is 400,000,000 reference units/min/ms and the deceleration rate is 200,000,000 reference units/min/ms.

The program table for this positioning is shown below.

PGM- STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	I+100000	15000	-	1000	400000	200000	NNNN- NNN	IT1000	1	1
1	I-100000	30000	ı	1000	400000	200000	NNNNN- NNN	IT1000	1	0

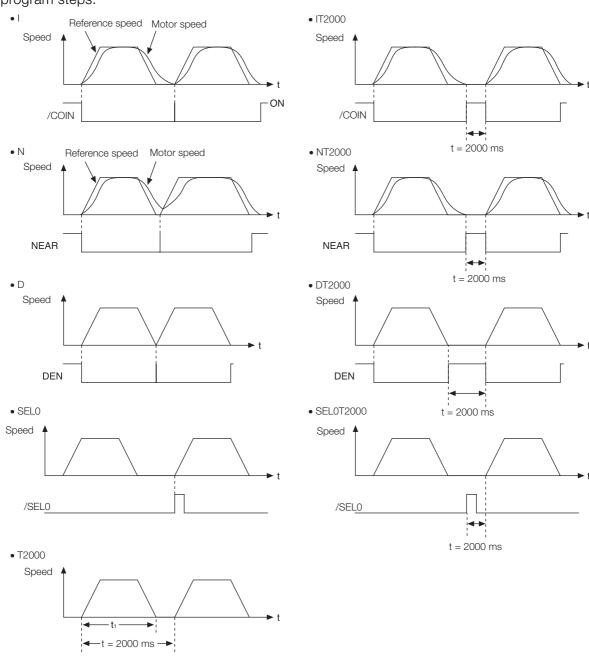
- Operating Procedure
 - ① Turn ON the /MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 0.
 - ② Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 0 to specify program step 0.
 - 3 Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation.
 - 4 Turn OFF the /START-STOP signal to stop program table operation.
 - ⑤ Turn ON the /PGMRES signal to cancel program table operation.
 - © Set the /SEL0 to /SEL4 signals to 1 (i.e., turn ON /SEL0) to specify program step 1.
 - 7 Turn ON the /START-STOP signal to start program table operation.
 - ® When positioning is completed to the target position, the /COIN signal turns ON.
- Operation Pattern and Related Signal Timing



* Do not change /SEL0 to /SEL7 for 4 ms after turning ON the /START-STOP signal.

7.3.8 **EVENT Examples**

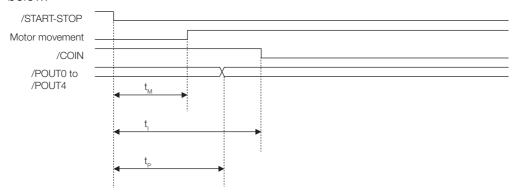
This section provides examples of the settings and operations for the EVENT end conditions for program steps.



Note: If $t < t_1$, an error (E53E) will occur and program table operation will be stopped.

7.3.9 Output Response Times after /START-STOP Turns ON

The response times for starting the motor, the /COIN signal, and the /POUT0 to /POUT4 signals when the /START-STOP signal is turned ON to start program table operation are shown below.



Response Times							
t_{M}	1 ms max.						
t _l	1 ms max.						
t _P	1 ms max.						

7.4.1 Input Signals Related to Jog Operation

7.4

Jog Speed Table Operation

You can perform jog operation from the SigmaWin+, or you can use the /JOGP and /JOGN input signals to perform jog operation. Jog operation is performed at the specified jog speed.

7.4.1 Input Signals Related to Jog Operation

The following signals are used for jog operation: /MODE 0/1, /JOGP, /JOGN, and /JOG0 to /JOG2.

Turn OFF the/MODE 0/1 signal to change to mode 1. Use the /JOGP signal as the command for forward jog operation and the /JOGN signal as the command for reverse jog operation.

Input Signal	Description	Reference
/MODE 0/1	ON: Mode 0 (program table operation) OFF: Mode 1 (jog speed table operation or homing)	page 6-3
/JOGP	Turn this signal ON to jog forward at the jog speed registered in the jog speed table. The motor is accelerated according to Pn63E (Acceleration Rate). When this signal turns OFF, the motor is decelerated to a stop according to Pn640 (Deceleration Rate).	page 6-3
/JOGN	Turn this signal ON to jog in reverse at the jog speed registered in the jog speed table. The motor is accelerated according to Pn63E (Acceleration Rate). When this signal turns OFF, the motor is decelerated to a stop according to Pn640 (Deceleration Rate).	page 6-3
/JOG0 to /JOG2	Use these signals to specify a jog speed that is registered in the jog speed table.	page 6-3



- 1. Turn ON only one of the following signals at the same time: /HOME, /JOGP, and /JOGN. Otherwise, the command will be disabled and no operation will be performed. To jog the motor, turn ON either the /JOGP or /JOGN signal.
- 2. If overtravel occurs during jog speed table operation for speed control or torque control, the job speed table operation will be canceled.

7.4.2 Jog Speeds

You set the jog speeds in the Jog Speed Table Editing Dialog Box on the SigmaWin+. You can register up to eight jog speeds in JSPD0 to JSPD7 in the jog speed table.

The specifications for the jog speeds are given in the following table.

Jog Speed	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled
Jog Speed	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 reference units/min	1,000	Immediately

Note: Edit the jog speed table only when the Servomotor is stopped.

7.4.3 Jog Speed Table and Speed Selection Signals

You can register up to eight jog speeds in the jog speed table.

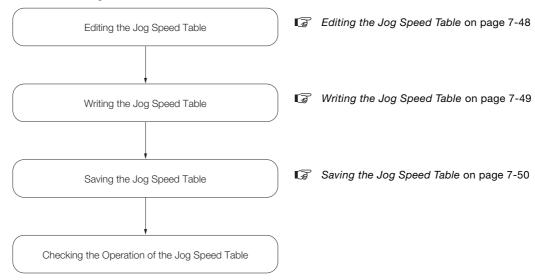
The /JOG0 to /JOG2 (Jog Speed Selection) signals are used to specify the jog speeds that are registered in the jog speed table.

J	log Speed Table	Jog Spe	eed Selection	Signals
JSPD	Jog Speed (1,000 reference units/min)	/JOG2	/JOG1	/JOG0
0	±nnnnnnnn	0	0	0
1	±nnnnnnnn	0	0	1
2	±nnnnnnnn	0	1	0
3	±nnnnnnnn	0	1	1
4	±nnnnnnnn	1	0	0
5	±nnnnnnnn	1	0	1
6	±nnnnnnnn	1	1	0
7	±nnnnnnnn	1	1	1

Note: 1: Signal is ON (active), 0: Signal is OFF (inactive).

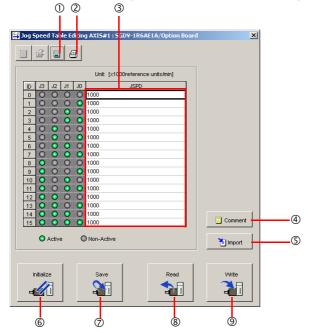
7.4.4 SigmaWin+ Procedures

You use the SigmaWin+ to edit, write, and save the jog speed table. Use the following flow.



Editing the Jog Speed Table

- ◆ Displaying the Jog Speed Table Editing Dialog Box
 Select *Edit Jog Speed Table* from the menu bar of the Main Window of the SigmaWin+.
- ◆ Details on the Jog Speed Table Editing Dialog Box



No.	Item	Description
1	Save Button	Saves the currently displayed settings to a computer file.
2	Print Button	Prints the currently displayed settings.
3	Setting Area	Set the jog speeds. Select the cell and enter the value directly.

Continued on next page.

Continued from previous page.

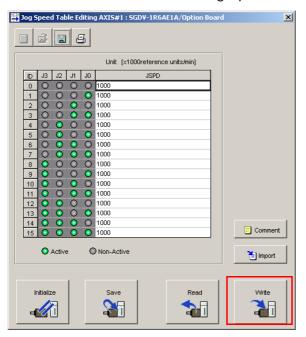
No.	Item	Description
4	Comment Button	Lets you add a comment.
(5)	Import Button	Imports a jog speed table from a file saved on the computer to the SigmaWin+.
6	Initialize Button	Initializes the flash memory in the SERVOPACK.
7	Save Button	Saves the settings in the SERVOPACK to flash memory.
8	Read Button	Reads the settings in the SERVOPACK to the SigmaWin+.
9	Write Button	Writes the currently displayed settings to the SERVOPACK.

Writing the Jog Speed Table

You can write the edited jog speed table to SERVOPACK RAM to operate the SERVOPACK according to the program.

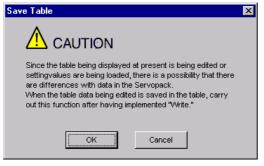


- 1. Make sure that the system is in SERVO OFF state when you write the jog speed table.
- 2. The jog speed table that is written will be deleted when the power supply to the SERVOPACK is turned OFF. Before you turn OFF the power supply to the SERVOPACK, save the jog speed table from RAM to flash memory. Refer to the following section for the operating procedure.
 - Saving the Jog Speed Table on page 7-50
- 1. Click the Write Button on the Jog Speed Table Editing Dialog Box.



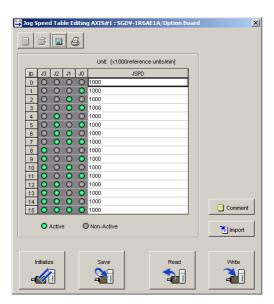
The Write Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Click the OK Button.



The jog speed table edited on the SigmaWin+ will be written to the SERVOPACK and the edited cells will change to white.

7.4.4 SigmaWin+ Procedures



This concludes the writing procedure.

Saving the Jog Speed Table

◆ Saving the Jog Speed Table to Flash Memory in the SERVOPACK

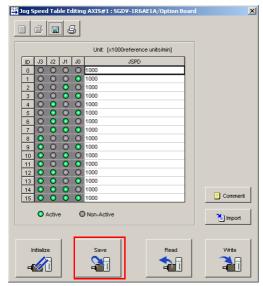
To prevent the jog speed table from being deleted when the power supply to the SERVOPACK is turned OFF, you must save it to flash memory in the SERVOPACK. The jog speed table that is saved in the flash memory is automatically loaded each time the power supply is turned ON.

There are the following two ways to save the jog speed table to flash memory in the SERVO-PACK.

- Save it from the Jog Speed Table Editing Dialog Box.
- Save it with Fn060 (Edit/Save Jog Speed Table) on a Digital Operator.

Use the following procedure to save the jog speed table from the Jog Speed Editing Dialog Box.

1. Click the Save Button on the Jog Speed Table Editing Dialog Box.



The Save Table Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Click the OK Button.

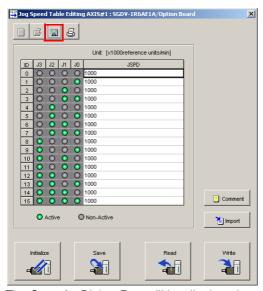


This concludes the saving procedure.

◆ Saving the Jog Speed Table to a Computer File

You can save the jog speed table to a file on the computer. Use computer files to back up jog speed tables.

1. Click the Save Button.

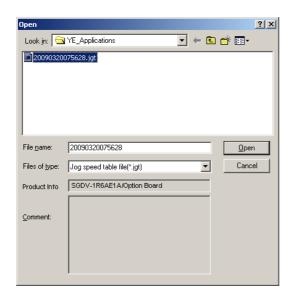


The Save As Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Specify the save location and file name.

You can set any file name. However, you cannot change the file name extension.

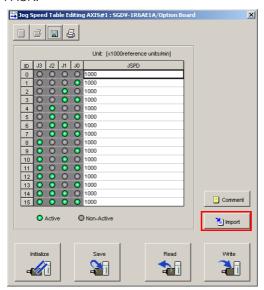
Information You can also set a comment.



7.4.4 SigmaWin+ Procedures

Information

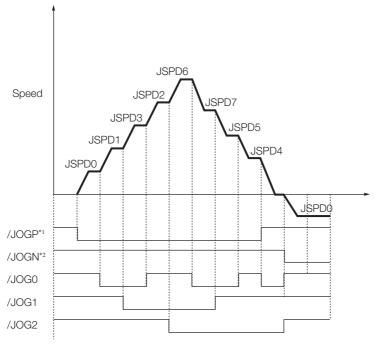
You can use the $\mbox{\bf Import}$ Button to load the jog speed table saved in a file to the SERVO-PACK.



This concludes the saving procedure.

7.4.5 **Jog Speed Table Operation Example**

This example shows how to perform operation by using the /JOG0 to /JOG2 (Jog Speed Selection) signals to specify the jog speeds that are registered in the jog speed table.



- st1. Forward operation at the jog speed is performed while the /JOGP signal is ON.
- *2. Reverse operation at the jog speed is performed while the /JOGN signal is ON.

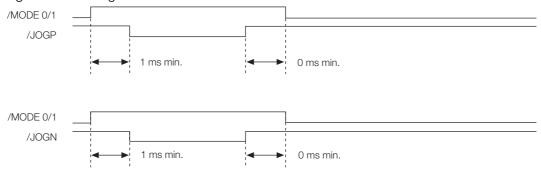
7.4.6 Timing of Signal Changes

Timing of the /MODE 0/1 and /JOGP signals and the /MODE 0/1 and /JOGN signals

To start jog operation, turn OFF the /MODE 0/1 signal, wait for at least 1 ms, and then turn ON the

/JOGP or /JOGN signal.

To change to mode 0, turn OFF the /JOGP or /JOGN signal and then turn OFF the /MODE 0/1 signal. The timing is shown below.



Timing of the /HOME, /JOGP, and /JOGN signals

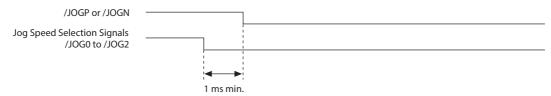
If you have performed homing, turn OFF the /HOME signal, wait for at least 1 ms, and then turn ON the /JOGP or /JOGN signal. When performing jog operation in both directions, allow at least 1 ms between the /JOGP and /JOGN signals. The timing is shown below.



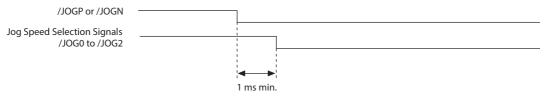
Timing of the /JOG0 to /JOG2 (Jog Speed Selection Signals) and /JOGP or /JOGN signals

Allow at least 1 ms between turning ON the Jog Speed Selection Signals /JOG0 to /JOG2 and /JOGP or /JOGN signals. The timing is shown below.

Turning ON the Jog Speed Selection Signals, and then turning ON the /JOGP or /JOGN signals



Turning ON the /JOGP or /JOGN signals, and then turning ON the Jog Speed Selection Signals



7.5 **ZONE** Outputs

You can use ZONE signals to output a ZONE number to indicate when the current value is within a registered zone.

The ZONE signals (/Z0 to /Z2) are assigned to output signals /POUT0 to /POUT2 on CN1.

7.5.1 ZONE Table and ZONE Signals

You can register the desired zones in the ZONE table. The ZONE table consists of settings for the ZONE numbers (ZONE), ZONE N values (ZONE N), and ZONE P values (ZONE P). You can register up to eight zones.

The ZONE numbers identify the registered zones.

ZONE N is the lower limit of the ZONE and ZONE P is the upper limit of the ZONE. The setting conditions for ZONE N and ZONE P are given in the following table.

Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled
-1073741823 to +1073741823	Reference units	0	Immediately

The ZONE signals indicate the ZONE number. If the current value is within a zone registered in the ZONE table, the corresponding ZONE number is output on the ZONE signals.

You can use the ZONE numbers as required, e.g., to trigger operations related to positioning.

	ZONE Signals				
ZONE Number (ID)	ZONE N [Reference Units]	ZONE P [Reference Units]	/Z2 (/POUT2)	/Z1 (/POUT1)	/Z0 (/POUT0)
0	±nnnnnnnnnn	±nnnnnnnnnn	0	0	0
1	±nnnnnnnnnn	±nnnnnnnnnn	0	0	1
2	±nnnnnnnnnn	±nnnnnnnnnn	0	1	0
3	±nnnnnnnnnn	±nnnnnnnnnn	0	1	1
4	±nnnnnnnnnn	±nnnnnnnnnn	1	0	0
5	±nnnnnnnnnn	±nnnnnnnnnn	1	0	1
6	±nnnnnnnnnn	±nnnnnnnnnn	1	1	0
7	±nnnnnnnnn	±nnnnnnnnnn	1	1	1

Note: 1: Signal is ON (active), 0: Signal is OFF (inactive).

Information

Always save the ZONE table to flash memory after you edit it. Refer to the following section for the procedure.

■ Saving the Program Table to Flash Memory in the SERVOPACK on page 7-26

If you turn OFF the power supply before you save changes to flash memory, the changes to the ZONE table will be lost.

7.5.2 Parameters Related to ZONE Signals

ZONE Table Settings and ZONE Numbers

The relationship between the ZONE table settings and the ZONE numbers is shown below.

ZONE N ≤ ZONE P

The ZONE signals for the corresponding ZONE number is output if the current value is between ZONE N and ZONE P, inclusive (the shaded part in the following figure).



ZONE P ≤ ZONE N

The ZONE signals for the corresponding ZONE number is output if the current value is less than or equal to ZONE P or greater than or equal to ZONE N (the shaded parts in the following figure).



- Duplicated Settings in the ZONE Table The smaller ZONE number is output.
- ZONE N and ZONE P = 0
 The ZONE number is disabled.
- When the Current Value Is Not In Any ZONE All of the ZONE signals will be OFF (0).

7.5.2 Parameters Related to ZONE Signals

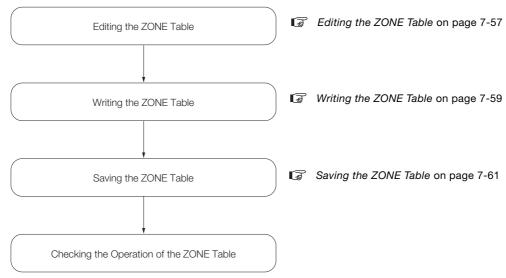
With the following parameter, the initial status* of the programmable output signals (/POUT0 to /POUT2) can be set to ZONE signals.

* The initial status is the status that exists after the control power supply is turned ON or after resetting the SERVO-PACK.

Parameter		Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
Pn64C	n.□□□0 (default setting)	When the control power supply is turned ON or the SERVOPACK is reset, the /POUT0 to /POUT2 signals are turned OFF.	After restart	Setup
	n.□□□1	When the control power supply is turned ON or the SERVOPACK is reset, the /POUT0 to /POUT2 signals are ZONE signals.	- Aller restart	

7.5.3 SigmaWin+ Procedures

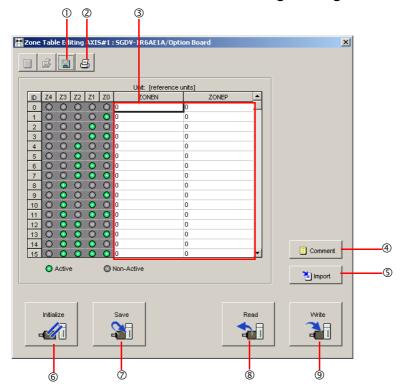
You use the SigmaWin+ to edit, write, and save the ZONE table. Use the following flow.



Editing the ZONE Table

- ◆ Displaying the ZONE Table Editing Dialog Box.

 Select *Edit ZONE Table* from the menu bar of the Main Window of the SigmaWin+.
- Details on the ZONE Table Editing Dialog Box



7.5.3 SigmaWin+ Procedures

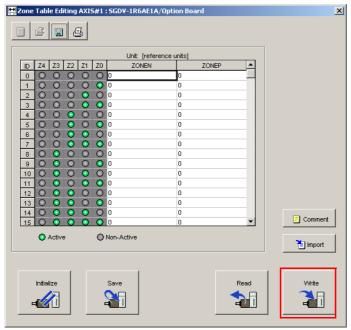
No.	Name	Description
1	Save Button	Saves the currently displayed settings to a computer file.
2	Print Button	Prints the currently displayed settings.
3	Setting Area	Sets the ranges for ZONE outputs. Select the cell and enter the value directly.
4	Comment Button	Lets you add a comment.
(5)	Import Button	Imports a ZONE table from a file saved on the computer to the SigmaWin+.
6	Initialize Button	Initializes the flash memory in the SERVOPACK.
7	Save Button	Saves the settings in the SERVOPACK to flash memory.
8	Read Button	Reads the settings in the SERVOPACK to the SigmaWin+.
9	Write Button	Writes the currently displayed settings to the SERVOPACK.

Writing the ZONE Table

You can write the edited ZONE table to SERVOPACK RAM to operate the SERVOPACK according to the program.

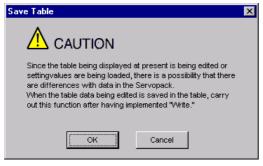


- 1. Make sure that the system is in SERVO OFF state when you write the ZONE table.
- 2. The ZONE table that is written will be deleted when the power supply to the SERVOPACK is turned OFF. Before you turn OFF the power supply to the SERVOPACK, save the ZONE table from RAM to flash memory. Refer to the following section for the operating procedure.
 Saving the ZONE Table on page 7-61
- 1. Click the Write Button on the ZONE Table Editing Dialog Box.



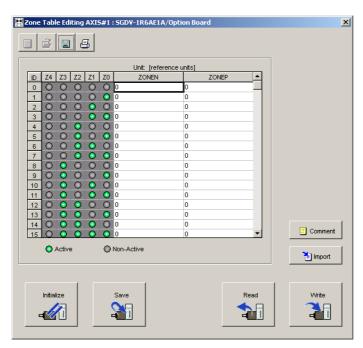
The Write Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Click the OK Button.



The ZONE table edited on the SigmaWin+ will be written to the SERVOPACK and all edited rows will change to white.

7.5.3 SigmaWin+ Procedures



This concludes the writing procedure.

Saving the ZONE Table

◆ Saving the ZONE Table to Flash Memory in the SERVOPACK

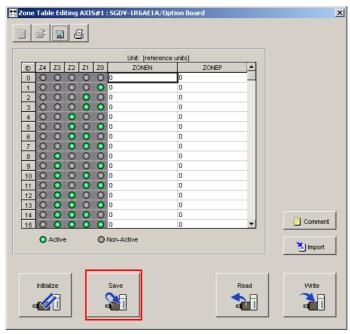
To prevent the ZONE table from being deleted when the power supply to the SERVOPACK is turned OFF, you must save it to flash memory in the SERVOPACK. The ZONE table that is saved in the flash memory is automatically loaded each time the power supply is turned ON.

There are the following two ways to save the ZONE table to flash memory in the SERVOPACK.

- Save it on the ZONE Table Editing Dialog Box.
- Save it with Fn061 (Edit/Save ZONE Table) on a Digital Operator.

Use the following procedure to save the ZONE table from the ZONE Editing Dialog Box.

1. Click the Save Button on the ZONE Table Editing Dialog Box.



The Save Table Dialog Box will be displayed.

2. Click the OK Button.



This concludes the saving procedure.

7.5.3 SigmaWin+ Procedures

Maintenance

This chapter provides information on the meaning of, causes of, and corrections for alarms and warnings.

8.1	Alarm	Displays8-2
	8.1.1 8.1.2 8.1.3	List of Alarms
8.2	Warnii	ng Displays 8-41
	8.2.1 8.2.2 8.2.3	List of Warnings
8.3	Troublesho	ooting Based on the Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor $\dots 8-53$

8.1.1 List of Alarms

Alarm Displays

If an error occurs in the SERVOPACK, the status is displayed as described below. However, if only "-" appears on the panel display, this indicates a SERVOPACK system error. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Status Display

SERVOPACK Panel Display	The alarm number will be displayed. Refer to the following manual for details. Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)	
Digital Operator	The alarm code is displayed at the top left of the screen.	
ALM Signal	The alarm signal turns ON. (The photocoupler turns OFF.)	
/WARN Signal	No change	

A list of the alarms that may occur and the causes of and corrections for those alarms are given below.

8.1.1 **List of Alarms**

This section gives the alarm names, alarm meanings, alarm stopping methods, alarm reset possibilities, and alarm code outputs in order of the alarm numbers.

Servomotor Stopping Method for Alarms

Refer to the following manual for information on the stopping method for alarms.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)

Alarm Reset Possibility

Yes: You can use an alarm reset to clear the alarm. However, this assumes that the cause of the alarm has been removed.

No: You cannot clear the alarm.

List of Alarms

			Servo-	Alarm	Alarm Code Output		
Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Alarm Meaning	motor Stop- ping Method	Reset Possi- ble?	/ALO1	/ALO2	/ALO3
A.020	Parameter Checksum Error	There is an error in the parameter data in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.021	Parameter Format Error	There is an error in the parameter data format in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.022	System Checksum Error	There is an error in the parameter data in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.024	System Alarm	An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.025	System Alarm	An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.030	Main Circuit Detector Error	There is an error in the detection data for the main circuit.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.040	Parameter Setting Error	A parameter setting is outside of the setting range.	Gr.1	No			
A.041	Encoder Output Pulse Setting Error	The setting of Pn212 (Encoder Output Pulses) or Pn281 (Encoder Output Resolution) is outside of the setting range or does not satisfy the setting conditions.	Gr.1	No			
A.042	Parameter Combination Error	The combination of some parameters exceeds the setting range.	Gr.1	No	Н	Н	Н
A.044	Semi-Closed/Fully- Closed Loop Control Parameter Setting Error	The settings of the Option Module and Pn002 = n.X□□□ (External Encoder Usage) do not match.	Gr.1	No			
A.04A	Parameter Setting Error 2	There is an error in setting of parameters reserved by the system.	Gr.1	No			
A.050	Combination Error	The capacities of the SERVOPACK and Servomotor do not match.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.051	Unsupported Device Alarm	An unsupported device was connected.	Gr.1	No			
A.070	Motor Type Change Detected	The connected motor is a different type of motor from the previously connected motor.	Gr.1	No			
A.080	Linear Encoder Pitch Setting Error	The setting of Pn282 (Linear Encoder Pitch) has not been changed from the default setting.	Gr.1	No			
A.0b0	Invalid Servo ON Command Alarm	The /S-ON (Servo ON) signal was input from the host controller after a utility function that turns ON the Servomotor was executed.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.100	Overcurrent Detected	An overcurrent flowed through the power transformer or the heat sink overheated.	Gr.1	No		Н	Н
A.101	Motor Overcurrent Detected	The current to the motor exceeded the allowable current.	Gr.1	No	<u> </u>		
A.300	Regeneration Error	There is an error related to regeneration.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.320	Regenerative Over- load	A regenerative overload occurred.	Gr.2	Yes			
A.330	Main Circuit Power Supply Wiring Error	 The AC power supply input setting or DC power supply input setting is not correct. The power supply wiring is not correct. 	Gr.1	Yes			Н

8.1.1 List of Alarms

Continued from previous page.

			Conta	Ooritii	Alarm Code Output		
Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Alarm Meaning	Servo- motor Stop- ping Method	Alarm Reset Possi- ble?	/ALO1	/ALO2	/ALO3
A.400	Overvoltage	The main circuit DC voltage is too high.	Gr.1	Yes	H	Н	L
A.410	Undervoltage	The main circuit DC voltage is too low.	Gr.2	Yes			
A.510	Overspeed	The motor exceeded the maximum speed.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.511	Encoder Output Pulse Overspeed	 Rotary Servomotor: The pulse output speed for the setting of Pn212 (Encoder Output Pulses) was exceeded. Linear Servomotor: The motor speed upper limit for the setting of Pn281 (Encoder Output Resolution) was exceeded. 	Gr.1	Yes	L	Н	L
A.520	Vibration Alarm	Abnormal oscillation was detected in the motor speed.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.521	Autotuning Alarm	Vibration was detected during autotuning for the tuning-less function.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.550	Maximum Speed Setting Error	The setting of Pn385 (Maximum Motor Speed) is greater than the maximum motor speed.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.710	Instantaneous Over- load	The Servomotor was operating for several seconds to several tens of seconds under a torque that largely exceeded the rating.	Gr.2	Yes			
A.720	Continuous Overload	The Servomotor was operating continuously under a torque that exceeded the rating.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.730 A.731	Dynamic Brake Over- load	When the dynamic brake was applied, the rotational or linear kinetic energy exceeded the capacity of the dynamic brake resistor.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.740	Inrush Current Limit- ing Resistor Overload	The main circuit power supply was frequently turned ON and OFF.	Gr.1	Yes	L	L	L
A.7A1	Internal Temperature Error 1 (Control Board Temperature Error)	The surrounding temperature of the control PCB is abnormal.	Gr.2	Yes			
A.7A2	Internal Temperature Error 2 (Power Board Temperature Error)	The surrounding temperature of the power PCB is abnormal.	Gr.2	Yes			
A.7A3	Internal Temperature Sensor Error	An error occurred in the temperature sensor circuit.	Gr.2	No			
A.7Ab	SERVOPACK Built-in Fan Stopped	The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.810	Encoder Backup Alarm	The power supplies to the encoder all failed and the position data was lost.	Gr.1	No			
A.820	Encoder Checksum Alarm	There is an error in the checksum results for encoder memory.	Gr.1	No			
A.830	Encoder Battery Alarm	The battery voltage was lower than the specified level after the control power supply was turned ON.	Gr.1	Yes	Н	Н	Н
A.840	Encoder Data Alarm	There is an internal data error in the encoder.	Gr.1	No			
A.850	Encoder Overspeed	The encoder was operating at high speed when the power was turned ON.	Gr.1	No			
A.860	Encoder Overheated	The internal temperature of encoder is too high.	Gr.1	No			

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Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Alarm Meaning	Servo- motor Stop- ping Method	Alarm Reset Possi- ble?		/ALO2	
A.861	Motor Overheated	The internal temperature of motor is too high.	Gr.1	No			
A.890	Encoder Scale Error	A failure occurred in the linear encoder.	Gr.1	No			
A.891	Encoder Module Error	An error occurred in the linear encoder.	Gr.1	No			
A.8A0	External Encoder Error	An error occurred in the external encoder.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.8A1	External Encoder Module Error	An error occurred in the Serial Converter Unit.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.8A2	External Incremental Encoder Sensor Error	An error occurred in the external encoder.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.8A3	External Absolute Encoder Position Error	An error occurred in the position data of the external encoder.	Gr.1	Yes	-		
A.8A5	External Encoder Overspeed	An overspeed error occurred in the external encoder.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.8A6	External Encoder Overheated	An overheating error occurred in the external encoder.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.b33	Current Detection Error 3	An error occurred in the current detection circuit.	Gr.1	No	Н	Н	Н
A.bF0	System Alarm 0	Internal program error 0 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.bF1	System Alarm 1	Internal program error 1 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.bF2	System Alarm 2	Internal program error 2 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.bF3	System Alarm 3	Internal program error 3 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.bF4	System Alarm 4	Internal program error 4 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.bF5	System Alarm 5	Internal program error 5 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.bF6	System Alarm 6	Internal program error 6 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.bF7	System Alarm 7	Internal program error 7 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.bF8	System Alarm 8	Internal program error 8 occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.C10	Servomotor Out of Control	The Servomotor ran out of control.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.C20	Phase Detection Error	The detection of the phase is not correct.	Gr.1	No			
A.C21	Polarity Sensor Error	An error occurred in the polarity sensor.	Gr.1	No			
A.C22	Phase Information Disagreement	The phase information does not match.	Gr.1	No			
A.C50	Polarity Detection Failure	The polarity detection failed.	Gr.1	No	L	Н	L
A.C51	Overtravel Detected during Polarity Detection	The overtravel signal was detected during polarity detection.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.C52	Polarity Detection Not Completed	The servo was turned ON before the polarity was detected.	Gr.1	Yes			

8.1.1 List of Alarms

Continued from previous page.

			Servo-		Alarm Code Output		
Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Alarm Meaning	motor Stop- ping Method	Alarm Reset Possi- ble?	/ALO1	/ALO2	
A.C53	Out of Range of Motion for Polarity Detection	The travel distance exceeded the setting of Pn48E (Polarity Detection Range).	Gr.1	No			
A.C54	Polarity Detection Failure 2	The polarity detection failed.	Gr.1	No			
A.C80	Encoder Clear Error or Multiturn Limit Set- ting Error	The multiturn data for the absolute encoder was not correctly cleared or set.	Gr.1	No			
A.C90	Encoder Communications Error	Communications between the encoder and SERVOPACK is not possible.	Gr.1	No			
A.C91	Encoder Communications Position Data Acceleration Rate Error	An error occurred in calculating the position data of the encoder.	Gr.1	No			
A.C92	Encoder Communica- tions Timer Error	An error occurred in the communications timer between the encoder and SERVO-PACK.	Gr.1	No	L	Н	L
A.CA0	Encoder Parameter Error	The parameters in the encoder are corrupted.	Gr.1	No			
A.Cb0	Encoder Echoback Error	The contents of communications with the encoder are incorrect.	Gr.1	No			
A.CC0	Multiturn Limit Dis- agreement	Different multiturn limits have been set in the encoder and the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	No			
A.CF1	Reception Failed Error in Feedback Option Module Communica- tions	Receiving data from the Feedback Option Module failed.	Gr.1	No			
A.CF2	Timer Stopped Error in Feedback Option Module Communica- tions	An error occurred in the timer for communications with the Feedback Option Module.	Gr.1	No			
A.d00	Position Deviation Overflow	The setting of Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level) was exceeded by the position deviation.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.d01	Position Deviation Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	The servo was turned ON after the position deviation exceeded the setting of Pn526 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level at Servo ON) while the servo was OFF.	Gr.1	Yes			
A.d02	Position Deviation Overflow Alarm for Speed Limit at Servo ON	If position deviation remains in the deviation counter, the setting of Pn529 or Pn584 (Speed Limit Level at Servo ON) limits the speed when the servo is turned ON. This alarm occurs if a position reference is input and the setting of Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level) is exceeded before the limit is cleared.	Gr.2	Yes	L	L	Н
A.d10	Motor-Load Position Deviation Overflow	There was too much position deviation between the motor and load during fully-closed loop control.	Gr.2	Yes			
A.d30	Position Data Over- flow	The position feedback data exceeded ±1,879,048,192.	Gr.1	No	Continue		

Continued from previous page.

		Servo-	Alarm	Alarm Code Output		
Alarm Name	Alarm Meaning	motor Stop- ping Method	Reset Possi- ble?	/ALO1	/ALO2	/ALO3
Safety Option Module Detection Failure	Detection of the safety option module failed.	Gr.1	No			
Feedback Option Module Detection Failure	Detection of the Feedback Option Module failed.	Gr.1	No			
Unsupported Safety Option Module	An unsupported safety option module was connected.	Gr.1	No	H	L	L
Unsupported Feed- back Option Module	An unsupported feedback option module was connected.	Gr.1	No			
Safety Function Sig- nal Input Timing Error	An error occurred in the input timing of the safety function signal.	Gr.1	No			
Gate Drive Error 1	An error occurred in the gate drive circuit.	Gr.1	No			
Gate Drive Error 2	An error occurred in the gate drive circuit.	Gr.1	No			
INDEXER Alarm	An alarm occurred in the INDEXER.	Gr.1	Yes			
Power Supply Line Open Phase	The voltage was low for more than one second for phase R, S, or T when the main power supply was ON.	Gr.2	Yes	Н	L	Н
System Alarm	An internal program error occurred in the	_	No			
	SERVOPACK. 					
					Invalid	
Digital Operator Com- munications Error 1	Communications were not possible between the Digital Operator (model:	_	No			
Digital Operator Communications Error 2	erator Com- JUSP-OP05A-1-E) and the SERVOPACK		140			
	Safety Option Module Detection Failure Feedback Option Module Detection Failure Unsupported Safety Option Module Unsupported Feed- back Option Module Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error Gate Drive Error 1 Gate Drive Error 2 INDEXER Alarm Power Supply Line Open Phase System Alarm Digital Operator Communications Error 1 Digital Operator Com-	Safety Option Module Detection Failure Feedback Option Module Detection Failure Unsupported Safety Option Module Unsupported Feedback Option Module Unsupported Feedback Option Module Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error Gate Drive Error 1 Gate Drive Error 2 INDEXER Alarm Power Supply Line Open Phase Detection of the Feedback Option Module failed. Detection of the Feedback Option Module was connected. An unsupported safety option module was connected. An unsupported feedback option module was connected. An error occurred in the input timing of the safety function signal. An error occurred in the gate drive circuit. An error occurred in the gate drive circuit. The voltage was low for more than one second for phase R, S, or T when the main power supply was ON. An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK. Digital Operator Communications Error 1 Digital Operator Compulsion of the safety option module was connected. Detection of the safety option module was connected. An unsupported safety option module was connected.	Alarm Name Alarm Meaning Method Safety Option Module Detection Failure Feedback Option Module Detection Failure Detection of the safety option module failed. Detection of the Feedback Option Module Detection Module Detection Failure Detection of the Feedback Option Module failed. Detection of the Feedback Option Module failed. An unsupported safety option module was connected. An unsupported feedback option module was connected. An unsupported feedback option module was connected. An unsupported feedback option module was connected. An error occurred in the input timing of the safety function signal. Gate Drive Error 1 An error occurred in the gate drive circuit. INDEXER Alarm An alarm occurred in the INDEXER. Power Supply Line Open Phase An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK. Digital Operator Communications Error 1 Digital Operator Communications Error 2 Detection of the safety option module Gr. 1 Gr. 1 An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK	Alarm Name Alarm Meaning Alarm Meaning Alarm Meaning Alarm Messet Possible? Safety Option Module Detection Failure Feedback Option Module Detection Failure Feedback Option Module Detection Failure Unsupported Safety Option Module Unsupported Feedback Option Module Was connected. An unsupported feedback Option module Was connected. Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error Gate Drive Error 1 An error occurred in the input timing of the safety function signal. An error occurred in the gate drive circuit. An error occurred in the INDEXER. Power Supply Line Open Phase An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK. An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK No No Alarm Meaning Method Gr. 1 No Reset Possible Possible between the Digital Operator (model: JUSP-OPO6A-1-E) and the SERVOPACK	Alarm Name Alarm Meaning Alarm Meaning Alarm Messet Stopping Method Detection of the safety option module failed. Detection of the Feedback Option Module Detection Failure Feedback Option Module Detection Failure Detection of the Feedback Option Module Detection of the Feedback Option Module Detection Failure An unsupported safety option module was connected. An unsupported feedback Option module was connected. An unsupported feedback Option module was connected. An unsupported feedback option module was connected. An error occurred in the input timing of the safety function signal. An error occurred in the gate drive circuit. Gate Drive Error 1 An error occurred in the gate drive circuit. An error occurred in the gate drive circuit. An alarm occurred in the INDEXER. Power Supply Line Open Phase The voltage was low for more than one second for phase R, S, or T when the main power supply was ON. An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK. An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK Digital Operator Communications were not possible between the Digital Operator (model: JUSP-OP05A-1-E) and the SERVOPACK	Alarm Name Alarm Meaning Alarm Meaning Alarm Meset Stopping Method Alarm Meset Possible? ALO1 /ALO2 ALO2 Alarm Reset Possible? ALO3 /ALO1 /ALO2 ALO3 /ALO4 ALO4 /ALO5 /ALO

^{*} These alarms are not stored in the alarm history. They are only displayed on the panel display.

Note: The A.Eb0, A.Eb2 to A.Eb9, and A.EC0 to A.EC2 alarms can occur when a Safety Module is connected. Refer to the following manual for details.

AC Servo Drive Σ-V-Series/Σ-V-Series for Large-Capacity Models/Σ-7-Series User's Manual Safety Module (Manual No.: SIEP C720829 06)

The causes of and corrections for the alarms are given in the following table. Contact your Yaskawa representative if you cannot solve a problem with the correction given in the table.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The power supply voltage suddenly dropped.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range, and initialize the parameter settings.	*1
	The power supply was shut OFF while writing parameter settings.	Check the timing of shutting OFF the power supply.	Initialize the parameter settings and then set the parameters again.	
A.020: Parameter	The number of times that parameters were written exceeded the limit.	Check to see if the parameters were frequently changed from the host controller.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK. Reconsider the method for writing the parameters.	*1
Checksum Error (There is an error in the parameter data in the SER- VOPACK.)	A malfunction was caused by noise from the AC power supply, ground, static electricity, or other source.	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, noise may be the cause.	Implement countermea- sures against noise.	_
	Gas, water drops, or cutting oil entered the SERVOPACK and caused failure of the internal components.	Check the installation conditions.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may have failed.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
A.021: Parameter Format Error (There is an error in the parameter data format in the	The software version of the SERVOPACK that caused the alarm is older than the software version of the parameters specified to write.	Read the product information to see if the software versions are the same. If they are different, it could be the cause of the alarm.	Write the parameters from another SERVOPACK with the same model and the same software version, and then turn the power OFF and ON again.	*1
SERVOPACK.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_
	The power supply voltage suddenly dropped.	Measure the power supply voltage.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_
A.022: System Check- sum Error (There is an error	The power supply was shut OFF while setting a utility function.	Check the timing of shutting OFF the power supply.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_
in the parameter data in the SER- VOPACK.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may have failed.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_

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Alarm Number:	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
Alarm Name	1 0001510 04400	Committation	Contobion	11010101100
A.024: System Alarm (An internal pro- gram error occurred in the SERVOPACK.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
A.025: System Alarm (An internal pro- gram error occurred in the SERVOPACK.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
A.030: Main Circuit Detector Error	The jumper between the DC Reactor terminals (⊝1 and ⊝2) was removed or there is faulty contact. The cable between the DC Reactor and SERVOPACK is not wired correctly or there is a faulty contact.	_	Correct the wiring between the DC Reactor terminals.	_
	The SERVOPACK and Servomotor capacities do not match each other.	Check the combination of the SERVOPACK and Servomotor capacities.	Select a proper combination of SERVOPACK and Servomotor capacities.	page 1-4
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
A.040: Parameter Setting Error (A parameter set-	A parameter setting is outside of the setting range.	Check the setting ranges of the parameters that have been changed.	Set the parameters to values within the setting ranges.	-
ting is outside of the setting range.)	The electronic gear ratio is outside of the setting range.	Check the electronic gear ratio. The ratio must be within the following range: 0.001 < (Pn20E/Pn210) < 64,000.	Set the electronic gear ratio in the following range: 0.001 < (Pn20E/Pn210) < 64,000.	*1
	The origin setting is out of range.	Check to see if the origin is between the settings of Pn638 and Pn63A.	Set the origin between Pn638 and Pn63A.	-
A.041: Encoder Output Pulse Setting Error	The setting of Pn212 (Encoder Output Pulses) or Pn281 (Encoder Output Resolution) is outside of the setting range or does not satisfy the setting conditions.	Check the setting of Pn212 or Pn281.	Set Pn212 or Pn281 to an appropriate value.	*1

Continued from previous page.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The speed of program jog operation went below the setting range when the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) or the Servomotor was changed.	Check to see if the detection conditions*2 are satisfied.	Decrease the setting of the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210).	*1
A.042: Parameter Combination Error	The speed of program jog operation went below the setting range when Pn533 or Pn585 (Program Jog Operation Speed) was changed.	Check to see if the detection conditions*2 are satisfied.	Increase the setting of Pn533 or Pn585.	*1
	The movement speed of advanced autotuning went below the setting range when the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/ Pn210) or the Servomotor was changed.	Check to see if the detection conditions*3 are satisfied.	Decrease the setting of the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210).	*1
A.044: Semi-Closed/ Fully-Closed Loop Control Parameter Setting Error	The setting of the Fully-Closed Module does not match the setting of Pn002 = n.X□□□ (External Encoder Usage).	Check the setting of Pn002 = n.X□□□.	Make sure that the setting of the Fully-closed Module agrees with the setting of Pn002 = n.X□□□.	*1
A.04A: Parameter Set- ting Error 2	A parameter reserved by the system was changed.	_	Set the following reserved parameters to the default settings. Pn200.2 Pn207.1 Pn50A.0 Pn50A.1 Pn50A.2 Pn50C Pn50D	-
A.050: Combination Error	The SERVOPACK and Servomotor capacities do not match each other.	Check the capacities to see if they satisfy the following condition: 1/4 ≤ Servomotor capacity / SERVOPACK capacity ≤ 4	Select a proper combination of the SERVOPACK and Servomotor capacities.	page 1-4
(The capacities of the SERVOPACK and Servomotor do not match.)	A failure occurred in the encoder.	Replace the encoder and check to see if the alarm still occurs.	Replace the Servomotor or encoder.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.051:	The motor parameter file was not written to the linear encoder. (This applies only when not using a Serial Converter Unit.)	Check to see if the motor parameter file was written to the linear encoder.	Write the motor parameter file to the linear encoder.	*1
Unsupported Device Alarm	An unsupported Serial Converter Unit or encoder (e.g., an external encoder) is connected to the SERVOPACK.	Check the product combination specifications.	Change to a correct combination of models.	-
A.070: Motor Type Change Detected (The connected	A Rotary Servomotor was removed and a Linear Servomotor was connected.	_	Set the parameters for a Linear Servomotor and reset the motor type alarm. Then, turn the power supply to the SER- VOPACK OFF and ON again.	*1
motor is a differ- ent type of motor from the previ- ously connected motor.)	A Linear Servomotor was removed and a Rotary Servomotor was connected.	_	Set the parameters for a Rotary Servomotor and reset the motor type alarm. Then, turn the power supply to the SER- VOPACK OFF and ON again.	*1
A.080: Linear Encoder Pitch Setting Error	The setting of Pn282 (Linear Encoder Pitch) has not been changed from the default setting.	Check the setting of Pn282.	Correct the setting of Pn282.	*1
A.0b0: Invalid Servo ON Command Alarm	The /S-ON (Servo ON) signal was input from the host controller after a utility function Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. Or execute a		-	

Continued from previous page.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The Main Circuit Cable is not wired correctly or there is faulty contact.	Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.	
	There is a short-circuit or ground fault in a Main Circuit Cable.	Check for short-circuits across cable phases U, V, and W, or between the ground and cable phases U, V, and W.	The cable may be short-circuited. Replace the cable.	
	There is a short-circuit or ground fault inside the Servomotor.	Check for short-circuits across Servomotor phases U, V, and W, or between the ground and Servomotor phases U, V, or W.	The Servomotor may be faulty. Replace the Servomotor.	*1
A.100:	There is a short-circuit or ground fault inside the SERVOPACK.	Check for short-circuits across the Servomotor connection terminals U, V, and W on the SER-VOPACK, or between the ground and terminals U, V, or W.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	
Overcurrent Detected (An overcurrent flowed through the power trans-	The regenerative resistor is not wired correctly or there is faulty contact.	Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.	*1
former or the heat sink overheated.)	The dynamic brake (DB, emergency stop executed from the SERVOPACK) was frequently activated, or a DB overload alarm occurred.	Check the power consumed by the DB resistor to see how frequently the DB is being used. Or, check the alarm display to see if a DB overload alarm (A.730 or A.731) has occurred.	Change the SERVOPACK model, operating methods, or the mechanisms so that the dynamic brake does not need to be used so frequently.	-
	The regenerative resistor value exceeded the SER-VOPACK regenerative processing capacity.	Check the regenerative load ratio in the SigmaWin+ Motion Monitor Tab Page to see how frequently the regenerative resistor is being used.	Select a regenerative resistance value that is appropriate for the operating conditions and load.	*4
	The SERVOPACK regenerative resistance is too small.	Check the regenerative load ratio in the SigmaWin+ Motion Monitor Tab Page to see how frequently the regenerative resistor is being used.	Change the regenerative resistance to a value larger than the SERVO-PACK minimum allowable resistance.	

Continued from previous page.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
Alailli Ivallie	A heavy load was applied while the Servomotor was stopped or running at a low speed.	Check to see if the operating conditions exceed Servo Drive specifications.	Reduce the load applied to the Servomotor. Or, increase the operating speed.	-
A.100: Overcurrent Detected (An overcurrent flowed through the power trans- former or the heat	A malfunction was caused by noise.	Improve the noise envi- ronment, e.g. by improving the wiring or installation conditions, and check to see if the alarm still occurs.	Implement countermea- sures against noise, such as correct wiring of the FG. Use an FG wire size equivalent to the SERVO- PACK's main circuit wire size.	-
sink overheated.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
	The Main Circuit Cable is not wired correctly or there is faulty contact.	Check the wiring.	Correct the wiring.	
	There is a short-circuit or ground fault in a Main Circuit Cable.	Check for short-circuits across cable phases U, V, and W, or between the ground and cable phases U, V, and W.	The cable may be short-circuited. Replace the cable.	*1
	There is a short-circuit or ground fault inside the Servomotor.	Check for short-circuits across Servomotor phases U, V, and W, or between the ground and Servomotor phases U, V, or W.	The Servomotor may be faulty. Replace the Servomotor.	
A.101: Motor Overcurrent Detected (The current to the motor exceeded the	There is a short-circuit or ground fault inside the SERVOPACK.	Check for short-circuits across the Servomotor connection terminals U, V, and W on the SER-VOPACK, or between the ground and terminals U, V, or W.	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	
allowable current.)	A heavy load was applied while the Ser- vomotor was stopped or running at a low speed.	Check to see if the operating conditions exceed Servo Drive specifications.	Reduce the load applied to the Servomotor. Or, increase the operating speed.	-
	A malfunction was caused by noise.	Improve the noise envi- ronment, e.g. by improving the wiring or installation conditions, and check to see if the alarm still occurs.	Implement countermeasures against noise, such as correct wiring of the FG. Use an FG wire size equivalent to the SERVO-PACK's main circuit wire size.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

Continued from previous page.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	Pn600 (Regenerative Resistor Capacity) is not set to 0 and an External Regenerative Resistor is not con- nected to one of the following SERVO- PACKs: SGD7S- R70A, -R90A,-1R6A, -2R8A, -R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, or -2R8F.	Check to see if an External Regenerative Resistor is connected and check the setting of Pn600.	Connect an External Regenerative Resistor, or set Pn600 (Regenerative Resistor Capacity) to 0 (setting unit: ×10 W) if no Regenerative Resistor is required.	*1
	An External Regenerative Resistor is not connected to one of the following SERVO-PACKs: SGD7S-470A, -550A, -590A, or -780A.	Check to see if an External Regenerative Resistor or a Regenerative Resistor Unit is connected and check the setting of Pn600.	Connect an External Regenerative Resistor and set Pn600 to an appropri- ate value, or connect a Regenerative Resistor Unit and set Pn600 to 0.	
A.300: Regeneration Error	The jumper between the regenerative resistor terminals (B2 and B3) was removed from one of the following SERVOPACKs: SGD7S-3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, or -330A.	Check to see if the jumper is connected between power supply terminals. Note: If an External Regenerative Resistor or Regenerative Resistor Unit is connected while the jumper remains connected between B2 and B3, the SERVO-PACK may be damaged.	Correctly connect a jumper.	*1
	The External Regenerative Resistor or Regenerative Resistor Unit is not wired correctly, or was removed or disconnected.	Check the wiring of the External Regenerative Resistor or Regenerative Resistor Unit. Note: If an External Regenerative Resistor or Regenerative Resistor or Regenerative Resistor Unit is connected while the jumper remains connected between B2 and B3, the SERVO-PACK may be damaged.	Correct the wiring of the External Regenerative Resistor or Regenerative Resistor Unit.	
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	While the main circuit power supply is OFF, turn the control power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	_

Continued from previous page.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The power supply voltage exceeded the specified range.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.	_
	The external regenerative resistance value or regenerative resistor capacity is too small, or there has been a continuous regeneration state.	Check the operating conditions or the capacity using the SigmaJunmaSize+ Capacity Selection Software or other means.	Change the regenerative resistance value or capacity. Reconsider the operating conditions using the SigmaJunmaSize+ Capacity Selection Software or other means.	*4
	There was a continuous regeneration state because a negative load was continuously applied.	Check the load applied to the Servomotor during operation.	Reconsider the system including the servo, machine, and operating conditions.	-
A.320: Regenerative Overload	The setting of Pn600 (Regenerative Resistor Capacity) is smaller than the capacity of the External Regenerative Resistor.	Check to see if a Regenerative Resistor is connected and check the setting of Pn600.	Correct the setting of Pn600.	*1
	The setting of Pn603 (Regenerative Resistor Capacity) is smaller than the capacity of the External Regenerative Resistor.	Check to see if a Regenerative Resistor is connected and check the setting of Pn603.	Correct the setting of Pn603.	*1
	The external regenerative resistance is too high.	Check the regenerative resistance.	Change the regenerative resistance to a correct value or use an External Regenerative Resistor of an appropriate capacity.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The regenerative resistor was disconnected when the SERVOPACK power supply voltage was high.	Measure the resistance of the regenerative resistor using a measuring instrument.	If you are using the regenerative resistor built into the SERVOPACK, replace the SERVOPACK. If you are using an External Regenerative Resistor, replace the External Regenerative Resistor.	-
4.000	DC power was supplied when an AC power supply input was specified in the settings.	Check the power supply to see if it is a DC power supply.	Correct the power supply setting to match the actual power supply.	*1
A.330: Main Circuit Power Supply Wiring Error (Detected when the main circuit power supply is turned ON.)	AC power was supplied when a DC power supply input was specified in the settings.	Check the power supply to see if it is an AC power supply.	Correct the power supply setting to match the actual power supply.	
	Pn600 (Regenerative Resistor Capacity) is not set to 0 and an External Regenerative Resistor is not con- nected to one of the following SERVOPACKs: SGD7S-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, or -2R8F.	Check to see if an External Regenerative Resistor is connected and check the setting of Pn600.	Connect an External Regenerative Resistor, or if an External Regenera- tive Resistor is not required, set Pn600 to 0.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The power supply voltage exceeded the specified range.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the AC/DC power supply voltage within the specified range.	-
	The power supply is not stable or was influenced by a lightning surge.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Improve the power supply conditions, install a surge absorber, and then turn the power supply OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.400: Overvoltage (Detected in the	The voltage for AC power supply was too high during acceleration or deceleration.	Check the power supply voltage and the speed and torque during operation.	Set the AC power supply voltage within the specified range.	-
main circuit power supply section of the SERVOPACK.)	The external regenerative resistance is too high for the operating conditions.	Check the operating conditions and the regenerative resistance.	Select a regenerative resistance value that is appropriate for the operating conditions and load.	*4
	The moment of inertia ratio or mass ratio exceeded the allowable value.	Check to see if the moment of inertia ratio or mass ratio is within the allowable range.	Increase the deceleration time, or reduce the load.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	While the main circuit power supply is OFF, turn the control power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

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Alarm Number:	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Continued from pre	Reference
Alarm Name		Committation		neterence
	The power supply voltage went below the specified range.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.	-
	The power supply voltage dropped during operation.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Increase the power supply capacity.	-
	A momentary power interruption occurred.	Measure the power supply voltage.	If you have changed the setting of Pn509 (Momentary Power Interruption Hold Time), decrease the setting.	*1
A.410:	The SERVOPACK fuse is blown out.	Check the power supply wiring.	Correct the power supply wiring and replace the SERVOPACK.	-
Undervoltage (Detected in the main circuit power supply section of the	The SERVOPACK fuse is blown out.	-	Replace the SERVO- PACK and connect a reactor to the DC reactor terminals (⊝1 and ⊝2) on the SERVOPACK.	-
SERVOPACK.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
	The jumper between the DC Reactor terminals (⊝1 and ⊝2) was removed or there is faulty contact.		Correct the wiring	
	The cable between the DC Reactor and SERVOPACK is not wired correctly or there is a faulty con- tact.	-	between the DC Reactor terminals.	_
	The order of phases U, V, and W in the motor wiring is not correct.	Check the wiring of the Servomotor.	Make sure that the Servo- motor is correctly wired.	-
A.510: Overspeed	A reference value that exceeded the over- speed detection level was input.	Check the input reference.	Reduce the reference value. Or, adjust the gain.	
(The motor exceeded the maximum speed.)	The motor exceeded the maximum speed.	Check the waveform of the motor speed.	Reduce the speed reference input gain and adjust the servo gain. Or, reconsider the operating conditions.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_
A.511:	The encoder output pulse frequency exceeded the limit.	Check the encoder output pulse setting.	Decrease the setting of Pn212 (Encoder Output Pulses) or Pn281 (Encoder Output Resolu- tion).	*1
Encoder Output Pulse Overspeed	The encoder output pulse frequency exceeded the limit because the motor speed was too high.	Check the encoder output pulse setting and the motor speed.	Reduce the motor speed.	-

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	Abnormal oscillation was detected in the motor speed.	Check for abnormal motor noise, and check the speed and torque waveforms during operation.	Reduce the motor speed. Or, reduce the setting of Pn100 (Speed Loop Gain).	*1
A.520: Vibration Alarm	The setting of Pn103 (Moment of Inertia Ratio) is greater than the actual moment of inertia or was greatly changed.	Check the moment of inertia ratio or mass ratio.	Set Pn103 (Moment of Inertia Ratio) to an appropriate value.	*1
	The vibration detection level (Pn312 or Pn384) is not suitable.	Check that the vibration detection level (Pn312 or Pn384) is suitable.	Set a suitable vibration detection level (Pn312 or Pn384).	*1
A.521: Autotuning Alarm (Vibration was detected while executing the custom tuning, EasyFFT, or the tuning-less func- tion.)	The Servomotor vibrated considerably while performing the tuning-less function.	Check the waveform of the motor speed.	Reduce the load so that the moment of inertia ratio is within the allowable value. Or increase the load level or reduce the rigidity level in the tuning- less level settings.	*1
	The Servomotor vibrated considerably while performing custom tuning or EasyFFT.	Check the waveform of the motor speed.	Check the operating procedure of corresponding function and implement corrections.	*1
A.550: Maximum Speed Setting Error	The setting of Pn385 (Maximum Motor Speed) is greater than the maximum speed.	Check the setting of Pn385, and the upper limits of the maximum motor speed setting and the encoder output resolution setting.	Set Pn385 to a value that does not exceed the maximum motor speed.	*1

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
Alailli Ivaille	The wiring is not correct or there is a faulty contact in the motor or encoder wiring.	Check the wiring.	Make sure that the Servo- motor and encoder are correctly wired.	*1
	Operation was performed that exceeded the overload protection characteristics.	Check the motor over- load characteristics and operation reference.	Reconsider the load and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity.	-
A.710:	An excessive load was applied during operation because the Servomotor was not driven due to mechanical problems.	Check the operation reference and motor speed.	Correct the mechanical problem.	-
Instantaneous Overload A.720: Continuous Overload	Operation was per- formed with a load applied to the shaft of the servomotor that exceeded the allow- able value.	Check the condition of the machine to deter- mine if a load was applied to the shaft of the servomotor that exceeded the allowable value.	Correct the condition of the machine so that the load on the shaft during servomotor operation does not exceed the allowable value.	-
	There is an error in the setting of Pn282 (Linear Encoder Pitch).	Check the setting of Pn282.	Correct the setting of Pn282.	*1
	There is an error in the setting of Pn080 = n.□□X□ (Motor Phase Selection).	Check the setting of Pn080 = n.□□X□.	Set Pn080 = n.□□X□ to an appropriate value.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
A 720 and	The Servomotor was rotated by an external force.	Check the operation status.	Implement measures to ensure that the motor will not be rotated by an external force.	-
A.730 and A.731: Dynamic Brake Overload (An excessive power consumption by the dynamic brake was detected.)	When the Servomotor was stopped with the dynamic brake, the rotational or linear kinetic energy exceeded the capacity of the dynamic brake resistor.	Check the power consumed by the DB resistor to see how frequently the DB is being used.	Reconsider the following: Reduce the Servomotor command speed. Decrease the moment of inertia ratio or mass ratio. Reduce the frequency of stopping with the dynamic brake.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
A.740: Inrush Current Limiting Resistor Overload (The main circuit power supply	The allowable frequency of the inrush current limiting resistor was exceeded when the main circuit power supply was turned ON and OFF.	_	Reduce the frequency of turning the main circuit power supply ON and OFF.	-
was frequently turned ON and OFF.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The surrounding temperature is too high.	Check the surrounding temperature using a thermostat. Or, check the operating status with the SERVOPACK installation environment monitor.	Decrease the surrounding temperature by improving the SERVO-PACK installation conditions.	*1
A.7A1:	An overload alarm was reset by turning OFF the power supply too many times.	Check the alarm display to see if there is an overload alarm.	Change the method for resetting the alarm.	-
Internal Temperature Error 1 (Control Board Temperature Error)	There was an excessive load or operation was performed that exceeded the regenerative processing capacity.	Use the accumulated load ratio to check the load during operation, and use the regenerative load ratio to check the regenerative processing capacity.	Reconsider the load and operating conditions.	-
	The SERVOPACK installation orientation is not correct or there is insufficient space around the SERVOPACK.	Check the SERVOPACK installation conditions.	Install the SERVOPACK according to specifications.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
	The surrounding temperature is too high.	Check the surrounding temperature using a thermostat. Or, check the operating status with the SERVOPACK installation environment monitor.	Decrease the surrounding temperature by improving the SERVO-PACK installation conditions.	*1
A 7AO.	An overload alarm was reset by turning OFF the power supply too many times.	Check the alarm display to see if there is an overload alarm.	Change the method for resetting the alarm.	-
A.7A2: Internal Tempera- ture Error 2 (Power Board Temperature Error)	There was an excessive load or operation was performed that exceeded the regenerative processing capacity.	Use the accumulated load ratio to check the load during operation, and use the regenerative load ratio to check the regenerative processing capacity.	Reconsider the load and operating conditions.	-
	The SERVOPACK installation orientation is not correct or there is insufficient space around the SERVOPACK.	Check the SERVOPACK installation conditions.	Install the SERVOPACK according to specifications.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_
A.7A3: Internal Temperature Sensor Error (An error occurred in the temperature sensor circuit.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-

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Alarm Number:	Donaible Cause	Confirmation	Continued from pro	, ,
Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.7Ab: SERVOPACK Built-in Fan Stopped	The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped.	Check for foreign matter inside the SERVOPACK.	Remove foreign matter from the SERVOPACK. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
	The power to the absolute encoder was turned ON for the first time.	Check to see if the power supply was turned ON for the first time.	Set up the encoder.	
A.810:	The Encoder Cable was disconnected and then connected again.	Check to see if the power supply was turned ON for the first time.	Check the encoder connection and set up the encoder.	*1
Encoder Backup Alarm (Detected at the encoder, but only when an abso- lute encoder is used.)	Power is not being supplied both from the control power supply (+5 V) from the SERVOPACK and from the battery power supply.	Check the encoder connector battery and the connector status.	Replace the battery or implement similar measures to supply power to the encoder, and set up the encoder.	
2002.,	A failure occurred in the absolute encoder.	_	If the alarm still occurs after setting up the encoder again, replace the Servomotor.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
A.820: Encoder Check- sum Alarm (Detected at the encoder.)	A failure occurred in the encoder.	_	■ When Using an Absolute Encoder Set up the encoder again. If the alarm still occurs, the Servomotor may be faulty. Replace the Servomotor. ■ When Using a Singleturn Absolute Encoder or Incremental Encoder or Incremental Encoder aulty. Replace the Servomotor. • The linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the linear encoder.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	-
A.830: Encoder Battery Alarm (The absolute encoder battery voltage was lower than the speci- fied level.)	The battery connection is faulty or a battery is not connected.	Check the battery connection.	Correct the battery connection.	*1
	The battery voltage is lower than the specified value (2.7 V).	Measure the battery voltage.	Replace the battery.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SER-VOPACK.	_

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The encoder malfunctioned.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the Servomotor or linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the Servo- motor or linear encoder.	-
1.040	An error occurred in reading data from the linear encoder.	_	The linear encoder is not mounted within an appropriate tolerance. Correct the mounting of the linear encoder.	-
A.840: Encoder Data Alarm (Detected at the encoder.)	Excessive speed occurred in the linear encoder.	_	Control the motor speed within the range specified by the linear encoder manufacturer and then turn ON the control power supply.	-
	The encoder malfunctioned due to noise.	_	Correct the wiring around the encoder by separating the Encoder Cable from the Servomotor Main Circuit Cable or by grounding the encoder.	-
	The polarity sensor is not wired correctly.	Check the wiring of the polarity sensor.	Correct the wiring of the polarity sensor.	-
	The polarity sensor failed.	_	Replace the polarity sensor.	_
	Rotary Servomotor: The Servomotor speed was 200 min ⁻¹ or higher when the control power supply was turned ON.	Check the motor speed when the power supply is turned ON.	Reduce the Servomotor speed to a value less than 200 min ⁻¹ , and turn ON the control power supply.	-
A.850: Encoder Overspeed (Detected at the encoder when the control power supply is turned ON.)	Linear Servomotor: The Servomotor exceeded the specified speed when the control power supply was turned ON.	Check the motor speed when the power supply is turned ON.	Control the motor speed within the range specified by the linear encoder manufacturer and then turn ON the control power supply.	-
	A failure occurred in the encoder.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the Servomotor or linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the Servo- motor or linear encoder.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference	
A.860: Encoder Overheated (Detected at the encoder, but only when an absolute encoder is used.)	The surrounding air temperature around the Servomotor is too high.	Measure the surrounding air temperature around the Servomotor.	Reduce the surrounding air temperature of the Servomotor to 40°C or less.	-	
	The Servomotor load is greater than the rated load.	Use the accumulated load ratio to check the load.	Operate the Servo Drive so that the motor load remains within the specified range.	*1	
	A failure occurred in the encoder.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the Servomotor or absolute linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the Servomotor or absolute linear encoder.	-	
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-	
	The surrounding temperature around the Servomotor is too high.	Measure the surrounding temperature around the Servomotor.	Reduce the surrounding air temperature of the Servomotor to 40° or less.	-	
	The motor load is greater than the rated load.	Check the load with the accumulated load ratio on the Motion Monitor Tab Page on the SigmaWin+.	Operate the Servo Drive so that the motor load remains within the specified range.	*1	
A.861: Motor Overheated	A failure occurred in the Serial Converter Unit.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the Serial Con- verter Unit may be faulty. Replace the Serial Con- verter Unit.	-	
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-	
A.890: Encoder Scale Error	A failure occurred in the linear encoder.	_	The linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the linear encoder.	-	
A.891: Encoder Module Error	A failure occurred in the linear encoder.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the linear encoder.	-	
A.8A0: External Encoder Error	Setting the origin of the absolute linear encoder failed because the motor moved.	Before you set the origin, use the fully-closed feedback pulse counter to confirm that the motor is not moving.	The motor must be stopped while setting the origin position.	*1	
	A failure occurred in the external encoder.	_	Replace the external encoder.	_	

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.8A1:	A failure occurred in the external encoder.	-	Replace the external encoder.	-
External Encoder Module Error	A failure occurred in the Serial Converter Unit.	-	Replace the Serial Converter Unit.	_
A.8A2: External Incremental Encoder Sensor Error	A failure occurred in the external encoder.	-	Replace the external encoder.	-
A.8A3: External Absolute Encoder Position Error	A failure occurred in the external absolute encoder.	-	The external absolute encoder may be faulty. Refer to the encoder manufacturer's instruction manual for corrections.	-
A.8A5: External Encoder Overspeed	An overspeed error was detected in the external encoder.	Check the maximum speed of the external encoder.	Keep the external encoder below its maximum speed.	-
A.8A6: External Encoder Overheated	An overheating error was detected in the external encoder.	-	Replace the external encoder.	-
A.b33: Current Detection Error 3	A failure occurred in the current detection circuit.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.bF0: System Alarm 0	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.bF1: System Alarm 1	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.bF2: System Alarm 2	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.bF3: System Alarm 3	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.bF4: System Alarm 4	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.bF5: System Alarm 5	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.bF6: System Alarm 6	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.bF7: System Alarm 7	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.bF8: System Alarm 8	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.C10: Servomotor Out of Control (Detected when the servo is turned ON.)	The order of phases U, V, and W in the motor wiring is not correct.	Check the Servomotor wiring.	Make sure that the Servo- motor is correctly wired.	-
	There is an error in the setting of Pn080 = n.□□X□ (Motor Phase Selection).	Check the setting of $Pn080 = n.\square\square X\square$.	Set Pn080 = n.□□X□ to an appropriate value.	*1
	A failure occurred in the encoder.	_	If the motor wiring is correct and an alarm still occurs after turning the power supply OFF and ON again, the Servomotor or linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the Servomotor or linear encoder.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.C20: Phase Detection Error	The linear encoder signal level is too low.	Check the voltage of the linear encoder signal.	Fine-tune the mounting of the scale head. Or, replace the linear encoder.	-
	The count-up direction of the linear encoder does not match the forward direction of the Moving Coil in the motor.	Check the setting of Pn080 = n.□□X□ (Motor Phase Selection). Check the installation orientation for the linear encoder and Moving Coil.	Change the setting of Pn080 = n.□□X□. Correctly reinstall the linear encoder or Moving Coil.	*1
	The polarity sensor signal is being affected by noise.	-	Correct the FG wiring. Implement countermea- sures against noise for the polarity sensor wiring.	-
	The setting of Pn282 (Linear Encoder Pitch) is not correct.	Check the setting of Pn282 (Linear Encoder Pitch).	Check the specifications of the linear encoder and set a correct value.	*1
A.C21: Polarity Sensor Error	The polarity sensor is protruding from the Magnetic Way of the motor.	Check the polarity sensor.	Correctly reinstall the Moving Coil or Magnetic Way of the motor.	-
	The polarity sensor is not wired correctly.	Check the wiring of the polarity sensor.	Correct the wiring of the polarity sensor.	_
	The polarity sensor failed.	-	Replace the polarity sensor.	_
A.C22: Phase Information Disagreement	The SERVOPACK phase information is different from the linear encoder phase information.	_	Perform polarity detection.	*1

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.C50: Polarity Detection Failure	The parameter settings are not correct.	Check the linear encoder specifications and feedback signal status.	The settings of Pn282 (Linear Encoder Pitch) and Pn080 = n. \$\square\$ (Motor Phase Selection) may not match the installation. Set the parameters to correct values.	*1
	There is noise on the scale signal.	Check to make sure that the frame grounds of the Serial Converter Unit and Servomotor are connected to the FG terminal on the SER-VOPACK and that the FG terminal on the SER-VOPACK is connected to the frame ground on the power supply. And, confirm that the shield is properly processed on the Linear Encoder Cable. Check to see if the detection reference is repeatedly output in one direction.	Implement appropriate countermeasures against noise for the Linear Encoder Cable.	_
	An external force was applied to the Moving Coil of the motor.	_	The polarity cannot be properly detected if the detection reference is 0 and the speed feedback is not 0 because of an external force, such as cable tension, applied to the Moving Coil. Implement measures to reduce the external force so that the speed feedback goes to 0. If the external force cannot be reduced, increase the setting of Pn481 (Polarity Detection Speed Loop Gain).	_
	The linear encoder resolution is too low.	Check the linear encoder scale pitch to see if it is within 100 µm.	If the linear encoder scale pitch is 100 μm or higher, the SERVOPACK cannot detect the correct speed feedback. Use a linear encoder scale pitch with higher resolution. (We recommend a pitch of 40 μm or less.) Or, increase the setting of Pn485 (Polarity Detection Reference Speed). However, increasing the setting of Pn485 will increase the Servomotor movement range that is required for polarity detection.	_
A.C51: Overtravel Detected during Polarity Detection	The overtravel signal was detected during polarity detection.	Check the overtravel position.	Wire the overtravel signals. Execute polarity detection at a position where an overtravel signal would not be detected.	*1

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.C52: Polarity Detection Not Completed	The servo was turned ON under the following circumstances. When an absolute scale was in use When polarity detection was not completed	_	Execute polarity detection (with the SigmaWin+ or Digital Operator, Fn080).	*1
A.C53: Out of Range of Motion for Polar- ity Detection	The travel distance exceeded the setting of Pn48E (Polarity Detection Range) in the middle of detection.	_	Increase the setting of Pn48E (Polarity Detection Range). Or, increase the setting of Pn481 (Polarity Detection Speed Loop Gain).	-
A.C54: Polarity Detection Failure 2	An external force was applied to the Servomotor.	_	Increase the setting of Pn495 (Polarity Detection Confirmation Force Reference). Increase the setting of Pn498 (Polarity Detection Allowable Error Range). Increasing the allowable error will also increase the motor temperature.	-
A.C80: Encoder Clear Error or Multiturn Limit Setting Error	A failure occurred in the encoder.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the Servomotor or linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the Servo- motor or linear encoder.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

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Alarm Number:	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Continued from pro	Reference
Alarm Name		Communation	Correction	1101010100
A.C90: Encoder Communications Error	There is a faulty contact in the connector or the connector is not wired correctly for the encoder.	Check the condition of the encoder connector.	Reconnect the encoder connector and check the encoder wiring.	*1
	There is a cable disconnection or short-circuit in the encoder. Or, the cable impedance is outside the specified values.	Check the condition of the Encoder Cable.	Use the Encoder Cable within the specifications.	-
	One of the following has occurred: corrosion caused by improper temperature, humidity, or gas, a short-circuit caused by entry of water drops or cutting oil, or faulty contact in connector caused by vibration.	Check the operating environment.	Improve the operating environmental, and replace the cable. If the alarm still occurs, replace the SERVOPACK.	*1
	A malfunction was caused by noise.	-	Correct the wiring around the encoder by separating the Encoder Cable from the Servomotor Main Circuit Cable or by grounding the encoder.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Connect the Servomotor to another SERVOPACK, and turn ON the control power supply. If no alarm occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
	A failure occurred in the encoder.	_	Connect the Servomotor to another SERVOPACK, and turn ON the control power supply. If the alarm occurs, the Servomotor may be faulty. Replace the Servomotor.	-
A.C91: Encoder Communications Position Data Acceleration Rate Error	Noise entered on the signal lines because the Encoder Cable is bent or the sheath is damaged.	Check the condition of the Encoder Cable and connectors.	Check the Encoder Cable to see if it is installed correctly.	*1
	The Encoder Cable is bundled with a high- current line or installed near a high- current line.	Check the installation condition of the Encoder Cable.	Confirm that there is no surge voltage on the Encoder Cable.	-
	There is variation in the FG potential because of the influence of machines on the Servomotor side, such as a welder.	Check the installation condition of the Encoder Cable.	Properly ground the machine to separate it from the FG of the encoder.	-

Continued from previous page.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	Noise entered on the signal line from the encoder.	_	Implement countermeasures against noise for the encoder wiring.	*1
	Excessive vibration or shock was applied to the encoder.	Check the operating conditions.	Reduce machine vibration. Correctly install the Servomotor or linear encoder.	_
A.C92: Encoder Communications Timer Error	A failure occurred in the encoder.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the Servomotor or linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the Servo- motor or linear encoder.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.CA0: Encoder Parameter Error	A failure occurred in the encoder.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the Servomotor or linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the Servo- motor or linear encoder.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

8.1.2 Troubleshooting Alarms

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The encoder is wired incorrectly or there is faulty contact.	Check the wiring of the encoder.	Make sure that the encoder is correctly wired.	*1
	The specifications of the Encoder Cable are not correct and noise entered on it.	_	Use a shielded twisted-pair wire cable or a screened twisted-pair cable with conductors of at least 0.12 mm ² .	-
	The Encoder Cable is too long and noise entered on it.	_	Rotary Servomotors: The Encoder Cable wiring distance must be 50 m max. Linear Servomotors: The Encoder Cable wiring distance must be 20 m max.	-
A.Cb0: Encoder Echoback Error	There is variation in the FG potential because of the influ- ence of machines on the Servomotor side, such as a welder.	Check the condition of the Encoder Cable and connectors.	Properly ground the machine to separate it from the FG of the encoder.	-
	Excessive vibration or shock was applied to the encoder.	Check the operating conditions.	Reduce machine vibration. Correctly install the Servomotor or linear encoder.	-
	A failure occurred in the encoder.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the Servomotor or linear encoder may be faulty. Replace the Servo- motor or linear encoder.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.CC0: Multiturn Limit Disagreement	When using a Direct Drive Servomotor, the setting of Pn205 (Mul- titurn Limit Setting) does not agree with the encoder.	Check the setting of Pn205.	Correct the setting of Pn205 (0 to 65,535).	*1
	The multiturn limit of the encoder is differ- ent from that of the SERVOPACK. Or, the multiturn limit of the SERVOPACK has been changed.	Check the setting of Pn205 in the SERVO-PACK.	Change the setting if the alarm occurs.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

Continued from previous page.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The cable between the Serial Converter Unit and SERVOPACK is not wired correctly or there is a faulty contact.	Check the wiring of the external encoder.	Correctly wire the cable between the Serial Converter Unit and SERVO-PACK.	*1
A.CF1: Reception Failed Error in Feed-	A specified cable is not being used between Serial Con- verter Unit and SER- VOPACK.	Check the wiring specifications of the external encoder.	Use a specified cable.	-
back Option Module Commu- nications	The cable between the Serial Converter Unit and SERVOPACK is too long.	Measure the length of the cable that connects the Serial Converter Unit.	The length of the cable between the Serial Converter Unit and SERVO-PACK must be 20 m or less.	-
	The sheath on cable between the Serial Converter Unit and SERVOPACK is broken.	Check the cable that connects the Serial Converter Unit.	Replace the cable between the Serial Converter Unit and SERVO-PACK.	-
A.CF2: Timer Stopped Error in Feed- back Option Module Commu- nications	Noise entered the cable between the Serial Converter Unit and SERVOPACK.	_	Correct the wiring around the Serial Converter Unit, e.g., separate I/O signal lines from the Main Circuit Cables or ground.	-
	A failure occurred in the Serial Converter Unit.	_	Replace the Serial Converter Unit.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Replace the SERVO- PACK.	_

8.1.2 Troubleshooting Alarms

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The Servomotor U, V, and W wiring is not correct.	Check the wiring of the Servomotor's Main Circuit Cables.	Make sure that there are no faulty contacts in the wiring for the Servomotor and encoder.	-
	The position command speed is too fast.	Reduce the position command speed and try operating the SER-VOPACK.	Reduce the position reference speed or the reference acceleration rate, or reconsider the electronic gear ratio.	*1
A.d00: Position Deviation Overflow (The setting of Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level) was exceeded by the position deviation.)	The acceleration of the position reference is too high.	Reduce the reference acceleration and try operating the SERVO-PACK.	Reduce the acceleration of the position reference with one of the following methods. • Reduce the acceleration rate (ACC) and deceleration rate (DEC) in the program table. • Reduce the settings of Pn63E (Acceleration Rate) and Pn640 (Deceleration Rate).	*1
	The setting of Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level) is too low for the operating conditions.	Check Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level) to see if it is set to an appropriate value.	Optimize the setting of Pn520.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.d01: Position Deviation Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	The servo was turned ON after the position deviation exceeded the setting of Pn526 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level at Servo ON) while the servo was OFF.	Check the position deviation while the servo is OFF.	Optimize the setting of Pn526 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level at Servo ON).	
A.d02: Position Deviation Overflow Alarm for Speed Limit at Servo ON	If position deviation remains in the deviation counter, the setting of Pn529 or Pn584 (Speed Limit Level at Servo ON) limits the speed when the servo is turned ON. This alarm occurs if a position reference is input and the setting of Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level) is exceeded.	_	Optimize the setting of Pn520 (Excessive Position Deviation Alarm Level). Or, adjust the setting of Pn529 or Pn584 (Speed Limit Level at Servo ON).	*1

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Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.d10: Motor-Load Position Deviation	The motor direction and external encoder installation orientation are backward.	Check the motor direction and the external encoder installation orientation.	Install the external encoder in the opposite direction, or change the setting of Pn002 = n.X□□□ (External Encoder Usage) to reverse the direction.	*1
Overflow	There is an error in the connection between the load (e.g., stage) and external encoder coupling.	Check the coupling of the external encoder.	Check the mechanical coupling.	-
A.d30: Position Data Overflow	The position data exceeded ±1,879,048,192.	Check the input reference pulse counter.	Reconsider the operating specifications.	_
	The connection between the SERVO-PACK and the safety option module is faulty.	Check the connection between the SERVO-PACK and the safety option module.	Correctly connect the safety option module.	-
A.E71: Safety Option Module Detec- tion Failure	The safety option module was disconnected.	-	Execute Fn014 (Resetting configuration error of option module) using the digital operator or SigmaWin+ and turn the power supply OFF and then ON again.	*1
	A safety option module fault occurred.	_	Replace the safety option module.	_
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Replace the SERVO-PACK.	_
	There is a faulty con- nection between the SERVOPACK and the Feedback Option Module.	Check the connection between the SERVO- PACK and the Feed- back Option Module.	Correctly connect the Feedback Option Module.	-
A.E72: Feedback Option Module Detec- tion Failure	The Feedback Option Module was discon- nected.	_	Reset the Option Module configuration error and turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again.	*1
	A failure occurred in the Feedback Option Module.	-	Replace the Feedback Option Module.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Replace the SERVO- PACK.	-
A.E74:	A safety option module fault occurred.	-	Replace the safety option module.	_
Unsupported Safety Option Module	A unsupported safety option module was connected.	_	Connect a compatible safety option module.	-
A.E75*3: Unsupported Feedback Option Module	A feedback option module fault occurred.	_	Replace the feedback option module.	_
	A unsupported feed- back option module was connected.	Refer to the catalog of the connected feed- back option module or the manual of the SER- VOPACK.	Connect a compatible feedback option module.	-

8.1.2 Troubleshooting Alarms

Continued from previous page.

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
A.Eb1: Safety Function Signal Input Tim- ing Error	The delay between activation of the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signals for the HWBB was ten second or longer.	Measure the time delay between the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals.	The output signal circuits or devices for /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 or the SER-VOPACK input signal circuits may be faulty. Alternatively, the input signal cables may be disconnected. Check to see if any of these items are faulty or have been disconnected.	_
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Replace the SERVO- PACK.	_
A.EC8: Gate Drive Error 1 (An error occurred in the gate drive circuit.) A.EC9: Gate Drive Error 2 (An error occurred in the gate drive circuit.)	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	_
A.EF9: INDEXER Alarm	An alarm occurred in the INDEXER.	Use the SigmaWin+ to identify the INDEXER alarm.	Use the correction for the INDEXER alarm.	page 8-39
	The three-phase power supply wiring is not correct.	Check the power supply wiring.	Make sure that the power supply is correctly wired.	*1
A.F10: Power Supply Line Open Phase (The voltage was low for more than one second for phase R, S, or T when the main power supply was ON.)	The three-phase power supply is unbalanced.	Measure the voltage for each phase of the three-phase power supply.	Balance the power supply by changing phases.	-
	A single-phase power supply was input without specifying a signal-phase AC power supply input (Pn00B = n.□1□□).	Check the power supply and the parameter setting.	Match the parameter setting to the power supply.	*1
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

Alarm Number: Alarm Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
FL-1*5: System Alarm FL-2*5: System Alarm FL-3*5: System Alarm FL-4*5: System Alarm FL-5*5: System Alarm FL-5*5: System Alarm FL-6*5: System Alarm	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	_
CPF00: Digital Operator Communications Error 1	There is a faulty contact between the Digital Operator and the SERVOPACK.	Check the connector contact.	Disconnect the connector and insert it again. Or, replace the cable.	-
	A malfunction was caused by noise.	-	Keep the Digital Operator or the cable away from sources of noise.	-
CPF01: Digital Operator Communications Error 2	A failure occurred in the Digital Operator.	_	Disconnect the Digital Operator and then con- nect it again. If an alarm still occurs, the Digital Operator may be faulty. Replace the Digital Oper- ator.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	-	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-

^{*1.} Refer to the following manual for details.

Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)

*2. Detection Conditions

Rotary Servomotor

If either of the following conditions is detected, an alarm will occur.

■ Pn533 [min⁻¹] ×
$$\frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{6 \times 10^5}$$
 ≤ $\frac{\text{Pn20E}}{\text{Pn210}}$

• Maximum motor speed [min⁻¹]
$$\times$$
 Encoder resolution Approx. 3.66×10^{12} \geq Pn20E

Linear Servomotor

If either of the following conditions is detected, an alarm will occur.

8.1.2 Troubleshooting Alarms

*3. Detection Conditions

Rotary Servomotor

If either of the following conditions is detected, an alarm will occur.

• Rated motor speed [min⁻¹]
$$\times$$
 1/3 \times $\frac{Encoder resolution}{6 \times 10^5} \le \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210}$

• Maximum motor speed [min⁻¹]
$$\times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{Approx. } 3.66 \times 10^{12}} \ge \frac{\text{Pn20E}}{\text{Pn210}}$$

· Linear Servomotor

If either of the following conditions is detected, an alarm will occur.

*5. These alarms are not stored in the alarm history. They are only displayed on the panel display.

8.1.3 INDEXER Alarm Displays and Troubleshooting

INDEXER alarms and corrections for them are given in the following table.

Error Number	Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	Corrective Action	Servo- motor Stop Method	Alarm Reset
E19A	A.EF9	Program Table Checksum Alarm (Detected only when control power supply is turned ON.)	The program table stored in flash memory was not recorded properly. (This alarm can occur if the control power supply is turned OFF while the program table is being saved or initialized.)	Initialize the program table. (Fn063) If the problem is not solved, correct the program table.	Gr.1	Available*1
E1AA	A.EF9	Program Table Version Unmatched (Detected only when control power supply is ON.)	The combination of the firmware version and the program table version is wrong.	 Change the firm-ware version. Change the program table version to match the firm-ware version. 	Gr.1	Available*1
E1BA	A.EF9	Program Out- of-range Alarm (Detected only when control power supply is turned ON.)	A value set in the program table is not within the allowed setting range.	 Change the firm-ware version. Change the program table version to match the firm-ware version. 	Gr.1	Available*1
E1CA	A.EF9	ZONE Table Checksum Alarm (Detected only when control power supply is turned ON.)	The ZONE table stored in flash memory was not recorded properly. (This alarm can occur if the control power supply is turned OFF while the ZONE table is being saved or initialized.)	 Initialize the ZONE table. (Fn064) If the problem is not solved, correct the ZONE table. 	Gr.1	Available*2
E1DA	A.EF9	ZONE Table Version Unmatched (Detected only when control power supply is turned ON.)	The combination of the firmware version and the ZONE table version is wrong.	Change the firm-ware version. Change the ZONE table version to match the firmware version.	Gr.1	Available*2
E1EA	A.EF9	ZONE Table Out-of-range Alarm (Detected only when control power supply is turned ON.)	A value set in the ZONE table is not within the allowed setting range.	Change the firm-ware version. Change the ZONE table version to match the firmware version.	Gr.1	Available*2

8.1.3 INDEXER Alarm Displays and Troubleshooting

Continued from previous page.

Error Number	Alarm Number	Alarm Name	Meaning	Corrective Action	Servo- motor Stop Method	Alarm Reset
E1FA	A.EF9	JOG Speed Table Check- sum Alarm (Detected only when control power supply is turned ON.)	The JOG speed table stored in flash memory was not recorded properly. (This alarm can occur if the control power supply is turned OFF while the JOG speed table is being saved or initialized.)	 Initialize the JOG speed table. (Fn065) If the problem is not solved, correct the JOG speed table. 	Gr.1	Available*3
E21A	A.EF9	JOG Speed Table Version Unmatched (Detected only when control power supply is turned ON.)	The combination of the firmware version and the JOG speed table version is wrong.	Change the firmware version. Change the JOG speed table version to match the firmware version.	Gr.1	Available*3
E22A	A.EF9	JOG Speed Table Out-of- range Alarm (Detected only when control power supply is turned ON.)	A value set in the JOG speed table is not within the allowed setting range.	Change the firmware version. Change the JOG speed table version to match the firmware version.	Gr.1	Available*3
E23A	A.EF9	Insufficient Registration Distance Alarm	The registration distance was shorter than the deceleration distance when the /RGRT signal went ON to start registration operation. (The current position will exceed the position specified by registration.)	Either increase the registration distance or reduce the deceleration distance (increase the deceleration rate). Registration distance: RDST in the program table Deceleration Rate: Pn640	Gr.1	Available
E24A	A.9F9	Homing Failure	The torque limit was cleared after torque was increased to the torque limit or before homing completed during pressing homing.	Change the setting value of Pn652 (Pressing Time for Pressing Homing).	Gr.1	Available
E25A	A.9F9	Homing Over- speed	Excessive position deviation due to a mechanical cause during homing.	Fix the mechanical cause and implement countermeasures to prevent excessive position deviation.	Gr.1	Available

^{*1.} These alarms can be reset, but a Canceled Program Table Error (E44E) will occur the next time you attempt to start program table operation, so program table operation will not be possible.

^{*2.} These alarms can be reset, but it is possible that the ZONE signals (POUT0 to POUT4) will be output incorrectly. When using the ZONE table, correct the ZONE table without resetting.

^{*3.} These alarms can be reset, but a Canceled JOG Speed Table Error (E46E) will occur the next time you attempt to start JOG speed table operation, so JOG speed table operation will not be possible.

8.2 Warning Displays

Warnings are displayed to warn you before an alarm occurs. If a warning occurs in the SERVO-PACK, the status is displayed as described below.

If a warning for the INDEXER (E41E to E65E) occurs, the warning number will be displayed on the panel of the SERVOPACK for 2 seconds.

♦ Status Display

SERVOPACK Panel Display	The alarm number will be displayed. Refer to the following manual for details. Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26)
Digital Operator	When a warning occurs, the warning code is displayed at the top left of the screen.
ALM Signal	No change
/WARN Signal	Turns ON.

A list of warnings and the causes of and corrections for warnings are given below.

8.2.1 List of Warnings

This section gives the warning names, warning meanings, and warning code outputs in order of the warning numbers.

List of Warnings

Warning	Warning Name	Meaning		Warning Code Output		
Number	warning Name			/ALO2	/ALO3	
A.900	Position Deviation Overflow	The position deviation exceeded the parameter settings (Pn520 × Pn51E/100).				
A.901	Position Deviation Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	The position deviation exceeded the parameter settings (Pn526 \times Pn528/100) when the servo was turned ON.	Н	Н	Н	
A.910	Overload	This warning occurs before an overload alarm (A.710 or A.720) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation is continued, an alarm may occur.				
A.911	Vibration	Abnormal vibration was detected during motor operation. The detection level is the same as A.520. Set whether to output an alarm or a warning by setting Pn310 (Vibration Detection Switch).	L	Н	Н	

8.2.1 List of Warnings

Continued from previous page.

Warning	Warning Nama	Mooning	Warnin	g Code	Output
Number	Warning Name	Meaning	/ALO1	/ALO2	/ALO3
A.912	Internal Temperature Warning 1 (Control Board Temperature Error)	The surrounding temperature of the control PCB is abnormal.			
A.913	Internal Temperature Warning 2 (Power Board Temperature Error)	The surrounding temperature of the power PCB is abnormal.			
A.920	Regenerative Overload	This warning occurs before an A.320 alarm (Regenerative Overload) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation is continued, an alarm may occur.	Н	L	H
A.921	Dynamic Brake Overload	This warning occurs before an A.731 alarm (Dynamic Brake Overload) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation is continued, an alarm may occur.			
A.923	SERVOPACK Built-in Fan Stopped	The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped.			
A.930	Absolute Encoder Battery Error	This warning occurs when the voltage of absolute encoder's battery is low.	L	L	Н
A.941	Change of Parameters Require Restart	Parameters have been changed that require the power supply to be turned OFF and ON again.	Н	Н	L
A.942	Speed Ripple Compensation Information Disagreement	The speed ripple compensation information stored in the encoder does not agree with the speed ripple compensation information stored in the SERVO-PACK.	Н	Н	L
A.971	Undervoltage	This warning occurs before an A.410 alarm (Undervoltage) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation is continued, an alarm may occur.	L	L	L
A.9A0	Overtravel	Overtravel was detected while the servo was ON.	Н	L	L
A.9b0	Preventative Mainte- nance Warning	One of the consumable parts has reached the end of its service life.	Н	L	Н
A.9F9	INDEXER Warning	A warning occurred in the INDEXER.	L	Н	Н

Note: 1. A warning code is not output unless you set Pn001 to n.1 \(\sigma\) (Output both alarm codes and warning codes).

^{2.} Use Pn008 = n.□X□□ (Warning Detection Selection) to control warning detection.

However, the following warnings are not affected by the setting of Pn008 = n.□X□□ and other parameter settings are required in addition to Pn008 = n.□X□□.

Warning	Parameters That Must Be Set to Select Warning Detection	Reference
A.911	Pn310 = n.□□□X (Vibration Detection Setting)	_
A.923	Not affected by the setting of Pn008 = n.□X□□.)	_
A.930	Pn008 = n.□□□X (Low Battery Voltage Alarm/Warning Selection)	_
A.942	Pn423 = n.□□X□ (Speed Ripple Compensation Information Disagreement Warning Detection Selection)	_
A.971	Pn008 = n.□□□X (Low Battery Voltage Alarm/Warning Selection) (Not affected by the setting of Pn008 = n.□X□□.)	_
A.9A0	Pn00D = n.X□□□ (Overtravel Warning Detection Selection) (Not affected by the setting of Pn008 = n.□X□□.)	_
A.9b0	Pn00F = n.□□□X (Preventative Maintenance Selection)	_

8.2.2 **Troubleshooting Warnings**

The causes of and corrections for the warnings are given in the following table. Contact your Yaskawa representative if you cannot solve a problem with the correction given in the table.

Warning Number: Warning Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The Servomotor U, V, and W wiring is not correct.	Check the wiring of the Servomotor's Main Circuit Cables.	Make sure that there are no faulty connections in the wiring for the Servomotor and encoder.	-
	A SERVOPACK gain is too low.	Check the SERVO- PACK gains.	Increase the servo gain, e.g., by using autotuning without a host reference.	-
A.900: Position Deviation Overflow	The acceleration of the position reference is too high.	Reduce the reference acceleration and try operating the SERVO-PACK.	Reduce the acceleration of the position reference with one of the following methods. • Reduce the acceleration rate (ACC) and deceleration rate (DEC) in the program table. • Reduce the settings of Pn63F (Acceleration Rate) and Pn640 (Deceleration Rate).	-
	The excessive position deviation alarm level (Pn520 × Pn51E/100) is too low for the operating conditions.	Check excessive position deviation alarm level (Pn520 × Pn51E/100) to see if it is set to an appropriate value.	Optimize the settings of Pn520 and Pn51E.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVO-PACK.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If an alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.901: Position Deviation Overflow Alarm at Servo ON	The position deviation exceeded the parameter settings (Pn526 × Pn528/100) when the servo was turned ON.	_	Optimize the setting of Pn528 (Excessive Position Error Warning Level at Servo ON).	-

8.2.2 Troubleshooting Warnings

Continued from previous page.

Warning Number: Warning Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The wiring is not correct or there is a faulty contact in the motor or encoder wiring.	Check the wiring.	Make sure that the Servo- motor and encoder are cor- rectly wired.	-
A 0.10·	Operation was performed that exceeded the overload protection characteristics.	Check the motor over- load characteristics and operation reference.	Reconsider the load and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity.	-
A.910: Overload (warning before an A.710 or A.720 alarm occurs)	An excessive load was applied during operation because the Servomotor was not driven because of mechanical problems.	Check the operation reference and motor speed.	Remove the mechanical problem.	-
	The overload warning level (Pn52B) is not suitable.	Check that the overload warning level (Pn52B) is suitable.	Set a suitable overload warning level (Pn52B).	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVO-PACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVO-PACK.	-
	Abnormal vibration was detected during motor operation.	Check for abnormal motor noise, and check the speed and torque waveforms during operation.	Reduce the motor speed. Or, reduce the servo gain with custom tuning.	-
A.911: Vibration	The setting of Pn103 (Moment of Inertia Ratio) is greater than the actual moment of inertia or was greatly changed.	Check the moment of inertia ratio or mass ratio.	Set Pn103 (Moment of Inertia Ratio) to an appropriate value.	-
	The vibration detection level (Pn312 or Pn384) is not suitable.	Check that the vibration detection level (Pn312 or Pn384) is suitable.	Set a suitable vibration detection level (Pn312 or Pn384).	_

Warning Number:	Donaible Cause	Confirmation	Continued from pre	
Warning Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Referenc
	The surrounding temperature is too high.	Check the surrounding temperature using a thermostat. Or, check the operating status with the SERVOPACK installation environment monitor.	Decrease the surrounding temperature by improving the SERVOPACK installation conditions.	-
	An overload alarm was reset by turning OFF the power supply too many times.	Check the alarm display to see if there is an overload alarm.	Change the method for resetting the alarm.	_
A.912: Internal Tempera- ture Warning 1 (Control Board Tem- perature Error)	There was an excessive load or operation was performed that exceeded the regenerative processing capacity.	Use the accumulated load ratio to check the load during operation, and use the regenerative load ratio to check the regenerative processing capacity.	Reconsider the load and operating conditions.	-
	The SERVOPACK installation orientation is not correct or there is insufficient space around the SERVOPACK.	Check the SERVO- PACK installation con- ditions.	Install the SERVOPACK according to specifications.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVO-PACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVO-PACK.	-
	The surrounding temperature is too high.	Check the surrounding temperature using a thermostat. Or, check the operating status with the SERVOPACK installation environment monitor.	Decrease the surrounding temperature by improving the SERVOPACK installation conditions.	-
	An overload alarm was reset by turning OFF the power supply too many times.	Check the alarm display to see if there is an overload alarm.	Change the method for resetting the alarm.	-
A.913: Internal Tempera- ture Warning 2 (Power Board Tem- perature Error)	There was an excessive load or operation was performed that exceeded the regenerative processing capacity.	Use the accumulated load ratio to check the load during operation, and use the regenerative load ratio to check the regenerative processing capacity.	Reconsider the load and operating conditions.	-
	The SERVOPACK installation orientation is not correct or there is insufficient space around the SERVOPACK.	Check the SERVO- PACK installation con- ditions.	Install the SERVOPACK according to specifications.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVO-PACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVO-PACK.	_

8.2.2 Troubleshooting Warnings

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Continued from previous page				vious page.
Warning Number: Warning Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The power supply voltage exceeded the specified range.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.	-
A.920: Regenerative Overload (warning before an A.320 alarm occurs)	There is insufficient external regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SER-VOPACK capacity, or there has been a continuous regeneration state.	Check the operating conditions or the capacity using the SigmaJunmaSize+ Capacity Selection Software or another means.	Change the regenerative resistance value, regenerative resistance capacity, or SERVOPACK capacity. Reconsider the operating conditions using the Sigma-JunmaSize+ Capacity Selection Software or other means.	-
	There was a continuous regeneration state because a negative load was continuously applied.	Check the load applied to the Servomotor during operation.	Reconsider the system including the servo, machine, and operating conditions.	-
	The Servomotor was rotated by an external force.	Check the operation status.	Implement measures to ensure that the motor will not be rotated by an external force.	-
A.921: Dynamic Brake Overload (warning before an A.731 alarm occurs)	When the Servo- motor was stopped with the dynamic brake, the rotational or linear kinetic energy exceeded the capacity of the dynamic brake resistor.	Check the power consumed by the DB resistor to see how frequently the DB is being used.	Reconsider the following: Reduce the Servomotor command speed. Decrease the moment of inertia or mass. Reduce the frequency of stopping with the dynamic brake.	-
	A failure occurred in the SERVO-PACK.	-	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVO-PACK.	-
A.923: SERVOPACK Built-in Fan Stopped	The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped.	Check for foreign matter inside the SERVO-PACK.	Remove foreign matter from the SERVOPACK. If an alarm still occurs, the SER- VOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
A.930: Absolute Encoder Battery Error (The absolute	The battery con- nection is faulty or a battery is not connected.	Check the battery connection.	Correct the battery connection.	-
encoder battery voltage was lower than the specified level.) (Detected only	The battery voltage is lower than the specified value (2.7 V).	Measure the battery voltage.	Replace the battery.	-
when an absolute encoder is con- nected.)	A failure occurred in the SERVO-PACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVO-PACK.	_
A.941: Change of Parameters Require Restart	Parameters have been changed that require the power supply to be turned OFF and ON again.	_	Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again.	-

Continued from previous page.

Warning Number: Warning Name	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The speed ripple	-	Reset the speed ripple compensation value on the SigmaWin+.	-
A.942: Speed Ripple Compensation Information Disagreement	compensation information stored in the encoder does not agree with the speed ripple compensa-	_	Set Pn423 to n. \(\sigma\) (Do not detect A.942 alarms). However, changing the setting may increase the speed ripple.	-
	tion information stored in the SER- VOPACK.	-	Set Pn423 to n. \(\sum \sup \sup \sup \sup \sup \) (Disable torque ripple compensation). However, changing the setting may increase the speed ripple.	-
	For a 200-V SERVOPACK, the AC power supply voltage dropped below 140 V.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.	-
	For a 100-V SER- VOPACK, the AC power supply volt- age dropped below 60 V.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Set the power supply voltage within the specified range.	-
A.971: Undervoltage	The power supply voltage dropped during operation.	Measure the power supply voltage.	Increase the power supply capacity.	-
	A momentary power interruption occurred.	Measure the power supply voltage.	If you have changed the setting of Pn509 (Momentary Power Interruption Hold Time), decrease the setting.	-
	The SERVOPACK fuse is blown out.	_	Replace the SERVOPACK and connect a reactor.	_
	A failure occurred in the SERVO-PACK.	_	The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVO-PACK.	_
A.9A0: Overtravel (Overtravel status was detected.)	Overtravel was detected while the servo was ON.	Check the status of the overtravel signals on the input signal monitor.	Even if an overtravel signal is not shown by the input signal monitor, momentary overtravel may have been detected. Take the following precautions. • Do not specify movements that would cause overtravel from the host controller. • Check the wiring of the overtravel signals. • Implement countermeasures against noise.	-
A.9b0: Preventative Mainte- nance Warning	One of the consumable parts has reached the end of its service life.	_	Replace the part. Contact your Yaskawa representative for replacement.	_
A.9F9: INDEXER Warning	A warning occurred in the INDEXER.	Use the SigmaWin+ to identify the INDEXER warning.	Use the correction for the INDEXER warning.	page 8-48

8.2.3 INDEXER Warning Displays and Troubleshooting

INDEXER warning displays and corrections for them are given in the following table.

Error No.	Alarm Number	Error Name	Meaning	Corrective Action
E41E	A.9F9	Program Table Save Failure Error	 While writing data to the flash memory, a failure occurred during one of the following operation. While saving a program table by using Fn060 While initializing a program table by using Fn063 	Repair the hardware.
E42E	A.9F9	ZONE Table Save Failure Error	 While writing data to the flash memory, a failure occurred during one of the following operation. While saving a ZONE table by using Fn061 While initializing a ZONE table by using Fn064 	Repair the hard- ware.
E43E	A.9F9	JOG Speed Table Save Failure Error	 While writing data to the flash memory, a failure occurred during one of the following operation. While saving a JOG speed table by using Fn062 While initializing a JOG speed table by using Fn065 	Repair the hard- ware.
E44E	A.9F9	Canceled Pro- gram Table Error	There was a request to start program table operation even though an E19A or E1BA alarm occurred when the control power supply was turned ON.	Remove the cause of the alarm.
E46E	A.9F9	Canceled JOG Speed Table Error	There was a request to start JOG speed table operation even though an E1FA or E22A alarm occurred when the control power supply was turned ON.	Remove the cause of the alarm.
E4BE	A.9F9	Moving Disabled Error due to P-OT	Travel in the forward direction was requested when P-OT was in effect. (Forward movement is disabled when P-OT (forward overtravel) is in effect.)	When P-OT is being used, move to a position where the P-OT is not in effect. When P-OT is not being used, disable P-OT in the parameter.
E4CE	A.9F9	Moving Disabled Error due to N-OT	Travel in the reverse direction was requested when N-OT was in effect. (Reverse movement is disabled when N-OT (reverse overtravel) is in effect.)	When N-OT is being used, move to a position where the N-OT is not in effect. When N-OT is not being used, disable N-OT in the parameter.

Error No.	Alarm Number	Error Name	Meaning	Corrective Action
E4DE	A.9F9	Moving Disabled Error due to P-LS	The specified target position exceeds the position reference of forward software limit set in Pn638.	Check the target position specification. Check the forward software limit in Pn638. Check the Moving Mode (rotational/linear coordinates) (Pn637= n.□□□X) If the software limits are not being used, select rotational coordinates with Pn637= n.□□□X (Moving Mode) or disable the software limits by setting Pn638 = Pn63A = 0.
E4EE	A.9F9	Moving Disabled Error due to N-LS	The specified target position exceeds the position reference of reverse software limit set in Pn63A.	Check the target position specification. Check the reverse software limit in Pn63A. Check the setting of the Moving Mode (rotational/linear coordinates) (Pn637= n.□□□X). If the software limits are not being used, select rotational coordinates with Pn637 = n.□□□X (Moving Mode) or disable the software limits by setting Pn638 = Pn63A = 0.

8.2.3 INDEXER Warning Displays and Troubleshooting

Continued from previous page.

Error No.	Alarm Number	Error Name	Meaning	Corrective Action
E4FE	A.9F9	Position Reference Out-of-range Error	The Moving Mode is set to rotational coordinates (i.e., Pn637 is not set to n. \(\sigma\) \(\sigma\) and the target position designation exceeded the position range setting (Pn638 and Pn63A).	Check the target position specification. Check the positioning range set with Pn638 and Pn63A. Check the setting of the Moving Mode (rotational/linear coordinates) (Pn637= n.□□□□X).
E53E	A.9F9	Move Reference Duplication Error	There was a new move reference requested even though the system was already moving in a positioning or other traveling operation.	 Send the next move reference request only after the current movement is completed. Specify STOP in the target position specification (POS) with the program table.
E54E	4E A.9F9 Servo ON Incomplete Error		The servo is not ON. There was a positioning request or other move reference request in servo OFF status. The servo went OFF during program table operation. (Program table operation will be interrupted while just the step that was being executed is canceled (If LOOP ≠ 1, the first LOOP is canceled.))	Request positioning and other operations after turning ON the servo by turning ON the /S-ON signal or setting the /S-ON signal to always be ON. Either just cancel the operation with the /PGM-RES signal or turn ON the servo and restart with the /START-STOP signal.
			An E23A alarm (Insufficient Registration Distance Alarm) occurred.	Increase the registration distance or shorten the deceleration distance (i.e., increase the deceleration rate). Registration distance: RDST in the program table Deceleration rate: Pn640

Continued from previous page.

Error No.	Alarm Number	Error Name	Meaning	Corrective Action
E55E	A.9F9	Servo ON Failure Error	The motor is rotating during servo ON execution. The main power supply went OFF during servo ON execution. Hard wire base block status (HWBB status)	Turn the servo ON when the motor is stopped. Turn ON the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals. Then turn OFF the /S-ON signal to first turn OFF the servo and then turn ON the servo again.
E58E	A.9F9	Data Out-of- range Error	The specified setting was incorrect in a parameter or program table write command.	Check the set- ting.
E5DE	A.9F9	Homing Method Unspecified Error	The homing method is not specified. Starting homing was requested by turning ON the /HOME signal without setting the homing method.	Specify the homing method with Pn642 = n.□□□X.
E5EE	A.9F9	Execution Dis- abled during Pro- gram Table Operation Error	 There was a request to execute a process that is not allowed during program table operation while program table operation was in progress or on hold. There was an attempt to change the program table while program table operation was in progress or on hold. 	Request execution of the process again after canceling program table operation by turning the /PGMRES signal ON.
E5FE	A.9F9	Session Conflict Error	There was a request that could not be executed at the same time as the function that was being executed. Example: There was a request to start program table operation while the program table was being initialized.	Execute the operation again after the execution of the current function is completed.
E61E	A.9F9	Encoder Mis- match Error	Homing start was requested (i.e., the / HOME signal was turned ON) when an absolute encoder is connected.	Check the Encoder. Set Pn002 to n.□1□□ (Use the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder).
E63E	A.9F9	Continuous Stop Execution Dis- abled Error	An attempt was made to execute a continuous stop under conditions where it could not be executed. Examples: • The coordinates have been set to linear moving method. • The immediately-preceding table target position is not ±INFINITE. • The immediately-preceding table target position is ±INFINITE, but the registration distance is set. • A value other than 1 has been set for the execution count.	Execute a continuous stop under conditions where it can be executed.

8.2.3 INDEXER Warning Displays and Troubleshooting

Continued from previous page.

Error No.	Alarm Number	Error Name	Meaning	Corrective Action
E64E	A.9F9	Control Method Setting Error	An attempt was made to perform program table operation, jog speed table operation, or a homing operation when Pn000 = n.□□□1 was set to 3 to B.	Change the setting of Pn000 = n.□□□X to a value other than 1.
E65E	A.9F9	Execution Error during Position Deviation Clear	During position deviation clear, execute one of the following. • Program Table Operation • Jog Speed Table Operation • Homing • Absolute encoder origin setting(Fn066)	Clear the status of position devia- tion clear.

8.3

Troubleshooting Based on the Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor

This section provides troubleshooting based on the operation and conditions of the Servomotor, including causes and corrections.

Problem	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	The control power supply is not turned ON.	Measure the voltage between control power supply terminals.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Correct the wiring so that the control power supply is turned ON.	-
	The main circuit power supply is not turned ON.	Measure the voltage across the main circuit power input terminals.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Correct the wiring so that the main circuit power supply is turned ON.	-
	The I/O signal connector (CN1) pins are not wired correctly or are disconnected.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the wiring condition of the I/O signal connector (CN1) pins.	Correct the wiring of the I/O signal connector (CN1) pins.	_
Servomotor Does Not Start	The wiring for the Servomotor Main Circuit Cables or Encoder Cable is disconnected.	Check the wiring conditions.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Wire the cable correctly.	-
	There is an overload on the Servomotor.	Operate the Servomotor with no load and check the load status.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Reduce the load or replace the Servomotor with a Servomotor with a larger capacity.	-
	The type of encoder that is being used does not agree with the setting of Pn002 = n. \(\sigma \times \sigma	Check the type of the encoder that is being used and the setting of Pn002 = n.□X□□.	Set Pn002 = n. \(\Pi\)X\(\Pi\) according to the type of the encoder that is being used.	-
	Settings for input signals Pn630 to Pn64D are incor- rect.	Check settings of input signals Pn630 to Pn64D.	Correct the settings of input signals Pn630 to Pn64D.	_
	The /S-ON (Servo ON) signal was not received.	Check the commands sent from the host controller.	Turn ON the /S-ON signal from the host controller.	_
	The P-OT (Forward Drive Prohibit) or N-OT (Reverse Drive Prohibit) signal is still OFF.	Check the P-OT and N-OT signals.	Turn ON the P-OT or N-OT signal.	_
	The current position of the servomotor is outside the software limit setting range.	Check for INDEXER errors.	Check the motor position and software limit setting (Pn638 and Pn63A), then move the servomotor into the software limit setting range.	-
	There is no position reference, or it is incorrect.	Check for INDEXER errors.	Set the program table correctly.	_

Problem Possible Cause Confirmation Correction					
Problem	Possible Cause	Confirmation		Reference	
	The safety input signals (/HWBB1 or /HWBB2) were not turned ON.	Check the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signals.	Turn ON the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signals. If you are not using the safety function, connect the Safety Jumper Connector (provided as an accessory) to CN8.	-	
Servomotor Does Not	A failure occurred in the SER-VOPACK.	_	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-	
Start		Check the setting of Pn080 =n.□□□X (Polarity Sensor Selection).	Correct the parameter setting.	_	
	The polarity detection was not executed.	Check the /S-ON (Servo ON) signal.	If you are using an incremental linear encoder, input the /S-ON signal from the host controller. If you are using an absolute linear encoder, execute polarity detection.	-	
	There is a mistake in the Servomotor wiring.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the wiring.	Wire the Servomotor correctly.	_	
	There is a mistake in the wiring of the encoder or Serial Converter Unit.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the wiring.	Wire the Serial Converter Unit correctly.	_	
Servomotor Moves	There is a mistake in the linear encoder wiring.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the wiring.	Wire the cable correctly.	_	
Instanta- neously,	The setting of Pn282 (Linear Encoder Pitch) is not correct.	Check the setting of Pn282.	Correct the setting of Pn282.	_	
and Then Stops	The count-up direction of the linear encoder does not match the forward direction of the Moving Coil in the motor.	Check the directions.	Change the setting of Pn080 = n.□□X□ (Motor Phase Selection). Place the linear encoder and motor in the same direction.	-	
	Polarity detection was not performed correctly.	Check to see if electrical angle 2 (electrical angle from polarity origin) at any position is between ±10°.	Correct the settings for the polarity detection-related parameters.	-	
Servomotor Operation Is Unstable	The connector connections for the power line (U, V, and W phases) and the encoder or Serial converter Unit may be minals		Tighten any loose terminals or connectors and correct the wiring.	-	

Problem	Continued from pre	Reference		
Problem	Possible Cause	Confirmation		Reference
	A failure occurred in the SER-VOPACK.	_	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
Servomotor Moves with- out a Refer- ence Input	The count-up direction of the linear encoder does not match the forward direction of the Moving Coil in the motor.	Check the directions.	Change the setting of Pn080 = n.□□X□ (Motor Phase Selection). Match the linear encoder direction and Servomotor direction.	-
	Polarity detection was not performed correctly.	Check to see if electrical angle 2 (electrical angle from polarity origin) at any position is between ±10°.	Correct the settings for the polarity detection-related parameters.	-
	The setting of Pn001 = n.□□□X (Servo OFF or Alarm Group 1 Stopping Method) is not suitable.	Check the setting of Pn001 = n.□□□X.	Set Pn001 = n.□□□X correctly.	-
Dynamic Brake Does Not Operate	The dynamic brake resistor is disconnected.	Check the moment of inertia, motor speed, and dynamic brake frequency of use. If the moment of inertia, motor speed, or dynamic brake frequency of use is excessive, the dynamic brake resistance may be disconnected.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK. To prevent disconnection, reduce the load.	-
	There was a failure in the dynamic brake drive circuit.	_	There is a defective component in the dynamic brake circuit. Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-
	The Servomotor vibrated considerably while performing the tuning-less function with the default settings.	Check the waveform of the motor speed.	Reduce the load so that the moment of inertia ratio or mass ratio is within the allowable value, or increase the load level or reduce the rigidity level in the tuning-less level settings.	-
Abnormal Noise from Servomotor		Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if there are any loose mounting screws.	Tighten the mounting screws.	-
	The machine mounting is not secure.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if there is misalignment in the coupling.	Align the coupling.	-
		Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if the coupling is balanced.	Balance the coupling.	_

Problem	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction Correction	Reference
	The bearings are defective.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check for noise and vibration around the bearings.	Replace the Servomotor.	-
	There is a vibration source at the driven machine.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check for any foreign matter, damage, or deformation in the machine's moving parts.	Consult with the machine manufacturer.	_
	Noise interference occurred because of incorrect I/O signal cable specifications.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the I/O signal cables to see if they satisfy specifications. Use shielded twisted-pair wire cables or screened twisted-pair cables with conductors of at least 0.12 mm ² .	Use cables that satisfy the specifications.	_
Abnormal Noise from Servomotor	Noise interference occurred because an I/O signal cable is too long.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the lengths of the I/O signal cables.	the servo system. the lengths of the	
	Noise interference occurred because of incorrect Encoder Cable specifications.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Make sure that the rotary or Linear Encoder Cable satisfies the specifications. Use a shielded twisted-pair wire cable or a screened twisted-pair cable with a conductors of at least 0.12 mm ² .	Use cables that satisfy the specifications.	-
	Noise interference occurred because the Encoder Cable is too long.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the length of the Encoder Cable.	Rotary Servomotors: The Encoder Cable length must be 50 m max. Linear Servomotors: Make sure that the Serial Converter Unit cable is no longer than 20 m and that the Linear Encoder Cable and the Sensor Cable are no longer than 15 m each.	-
	Noise interference occurred because the Encoder Cable is damaged.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the Encoder Cable to see if it is pinched or the sheath is damaged.	Replace the Encoder Cable and correct the cable installation envi- ronment.	-
	The Encoder Cable was subjected to excessive noise interference.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if the Encoder Cable is bundled with a high-current line or installed near a high-current line.	Correct the cable lay- out so that no surge is applied by high-current lines.	-

Problem	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference	
TIODICITI	There is variation in the FG			TICICICIOC	
Abnormal Noise from Servomotor	potential because of the influence of machines on the Servomotor side, such as a welder.	ply to the servo system. Check to see if the machines are correctly grounded.	Properly ground the machines to separate them from the FG of the encoder.	-	
	There is a SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise.	Check to see if there is noise interference on the signal line from the encoder.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Implement countermeasures against noise for the encoder wiring.	-	
	The encoder was subjected to excessive vibration or shock.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if vibration from the machine occurred. Check the Servomotor installation (mounting surface precision, securing state, and alignment). Check the linear encoder installation (mounting surface precision and securing method).	Reduce machine vibration. Improve the mounting state of the Servomotor or linear encoder.	_	
	A failure occurred in the encoder.	_	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the Servomotor.	-	
	A failure occurred in the Serial Converter Unit.	_	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the Serial Converter Unit.	_	
	A failure occurred in the linear encoder.	_	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the linear encoder.	-	
	The servo gains are not balanced.	Check to see if the servo gains have been correctly tuned.	Perform autotuning without a host reference.	_	
Servomotor	The setting of Pn100 (Speed Loop Gain) is too high.	Check the setting of Pn100. The default setting is Kv = 40.0 Hz.	Set Pn100 to an appropriate value.	-	
Servomotor Vibrates at Frequency of Approx. 200 to 400 Hz.	The setting of Pn102 (Position Loop Gain) is too high.	Check the setting of Pn102. The default setting is Kp = 40.0/s.	Set Pn102 to an appropriate value.	_	
	The setting of Pn101 (Speed Loop Integral Time Constant) is not appropriate.	Check the setting of Pn101. The default setting is Ti = 20.0 ms.	Set Pn101 to an appropriate value.	_	
	The setting of Pn103 (Moment of Inertia Ratio or Mass Ratio) is not appropriate.	Check the setting of Pn103.	Set Pn103 to an appropriate value.	-	

	Continued from previous Confirmation Correction Re						
Problem	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference			
	The servo gains are not balanced.	Check to see if the servo gains have been correctly tuned.	Perform autotuning without a host reference.	_			
	The setting of Pn100 (Speed Loop Gain) is too high.	Check the setting of Pn100. The default setting is Kv = 40.0 Hz.	Set Pn100 to an appropriate value.	_			
Large Motor Speed	The setting of Pn102 (Position Loop Gain) is too high.	Check the setting of Pn102. The default setting is Kp = 40.0/s.	Set Pn102 to an appropriate value.	_			
Overshoot on Starting and Stop- ping	The setting of Pn101 (Speed Loop Integral Time Constant) is not appropriate.	Check the setting of Pn101. The default setting is Ti = 20.0 ms.	Set Pn101 to an appropriate value.	-			
	The setting of Pn103 (Moment of Inertia Ratio or Mass Ratio) is not appropri- ate.	Check the setting of Pn103.	Set Pn103 to an appropriate value.	_			
	The torque reference is saturated.	Check the waveform of the torque reference.	Use the mode switch.	_,			
	The force limits (Pn483 and Pn484) are set to the default values.	The default values of the force limits and Pn483 = 30% and Pn484 = 30%.	Set Pn483 and Pn484 to appropriate values.	-			
	Noise interference occurred because of incorrect Encoder Cable specifications.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the Encoder Cable to see if it satisfies specifications. Use a shielded twisted-pair wire cable or a screened twisted-pair cable with conductors of at least 0.12 mm ² .	Use cables that satisfy the specifications.	-			
Absolute Encoder Position Deviation Error (The position that was saved in the host controller when the power was	Noise interference occurred because the Encoder Cable is too long.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the length of the Encoder Cable.	Rotary Servomotors: The Encoder Cable length must be 50 m max. Linear Servomotors: Make sure that the Serial Converter Unit cable is no longer than 20 m and that the Linear Encoder Cable and the Sensor Cable are no longer than 15 m each.	_			
turned OFF is different from the position when the	Noise interference occurred because the Encoder Cable is damaged.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the Encoder Cable to see if it is pinched or the sheath is damaged.	Replace the Encoder Cable and correct the cable installation envi- ronment.	-			
power was next turned ON.)	Noise interference occurred because the Encoder Cable is damaged.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if the Encoder Cable is bundled with a high-current line or installed near a high-current line.	Correct the cable lay- out so that no surge is applied by high-current lines.	-			
	There is variation in the FG potential because of the influence of machines on the Servomotor side, such as a welder.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if the machines are correctly grounded.	Properly ground the machines to separate them from the FG of the encoder.	-			

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Problem	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference			
Absolute Encoder Position Deviation Error (The position that was saved in the host controller when the power was turned OFF is different from the position when the power was next turned ON.)	There is a SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder or Serial Converter Unit.	Implement counter- measures against noise for the encoder or Serial Converter Unit wiring.	-			
	The encoder was subjected to excessive vibration or shock.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if vibration from the machine occurred. Check the Servomotor installation (mounting surface precision, securing state, and alignment). Check the linear encoder installation (mounting surface precision and securing method).	Reduce machine vibration. Improve the mounting state of the Servomotor or linear encoder.	_			
	A failure occurred in the encoder.	-	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the Servomotor or linear encoder.	-			
	A failure occurred in the SERVOPACK.	_	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK.	-			
	The P-OT/N-OT (Forward	Check the external power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signals.	Correct the external power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signals.	-			
	Drive Prohibit or Reverse Drive Prohibit) signal was input.	Check the operating condition of the overtravel limit switches.	Make sure that the overtravel limit switches operate correctly.	_			
		Check the wiring of the overtravel limit switches.	Correct the wiring of the overtravel limit switches.	_			
Overtravel Occurred		Check for fluctuation in the external power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signals.	Eliminate fluctuation from the external power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signals.	-			
	The P-OT/N-OT (Forward Drive Prohibit or Reverse Drive Prohibit) signal	Check to see if the operation of the overtravel limit switches is unstable.	Stabilize the operating condition of the over-travel limit switches.	_			
	malfunctioned.	Check the wiring of the overtravel limit switches (e.g., check for cable damage and loose screws).	Correct the wiring of the overtravel limit switches.	-			
	The selection of the Servo- motor stopping method is not correct.	Check the servo OFF stopping method set in Pn001 = n.□□□X or PnB1F.	Select a Servomotor stopping method other than coasting to a stop.	-			
Improper Stop Posi- tion for	The limit switch position and dog length are not appropriate.	-	Install the limit switch at the appropriate position.	-			
Overtravel (OT) Signal	The overtravel limit switch position is too close for the coasting distance.	_	Install the overtravel limit switch at the appropriate position.	_			

Problem	Possible Cause	Confirmation	Correction	Reference
	Noise interference occurred because of incorrect Encoder Cable specifications.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the Encoder Cable to see if is satisfies specifications. Use a shielded twisted-pair wire cable or a screened twisted-pair cable with conductors of at least 0.12 mm ² .	Use cables that satisfy the specifications.	-
	Noise interference occurred because the Encoder Cable is too long.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the length of the Encoder Cable.	Rotary Servomotors: The Encoder Cable length must be 50 m max. Linear Servomotors: Make sure that the Serial Converter Unit cable is no longer than 20 m and that the Linear Encoder Cable and the Sensor Cable are no longer than 15 m each.	-
Position Deviation (without Alarm)	Noise interference occurred because the Encoder Cable is damaged.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the Encoder Cable to see if it is pinched or the sheath is damaged.	Replace the Encoder Cable and correct the cable installation envi- ronment.	-
	The Encoder Cable was subjected to excessive noise interference.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if the Encoder Cable is bundled with a high-current line or installed near a high-current line.	Correct the cable lay- out so that no surge is applied by high-current lines.	-
	There is variation in the FG potential because of the influence of machines on the Servomotor side, such as a welder.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if the machines are correctly grounded.	Properly ground the machines to separate them from the FG of the encoder.	-
	There is a SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder or Serial Converter Unit.	Implement counter- measures against noise for the encoder wiring or Serial Converter Unit wiring.	-

D. 11	Continued from previous Problem Possible Cause Confirmation Correction R						
Problem	Possible Cause		Correction	Reference			
	The encoder was subjected to excessive vibration or shock.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if vibration from the machine occurred. Check the Servomotor installation (mounting surface precision, securing state, and alignment). Check the linear encoder installation (mounting surface precision and securing method).	Reduce machine vibration. Improve the mounting state of the Servomotor or linear encoder.	-			
	The coupling between the machine and Servomotor is not suitable.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check to see if position offset occurs at the coupling between machine and Servomotor.	Correctly secure the coupling between the machine and Servomotor.	-			
Position Deviation (without Alarm)	Noise interference occurred because of incorrect I/O signal cable specifications.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the I/O signal cables to see if they satisfy specifications. Use a shielded twisted-pair wire cable or a screened twisted-pair cable with conductors of at least 0.12 mm ² .	Use cables that satisfy the specifications.	-			
	Noise interference occurred because an I/O signal cable is too long.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Check the lengths of the I/O signal cables.	The I/O signal cables must be no longer than 3 m.	-			
	An encoder fault occurred. (The pulse count does not change.)	_	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the Servomotor or linear encoder.	-			
	A failure occurred in the SER-VOPACK.	_	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Replace the SERVOPACK.	_			
	The surrounding air temperature is too high.	Measure the surrounding air temperature around the Servomotor.	Reduce the surrounding air temperature to 40°C or less.	-			
	The surface of the Servomotor is dirty.	Turn OFF the power supply to the servo system. Visually check the surface for dirt.	Clean dirt, dust, and oil from the surface.	_			
Servomotor Overheated	There is an overload on the Servomotor.	Check the load status with a monitor.	If the Servomotor is overloaded, reduce the load or replace the Servo Drive with a SERVOPACK and Ser- vomotor with larger capacities.	-			
	Polarity detection was not performed correctly.	Check to see if electrical angle 2 (electrical angle from polarity origin) at any position is between ±10°.	Correct the settings for the polarity detection-related parameters.	_			

This chapter provides information on the parameters.

9.1	Parar	meter Configurations9-2
9.2	List o	of Parameters9-3
		Interpreting the Parameter Lists

9.1

Parameter Configurations

Parameters are comprised of the types shown in the following table.

_	_			
Туре	Parameter No.	Parameter No.		
Function Selection Parameters	Pn000 to Pn081	Select basic and application functions such as the type of control mode or the stop method when an alarm occurs.		
Servo Gain and Other Parameters	Pn100 to Pn170	Set numerical values such as speed and position loop gains.		
Position Control Parameters	Pn205 to Pn217	Set position control parameters such as average movement time.		
Speed Control Parameters	Pn304 to Pn324	Set speed control parameters such as the speed feedback filter.		
Torque Control Parameters	Pn401 to Pn460	Set torque control parameters such as the torque limit values.		
Sequence Parameters	Pn502 to Pn561 Pn630 to Pn636 Pn64C	Set conditions for the sequence I/O signals.		
Positioning Parameters	Pn637 to Pn640	Set parameters related to positioning.		
Homing Parameters	Pn642 to Pn64A	Set parameters related to homing.		
Others	Pn600 to Pn604	Set other parameters.		
Fully-closed Loop Control Parameters	Pn20A, Pn22A, Pn281 Pn51B, Pn52A	Set parameters related to fully-closed loop control.		
Linear Servomotor Parameters	Pn080 Pn181 to Pn182 Pn281 to Pn282 Pn383 to Pn385 Pn480 to Pn49F Pn581 to Pn587	Set parameters related to linear servomotors.		

9.2 List of Parameters

9.2.1 Interpreting the Parameter Lists

The types of motors to which the parameter applies.

- All: The parameter is used for both Rotary Servomotors and Linear Servomotors.
- Rotary: The parameter is used for only Rotary Servomotors.
- · Linear: The parameter is used for only Linear Servomotors.

Rotary Servomotor terms are used for parameters that are applicable to all Servomotors. If you are using a Linear Servomotor, you need to interpret the terms accordingly. Refer to the following section for details.

(F

 Differences in Terms for Rotary Servomotors and Linear Servomotors on page xiii Indicates when a change to the parameter will be effective.

Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applica- ble Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
	2	Basic Funct	ion Selections	0 0000h to 10B1h	-	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	_
Pn000		If there are differences in the parameters for Rotary Servomotor and Linear Servomotor, information is provided for both. • Top row: For Rotary Servomotors • Bottom row: For Linear Servomotors Rotation Direction Section Rotation Direction Selection Use CCW as the forward direction.								ct 📉 📗
			1 Us	Use CW as the forward direction. (Reverse Rotation Mode) Use the direction in which the linear encoder counts down as the forward direction. (Reverse Movement Mode)						-
		n.□□X□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.)								
		n.□X□□	Reserved pa	arameter (Do no	ot change.)					
			Rotary/Linea	r Servomotor St	artup Seled	ction When	Encoder Is N	lot Connected	Refere	nce
		n.X□□□		When an encoder is not connected, start as SERVOPACK for Rotary Servomotor.				*1		
				hen an encoder r Servomotor.	is not con	nected, sta	rt as SERVC	PACK for Lin-	-	
									,	

9.2.2 **List of Parameters**

The following table lists the parameters.

- Note: Do not change the following parameters from their default settings.

 Reserved parameters

 Parameters not given in this manual

 Parameters that are not valid for the Servomotor that you are using, as given in the parameter table

Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence			
	2	Basic Fund tions 0	ction Selec-	0000h to 10B1h	_	0010h	All	After restart	Setup	-			
				rection Selectio					Refere	ence			
			<u> </u>	Direction Select									
				se CCW as the f			andar anunta	un on the fo	-				
		n.□□□X	w	ward direction.						*1			
				se CW as the fo					_				
				se the direction rward direction.				down as the	*				
			Control Me	thod Selection					Refere	ence			
				witching betwee am table operat		ontrol with	analog refere	nces and pro)-				
				witching betwee		control wit	h pulse train re	eferences an	d				
				witching betwee am table operat		ontrol with	analog refere	nces and pro)-				
			3 In	ternal set speed	control w	ith contact	commands						
				witching betwee				ontact refer-					
Pn000		n.□□X□		witching betwee nces and positio									
		11.0000		witching betwee nces and torque				ontact refer-	*1				
				witching betwee beed control with			h pulse train re	eferences an	b				
				witching betwee rque control wit			h pulse train re	eferences an	b				
				witching betwee beed control with			analog refere	ences and					
			A S	witching betwee beed control with	n speed c n zero clar	ontrol with nping	analog refere	nces and					
				witching betwee osition control w				eferences an	b				
		n.□X□□	Reserved p	arameter (Do no	ot change.	.)							
			Rotary/Line nected	ar Servomotor	Startup Se	election W	hen Encoder	Is Not Con-	Refere	ence			
		n.X□□□		hen an encoder otary Servomoto		nected, st	art as SERVC	PACK for	*1				
				hen an encoder near Servomoto	er is not connected, start as SERVOPACK for								

Continued	from	provious	naga
COHIHIUEG	попп	NIENIOUS	Daue.

Parameter No.	Size	N	lame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence		
	2	Application Selections	n Function 1	0000h to 1142h	-	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	_		
			<u> </u>	ing Method for					Refere	ence		
		~ UUUV	 	p the motor by	1170							
		n.□□□X		Stop the motor by the applying dynamic brake and then release the dynamic brake.								
		2 Co	ast the motor to	o a stop w	ithout the	dynamic brak	e.					
			Overtravel S	Overtravel Stopping Method								
				oly the dynamic		coast the	motor to a sto	p.				
				celerate the mo								
		n.□□X□	2 De the	*1	*1							
				celerate the mo 30A and then s			ne deceleratio	n time set in	1			
Pn001			4 De Pn	1								
		n.□X□□ -	Main Circuit	Refere	ence							
			0 Inp	Main Circuit Power Supply AC/DC Input Selection Input AC power as the main circuit power supply using the L1, L2 and L3 terminals (do not use shared converter).								
			1 and	Input DC power as the main circuit power supply using the B1/								
			Warning Cod	le Output Sele	ction				Refere	ence		
				tput only alarm		the /ALO1	, /ALO2, and	/ALO3 term	i-			
		n.X000	1 /Al bei	Output both warning codes and alarm codes on the /ALO1, /ALO2, and /ALO3 terminals. However, while an warning code is being output, the ALM (Servo Alarm) output signal will remain ON (normal state).								
										_		

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer
	2	Application Selections	Function 2	0000h to 4213h	_	0000h	-	After restart	Setup	_
			Speed/Po	sition Control Op	tion (T-RE	F Input Al	location)	Applicable Motors	Refere	ence
			0 1	Do not use T-REF					_	
		n.□□□X	1	Jse T-REF as an	external to	nput.		*1		
			2	Jse T-REF as a to	orque feed	back input		All	*1	
			Jse T-REF as an 'P-CL or /N-CL is		nput when		*1			
			Torque Co	ntrol Option (V-F		Applicable Motors	Refere	ence		
	n.□□X□		Do not use V-REF				All	*1		
			1 1	Jse V-REF as an	external s	oeed limit i	nput.			
Pn002			Encoder U	Isage				Applicable Motors	Refere	ence
		n.□X□□		0 Use the encoder according to encoder specifications.						
			1	Jse the encoder	as an incre	emental en	coder.		*1	
				Jse the encoder encoder.	as a single	Rotary				
			External E	ncoder Usage				Applicable Motors	Refere	ence
			0 1	Do not use an ext	ternal enco	oder.				
	n.X000	n.X000		The external enco ion for CCW mot			ward direc-			
		2	Reserved setting	(Do not us	e.)		Rotary	*1		
				The external enco ion for CCW mot			erse direc-			
			4	Reserved setting	(Do not us	e.)				

Classi-

fication

ence

Continued from previous page.

When

Enabled

	2	Application Selections	Function 6		0000h to 105Fh	_	0002h	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1		
			Analog Mo	nit	or 1 Signal Se	lection							
			00	М	otor speed (1	V/1,000 m	nin ⁻¹)						
			00	М	otor speed (1	V/1,000 m	nm/s)						
			01	Sp	peed reference	(1 V/1,00	00 min ⁻¹)						
			01	Sp	peed reference	(1 V/1,00	00 mm/s)						
			02	To	orque reference	e (1 V/100	% rated to	rque)					
			02	Fo	Force reference (1 V/100% rated force)								
			03	Р	osition deviatio	n (0.05 V/	reference	unit)					
				Р	osition amplifie	r deviatior	n (after elec	ctronic gear) (0.05 V/enco	der pulse i	unit)		
			04		osition amplifie ulse unit)	r deviatior	n (after eled	ctronic gear) (0.05 V/linea	encoder			
			05	Р	osition reference	ce speed (1 V/1,000	min ⁻¹)					
			03	Р	osition reference	ce speed (1 V/1,000	mm/s)					
			06	Re	Reserved setting (Do not use.)								
Pn006		n.□□XX	07	Load-motor position deviation (0.01 V/reference unit)									
			08	Positioning completion (positioning completed: 5 V, positioning not c pleted: 0 V)							· 		
			09	Sp	peed feedforwa	ard (1 V/1	,000 min ⁻¹)						
			03	Sp	peed feedforwa	ard (1 V/1	,000 mm/s)					
			0A	To	orque feedforw	ard (1 V/1	00% rated	torque)					
			UA.	Fo	orce feedforwa	rd (1 V/10	00% rated t	orce)					
			0B	Ad	ctive gain (1st	gain: 1 V,	2nd gain: 2	2 V)					
			0C		ompletion of peted: 0 V)	osition ref	erence dis	tribution (com	pleted: 5 V,	not com-			
			0D	E	kternal encode	r speed (1	V/1,000 r	nin ⁻¹ : value at	the motor s	haft)			
			0E	Re	eserved setting	g (Do not ı	use.)						
			0F	Re	eserved setting	g (Do not i	use.)						
			10	М	ain circuit DC	voltage							
			11 to 5F	Re	eserved setting	gs (Do not	use.)						

Reserved parameter (Do not change.)

Reserved parameter (Do not change.)

Setting

Range

Setting

Unit

Default

Setting

Applicable

Motors

Size

n.□X□□

n.X□□□

Name

Parameter

No.

Continued from previous page.

Classi- Refer-

Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer			
	2	Application Selections		0000h to 105Fh	_	0000h	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1			
			Analog Mor	nitor 2 Signal Se	election								
			00 ⊨	Motor speed (1									
				Speed reference (1 V/1,000 min ⁻¹)									
			01	Speed reference (1 V/1,000 mm/s)									
				Torque reference	•		raue)						
			02	Force reference (1 V/100% rated force)									
					Position deviation (0.05 V/reference unit)								
				Position amplifie	•			0.05 V/enco	der pulse	unit)			
			04	Position amplified pulse unit)			0 , 1		•				
				Position referen	ce speed ((1 V/1,000	min ⁻¹)						
			05	Position referen	•								
	n.□□XX	06	Reserved setting	g (Do not i	use.)								
Pn007		n.□□XX	07	Load-motor pos	sition devia	ation (0.01	V/reference u	nit)					
FIIOU7			08	V, positionin	g not com	-							
			09	Speed feedforward (1 V/1,000 min ⁻¹)									
			09	Speed feedforw	ard (1 V/1	,000 mm/s	s)						
			0A	Torque feedforw	ard (1 V/1	00% rated	I torque)						
			UA	Force feedforwa	ard (1 V/10	00% rated	force)						
			0B	Active gain (1st	gain: 1 V,	2nd gain:	2 V)						
				Completion of p pleted: 0 V)	osition ref	erence dis	tribution (com	pleted: 5 V,	not com-				
			0D	External encode	er speed (1	V/1,000 r	min ⁻¹ : value at	the motor s	shaft)				
			0E	Reserved setting	g (Do not i	use.)							
			0F	Reserved setting	g (Do not i	use.)							
			10	Main circuit DC	voltage								
			11 to 5F	Reserved setting	gs (Do not	use.)							
	[n.□X□□	Reserved p	arameter (Do no	ot change	.)							
		n.X□□□	Reserved p	arameter (Do no	ot change.	.)							
	invalue reserved parameter (20 net enangely												

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								(Continued fr	om previou	us page	
Parameter No.	Size	N	lame		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence	
	2	Application Selections						Rotary	After restart	Setup	-	
			Low Bat	tery \	Voltage Alarm	/Warning :	Selection			Refere	ence	
		n.□□□X	0	Out	put alarm (A.8	30) for low	battery v	oltage.		*1		
			1	Out	put warning (A	930) for I	ow battery	voltage.				
			Function	Sele	ection for Und	ervoltage				Refere	ence	
Pn008			0	Do	not detect und	lervoltage.						
FIIUUO		n.□□X□	1	Det	ect undervolta	ge warning	g and limit	torque at hos	t controller.	*1		
			2	Det Pn4	ect undervolta 25 (i.e., only ir	ge warning n SERVOP	g and limit ACK).	torque with P	n424 and			
			Warning Detection Selection							Refere	ence	
		n.□X□□	0	Det	ect warnings.					*1		
			1	Do	not detect war	nings exc	ept for A.9	71.				
		n.X□□□	Reserve	d par	ameter (Do no	ot change.	.)					
	2	Application Selections	n Function 9		0000h to 0121h	_	0010h	All	After restart	Tuning	-	
	GOIGGIGIE G GTZ III											
		n.□□□X	Reserve	d par	ameter (Do no	ot change.)					
			-		` `		,			1		
				_	rol Mode Sele					Refere	ence	
			0		current contro			D004 4D0	0004			
		n.□□X□			ERVOPACK Mo R8A, -5R5A, a		,	,	,			
Pn009			1		ERVOPACK Mo					*1		
				-4	70A, -550A, -5	590A, and	-780A: Us	se current con	trol mode 2.			
			2	Use	current contro	ol mode 2.						
	Ιī		Speed D	etect	tion Method S	election				Refere	ence	
			0 Use speed detection 1.									
		n.□X□□	0	Use	speed detecti	on 1.				*1		
		n.□X□□	0		speed detecti					*1		

Parameter	9				Setting	Setting	Default	Applicable	Continued from When	Classi-	Refer		
No.	Size		lame		Range	Unit	Setting	Motors	Enabled	fication	ence		
	2	Application Selections			0000h to 0044h	-	0001h	All	After restart	Setup	_		
			Motor St	topp	ing Method fo	r Group 2	Alarms			Refe	rence		
			0		ply the dynami pping method				op (use the				
			1	De	celerate the me maximum tord tus after stopp	otor to a s que. Use th	top using t	the torque set					
		n.□□□X	2	De	celerate the me maximum tore	otor to a s			t in Pn406 as	3 *	1		
			3	Pn:	celerate the mage and the second points.								
			4		celerate the mages 30A and then I			the decelerati	on time set i	n			
Pn00A			Stopping	д Ме	thod for Force	ed Stops				Refe	rence		
			0	Ap	ply the dynami	c brake or set in PnC	coast the 01 = n.□[motor to a st □□X).	op (use the				
			1	the	celerate the me maximum tore tus after stopp	que. Use th	top using t ne setting o	the torque set of Pn001 = n.	t in Pn406 as □□□X for th	s ne			
		n.□□X□	2		celerate the me maximum tore				t in Pn406 as	S *	1		
			3	Pn:	celerate the mage and the suppling.								
		n (1)	4		celerate the mages 30A and then I			the decelerati	on time set i	n			
		n.□X□□	Reserve	ved parameter (Do not change.)									
	n.X□□□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.)												
	2	Application Selections	Function		0000h to 1121h	_	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	_		
		Selections	Б		112111				restart				
	_			_	. 5					15.6			
		n.□□□X			ameter Display					Refere	ence		
					olay all parame	•	5.			*1			
							N. I. a. was a			Defe			
			0	• •	ng Method for the motor by	•		oforonoo to Ω		Refere	ence		
n00B	1	n.□□X□			ly the dynamic				op (use the	*1			
			1		ping method				. [- (- 1			
			2	Set	the stopping n	nethod wit	h Pn00A =	= n.□□□X.					
			Power Inp	out S	Selection for T	hree-phas	e SERVOF	PACK		Refere	ence		
		n.□X□□	0	Use	a three-phase	power su	oply input.						
			1	Use a three-phase power supply input as a single-phase power supply input.						*1			
			ļ.	supp	oly input.								

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Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	N	Name		Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence				
	2	Application Selections		0000h to 0131h	-	0000h	-	After restart	Setup	*1				
		n.000X	0 Dis	ection for Test able tests with	out a moto	or.			Applica Motor	ble s				
			Encoder Res	olution for Tes					Applicable Motors					
Pn00C		n.□□X□	1 Use 2 Use	e 20 bits. e 22 bits. e 24 bits.					Rotar	у				
		n. 🗆 X 🗆 🗆		Encoder Type Selection for Tests without a Motor Use an incremental encoder.										
				e an absolute e		•			All					
		n.X□□□	Reserved pa	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)										
	2	Application Selections	Function D	0000h to 1001h	_	0000h	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1				
		n.□□□X Reserved parameter (Do not change.)												
Pn00D		n.□□X□	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)											
		n.□X□□												
		n.X000	0 Do	arning Detecti not detect ove ect overtravel	ertravel wa									
	2	Application Selections	_	0000h to 2011h	-	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	_				
Pn00F		n.□□□X	0 Do n	Maintenance of detect preventative	entative ma	aintenance			Reference *1	e				
		n.□□X□	Reserved pa	rameter (Do no	ot change.)								
		n.XDDD		rameter (Do no		,								
Pn010	2		ss Selection JSB Commu-	0000h to 007Fh	_	0001h	All	After restart	Setup	_				
Pn021	2	Reserved p	parameter (Do e.)	_	_	0000h	All	-	- ed on nex	_				

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Parameter No.	Size		Name		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence			
	2	Σ-V Com tion Swite	patible Fur ch	nc-	0000h to 2111h	-	0000h	-	After restart	Setup	-			
	n.	пппх	Reserved	para	meter (Do not	change.)								
			Encoder	Resol	ution Compati	bility Sele	ction			Applicable Motors				
Pn040	n.	ппхп	0		he encoder res				147.1	Rotary				
			1		a resolution of 2 7A, SGM7P, S					notai	y 			
	n.		Reserved	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)										
	n.	XDDD	Reserved	para	meter (Do not	change.)								
	2	Application Selection	on Functions 80	n	0000h to 1111h	-	0000h	Linear	After restart	Setup	_			
			Polarity	Sense	or Selection					Refere	nce			
	r	n.□□□X	0		polarity senso					*1				
					not use polarity Sequence Sel					Refere	nce			
Pn080	r	n.□□X□	0	Reference *1										
		1.0X00	1		a phase-B lead	•	·	ce of U, V, an	d W.					
	n.□X□□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.) Calculation Method for Maximum Speed or Encoder Output Pulses										ence			
		n.X000	0	1	culate the enco			•		neiele	nice			
		1	1	Calculate the maximum eneed for a fixed encoder output pulse										
	2		on Functio	n	0000h to		0000h	All	After	Setup	*1			
		Selection	s 81		1111h		000011	7411	restart	Octup				
					se Output Sele		6	1 11 11						
Pn081		n.□□□X	1		tput phase-C p tput phase-C p					ns.				
		n.□□X□	Reserve	ed pa	rameter (Do no	ot change.)							
		n.□X□□	Reserve	ed pa	rameter (Do no	ot change.)							
		n.X□□□	Reserve	ed pa	rameter (Do no	ot change.)							
Pn100	2	Speed Lo	op Gain		10 to 20,000	0.1 Hz	400	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn101	2	Speed Lo	oop Integra	al	15 to 51,200	0.01 ms	2000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn102	2	Position I	_oop Gain		10 to 20,000	0.1/s	400	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn103	2	Moment (of Inertia F	atio	0 to 20,000	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn104	2	Second S Gain	Speed Loo	р	10 to 20,000	0.1 Hz	400	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn105	2	Integral T	Speed Loo ime Const	ant	15 to 51,200	0.01 ms	2000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn106	2	Second F Gain	Position Lo	ор	10 to 20,000	0.1/s	400	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
									•					

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Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
Pn109	2	Feedforward	0 to 100	1%	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn10A	2	Feedforward Filter Time Constant	0 to 6,400	0.01 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
	2	Gain Application Selections	0000h to 5334h	-	0000h	All	-	Setup	-

	Mode Sv	vitching Selection	When Enabled	Reference
	0	Use the internal torque reference as the condition (level setting: Pn10C).		
	4	Use the speed reference as the condition (level setting: Pn10D).		
n.□□□X	1	Use the speed reference as the condition (level setting: Pn181).		
	2	Use the acceleration reference as the condition (level setting: Pn10E).	Immedi- ately	*1
	2	Use the acceleration reference as the condition (level setting: Pn182).		
	3	Use the position deviation as the condition (level setting: Pn10F).		
	4	4 Do not use mode switching.		

Pn10B

Pn136

Mode Switching Level

Gain Switching Waiting Time 2

	Speed L	oop Control Method	When Enabled	Reference
n.□□X□	0 PI control			
	1	I-P control	After restart	*1
	2, 3	Reserved settings (Do not use.)	rootart	

n.□X□□	Reserved	parameter (Do not change.)	
n.X□□□	Reserved	parameter (Do not change.)	

Pn10C	2	Mode Switching Level for Torque Reference	0 to 800	1%	200	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn10D	2	Mode Switching Level for Speed Reference	0 to 10,000	1 min ⁻¹	0	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn10E	2	Mode Switching Level for Acceleration	0 to 30,000	1 min ⁻¹ /s	0	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn10F	2	Mode Switching Level for Position Deviation	0 to 10,000	1 refer- ence unit	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn11F	2	Position Integral Time Constant	0 to 50,000	0.1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn121	2	Friction Compensation Gain	10 to 1,000	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn122	2	Second Friction Compensation Gain	10 to 1,000	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn123	2	Friction Compensation Coefficient	0 to 100	1%	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn124	2	Friction Compensation Frequency Correction	-10,000 to 10,000	0.1 Hz	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn125	2	Friction Compensation Gain Correction	1 to 1,000	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn131	2	Gain Switching Time 1	0 to 65,535	1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn132	2	Gain Switching Time 2	0 to 65,535	1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn135	2	Gain Switching Waiting Time 1	0 to 65,535	1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1

0

1 ms

All

0 to 65,535

Tuning Continued on next page.

Immedi-ately

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Parameter No.	Size	N	ame		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence	
	2	Automatic ing Selection		ch-	0000h to 0052h	-	0000h	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1	
			Gain Swi	tchiı	ng Selection							
			0		e manual gain s e gain is switch		lly with the	: /G-SEL (Gair	n Selection) s	signal.		
		n.□□□X	1		served setting (
			2	The sati	e automatic gai e gain settings sfied. The gain A is not satisfi	1 switch a settings 2	utomatical	lly to 2 when s	switching co 1 when swi	ndition A i tching cor	s ndi-	
Pn139			Gain Swi		ng Condition A							
			0		OIN (Positioning	<u> </u>		,				
			1		OIN (Positioning	, '	') signal turns	OFF.			
		n.□□X□	3		AR (Near Outp	, ,						
			3 /NEAR (Near Output) signal turns OFF.4 Position reference filter output is 0 and reference pulse input is									
			5 Position reference pulse input is ON.							л .		
		n.□X□□										
		n.X□□□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.)										
Pn13D	2	Current Ga			100 to 2,000	1%	2000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1	
	2	Model Follo trol-Related			0000h to 1121h	-	0100h	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	_	
			Model Fo	llou	ving Control Se	oloction				Reference		
		n.□□□X			ot use model for		ontrol					
		11.2000			model following		oritioi.			*1		
			Vibration	Sup	pression Sele	ction				Referen	nce	
		п.ППХП	0 [Do n	ot perform vibr	ation supp	oression.					
		11.0000	1 F	Perfo	orm vibration su	uppressior	n for a spe	cific frequency	/.	*1		
			2 F	Perfo	orm vibration su	uppressior	n for two s	pecific freque	ncies.			
Pn140			Vibration	Sup	pression Adju	stment Se	election			Referen	nce	
			0	tion	not adjust vibra of autotuning at reference, an	without a	host refere					
		n.□X□□			ust vibration su		5	cally during ex	ecution of	*1		
			1	aut	otuning withounce, and custo	t a host re						
			Speed Fe	eedf	orward (VFF)/T	oraue Fe	edforward	(TFF) Selecti	on	Referen	nce	
			0	Do	not use model	•		• •				
		m.xuluu ward together.							*1			
		1 Use model following control and speed/torque feedforward together.										
Pn141	2 Model Following Con- 10 to 20,000 0.1/s 500 All						Immedi-	Tuning	*1			
Pn142	2	trol Gain Model Follo		-	500 to 2,000	0.1%	1000	All	ately Immedi-	Tuning	*1	
111172		trol Gain C			300 10 2,000	0.170	1000	All	ately	ranning		
Pn143	2	trol Bias in Direction			0 to 10,000	0.1%	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1	

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Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
Pn144	2		owing Con- the Reverse	0 to 10,000	0.1%	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn145	2	Vibration S Frequency	Suppression 1 A	10 to 2,500	0.1 Hz	500	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn146	2	Vibration S Frequency	Suppression 1 B	10 to 2,500	0.1 Hz	700	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn147	2		owing Con- Feedforward Ition	0 to 10,000	0.1%	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn148	2	Second Moing Contro	odel Follow- I Gain	10 to 20,000	0.1/s	500	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn149	2	Second Moing Contro Correction		500 to 2,000	0.1%	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn14A	2	Vibration S Frequency	Suppression 2	10 to 2,000	0.1 Hz	800	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn14B	2	Vibration S Correction	Suppression 2	10 to 1,000	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
	2	Control-Re Selections	elated	0000h to 0021h	-	0021h	All	After restart	Tuning	-
		n.□□□X	0 Use	ving Control Ty	ng control	type 1.			Refere	
		1 Use model following control type 2.								
Pn14F		n.□□X□	0 Use	Type Selection e tuning-less ty e tuning-less ty e tuning-less ty	pe 2.				Refere	
	Ī	n. 🗆 X 🗆 🗆	Reserved par	rameter (Do no	ot change	.)				
		n.X000	Reserved par	rameter (Do no	ot change	.)				
	2		nance Con- d Selections	0000h to 0011h	-	0010h	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	-
			Anti Decemen	and Control Co	laatian				Defer	
		n.□□□X	0 Do	nce Control Se not use anti-re anti-resonance	sonance o	control.			Refere	
	Ī		Anti-Resonar	nce Control Ac	ljustment	Selection			Refere	ence
Pn160		n.□□X□	0 tion refe	not adjust antinof autotuning erence, and cus	without a stom tunin	host refere ig.	ence, autotuni	ng with a ho		
			1 aut	ust anti-resona otuning withou ce, and custom	t a host re				r_	
		n.□X□□	Reserved par	rameter (Do no	t change	.)				
		n.X□□□	Reserved par	rameter (Do no	ot change	.)				
Pn161	2	Anti-Resor	nance Fre-	10 to 20,000	0.1 Hz	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn162	2	Anti-Resor Correction		1 to 1,000	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn163	2	Anti-Resor Damping 0		0 to 300	1%	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
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Parameter No.	Size	N	ame		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
Pn164	2	Anti-Resor Time Cons Correction	tant 1							Tuning	*1
Pn165	2		nti-Resonance Filter me Constant 2 -1,000 to 1,000 to 1,000 O.01 ms 0 All Immediately Tur							Tuning	*1
Pn166	2	Anti-Resor Damping G								Tuning	*1
	2	Tuning-less Related Se	s Function elections	nction- ions 2711h - 1401h All - Se						Setup	*1
											en
			Tuning-le	ing-less Selection							led
		n.□□□X	0 Disable tuning-less function.								er _.
			1 Enable tuning-less function.							resta	art ——
	Ī		Speed C	ontro	ol Method					Whe Enab	
Pn170		n.□□X□	0	Use	e for speed cor	ntrol.				After	
111170			1	Use	e for speed cor	ntrol and u	se host co	ntroller for po	sition contro	ıl. resta	art ——
		n.□X□□	Rigidity	Leve	I					Whe Enab	
		11.0700	0 to 7	Set	the rigidity lev	el.				Imme atel	
		n.X000	Tuning-le	ess L	oad Level					Whe Enab	
		11.7000	0 to 2	Set	the load level	for the tun	ing-less fu	inction.		Imme atel	
										ī	
Pn181	2	for Speed	de Switching Level O to 10,000 1 mm/s 0 Linear Immediately								*1
Pn182	2	Mode Swit for Acceler	ching Levation	el	0 to 30,000	1 mm/s ²	0	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
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Parameter No.	Size	N	ame		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence	
	2	Position Co		er-	0000h to 2236h	_	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	_	
			Reference	ce Pu	ılse Form					Refere	ence	
			0	Sigi	n and pulse tra	in, positiv	e logic.					
			1	CW	and CCW pul	se trains,	positive log	gic				
			2		o-phase pulse t use B) ×1, posit		90° phase	e differential (p	ohase A and		*1	
		n.□□□X	3		o-phase pulse t use B) ×2, posit		90° phase	e differential (p	ohase A and	*1		
			4		o-phase pulse t use B) ×4, posit		90° phase	e differential (p	ohase A and			
		5 Sign and pulse train, negative logic.6 CW and CCW pulse trains, negative logic										
			Clear Sig	gnal	Form					Reference		
D 000			0	1	Clear position deviation when the signal is at high level.							
Pn200		n.□□X□	1		ar position dev					-		
			2	_	ar position dev					*1		
			3	_	ar position dev							
			Clear Op	perati	ion					Refere	ence	
		n.□X□□ -	0		Clear position deviation at a base block (at servo OFF or when alarm occurs).							
			1	Do not clear position error (cleared only with CLR (Clear Position Deviation) signal).						*1	*1	
			2	Cle	ar position dev	iation whe	en an alarm	occurs.				
			Filter Se	lection	on					Refere	ence	
			0		reference inpu	ut filter 1 f	or a line-dr	iver signal. (1	Mpps max.)			
		n.X□□□	1	Use	e the reference			<u> </u>		*1		
			2	Use	reference inpu	ut filter 2 f	or a line-dr	iver signal. (1	to 4 Mpps)			
Pn205	2	Multiturn L	imit		0 to 65,535	1 rev	65535	Rotary	After restart	Setup	*1	
	2		Position Control Function Selections 0000h to 2210h - 2000h All After restart					Setup	I			
		n DDDY Posserved parameter (Do not change)										

	n.□□□X	Reserve	d parameter (Do not change.)	
		Position	Control Option	Reference
	$n.\Box\Box X\Box$	0	Do not use V-REF.	*1
		1	Use V-REF as a speed feedback input.	-
	n.□X□□	Reserve	d parameter (Do not change.)	
Pn207		/COIN (F	Positioning Completion Output) Signal Output Timing	Reference
		0	Output when the absolute value of the position deviation is the same or less than the setting of Pn522 (Positioning Completed Width).	
	n.X□□□	1	Output when the absolute value of the position error is the same or less than the setting of Pn522 (Positioning Completed Width) and the reference after the position reference filter is 0.	*1
		2	Output when the absolute value of the position error is the same or less than the setting of Pn522 (Positioning Completed Width) and the reference input is 0.	

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Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
Pn20A	4	Number of Encoder S	External cale Pitches	4 to 1,048,576	1 scale pitch/ revolu- tion	32768	Rotary	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn20E	4	Electronic (Numerato	Gear Ratio r)	1 to 1,073,741,824	1	64	All	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn210	4	Electronic (Denomina	Gear Ratio itor)	1 to 1,073,741,824	1	1	All	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn212	4	Number of Output Pul		16 to 1,073,741,824	1 P/Rev	2048	Rotary	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn216	2	Position Re Acceleration tion Time (on/Decelera-	0 to 65,535	0.1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately after the motor stops	Setup	*1
Pn217	2		osition Refer- ement Time	0 to 10,000	0.1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately after the motor stops	Setup	*1
Pn218	2	Reference Multiplier	Pulse Input	1 to 100	× 1	1	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
	2	Fully-close Selections		0000h to 1003h	-	0000h	Rotary	After restart	Setup	*1
		n.□□□X			ot change.	,				
Pn22A		n. 🗆 X 🗆 🗆		rameter (Do no		,				
				Control Speed		,	n			
		n.X□□□	0 Us	e motor encode e external enco	er speed.					_
Pn281	2	Encoder O	utput Resolu-	1 to 4,096	1 edge/ pitch	20	All	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn282	4	Linear Enc Pitch	oder Scale	0 to 6,553,600	0.01 µm	0	Linear	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn300	2	Speed Ref Gain	erence Input	150 to 3,000	0.01 V/ Rated motor speed	600	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn301	2	Internal Se	et Speed 1	0 to 10,000	Rotary: 1 min ⁻¹ Direct Drive: 0.1 min ⁻¹	100	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn302	2	Internal Se	t Speed 2	0 to 10,000	Rotary: 1 min ⁻¹ Direct Drive: 0.1 min ⁻¹	200	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn303	2	Internal Se	t Speed 3	0 to 10,000	Rotary: 1 min ⁻¹ Direct Drive: 0.1 min ⁻¹	300	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn304	2	Jog Opera	tion Speed	0 to 10,000	Rotary: 1 min ⁻¹ Direct Drive: 0.1 min ⁻¹	500	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
					-		1		1	-

Soft Start Acceleration Time

0 to 10,000

1 ms

0

ΑII

Continued on next page.

Setup

Immediately

Pn305

2

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Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
Pn306	2	Soft Start Deceleration Time	0 to 10,000	1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn307	2	Speed Reference Filter Time Constant	0 to 65,535	0.01 ms	40	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn308	2	Speed Feedback Filter Time Constant	0 to 65,535	0.01 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn30A	2	Deceleration Time for Servo OFF and Forced Stops	0 to 10,000	1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn30C	2	Speed Feedforward Average Movement Time	0 to 5,100	0.1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
	2	Vibration Detection Selections	0000h to 0002h	-	0000h	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1

Pn310

	Vibration	Detection Selection							
n.□□□X	0	Do not detect vibration.							
11.000	1	Output a warning (A.911) if vibration is detected.							
	2 Output an alarm (A.520) if vibration is detected.								
$n.\Box\Box X\Box$	Reserve	d parameter (Do not change.)							
n. 🗆 X 🗆 🗆	Reserve	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)							

n.XDDD	Doggrad	naramatar	(Do not change.)
	neserved	Darameter	(Do not change.)

Pn311	2	Vibration Detection Sensitivity	50 to 500	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn312	2	Vibration Detection Level	0 to 5,000	1 min ⁻¹	50	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn316	2	Maximum Motor Speed	0 to 65,535	1 min ⁻¹	10000	Rotary	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn324	2	Moment of Inertia Cal- culation Starting Level	0 to 20,000	1%	300	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn380	2	Internal Set Speed 1	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	10	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn381	2	Internal Set Speed 2	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	20	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn382	2	Internal Set Speed 3	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	30	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn383	2	Jog Operation Speed	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	50	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn384	2	Vibration Detection Level	0 to 5,000	1 mm/s	10	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn385	2	Maximum Motor Speed	1 to 100	100 mm/s	50	Linear	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn400	2	Torque Reference Input Gain	10 to 100	0.1 V/ rated torque	30	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn401	2	First Stage First Torque Reference Filter Time Constant	0 to 65,535	0.01 ms	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn402	2	Forward Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%*2	800	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn403	2	Reverse Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%*2	800	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn404	2	Forward External Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%*2	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn405	2	Reverse External Torque Limit	0 to 800	1%*2	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn406	2	Emergency Stop Torque	0 to 800	1%*2	800	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1

Parameter

No.

Size

Name

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Classi-

fication

Refer-

ence

When

Enabled

Pn407	2	Speed Lim Torque Cor			0 to 10,000	1 min ⁻¹	10000	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
	2	· ·	ated Func-		0000h to	_	0000h	All		Setup	_
		tion dolooti	10110								
	l		Notab Filt	or S	Selection 1				When	Doford	2200
		n.□□□X			able first stage	notoh filta	ur.		Enabled Immedia		ence
				Enable first stage notch filter.						*1	
			Speed Lin	nit S	Selection				When Enabled	Refere	ence
					the smaller of ing of Pn407 a						
		n.□□X□			the smaller of ing of Pn480 a			speed and the	After	*1	
Pn408				Use	the smaller of ed and the set	the overs	peed alarm	n detection	restart	*1	
			1	Use	the smaller of	the overs	peed alarn	n detection			
				spe	ed and the set	ting of Pn	480 as the	speed limit.	140		
		n.□X□□			Selection 2				When Enabled	Refere	ence
		11.11.11.11			able second st	Immediately	*1				
			'	Спа	.bic 300011d 318	age noteri	ilitor.		When		
		n.X000		Friction Compensation Function Selection							ence
			-							*1	
Pn409	2	First Stage Frequency	Notch Filte	er	50 to 5,000	1 Hz	5000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn40A	2	First Stage Q Value	Notch Filte	er	50 to 1,000	0.01	70	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn40B	2	First Stage Depth	Notch Filte	er	0 to 1,000	0.001	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn40C	2	Second Sta Filter Frequ			50 to 5,000	1 Hz	5000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn40D	2	Second Sta Filter Q Val			50 to 1,000	0.01	70	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn40E	2	Second Sta Filter Depth			0 to 1,000	0.001	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn40F	2	Second Sta Torque Ref Frequency	age Second erence Filte	d er	100 to 5,000	1 Hz	5000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn410	2	Second Sta Torque Ref Q Value	age Second erence Filte	d er	50 to 100	0.01	50	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn412	2	First Stage Torque Ref Time Cons	erence Filte	∍r	0 to 65,535	0.01 ms	100	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn415	2	T-REF Filte Constant	r Time		0 to 65,535	0.01 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1

Setting

Range

Setting

Unit

Default

Setting

Applicable

Motors

9

Continued from previous pa	ae.

								Continued fro	om previoi	us page			
Parameter No.	Size		ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence			
	2	Torque-Re tion Select	lated Func- ions 2	0000h to 1111h	_	0000h	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1			
			Notch Filter	Selection 3									
		n.□□□X	0 Dis	sable third stage	e notch filt	er.							
			1 En	able third stage	notch filte	er.							
			Notch Filter	tch Filter Selection 4									
Pn416		n.□□X□	0 Dis	0 Disable fourth stage notch filter.									
			1 En	able fourth stag	ge notch fi	lter.							
			Notch Filter	Notch Filter Selection 5									
		n.□X□□		sable fifth stage	notch filte	er.							
				able fifth stage									
	-	» V000	Descried no	ramatar (Da na	at abanga	1							
	ļ .	n.X□□□	Reserved pa	arameter (Do no	ot change	.)							
Pn417	2	Third Stag Frequency	e Notch Filter	50 to 5,000	1 Hz	5000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn418	2	Q Value	e Notch Filter	50 to 1,000	0.01	70	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn419	2	Depth	e Notch Filter	0 to 1,000	0.001	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn41A	2	Fourth Sta	uency	50 to 5,000	1 Hz	5000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn41B	2	Fourth Sta Filter Q Va	lue	50 to 1,000	0.01	70	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn41C	2	Fourth Sta Filter Dept	ň	0 to 1,000	0.001	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn41D	2	Frequency		50 to 5,000	1 Hz	5000	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn41E	2	Q Value	Notch Filter	50 to 1,000	0.01	70	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
Pn41F	2	Depth	Notch Filter	0 to 1,000	0.001	0	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1			
	2	sation Sele	ple Compen- ections	0000h to 1111h	-	0000h	Rotary	-	Setup	*1			
	_												
			Speed Ripp	le Compensatio	on Functio	n Selectio	on		Whe				
		n.□□□X	0 Dis	sable speed rip	ole compe	nsation.			Imme				
				able speed ripp					ate				
			Speed Ripp	le Compensatio	on Informa	ation Disaç	greement Wa	rning Detec-					
Pn423		n.□□X□		etect A.942 aları	ms				Enab				
				not detect A.9					Afte resta				
			Speed Ripp	le Compensatio	on Enable	Condition	Selection		Whe Enab				
		n.□X□□	0 Sp	eed reference					Afte				
				otor speed					resta				
		n.X000	Reserved or	arameter (Do no	ot change)							
	_	11.XUUU	neserved pa	arameter (Do no	change	.)							
		Torquelia	nit at Main Cir					Immodi					
Pn424	2	cuit Voltag	nit at Main Cir-	0 to 100	1% ^{*1}	50	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1			

Continued from previous page.

Setting Setting Default Applicable When Classic Refer-

							(Continued fro	om previoi	us page.
Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
Pn425	2	Release Tir Limit at Ma Voltage Dro		0 to 1,000	1 ms	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn426	2	Torque Fee Average M Time		0 to 5,100	0.1 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn427	2	Speed Ripp sation Enal	ole Compen- ble Speed	0 to 10,000	1 min ⁻¹	0	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn456	2	Sweep Tore		1 to 800	1%	15	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
	2	Notch Filte Selections	r Adjustment 1	0000h to 0101h	_	0101h	All	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
			Notch Filter A		lection 1					
			Do r		first stage		r automaticall Ining with a h			
		n.□□□X	tunii				natically during			
				ithout a host refe						
Pn460		n.□□X□	Reserved p	arameter (Do no	ot change.	.)				
				r Adjustment Se o not adjust the		age notch	filter automati	ically when the	ne tunina-	less
		n.□X□□	0 fu	inction is enabled utotuning with a	d or during	a execution	of autotuning	g wiťhout a h		
			1 tid	djust the second on is enabled or utotuning with a	during exe	ecution of	autotuning wi	thout a host	ng-less fur reference,	nc-
		n.X□□□	Reserved p	arameter (Do no	ot change	.)				
Pn480	2	Speed Lim Force Cont	it during trol	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	10000	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn481	2	Polarity De Speed Loo	tection p Gain	10 to 20,000	0.1 Hz	400	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	-
Pn482	2	Polarity De Speed Loo Time Cons	p Integral	15 to 51,200	0.01 ms	3000	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	_
Pn483	2	Forward Fo	orce Limit	0 to 800	1%*2	30	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn484	2	Reverse Fo	orce Limit	0 to 800	1%*2	30	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn485	2	Polarity De ence Spee	tection Refer d	0 to 100	1 mm/s	20	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	_
Pn486	2	Polarity De ence Accel Deceleration		0 to 100	1 ms	25	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	_
Pn487	2	Polarity De stant Spee	tection Con- d Time	0 to 300	1 ms	0	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	_
Pn488	2	Polarity De ence Waitir	tection Refer	50 to 500	1 ms	100	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	-
Pn48E	2	Polarity De Range	tection	1 to 65,535	1 mm	10	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	-
Pn490	2	Polarity De Level	tection Load	0 to 20,000	1%	100	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	-
Pn495	2	Polarity De firmation Fo	tection Con- orce Refer-	0 to 200	1%	100	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	_
Pn498	2	Polarity De able Error F	tection Allow Range	′- 0 to 30	1 deg	10	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	_
Pn49F	2	Speed Ripp sation Enal	ple Compen- ble Speed	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	0	Linear	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn501	2	Zero Clamp		0 to 10,000	1 min ⁻¹	10	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
					1	1	1	,	1	

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
Pn502*3	2	Rotation Detection Level	1 to 10,000	1 min ⁻¹	20	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn503	2	Speed Coincidence Detection Signal Output Width	0 to 100	1 min ⁻¹	10	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn506	2	Brake Reference-Servo OFF Delay Time	0 to 50	10 ms	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn507	2	Brake Reference Output Speed Level	0 to 10,000	1 min ⁻¹	100	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn508	2	Servo OFF-Brake Com- mand Waiting Time	10 to 100	10 ms	50	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn509	2	Momentary Power Inter- ruption Hold Time	20 to 50,000	1 ms	20	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1

Continued from previous page.

Parameter							,	sommada no	m previoi	1	
No.	Size	N	ame	Settin Rang		Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refe	
	2	Input Signa	al Selectio	ns 0000h FFF2		8801h	All	After restart	Setup	-	
		•		·						•	
			Input Sig	nal Allocation					Refere	ence	
		n.□□□X	0	Use the sequentions.	uence input sigr	nal termina	Is with the de	fault alloca-			
			1	Change the	sequence input	signal allo	cations.		*1		
			2	Reserved set	tting (Do not us	e.)					
			—	, 0	nal Allocation				Refere	ence	
			0		CN1-40 input s					-	
			1		CN1-41 input s						
			2		CN1-42 input s		, ,				
			3		CN1-43 input s		, ,				
			4		CN1-44 input s						
			5		CN1-45 input s						
			6		CN1-46 input s	signal is Of	V (closed).				
		n.□□X□	7		always active.				page	6-3	
			8		always inactive				1, 2, 3, 2		
			9	Active when	_						
			Α	Active when							
			В	Active when	_						
			С	Active when	CN1-43 input s	signal is OF	F (open).				
			D	Active when							
n50A			E	Active when CN1-45 input signal is OFF (open). Active when CN1-46 input signal is OFF (open).							
150A			F	Active when	CN1-46 input s	signal is OF	F (open).				
					P-CON (Proportional Control) Signal Allocation						
			/P-CON	(Proportional	Control) Signa	l Allocation	n		Refere		
		n.□X□□	/P-CON 0 to F		Control) Signans are the same			N) signal allo			
		n.□X□□	0 to F	The allocatio cations.		e as the /S	-ON (Servo C	N) signal allo	_	6-3	
		n.□X□□	0 to F	The allocatio cations.	ns are the same	e as the /S	-ON (Servo C	, 6	- page	6-3	
		n.□X□□	0 to F	The allocatio cations. prward Drive F Enable forward	ns are the same	e as the /S Allocation CN1-40 inp	-ON (Servo C I out signal is C	N (closed).	- page	6-3	
		n.□X□□	0 to F	The allocatio cations. Prward Drive F Enable forward Enable forwa	ns are the same Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive when (e as the /S Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp	-ON (Servo C L out signal is C	N (closed).	- page	6-3	
		n.□X□□	0 to F P-OT (Fo	The allocation cations. Frward Drive Finable forward Enable forwa	Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive when (and drive when (Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp	ON (Servo C but signal is C but signal is C but signal is C	DN (closed). DN (closed). DN (closed).	- page	6-3	
		n.□X□□	0 to F P-OT (For 0) 1 2	The allocatio cations. orward Drive F Enable forwa Enable forwa Enable forwa Enable forwa	ns are the same Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive when (Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp	ON (Servo Cout signal is Cout signal	NN (closed). NN (closed). NN (closed). NN (closed).	- page	6-3	
		n.□X□□	0 to F P-OT (For or o	The allocation cations. Finance of the cations of the cations. Finance of the cation cations of the cations o	Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive when (and drive when (and drive when (Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-44 inp	out signal is Cout	DN (closed). DN (closed). DN (closed). DN (closed). DN (closed).	- page	6-3	
		n.□X□□	0 to F P-OT (For the control of the	The allocation cations. Frward Drive F Enable forware	Prohibit) Signal and drive when the	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-44 inp CN1-44 inp	out signal is Cout si	DN (closed).	- page	6-3	
		n. 🗆 X 🗆 🗆	0 to F P-OT (For 0) 1 2 3 4 5	The allocation cations. Frward Drive F Enable forwate	Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive whe	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-44 inp CN1-45 inp CN1-46 inp	out signal is Cout si	DN (closed).	Refere	6-3	
			0 to F P-OT (Fc 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	The allocation cations. Forward Drive Forward Enable forward Set the signal	Prohibit) Signal and drive when the card drive	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-44 inp CN1-45 inp CN1-46 inp hibit forwa	out signal is Cout drive.	DN (closed).	- page	6-3	
			0 to F P-OT (For 0) 1 2 3 4 5 6	The allocation cations. Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Enable forward Set the signal Set the signal	Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive whe	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-44 inp CN1-46 inp CN1-46 inp hibit forwar	out signal is Cout si	DN (closed).	Refere	6-3	
			0 to F P-OT (Fc 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	The allocation cations. Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Enable forward Set the signard Enable forward Enabl	Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive whe	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-44 inp CN1-45 inp CN1-46 inp hibit forward CN1-40 inp	out signal is Cout si	DN (closed).	Refere	6-3	
			0 to F P-OT (For or o	The allocation cations. Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Enable forward Enable forward Enable forward Enable forward Enable forward Set the signard Enable forward Enable	Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive whe	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-44 inp CN1-45 inp CN1-46 inp hibit forward cN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp	out signal is Cout si	DN (closed).	Refere	6-3	
			0 to F P-OT (For the control of the	The allocation cations. Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Enable forward Enable forward Enable forward Enable forward Enable forward Set the signard Set the signard Enable forward Enab	Prohibit) Signal and drive when the	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-45 inp CN1-45 inp CN1-46 inp hibit forward CN1-40 inp CN1-40 inp CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-41 inp	out signal is Cout si	DN (closed). DFF (open). DFF (open).	Refere	6-3	
			0 to F P-OT (Fc 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B	The allocation cations. Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Enable	Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive whe	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-45 inp CN1-46 inp CN1-46 inp hibit forward CN1-40 inp CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-41 inp	out signal is Cout si	DN (closed).	Refere	6-3	
			0 to F P-OT (For or o	The allocation cations. Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Drive Forward Enable	Prohibit) Signal and drive when (and drive whe	Allocation CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-43 inp CN1-46 inp CN1-46 inp cN1-46 inp cN1-40 inp CN1-40 inp CN1-40 inp CN1-41 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-42 inp CN1-44 inp	out signal is Cout si	DN (closed). DN (c	Refere	6-3	

Classi-

Continued	from	provious	nage

When

Parameter No.	Size	N	ame		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer ence																
	2	Input Signa	al Selection	าร	0000h to FFFFh	-	8868h	All	After restart	Setup	-																
			N-OT (Re		se Drive Prohib	, 0				Refere	ence																
			0		ble reverse dri		<u>.</u>																				
			1		ble reverse dri		<u>.</u>																				
			2		ble reverse dri																						
			3		ble reverse dri				, ,																		
			4				e when CN1-44 input signal is ON (closed). e when CN1-45 input signal is ON (closed).																				
			5 6						, ,																		
		n.□□□X	7	Enable reverse drive when CN1-46 input signal is ON (closed). Set the signal to always prohibit reverse drive.																							
		11.000	8																								
			9 Enable reverse drive when CN1-40 input signal is OFF (c																								
			A		ıble reverse dri				,																		
			В		ıble reverse dri		•		,																		
			С		ıble reverse dri																						
			D		ıble reverse dri		· ·		,																		
			Е	Ena	ble reverse dri	ve when C	N1-45 inp	ut signal is O	FF (open).																		
			F	Ena	ıble reverse dri	ve when C	N1-46 inp	ut signal is O	FF (open).																		
	li		/ALM-RS	ST (A	larm Reset) Si	gnal Alloc	ation			Refere	ence																
			0		ive on signal ed (open) to ON		CN1-40 in	put signal cha	anges from																		
						1		ive on signal ed (open) to ON		CN1-41 in	put signal cha	anges from															
Pn50B			2		ive on signal ed (open) to ON		CN1-42 in	put signal cha	anges from																		
FIIOD					3		ive on signal ed (open) to ON		CN1-43 in	put signal cha	anges from																
							4		ive on signal ed (open) to ON		CN1-44 in	put signal cha	anges from														
				Active on signal edge when CN1-45 input signal changes from OFF (open) to ON (closed).																							
			6		ive on signal ed (open) to ON		CN1-46 in	put signal cha	anges from																		
		n.□□X□	7	Res	served setting (Do not us	e.)			page	6-3																
			8		signal is alway	<u></u>																					
								-											9	(clo	ive on signal ed sed) to OFF (op	pen).					
			А	(clo	ive on signal ed sed) to OFF (or	pen).																					
			В	(clo	ive on signal ed sed) to OFF (o _l	pen).																					
			С	(clo	ive on signal ed sed) to OFF (o _l	pen).																					
		D Active on signal edge when CN1-44 input s (closed) to OFF (open).																									
			E		ive on signal ed sed) to OFF (op		CN1-45 inp	out signal cha	nges from ON																		
			F		ive on signal ed sed) to OFF (op		CN1-46 inp	out signal cha	nges from ON																		
			/P-CL (Fo	orwa	rd External To	rque Limi	t Input) Sig	gnal Allocatio	n	Refere	ence																
		n.□X□□	0 to F	The	allocations are t	the same a	s the /S-ON	I (Servo ON) siç	gnal allocations	. page	6-3																
		» VDDD	/N-CL (R	ever	se External To	rque Limi	t Input) Si	gnal Allocatio	n	Refere	ence																
		n.X□□□	0 to F	The	allocations are t	the same a	s the /S-ON	I (Servo ON) sig	gnal allocations	. page	6-3																

The allocations are the same as the /S-ON (Servo ON) signal allocations.

Setting

Setting

Default

Applicable

Size

Parameter

Parameter

No.

Size

Name

Continued from previous page.

Classi-

fication

When

Enabled

Refer-

ence

	2	Input Signa 3	al Selectio	ns	0000h to FFFFh	-	8888h	All	After restart	Setup	-
			/SPD-D	(Moto	or Direction) S	ignal Allo	cation			Refere	ence
			0	Acti	ve when CN1-	40 input s	signal is ON	V (closed).			
			1	Acti	ve when CN1-	41 input s	signal is ON	V (closed).			
			2		ve when CN1-						
			3	Acti	ve when CN1-	43 input s	signal is ON	V (closed).			
			4		ve when CN1-		0	, ,			
			5	Acti	ve when CN1-	45 input s	signal is ON	V (closed).			
			6	Acti	ve when CN1-	46 input s	signal is ON	V (closed).			
		n.□□□X	7	The	signal is alway	ys active.				page	6-3
			8		signal is alway			page	0 0		
			9	9 Active when CN1-40 input signal is OFF (open).							
			Α		ve when CN1-		0	· · · /			
Pn50C			В	Acti	ve when CN1-	42 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			С	Acti	ve when CN1-	43 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			D	Acti	ve when CN1-	44 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			E	Acti	ve when CN1-	45 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			F	Acti	ve when CN1-	46 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			/SPD-A	(Inter	nal Set Speed	l Selection	n Input) Si	gnal Allocatio	on	Refere	ence
		n.□□X□	0 to F		allocations are al allocations.	e the same	e as the /S	PD-D (Motor	Direction)	page	6-3
			/SPD-B	(Inter	nal Set Speed	d Selection	n Input) Si	gnal Allocatio	on	Refere	ence
		n.□X□□	0 to F The allocations are the same as the /SPD-D (Motor Direction) signal allocations.							page	6-3
			/C-SEL (Cont	rol Selection I	nput) Sigr	nal Allocat	ion		Refere	ence
	n.XDDD 0 to F The allocations are the same as the /SPD-D (Motor Direction) signal allocations.					page	6-3				

Setting

Range

Setting

Unit

Default

Setting

Applicable

Motors

Continued from previous page.

When Classi- Refer-

Enabled

fication

ence

Applicable

Motors

	2	Input Signa 4	al Selection	ns	0000h to FFFFh	_	0888h	-	After restart	Setup	_
			/ZCLAMI	P (Ze	ro Clamping I	nput) Sigr	al Allocati	on	Applicable Motors	Refere	ence
			0	Acti	ve when CN1-	40 input s	ignal is ON	I (closed).			
			1	Acti	ve when CN1-	41 input s	ignal is ON	I (closed).			
			2	Activ	ve when CN1-	42 input s	ignal is ON	I (closed).			
			3	Acti	ve when CN1-	43 input s	ignal is ON	I (closed).			
			4	Acti	ve when CN1-	44 input s	ignal is ON	I (closed).			
			5	Activ	ve when CN1-	45 input s	ignal is ON	I (closed).			
			6	Acti	ve when CN1-	46 input s	ignal is ON	I (closed).			
		n.□□□X	7	The	signal is alway	ys active.			All	naga	6.2
			8	The	signal is alway	ys inactive	•		All	page	0-3
			9	Acti	ve when CN1-	40 input s	ignal is OF	F (open).			
			Α	Acti	ve when CN1-	41 input s	ignal is OF	F (open).			
			В	Acti	ve when CN1-	42 input s	ignal is OF	F (open).			
Pn50D			С	Acti	ve when CN1-	43 input s	ignal is OF	F (open).			
			D	Acti	ve when CN1-	44 input s	ignal is OF	F (open).			

Setting

Unit

Default

Setting

Setting

Range

Parameter

No.

Size

Name

E F

n.□□X□	/INHIBIT	(Reference Pulse Inhibit Input) Signal Allocation	Applicable Motors	Reference
п.шихи	0 to F	The allocations are the same as the /ZCLAMP (Zero Clamping Input) signal allocations.	All	page 6-3
n.□X□□	/G-SEL ((Gain Selection Input) Signal Allocation	Applicable Motors	Reference
11.0700	0 to F	The allocations are the same as the /ZCLAMP (Zero Clamping Input) signal allocations.	All	page 6-3
n.X□□□	/P-DET (Polarity Detection Input) Signal Allocation	Applicable Motors	Reference
	0 to F	The allocations are the same as the /ZCLAMP	Linear	page 6-3

Active when CN1-45 input signal is OFF (open).

Active when CN1-46 input signal is OFF (open).

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	Setting Setting Default Applicable When Range Unit Setting Motors Enabled										
	2	Output Sig Selections			0000h to 6666h	-	2011h	All	After restart	Setup	-	
		1			l		ı	1				
			/COIN (Po	ositi	oning Comple	tion Outp	ut) Signal	Allocation		Refere	ence	
			0	Disa	abled (the abov	ve signal c	output is no	ot used).				
			1	Out	put the signal	from the C	N1-25 or	CN1-26 outp	ut terminal.			
		n.□□□X	2	Out	put the signal	from the C	CN1-27 or	CN1-28 outp	ut terminal.			
			3	Out	put the signal	from the C	CN1-29 or	CN1-30 outp	ut terminal.	page	6-6	
			4		put the signal			•				
			5		put the signal			•				
Pn50E			6	Out	put the signal	from the C	CN1-39 ou	tput terminal.				
			/V-CMP (Spe	ed Coincidend	e Detecti	on Output) Signal Alloc	ation	Refere	ence	
		n.□□X□			allocations are) signal allocat		e as the /C	OIN (Position	ing Comple-	page	6-6	
			/TGON (Rotation Detection Output) Signal Allocation								ence	
		n.□X□□	ing Comple-	page	6-6							
			/S-RDY (Servo Ready) Signal Allocation								Reference	
		n.X□□□	0 to 6	The	allocations are	e the same		COIN (Position	ing Comple-			
					<u>-</u>							
		Output Sig	nal	0000h to 0300h All After s								
	2	Selections			6666h	_	0300h	All	restart	Setup	-	
			/CLT (Tor	aue	Limit Detection	n Outnut)	Signal All	ocation		Refere	ence	
			0	•	abled (the above	• '				1101010	71100	
			1		put the signal				ut terminal.			
		~ UUUV	2	Out	put the signal	from the C	N1-27 or	CN1-28 outp	ut terminal.			
		n.□□□X	3	Out	put the signal	from the C	N1-29 or	CN1-30 outpi	ut terminal.	page	6-6	
			4	Out	put the signal	from the C	N1-37 ou	tput terminal.				
					put the signal			·				
Pn50F			6	Out	put the signal	from the C	CN1-39 ou	tput terminal.				
			/VLT (Spe	ed	Limit Detection	n) Signal /	Allocation			Refere	ence	
		n.□□X□			allocations are put) signal allo		e as the /C	CLT (Torque Li	mit Detectior	n page	6-6	
			/BK (Brak	e O	utput) Signal /	Allocation				Refere	ence	
		n.□X□□	0 to 6		allocations are put) signal allo		e as the /C	CLT (Torque Li	mit Detection			
			/WARN (V	Varr	ning Output) S	ignal Allo	cation			Refere	ence	
		n.X□□□	0 to 6	The allocations are the same as the /CLT (Torque Limit Detection								

Continued from previous page.

								Continued fr						
Parameter No.	Size	N	Name	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence				
	2	Output Sig Selections		0000h to 0666h	_	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	_				
				ear Output) Signa					Refere	ence				
				Disabled (the abo										
				Output the signal			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
		n.□□□X		Output the signal			·			0.0				
				Output the signal Output the signal			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		page	6-6				
Pn510				Output the signal			•							
FIISTO				Output the signal			•							
				· ·			tput torrimian							
		n.□□X□	Reserved	parameter (Do no	ot change	.)								
		n. 🗆 X 🗆 🗆	/PSELA (R Allocation	eference Pulse I	nput Multi	plication S	Switching Ou	tput) Signal	Reference					
		11.0700		0 to 6 The allocations are the same as the /NEAR (Near) signal allocations.										
		n.X□□□	Reserved	eserved parameter (Do not change.)										
		Output Sid	gnal Inverse	0000h to		00001-	A.II	After	0.1					
	2	Settings	9.10.11.10.00	1111h	_	0000h	All	restart	Setup	_				
			Output Sid	anal Inversion for	CN1-25	and CN1-2	6 Terminals							
		n.□□□X		The signal is not in		2110 0111 2	.0 1011111110							
				The signal is inver										
			Output Signal Inversion for CN1-27 and CN1-28 Terminals											
		n. 🗆 🗆 X 🗆		0 The signal is not inverted.										
Pn512		וו.טבאט		1 The signal is inverted.										
			<u> </u>											
		->/		Output Signal Inversion for CN1-29 and CN1-30 Terminals										
		n.□X□□		The signal is not in The signal is inver										
			'	The signal is livel	ieu.									
				gnal Inversion for		Terminal								
		n.X□□□		The signal is not in										
			1	The signal is inver	tea.									
	2	Output Sig	gnal Inverse	0000h to	_	0000h	All	After	Setup	_				
	_	Settings 2		0011h		000011	7 (11	restart	Octup					
			Output Sig	nal Inversion for	CN1-38	Terminal								
		n.□□□X	0	- Гhe signal is not ii	nverted.									
			1	The signal is inver	ted.									
Pn513			Output Sic	gnal Inversion for	CN1-30	Terminal								
. 11010		n. 🗆 🗆 X 🗆		The signal is not in		Cililia								
				The signal is not in The signal is inver										
		n.□X□□		parameter (Do no		.)								
		5 VDDD	+											
		n.X□□□	Reserved	parameter (Do no	or change	.)								

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence			
	2	Output Sig Selections		0000h to 0666h	Setup	_							
		n.□□□X	Reserved pa	rameter (Do no	ot change.	.)							
	ı	n.00X0	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)										
		/PM (Preven	Refere	ence									
D:: 514			0 Dis	sabled (the abo									
Pn514		n.□X□□	1 Ou	Output the signal from the CN1-25 or CN1-26 output terminal.									
			2 Ou	tput the signal									
		1.0/00	3 Ou	tput the signal	from the C	N1-29 or	CN1-30 outpu	ut terminal.	page	6-6			
			4 Ou	tput the signal	from the C	N1-37 ou	tput terminal.						
			5 Ou	tput the signal	from the C	N1-38 ou	tput terminal.						
			6 Ou	tput the signal	from the C	N1-39 ou	tput terminal.						
	ı	n.X000	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)										
			·					·	·	_			

(Continued from previous page.										
Applicable When Classi- Refer-											
Motors	Enabled	fication	ence								

Default

Setting

Setting

Unit

Setting

Range

INO.	0)			nariye	Offic	Setting	IVIOLOIS	Lilableu	lication	ence
	2	Input Signa	al Selections	0000h to FFFFh	-	8888h	All	After restart	Setup	-
		1				I	1	I.		
	П		SEN (Absol	ute Data Reque	st Input) S	Signal Allo	cation		Refere	ence
			0 Ad	tive when CN1-	40 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			1 A	ctive when CN1-	41 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			2 A	ctive when CN1-	42 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			3 A	ctive when CN1-	43 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			4 A	ctive when CN1-	44 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			5 A	ctive when CN1-	45 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			6 A	ctive when CN1-	46 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
		n.□□□X	7 Th	ne signal is alway	/s active.				page	6.2
			8 Er	nable when 5 V i	s input to	CN1-4.			page	0-3
			9 A	ctive when CN1-	40 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			A A	ctive when CN1-	41 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			B Ad	ctive when CN1-	42 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			C Ad							
			D A	ctive when CN1-	44 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			E A	ctive when CN1-	45 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			F A	ctive when CN1-	46 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
Pn515			/PSEL (Refe	erence Pulse Inp	out Multip	lication Sw	vitching Inpu	t) Signal Allo	- Refere	ence
			0 A	ctive when CN1-	40 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			1 Ac	ctive when CN1-	41 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			2 A	ctive when CN1-	42 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			3 A	ctive when CN1-	43 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			4 A	ctive when CN1-	44 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			5 A	ctive when CN1-	45 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
			6 A	ctive when CN1-	46 input s	signal is ON	l (closed).			
		n.□□X□	7 Th	ne signal is alway	s enabled	d.			2000	6.0
			8 Th	ne signal is alway	s inactive).			page	0-3
			9 Ad	ctive when CN1-	40 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			A Ad	ctive when CN1-	41 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			B Ad	ctive when CN1-	42 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			C Ad	ctive when CN1-	43 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			D A	ctive when CN1-	44 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			E A	ctive when CN1-	45 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
			F A	ctive when CN1-	46 input s	signal is OF	F (open).			
		n.□X□□	Reserved p	arameter (Do no	t change	.)				
		n.X000	Reserved p	arameter (Do no	ot change.	.)				
	-									

Parameter

No.

Size

Name

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	1	Name	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence					
	2	Input Sign 7	nal Selections	0000h to FFFFh	-	8888h	All	After restart	Setup	_					
			FSTP (Forced	Stop Input) Si	gnal Alloc	ation			Refere	ence					
			0 En	able drive whe	n CN1-40	input signa	al is ON (close	ed).							
			1 En	able drive whe	n CN1-41	input signa	al is ON (close	ed).							
				able drive where			•								
				able drive where		· ·									
				able drive where able drive where											
				able drive where			•								
				t the signal to a		· ·)						
D. 540	r	n.□□□X	Sto	pp). t the signal to a	always ena	able drive (always disable	e forcing the	page	6-3					
Pn516				otor to stop).											
				able drive where											
				able drive where able drive where				·							
				Enable drive when CN1-43 input signal is OFF (open). Enable drive when CN1-44 input signal is OFF (open).											
				able drive whe											
			F En	Enable drive when CN1-46 input signal is OFF (open).											
	r	n.00X0	Reserved par	ameter (Do no	t change.)										
	r	n.□X□□	Reserved par	ameter (Do not	t change.)										
	r	n.X000	Reserved par	ameter (Do not	t change.)										
				,											
	2	Output Si		0000h to		0000h	All	After	Setup	*1					
		Selections	3 5	0666h		000011	7 111	restart	Octup						
			ALO1 (Alarm	O1 (Alarm Code Output) Signal Allocation											
				abled (the abov											
				tput the signal											
		n.□□□X		tput the signal tput the signal											
				tput the signal				at torrilliar.							
D . 547				tput the signal			•								
Pn517			6 Ou	tput the signal	from the C	N1-39 ou	tput terminal.								
	Ī		Al O2 (Alarm	Code Output)	Signal Al	ocation									
		n.□□X□	The	e allocations are	-		_O1 (Alarm Co	ode Output)	signal allo	ca-					
			0 to 6	ns.											
			ALO3 (Alarm	Code Output)	Signal Al	ocation									
		n.□X□□	0 to 6	e allocations are	e the same	e as the Al	_O1 (Alarm Co	ode Output)	signal allo	ca-					
	Ī	n.X000	Reserved pa	rameter (Do no	ot change	.)									
			Jan Jan Ja	(2011)	90	,									
Pn518*4	-	Safety Mo Paramete	odule-Related	_	_	_	All	-	_	_					
		i aramete	10												
		+		1	+			Continue	d on nev	t nage					

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
Pn51B	4	Motor-Load Deviation C Detection L	Overflow	0 to 1,073,741,824	1 refer- ence unit	1000	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn51E	2	Position De	eviation Over	- 10 to 100	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn520	4	Position De flow Alarm	eviation Over Level	- 1 to 1,073,741,823	1 refer- ence unit	5242880	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn522	4	Positioning Width	Completed	0 to 1,073,741,824	1 refer- ence unit	7	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn524	4	Near Signa	ıl Width	1 to 1,073,741,824	1 refer- ence unit	1073741824	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn526	4	Position De flow Alarm Servo ON	eviation Over Level at	1 to 1,073,741,823	1 refer- ence unit	5242880	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn528	2	Position De flow Warnin Servo ON	eviation Over ng Level at	10 to 100	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn529	2	Speed Lim Servo ON	it Level at	0 to 10,000	1 min ⁻¹	10000	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn52A	2	Multiplier p closed Rot	er Fully- ation	0 to 100	1%	20	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Tuning	*1
Pn52B	2	Overload V	Varning Leve	1 to 100	1%	20	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn52C	2	Base Curre at Motor O Detection	ent Derating verload	10 to 100	1%	100	All	After restart	Setup	*1
Pn52F	2	Monitor Dis Startup	splay at	0000h to 0FFFh	-	0FFFh	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
	2	Program Jo Related Se	og Operatior lections	n- 0000h to 0005h	_	0000h	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn530		n.00X0 n.0X0	0 (\(\) (\(\) (\) (\(\) (\) (\(\) (\) (Naiting time in Provements in	$1535 \rightarrow Fc$ $1536 \rightarrow Fc$ $1535 \rightarrow Fc$ 1535	everse by the prward by the pr	travel distance	e in Pn531) > e in Pn531 — Number of n e in Pn531 —	× Number × Number × Number × Number × Number × Number or or or or waiting to or or Waiting to or Waiting to	of of of of of of sime s in
		n.XDDD	Reserved p	parameter (Do no	ot change	.)				
Pn531	4	Program Jo Travel Dista	og Operatior ance	1 to 1,073,741,824	1 refer- ence unit	32768	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1

Continued from previous page.

Parameter	Φ		Setting	Setting	Default	Applicable	Sontinued fro When	Classi-	Refer-
No.	Size	Name	Range	Unit	Setting	Motors	Enabled	fication	ence
Pn533	2	Program Jog Operation Movement Speed	1 to 10,000	Rotary: 1 min ⁻¹ Direct Drive: 0.1 min ⁻¹	500	Rotary	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn534	2	Program Jog Operation Acceleration/Decelera- tion Time	2 to 10,000	1 ms	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn535	2	Program Jog Operation Waiting Time	0 to 10,000	1 ms	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn536	2	Program Jog Operation Number of Movements	0 to 1,000	Times	1	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn550	2	Analog Monitor 1 Offset Voltage	-10,000 to 10,000	0.1 V	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn551	2	Analog Monitor 2 Offset Voltage	-10,000 to 10,000	0.1 V	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn552	2	Analog Monitor 1 Magnification	-10,000 to 10,000	× 0.01	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn553	2	Analog Monitor 2 Magnification	-10,000 to 10,000	× 0.01	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn55A	2	Power Consumption Monitor Unit Time	1 to 1,440	1 min	1	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	_
Pn560	2	Residual Vibration Detection Width	1 to 3,000	0.1%	400	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	_
Pn561	2	Overshoot Detection Level	0 to 100	1%	100	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	_
Pn580	2	Zero Clamping Level	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	10	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn581	2	Zero Speed Level	1 to 10,000	1 mm/s	20	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn582	2	Speed Coincidence Detection Signal Output Width	0 to 100	1 mm/s	10	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn583	2	Brake Reference Output Speed Level	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	10	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn584	2	Speed Limit Level at Servo ON	0 to 10,000	1 mm/s	10000	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn585	2	Program Jog Operation Movement Speed	1 to 10,000	1 mm/s	50	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	*1
Pn586	2	Motor Running Cooling Ratio	0 to 100	1%/ Max. speed	0	Linear	Immedi- ately	Setup	_
Pn600	2	Regenerative Resistor Capacity*5	Depends on model.*6	10 W	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	
Pn601	2	Dynamic Brake Resistor Allowable Energy Consumption	0 to 65,535	10 J	0	All	After restart	Setup	*7
Pn603	2	Regenerative Resistance	0 to 65,535	10 mΩ	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	-
Pn604	2	Dynamic Brake Resistance	0 to 65,535	10 mΩ	0	All	After restart	Setup	*7
Pn621 to Pn628*4	-	Safety Module-Related Parameters	_	_	-	All	_	_	_

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Continued from	previous	page.

									Continued fro								
Parameter No.	Size	N	lame		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refe enc						
	2	Input Sign 10	al Selecti	ons	0000h to FFFFh	_	6221h	All	After restart	Setup	-						
			/MODE	0/1 (N	Mode Switch I	nput) Sigr	nal Allocat	ion		Reference							
			0	Mode	e 0 is used wh	en CN1-40) input sig	nal is ON (clo	sed).								
			1	Mode	e 0 is used wh	en CN1-4	1 input sig	nal is ON (clo	sed).								
			2	Mode	e 0 is used wh	en CN1-4	2 input sig	nal is ON (clos	sed).								
			3		e 0 is used wh		1 0	,	,								
			4		e 0 is used wh												
			5		e 0 is used wh			•									
			6		e 0 is used wh			nal is ON (clos	sed).								
		n.□□□X	7	-	signal always s	•				page	6-3						
			8		signal always s	<u> </u>		OFF /		-							
			9		0 is used wh				,								
			A		e 0 is used wh												
			B		e 0 is used wh												
									,								
				D Mode 0 is used when CN1-44 input signal is OFF (open). E Mode 0 is used when CN1-45 input signal is OFF (open).													
			F		e 0 is used wh		1 0	` '									
			<u> </u>	IVIOU	7 0 10 doca Wii	011 0111 4	o iripat oig	110110 011 (0)									
			/START tion	-STOF	P (Program Tal	ble Opera	tion Start-	Stop Input) S	Signal Alloca	Refere	nce						
Pn630			0	Activ	e when CN1-4	0 input siç	gnal is ON	(closed).									
			1	Activ	e when CN1-4	1 input siç	gnal is ON	(closed).									
			2	Active when CN1-42 input signal is ON (closed).													
			3	Activ	e when CN1-4	3 input siç	gnal is ON	(closed).									
			4	Activ	e when CN1-4	4 input siç	gnal is ON	(closed).									
			5		e when CN1-4	• •		· ,									
		n.□□X□	6		e when CN1-4	<u> </u>	gnal is ON	(closed).									
			7	-	signal is always					page	6-3						
			8		signal is always												
			9	-	e when CN1-4			,									
			A		e when CN1-4	' '	,	() /									
			B		e when CN1-4												
			D		e when CN1-4 e when CN1-4												
			E		e when CN1-4												
			F		e when CN1-4	• •											
			<u> </u>	Activ	C WIICH OIVI 4	o iriput się	griai is Oi i	(орсп).									
			/HOME	, `	ing Input) Sig					Refere	nce						
		n.□X□□	0 to F	0 to F The settings are the same as for /START-STOP (Program Table Operation Start-Stop Input) Signal Allocation.							6-3						
			/PGMR	ES (Pr	ogram Table (Operation	Reset Inp	out) Signal Alle	ocation	Refere	nce						
		n.X□□□	0 to F		settings are the				ram Table	page	6-3						

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	Name			Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence	
	2	Input Sign	Input Signal Selections			_	8543h	All	After restart	Setup	_	
			/SEL0 (Program Step Selection Input 0) Signal Allocation								ence	
			0		e when CN1-	<u>'</u>		,				
			1		Active when CN1-41 input signal is ON (closed).							
			2		e when CN1-	- '	0	, ,				
			3		e when CN1-			, ,				
			4		e when CN1-	<u>'</u>		,				
			5		e when CN1-	· •		, ,				
			6	Activ	ve when CN1-4	46 input si	gnal is ON	(closed).				
	n.□□□X		7	The	signal is alway	s active.				page	6-3	
			8	The signal is always inactive.							_ page 0 0	
			9	Activ	ve when CN1-4	40 input si	gnal is OF	F (open).				
			Α	Activ	ve when CN1-4	41 input si	gnal is OF	F (open).				
Pn631			В	Activ	ve when CN1-4	42 input si	gnal is OF	F (open).				
			С	Activ	ve when CN1-4	43 input si	gnal is OF	F (open).				
			D	Activ	e when CN1-	44 input si	gnal is OF	F (open).				
			E	Activ	ve when CN1-4	45 input si	gnal is OF	F (open).				
			F	Activ	e when CN1-	46 input si	gnal is OF	F (open).				
			/SEL1 (P	rogra	m Step Selec	tion Input	1) Signal A	Allocation		Refere	ence	
	r	1.00X0	0 to F	The settings are the same as for /SEL0 (Program Step Selection Input 0) Signal Allocation.						page	6-3	
			/SEL2 (P	Program Step Selection Input 2) Signal Allocation						Refere	ence	
	r	n.□X□□	0 to F	F The settings are the same as for /SEL0 (Program Step Select Input 0) Signal Allocation.					p Selection	page 6-3		
			/SEL3 (P	rogra	m Step Selec	tion Input	3) Signal /	Allocation		Refere	ence	
	n.X□□□		0 to F	The settings are the same as for /SEL0 (Program Step Selection Input 0) Signal Allocation.							6-3	

Continued	from	provious	2222
COHIHITAGO	попп	NIENIOUS	Daue

Parameter No.	Size	Name		Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence		
	2	Input Sign	nal Selections		0000h to FFFFh	_	5438h	All	After restart	Setup	-	
			/SEL4 (F	/SEL4 (Program Step Selection Input 4) Signal Allocation								
			0	Active when CN1-40 input signal is ON (closed).								
			1	Activ	e when CN1-4	41 input si	gnal is ON	(closed).				
			2	Activ	ve when CN1-4	42 input si	gnal is ON	(closed).				
			3	Activ	ve when CN1-4	43 input si	gnal is ON	(closed).				
			4	_	e when CN1-4	· ·	-					
			5	Activ	e when CN1-4	45 input si	gnal is ON	(closed).				
		n.□□□X	6	Activ	e when CN1-4	46 input si	gnal is ON	(closed).				
	1		7	The signal is always active.							6-3	
			8	The	page 6-3							
			9	Activ	e when CN1-4							
			А	1 0 (1)								
Pn632			В		e when CN1-4							
			С	Activ	e when CN1-4	43 input si	gnal is OF	(open).				
			D	Active when CN1-44 input signal is OFF (open).								
			E	Activ	e when CN1-4							
			F	Activ	ve when CN1-4	46 input si	gnal is OF	(open).				
			/JOGP (Forward Jog Input) Signal Allocation							Refere	ence	
	1	n.□□X□	0 to F	The settings are the same as for /SEL4 (Program Step Selection Input 4) Signal Allocation.							6-3	
			/JOGN (Reverse Jog Input) Signal Allocation							Refere	ence	
	1	n.□X□□	0 to F	to F The settings are the same as for /SEL4 (Program Step Selection Input 4) Signal Allocation.								
			/JOG0 (/JOG0 (Jog Speed Table Selection Input 0) Signal Allocation								
	1	n.X□□□	0 to F	The settings are the same as for /SEL4 (Program Step Selection Input 4) Signal Allocation.							6-3	

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
	2	Input Signa 13	al Selections	0000h to FFFFh	-	8888h	All	After restart	Setup	-
			/JOG1 (Jog Speed Table Selection Input 1) Signal Allocation 0 Active when CN1-40 input signal is ON (closed).							nce
			2 Ac	2 Active when CN1-42 input signal is ON (closed). 3 Active when CN1-43 input signal is ON (closed).						
		n.□□□X	6 Ac							
Pn633			A Ac B Ac C Ac	tive when CN1- tive when CN1- tive when CN1- tive when CN1- tive when CN1-	41 input s 42 input s 43 input s	signal is OF signal is OF signal is OF	FF (open). FF (open). FF (open).			
			F Ac	tive when CN1- tive when CN1-	46 input s	ignal is OF	FF (open).			_
		n.□□X□	0 to F	Refere page 6						
		n.□X□□	Reserved pa	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)						
	n.XDDD Reserved parameter (Do not change.)									
	2	Input Signa	al Selections	0000h to 0013h	_	0002h	All	After restart	Setup	_
			SI8 Signal S	election					Refere	nce
			0 Do not allocate an input signal to CN1-14 and CN1-15. Allocate the CLR signal as the input signal to CN1-14 and CN1-15.							
		n.□□□X	2 Allocate the /DEC signal as the input signal to CN1-14 and CN1-15.							6-5
Pn634				Allocate the /RGRT signal as the input signal to CN1-14 and CN1-15.						
			SI8 Signal S	election Logic					Refere	nce
		n.□□X□		tive when CN1- tive when CN1-		•		,	page (6-5
		n.□X□□	Reserved pa	arameter (Do no	ot change.	.)				
		n.X□□□		arameter (Do no						

Continued from previous page.

Parameter No.	Size	Name			Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence	
	2	Output Sig tions 10	ınal Selec-		0000h to 6666h	-	0654h	All	After restart	Setup	_	
			/POUT0 ((Prog	grammable Ou	ıtput 0) Si	gnal Alloc	ation		Refere	nce	
			Disabled (the above signal output is not used).									
			1	1 Output the signal from the CN1-25 or CN1-26 output terminal.								
		n.□□□X	2	Output the signal from the CN1-27 or CN1-28 output terminal. Output the signal from the CN1-29 or CN1-30 output terminal.								
			3		page 6	6-6						
			4		put the signal			•				
			5		put the signal			•				
D - 005			6	Out	put the signal	from the C	M1-39 OU	tput terminai.				
Pn635			/POUT1 ((Prog	grammable Ou	ıtput 1) Si	gnal Alloc	ation		Refere	nce	
		n.□□X□	0 to 6		settings are thi ignal Allocation		s for /POU	T0 (Programn	nable Output	page 6	6-6	
			/POUT2 ((Prog	grammable Ou	ıtput 2) Si	gnal Alloc	ation		Refere	nce	
		n.□X□□	0 to 6	to 6 The settings are the same as for /POUT0 (Programmable Output 0) Signal Allocation.								
			/POUT3 (Programmable Output 3) Signal Allocation							Reference		
		n.X□□□	0 to 6		settings are thi		s for /POU	T0 (Programn	nable Output	page 6	6-6	
		0.440:-			00006 +-	1			۸ 44 م			
	2	Output Sig tions 11	mai Seiec-		0000h to 0666h	-	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	-	
			/POUT4 (POUT4 (Programmable Output 4) Signal Allocation						Refere	nce	
		n.□□□X	0	Disabled (the above signal output is not used).								
			1	Output the signal from the CN1-25 or CN1-26 output terminal.								
			2	Output the signal from the CN1-27 or CN1-28 output terminal.							_	
			3	Output the signal from the CN1-29 or CN1-30 output terminal.						page 6	0-6	
			5	Output the signal from the CN1-37 output terminal. Output the signal from the CN1-38 output terminal.								
Pn636			6	Output the signal from the CN1-38 output terminal. Output the signal from the CN1-39 output terminal.								
			Output the signal from the Ola 1-09 output terminal.									
		n.□□X□	/POSRDY	/POSRDY (Homing Completed Output) Signal Allocation The settings are the same as for /POUT4 (Programmable Output)							nce	
		11.00/0	0 to 6		ignal Allocation		s for /POU	14 (Programn	nable Output	page 6	6-6	
			/DEN (Po	sitio	ning Reference	e Distribu	tion Outp	ut) Signal Allo	cation	Refere	nce	
		n.□X□□	0 to 6	DEN (Positioning Reference Distribution Output) Signal Allocation 1 to 6 The settings are the same as for /POUT4 (Programmable Output 4) Signal Allocation.								
		n.X□□□			ameter (Do no)					

					Continued for						
Parameter No.	Size	N	lame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence	
	2	Moving Mo	ode	0000h to 0003h	_	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	-	
				000011				Tootart			
			Moving M	ode					Refere	nce	
				Jse linear coordin	ates.						
		n.□□□X	1	Jse rotational cod	ordinates.	Use the sh	ortest path.				
Pn637			2	Jse rotational cod	ordinates.	Always mo	ve forward.		page (0-8	
1 11007			3	Jse rotational cod	ordinates.	Always mo	ve in reverse.	•			
		n.□□X□	Reserved	parameter (Do no	ot change	.)					
		n.□X□□	Reserved	parameter (Do no	ot change	.)					
		n.X□□□	Reserved	parameter (Do no	ot change	.)					
Pn638	4	(P-LS)/End	oftware Lim d Point of Coordinate	to	Refer- ence units	+536,870,911	All	After restart	Setup	page 6-8	
Pn63A	4	(N-LS)/Sta	oftware Lim arting Point of Coordinate	of to	Refer- ence units	-536,870,911	All	After restart	Setup	page 6-8	
Pn63C	4	Origin Pos	sition/Abso- der Offset	-1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823	Refer- ence units	0	All	After restart	Setup	page 6-8	
Pn63E	4	Acceleration	on Rate	1 to 199,999,999	1,000/ ms (ref- erence units/ min)	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 6-10	
Pn640	4	Deceleration	on Rate	1 to 199,999,999	1,000/ ms (ref- erence units/ min)	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 6-10	
	2	Homing Method		0000h to 0004h	_	0000h	All	After restart	-	_	
			Homing M						Reference		
				Homing is not exe		1000 O for 1					
		n.□□□X		Jse the /DEC signus Jse the /DEC signus			ioming.		- noac.	7 5	
Pn642				0		ııııy.			page	ı -ט	
111042			3 Use phase C for homing.4 Pressing homing is performed.								
	n.□□X□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.)										
		n.□X□□	Reserved	parameter (Do no	ot change	.)					
	n.X□□□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.)										

			(Jontinuea tro	om previoi	us page.
Setting	Setting	Default	Applicable	When	Classi-	Refer-
Range	Unit	Setting	Motors	Enabled	fication	ence

	Continued from previous page.									
Parameter No.	Size	N	ame	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	Applicable Motors	When Enabled	Classi- fication	Refer- ence
	2	Homing Di	rection	0000h to 0001h	-	0000h	All	Immedi- ately	-	_
	Homing Direction						Refere	nce		
	n.□□□X 0 When the /HOME signal forward direction.					ns ON, hor	page 7-5			
Pn643				en the /HOME erse direction.	signal turi	ns ON, hor	ming is perfor	med in the	page	
		n.□□X□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.)								
		n.□X□□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.)								
	n.X□□□ Reserved parameter (Do not change.)									
		1							1	
Pn644	4	Homing M Speed	ovement	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 refer- ence units/ min	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 7-6
Pn646	4	Origin App	roach Speed	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 refer- ence units/ min	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 7-6
Pn648	4	Homing Cr	reep Speed	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 refer- ence units/ min	1000	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 7-6
Pn64A	4	Homing Find Distance	nal Travel	-1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823	Refer- ence units	0	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 7-6
	2	ZONE Sigr	nal Setting	0000h to 0001h	-	0000h	All	After restart	Setup	-

Pn640	2

N.□□□X When the control power supply is turned ON or the SERVOPACK is reset, the /POUT0 to /POUT2 signals are inactive. When the control power supply is turned ON or the SERVOPACK is reset, the /POUT0 to /POUT2 signals are used as ZONE sig-		ZONE S	ignal Setting	Reference
When the control power supply is turned ON or the SERVOPACK is reset, the /POUT0 to /POUT2 signals are used as ZONE sig-	п.ПППХ	0		
nais.		1		page 7-56

$n.\Box\Box X\Box$	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)

n.□X□□	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)
n ХППП	Reserved parameter (Do not change)

Pn64D	2	Reserved parameter (Do not change.)	_	_	0000	_	_	-	_
Pn650	2	Pressing Torque for Pressing Homing	0 to 100	%	25	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 7-6
Pn651	2	Pressing Detection Time for Pressing Homing	0 to 10,000	ms	250	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 7-7
Pn652	2	Pressing Time for Pressing Homing	0 to 10,000	ms	250	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 7-7
Pn653	2	Overspeed Detection Level for Pressing Hom- ing	1 to 199,999,999	1,000 refer- ence units/ min	2,000	All	Immedi- ately	Setup	page 7-7
Pn655	2	Absolute Encoder Origin	-1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823	Refer- ence units	0	All	After restart	Setup	page 7-5

9.2.2 List of Parameters

Appendices

The appendix provides information on compatibility between SERVOPACK functions and SigmaWin+ functions, Digital Operator procedures, and a table of corresponding parameter numbers.

10.1	Correspo	onding SERVOPACK and SigmaWin+ Function Names 10-2
	10.1.1	Corresponding SERVOPACK Utility Function Names
	10.1.2	Corresponding SERVOPACK Monitor Display Function Names
		runction Names 10-4
10.2	Opera	tion of Digital Operator
	10.2.1 10.2.2	Overview
10.3	Panel	Operator10-23
	10.3.1 10.3.2 10.3.3	Panel Operator Key Names and Functions 10-23 Changing Modes

10.1.1 Corresponding SERVOPACK Utility Function Names

10.1

Corresponding SERVOPACK and SigmaWin+ Function Names

This section gives the names and numbers of the utility functions and monitor display functions used by the SERVOPACKs and the names used by the SigmaWin+.

10.1.1 Corresponding SERVOPACK Utility Function Names

Button in Menu Dialog Box Function Name	SigmaWin+			SERVOPACK				
Software Reset Setup Wizard	Menu	Function Name	Fn No.	Function Name				
Setup Wizard	Pagio	Initialize	Fn005	Initializing Parameters				
Basic Functions		Software Reset	Fn030	Software Reset				
Product Information		Setup Wizard	_	_				
Functions Fn011 Display Servomotor Model Fn012 Display Software Version Fn016 Display Software Version Fn016 Display Servomotor IDs Display Servomotor ID Fn017 Display Servomotor ID Fn018 Fn018 Fn018 Fn018 Fn018 Multiturn Limit Setting after Multiturn Limit Disagreement Alarm Fn020 Set Absolute Linear Encoder Origin Fn020 Edit/Save Drogram Table Fn060 Edit/Save Program Table Fn061 Edit/Save Program Table Fn062 Edit/Save Program Table Edit ZONE Table Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn062 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn063 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn064 Initialize ZONE Table Fn064 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn064 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn064 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn064 Edit/Save J		I/O Signal Allocation	_	_				
Product Information			Fn011	Display Servomotor Model				
Reset Absolute Encoder Fn008 Reset Absolute Encoder			Fn012	Display Software Version				
Reset Absolute Encoder Fn008 Reset Absolute Encoder		Product Information	Fn01E	Display SERVOPACK and Servomotor IDs				
Encoder Setting Encoder Setting Search Origin Search Origin Fn003 Search Origin Fn003 Search Origin Fn004 Fn005 Fn006 Edit Program Table Edit ZONE Table Edit Jog Speed Table Troubleshooting Toubleshooting Toubleshooting Toperation Troubleshooting Toperation Operation Monitor Multiturn Limit Setting after Multiturn Limit Disagreement Alarm Author Parameter Scale Write Fn003 Fn000 Set Absolute Linear Encoder Origin Fn000 Polarity Detection Fn000 Polarity Detection Fn000 Edit/Save Program Table Fn006 Edit/Save ZONE Table Fn006 Fn006 Edit/Save ZONE Table Fn006 Fn006 Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn006 Alarm Trace Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn001 Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace Real Time Trace Monitor Fn004 Fn004 Fn005 Fn006 Fn006 Fn006 Fn007 Fn007 Fn007 Fn008 Fn008 Fn008 Fn009 Fn0			Fn01F					
Encoder Setting Search Origin Search Origin Zero Point Position Setting Polarity Detection Motor Parameter Scale Write Edit Program Table Edit ZONE Table Edit Jog Speed Table Trouble-shooting Toperation Toperation Monitor Monitor Encoder Origin Fn000 Fn000 Set Absolute Linear Encoder Origin Fn000 Edit/Save Program Table Fn060 Edit/Save Program Table Fn061 Edit/Save ZONE Table Fn064 Initialize ZONE Table Fn065 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn001 Fn002 Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Fn004 Fn005 Fn006 Fn006 Fn007 Fn007 Fn008 Fn009		Reset Absolute Encoder	Fn008	Reset Absolute Encoder				
Setting Search Origin Friods Origin Search Zero Point Position Setting Fn020 Set Absolute Linear Encoder Origin Polarity Detection Fn080 Polarity Detection Motor Parameter Scale Write - - Edit Program Table Fn060 Edit/Save Program Table Fn063 Initialize Program Table Fn064 Initialize Program Table Fn065 Initialize ZONE Table Fn066 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn065 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn066 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn000 Display Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace - Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace - Real Time Trace - Monitor -		Multi-turn Limit Setup	Fn013					
Zero Point Position Setting Fn020 Set Absolute Linear Encoder Origin		Search Origin	Fn003	Origin Search				
Motor Parameter Scale Write	Setting	Zero Point Position Setting	Fn020	Set Absolute Linear Encoder Origin				
Table Table Edit Program Table Fn060 Fn063 Initialize Program Table Edit ZONE Table Fn061 Edit/Save ZONE Table Edit Jog Speed Table Fn064 Initialize ZONE Table Edit Jog Speed Table Fn062 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn065 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn006 Display Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace - Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Operation Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Monitor -		Polarity Detection	Fn080	Polarity Detection				
Table Edit ZONE Table Edit ZONE Table Edit Jog Speed Table Fn062 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn065 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn000 Display Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace Alarm Trace Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Operation Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace Aeal Time Trace Monitor Fn005 Clear Alarm History Fn016 Clear Alarm History Fn017 Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Alarm Fn022 Jog Fn032 Jog Fn033 Initialize Program Table Fn064 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn065 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn066 Clear Alarm History Fn017 Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn018 Jog Program Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn034 Jog Program Fn04 Jog Program Fn065 Initialize ZONE Table Fn065 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn066 Clear Alarm History Fn018 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace		Motor Parameter Scale Write	_	-				
Table Edit ZONE Table Edit ZONE Table Edit Jog Speed Table Fn062 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Initialize Jog Speed Table En000 Display Alarm History En006 Clear Alarm History En014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace Alarm Trace Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Operation Program JOG Operation Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace Real Time Trace Monitor Monitor		Edit Dragram Table	Fn060	Edit/Save Program Table				
Edit ZONE Table Edit ZONE Table Edit Jog Speed Table Fn062 Edit/Save Jog Speed Table Fn065 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn000 Display Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace Alarm Trace Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Fn004 Fn004 Fn006 Fn006 Fn006 Fn006 Fn007 Fn007 Fn008 Fn008 Fn009 Fn00		Edit Program Table	Fn063	Initialize Program Table				
Edit Jog Speed Table En065	Table	Edit ZONE Toblo	Fn061	Edit/Save ZONE Table				
Trouble-shooting Display Alarm Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Display Alarm Fn006 Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn007 Program Jog Operation Fn008 Fn009 Fn00	Editing	Edit ZONE Table	Fn064	Initialize ZONE Table				
Trouble-shooting Display Alarm Display Alarm Fn006 Fn000 Display Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace Real Time Trace Monitor Fn005 Initialize Jog Speed Table Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn001 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Jog Program Fn002 Fn002 Jog Program Trace Real Time Trace Monitor Monitor	3	Edit log Chood Toble	Fn062	Edit/Save Jog Speed Table				
Trouble-shooting Display Alarm Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace Real Time Trace Monitor Fn004 ——— Real Time Trace Monitor Fn005 Clear Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn004 Peset Motor Type Alarm Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn004 Peset Motor Type Alarm Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn006 Clear Alarm History Fn007 Peset Motor Type Alarm Fn008 Peset Motor Type Alarm Fn008 Peset Motor Type Alarm Fn009 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace		Edit Jog Speed Table	Fn065	Initialize Jog Speed Table				
Trouble-shooting Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace - - Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Operation Jog Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace - - Real Time Trace - - Monitor - -			Fn000	Display Alarm History				
shooting Fn014 Reset Option Module Configuration Error Alarm Trace - - Reset Motor Type Alarm Fn021 Reset Motor Type Alarm Operation Fn002 Jog Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Trace - - Real Time Trace - - Monitor - -		Display Alarm	Fn006	Clear Alarm History				
Alarm Trace			Fn014	Reset Option Module Configuration Error				
Operation Jog Program JOG Operation Fn002 Fn004 Jog Program Monitor Trace - - Monitor - -		Alarm Trace	-	-				
Operation Program JOG Operation Fn004 Jog Program Monitor Fn004 Jog Program Real Time Trace - - Monitor - -		Reset Motor Type Alarm	Fn021	Reset Motor Type Alarm				
Program JOG Operation	0	Jog	Fn002	Jog				
Monitor Real Time Trace - - Monitor - -	Operation	Program JOG Operation	Fn004	Jog Program				
Monitor – –		Trace	-	-				
Monitor – –	Monitor	Real Time Trace	_					
Life Monitor – –	IVIOIIILOI	Monitor	_	-				
		Life Monitor	_					

Continued on next page.

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SigmaWin+			SERVOPACK				
Button in Menu Dialog Box	Function Name	Fn No.	Function Name				
	Tuning - Autotuning without Host Reference	Fn201	Advanced Autotuning without Reference				
	Tuning - Autotuning with Host Reference	Fn202	Advanced Autotuning with Reference				
	Tuning - Custom Tuning	Fn203	One-Parameter Tuning				
Tuning	Tuning - Custom Tuning - Adjust Anti-resonance Control	Fn204	Adjust Anti-resonance Control				
	Tuning - Custom Tuning - Vibration Suppression	Fn205	Vibration Suppression				
	System Tuning	_	_				
	Response Level Setting	Fn200	Tuning-less Level Setting				
	Edit Online Parameters	_	_				
Diagnostic	Mechanical Analysis	_	-				
	Easy FFT	Fn206	Easy FFT				
	Ripple Compensation	_	-				
	Online Vibration Monitor	_	-				
	Adjust the Speed and Torque Ref-	Fn009	Autotune Analog (Speed/ Torque) Reference Offset				
	erence Offset	Fn00A	Manually Adjust Speed Reference Offset				
		Fn00B	Manually Adjust Torque Reference Offset				
	Adjust the Analog Monitor Output	Fn00C	Adjust Analog Monitor Output Offset				
	Adjust the Analog Monitor Output	Fn00D	Adjust Analog Monitor Output Gain				
	Adjust the Motor Current Detec-	Fn00E	Autotune Motor Current Detection Signal Offset				
	tion Offsets	Fn00F	Manually Adjust Motor Current Detection Signal Offset				
	Initialize Vibration Detection Level	Fn01B	Initialize Vibration Detection Level				
	Parameter Converter	-	-				
	SERVOPACK Axis Name Setting	_	-				
	Write Prohibited Setting	Fn010	Write Prohibition Setting				
	Motor Parameter SERVOPACK Write	_	_				
	_	Fn006	Reserved function (Do not use.)				
_	_	Fn066	Absolute encoder origin setting				

10.1.2 Corresponding SERVOPACK Monitor Display Function Names

	SigmaWin+	SERVOPACK			
Menu Bar Button	Name [Unit]	Un No.	Name [Unit]		
	Motor Speed [min ⁻¹]	Un000	Motor Speed [min ⁻¹]		
	Speed Reference [min ⁻¹]	Un001	Speed Reference [min ⁻¹]		
	Torque Reference [%]	Un002	Torque Reference [%] (percentage of rated torque)		
	Rotary Servomotors: Rotational Angle 1 [encoder pulses] (number of encoder pulses from encoder phase C) Linear Servomotors: Electrical Angle 1 [linear encoder pulses] (linear encoder pulses from the polarity origin)	Un003	Rotary Servomotors: Rotational Angle 1 [encoder pulses] (number of encoder pulses from encoder phase C displayed in decimal) Linear Servomotors: Electrical Angle 1 [linear encoder pulses] (linear encoder pulses from the polarity origin displayed in decimal)		
Motion Monitor	Rotary Servomotors: Rotational Angle 2 [deg] (electrical angle from polarity origin) Linear Servomotors: Electrical Angle 2 [deg] (electrical angle from polarity origin)	Un004	 Rotary Servomotors: Rotational Angle 2 [deg] (electrical angle from polarity origin) Linear Servomotors: Electrical Angle 2 [deg] (electrical angle from polarity origin) 		
	Input Reference Pulse Speed [min ⁻¹]	Un007	Input Reference Pulse Speed [min ⁻¹] (displayed only during position control)		
	Position Deviation [reference units]	Un008	Position Error Amount [reference units] (displayed only during position control)		
	Accumulated Load Ratio [%]	Un009	Accumulated Load Ratio [%] (percentage of rated torque: effective torque in cycles of 10 seconds)		
	Regenerative Load Ratio [%]	Un00A	Regenerative Load Ratio [%] (percentage of processable regenerative power: regenerative power consumption in cycles of 10 seconds)		
	Dynamic Brake Resistor Power Consumption [%]	Un00B	Power Consumed by DB Resistance [%] (percentage of processable power at DB activation: displayed in cycles of 10 seconds)		

Continued on next page.

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	SigmaWin+		SERVOPACK
Menu Bar Button	Name [Unit]	Un No.	Name [Unit]
	Input Reference Pulse Counter [reference units]	Un00C	Input Reference Pulse Counter [reference units]
	Feedback Pulse Counter [encoder pulses]	Un00D	Feedback Pulse Counter [encoder pulses]
	Fully-closed Loop Feedback Pulse Counter [external encoder resolu- tion]	Un00E	Fully-closed Loop Feedback Pulse Counter [external encoder resolution]
	Upper Limit Setting of Motor Maximum Speed/Upper Limit Setting of Encoder Output Resolution	Un010*1	Upper Limit Setting of Motor Maximum Speed/ Upper Limit Setting of Encoder Output Resolu- tion
	Total Operation Time [100 ms]	Un012	Total Operation Time [100 ms]
	Feedback Pulse Counter [reference units]	Un013	Feedback Pulse Counter [reference units]
	Current Backlash Compensation Value [0.1 reference units]	Un030	Current Backlash Compensation Value [0.1 reference units]
	Backlash Compensation Value Setting Limit [0.1 reference units]	Un031	Backlash Compensation Value Setting Limit [0.1 reference units]
	Power Consumption [W]	Un032	Power Consumption [W]
	Consumed Power [0.001 Wh]	Un033	Consumed Power [0.001 Wh]
Motion Monitor	Cumulative Power Consumption [Wh]	Un034	Cumulative Power Consumption [Wh]
	Absolute Encoder Multiturn Data	Un040	Absolute Encoder Multiturn Data
	Position within One Rotation of Absolute Encoder [encoder pulses]	Un041	Position within One Rotation of Absolute Encoder [encoder pulses]
	Lower Bits of Absolute Encoder Position [encoder pulses]	Un042	Lower Bits of Absolute Encoder Position [encoder pulses]
	Upper Bits of Absolute Encoder Position [encoder pulses]	Un043	Upper Bits of Absolute Encoder Position [encoder pulses]
	Error Monitor	Un090	Error Monitor (Displays the error code of the last INDEXER error code (EDDE) that occurred.)
	Current issue position	Un045	Position Reference Current Position [reference units]
	Current motor position	Un046	Motor Current Position [reference units]
	Target position	Un049	Positioning Target Position [reference units]
	Target distance	Un04A	Positioning Distance [reference units]
	Registration target position	Un04B	Registration Target Position [reference units]
	Registration target distance	Un04C	Registration Distance [reference units]
	Program step	Un092	Program Step (This parameter gives the program step that is currently being executed. When programmed operation is not in progress, -1 is given.)
	Program event lapse time	Un093	Elapsed Event Time [ms] (This parameter gives the time that has elapsed since the program event was detected. When programmed operation is not in progress, 0 is given.)
	Program loop pass through time	Un094	Loop Execution Elapsed Time [loops] (This parameter gives the number of loop executions for the program step that is currently being executed. When programmed operation is not in progress, 0 is given.) Continued on pext page

Continued on next page.

10.1.2 Corresponding SERVOPACK Monitor Display Function Names

Continued from previous page.

	SigmaWin+	SERVOPACK		
Menu Bar Button	Name [Unit]	Un No.	Name [Unit]	
Motion Monitor	Read Alarm or Warning	Un095	Read Alarm or Warning (Displays the equivalent of ALM in INDEXER FnB0A. If a servo alarm (A. \(\Delta\Delta\Delta\)) occurred, the three digits in \(\Delta\Delta\Delta\) can be read. If an INDEXER alarm occurred, the four digits in \(\text{EDDA}\) can be read. If multiple alarms have simultaneously occurred, the alarm number on the status display of the SERVOPACK and the alarm number in Un095 may differ.)	
	Polarity Sensor Signal Monitor	Un011	Polarity Sensor Signal Monitor	
Status Monitor	Active Gain Monitor	Un014	Effective Gain Monitor (gain settings 1 = 1, gain settings 2 = 2)	
	Safety I/O Signal Monitor	Un015	Safety I/O Signal Monitor	
Input Signal Monitor	Input Signal Monitor	Un005	Input Signal Monitor	
Output Signal Monitor	Output Signal Monitor	Un006	Output Signal Monitor	
	Installation Environment Monitor – SERVOPACK	Un025	SERVOPACK Installation Environment Monitor [%]	
	Installation Environment Monitor – Servomotor*2	Un026	Servomotor Installation Environment Monitor [%]	
Service Life	Service Life Prediction Monitor – Built-in Fan	Un027	Built-in Fan Remaining Life Ratio [%]	
Monitor	Service Life Prediction Monitor – Capacitor	Un028	Capacitor Remaining Life Ratio [%]	
	Service Life Prediction Monitor – Surge Prevention Circuit	Un029	Surge Prevention Circuit Remaining Life Ratio [%]	
	Service Life Prediction Monitor – Dynamic Brake Circuit	Un02A	Dynamic Brake Circuit Remaining Life Ratio [%]	
Product Informa-	Motor – Resolution	Un084	Linear Encoder Pitch (Scale pitch = Un084 × 10 ^{Un085} [pm])	
tion	INIOTOL - NESOIUTION	Un085	Linear Encoder Pitch Exponent (Scale pitch = Un084 × 10 ^{Un085} [pm])	
	_	Un020	Rated Motor Speed [min ⁻¹]	
_	_	Un021	Maximum Motor Speed [min ⁻¹]	

^{*1.} You can use Un010 to monitor the upper limit setting for the maximum motor speed or the upper limit setting for the encoder output resolution.

You can monitor the upper limit of the encoder output resolution setting (Pn281) for the current maximum motor speed setting (Pn385), or you can monitor the upper limit of the maximum motor speed setting for the current encoder output resolution setting.

Select which signal to monitor with Pn080 = n.XDDD (Calculation Method for Maximum Speed or Divided Out-

put Pulses).

• If Pn080 = n.1□□□, the encoder output resolution (Pn281) that can be set is displayed.

• If Pn080 = n.1□□□, the maximum motor speed (Pn385) that can be set is displayed in mm/s.

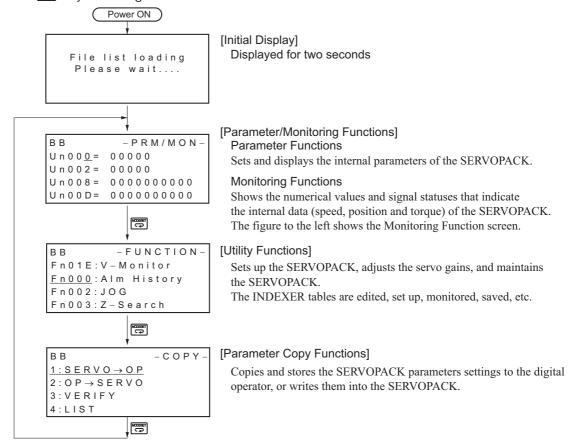
^{*2.} This applies to the following motors. The display will show 0 for all other models. SGM7J, SGM7A, SGM7P, SGM7G, SGM7E, SGM7F, and SGMCV

10.2

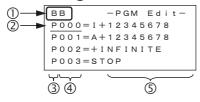
Operation of Digital Operator

10.2.1 Overview

Connect the digital operator to the SERVOPACK, and turn ON the power to the SERVOPACK. The initial display appears, and then the Parameter/Monitoring Function screen appears. Press the key to change the function.



Reading the Screen



• The SERVOPACK status is always displayed at the top left of the screen (①).

BB: Base blocked

RUN: Servomotor is ON

 $A.\Box\Box\Box$: Alarm/warning is in effect ($\Box\Box\Box$ is the alarm/warning code).

PT NT: Forward run and reverse run prohibited (Overtravel)

P-OT: Forward run prohibited (Overtravel)

N-OT: Reverse run prohibited (Overtravel)

P-LS: Forward software limit

N-LS: Reverse software limit

NO-OP: Setting disabled or setting error

HBB: During hard wire base block

- The figure of editing screen used in the program tables, ZONE tables and JOG speed tables has the following elements.
 - ②: The article and table number currently selected

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- ③: The article of the table
- 4: The table number
- ⑤: The table settings

Note: The line beneath POS000 shows that this indication is flashing. This line does not appear on the actual screen. Note also that the part that flashes is referred to as the cursor in this document.

10.2.2 Operation of Utility Functions

Utility Functions

The following table shows whether utility functions can be set or not with the digital operator.

Fn No.	Function	Possi- ble/Not Possible	Remarks and Reference
Fn000	Alarm history display	0	
Fn002	JOG operation	0	
Fn003	Origin search	0	
Fn004	Program JOG operation	0	
Fn005	Initializing parameter settings	0	
Fn006	Clearing alarm history	0	
Fn008	Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset	0	
Fn009	Autotune analog (speed/torque) reference offset	0	
Fn00A	Manually adjust speed reference offset	0	
Fn00B	Manually adjust torque reference offset	0	
Fn00C	Offset adjustment of analog monitor output	0	
Fn00D	Gain adjustment of analog monitor output	0	
Fn00E	Automatic offset-signal adjustment of motor current detection signal	0	
Fn00F	Manual offset-signal adjustment of motor current detection signal	0	
Fn010	Write prohibited setting	0	F. 7. Ocales Ocas Dates
Fn011	Servomotor model display	0	Σ-7-Series Servo Drive Digital Operator
Fn012	SERVOPACK software version display	0	Operating Manual
Fn013	Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm (A.CC0) occurs	0	(Manual No.: SIEP S800001 33)
Fn014	Resetting configuration error in option module	0	
Fn01B	Vibration detection level initialization	0	
Fn01E	Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID	0	
Fn01F	Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module	0	
Fn020	Origin setting	0	
Fn021	Reset Motor Type Alarm	0	
Fn030	Software reset	0	
Fn080	Polarity detection	0	
Fn200	Tuning-less levels setting	0	
Fn201	Advanced autotuning	0	
Fn202	Advanced autotuning by reference	0	
Fn203	One-parameter tuning	0	
Fn204	Anti-resonance control adjustment function	0	
Fn205	Vibration suppression function	0	
Fn206	EasyFFT	0	
Fn207	Online vibration monitor	0	

Continued on next page.

O: Possible x: Not possible

Continued from previous page.

Fn No.	Function	Possi- ble/Not Possible	Remarks and Reference
Fn060	Program table edit/save	0	Program Table Edit/Save (Fn060) on page 10-9
Fn061	ZONE table edit/save	0	ZONE Table Edit/Save (Fn061) on page 10-15
Fn062	JOG speed table edit/save	0	JOG Speed Table Edit/Save (Fn062) on page 10-17
Fn063	Program table initialization	0	Program Table Initialization (Fn063) on page 10-19
Fn064	ZONE table initialization	0	ZONE Table Initialization (Fn064) on page 10-20
Fn065	JOG speed table initialization	0	JOG Speed Table Initialization (Fn065) on page 10-21
Fn066	Absolute encoder origin setting	0	Absolute Encoder Origin Setting (Fn066) on page 10-22

O: Possible x: Not possible

Program Table Edit/Save (Fn060)

This function edits and saves program tables. Saving a program table to flash memory after editing it ensures that the data will be retained even after the control power has been turned OFF.

■ Codes Displayed on the Program Table Editing Screen

Refer to the following section for information on interpreting the displays.

Reading the Screen on page 10-7

PGM STEP	POS	SPD	RDST	RSPD	ACC	DEC	POUT	EVENT	LOOP	NEXT
0	P000	SPD000	RST000	RSP000	ACC000	DEC000	POUT000	EVT000	LOOP000	NEXT000
1	P001	SPD001	RST001	RSP001	ACC001	DEC001	POUT001	EVT001	LOOP001	NEXT001
:	:	÷	:	:	:	i i	÷		:	:
255	P255	SPD255	RST255	RSP255	ACC255	DEC255	POUT255	EVT255	LOOP255	NEXT255

Preparation

The following conditions must be met to edit and save program tables.

- The write-prohibited setting (Fn010) must not be set to write-protect parameters.
- The program must not be running or on hold.
- A program table save operation must not be in progress for any means other than the digital operator.

◆ Editing Program Table

The operating procedure when setting the acceleration (ACC) in program step 5 is explained here.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB	MODE/SET	Press the key to open the Utility Function Mode main menu, and move the cursor with the keys to select Fn060.

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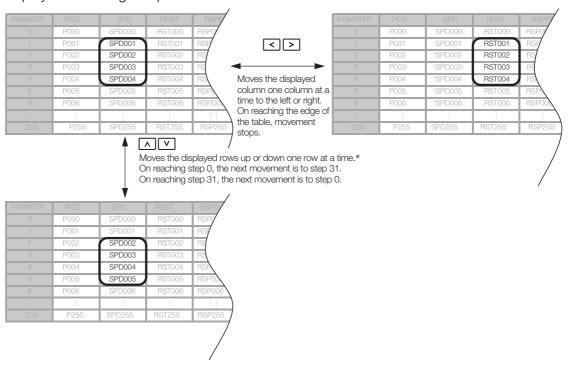
Continued from previous page.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
2	BB -PGM Edit- P000=STOP P001=STOP P002=STOP P003=STOP	DATA	Press the key to view the Fn060 operation screen.
3	BB -PGM Edit- ACC002=: ACC003=: ACC004=: ACC005=:		Move the cursor using the keys and keys (or the keys) to select the article and program step of the program table to be edited. Refer to the following section for details on the methods to move the cursor. Method for Moving the Cursor on page 10-11
4	BB -PGM Edit- ACC002=: ACC003=: ACC004=: ACC005=:	DATA	Press the key to move the cursor to the setting side of the table.
5	BB -PGM Edit- ACC002=: ACC003=: ACC004=: ACC005=0000 <u>1</u> 000	< > ^ V	Move the cursor with the <>> keys, and change the table settings with the <a>V keys.* Refer to the following section for detailed setting methods for each item. <a>Details on How to Set Table Settings on page 10-11
6	BB -PGM Edit- ACC002=: ACC003=: ACC004=: <u>ACC005</u> =00001000	DATA	Press the key to enter the setting. The cursor returns to the program table article and program step side.
7			completing the setting of all the program tables to by following the procedure in ◆ Saving Program

^{*} If setting is attempted in an operation prohibited state, it will not be possible to change the setting. In this case, make the setting again by referring to *▶* Preparation.

■ Method for Moving the Cursor

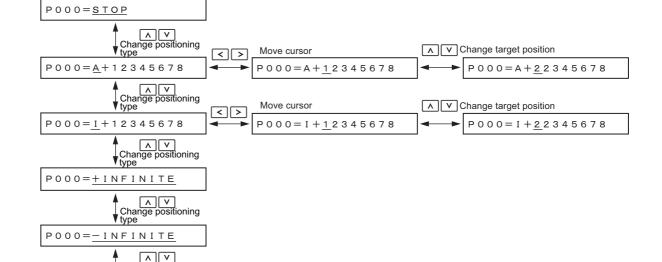
The values within the frames in the figure below are the articles and steps of the program table displayed at the digital operator.



Details on How to Set Table Settings

■ POS: Target Position

Details on the setting method for step 5 in *Editing Program Table* on page 10-9 are shown below.



Note: Refer to the following section for details on positioning types and target positions.

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Move cursor

P000=S+12345678

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

Change positioning

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type

P000=S+12345678

Change positioning

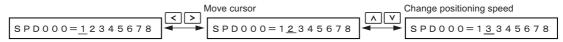
P000=--

10

Change target position

P 0 0 0 = S + 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

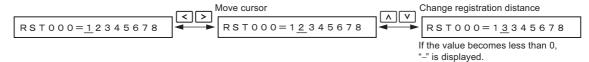
SPD: Positioning Speed



Note: Refer to the following section for details on the positioning speed.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

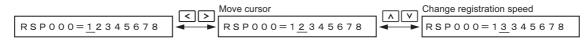
■ RDST: Registration Distance



Note: Refer to the following section for details on the registration distance.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

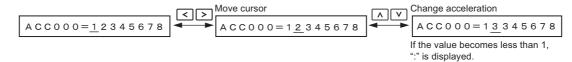
■ RSPD: Registration Speed



Note: Refer to the following section for details on the registration speed.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

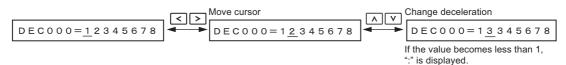
■ ACC: Acceleration



Note: Refer to the following section for details on the acceleration rate.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

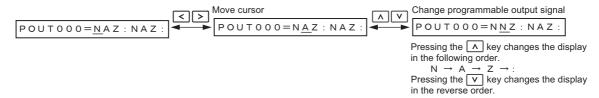
■ DEC: Deceleration



Note: Refer to the following section for details on the deceleration rate.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

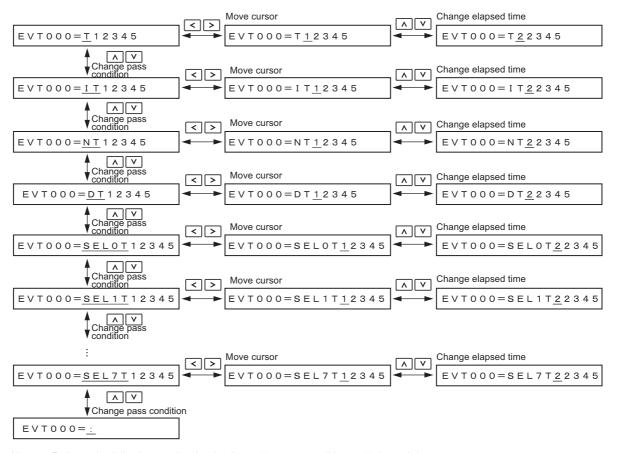
■ POUT: Programmable Output Signals



Note: Refer to the following section for details on the programmable output signals.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

■ EVENT: Pass Condition

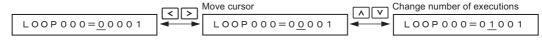


Note: 1. Refer to the following section for details on the pass condition and elapsed time.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

2. The default setting is EVT000 = IT00000.

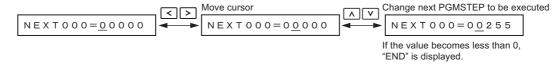
■ LOOP: Number of Executions



Note: Refer to the following section for details on the number of executions.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

■ NEXT: PGMSTEP to be Executed Next



Note: Refer to the following section for details on the program step to execute next.

7.3.4 Settings in the Program Table on page 7-15

◆ Saving Program Tables

The operating procedure for saving program tables is shown below.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -PGM Edit- P000=STOP P001=STOP P002=STOP P003=STOP	-	Display the program table editing screen.
2	BB -PGM Edit- STORE PGM TABLE? CANCEL STORE	WRITE SERVO	Press the key to view the program table save operation screen.
3	BB -PGM Edit- STORE PGM TABLE? CANCEL STORE	< >	Move the cursor with the keys to select "STORE". Note: Selecting "CANCEL" and pressing the way will return the display to the program table editing screen.
4	BB — PGM Edit— Storing now Please wait.	DATA	Press the was key to start saving the program table to flash memory.* Do not turn OFF the control power supply until saving has been completed normally.
5	BB -PGM Edit- POS000=STOP POS001=STOP POS002=STOP POS003=STOP	-	When saving to flash memory has been completed normally, the display returns to the program table editing screen.
6	BB -FUNCTION- Fn207 V-Monitor Fn060 PGM Edit Fn061 ZONE Edit Fn062 JSPD Edit	MODESET	Press the key to return to the Utility Function Mode main menu.

^{*} If the key is pressed in an operation prohibited state, "Error." is displayed for approximately 2 seconds and then the display returns to the program table editing screen. In this case, make the setting again by referring to Preparation.

ZONE Table Edit/Save (Fn061)

This function edits and saves ZONE tables. Saving a ZONE table to flash memory after editing it ensures that the data will be retained even after the control power has been turned OFF.

■ Codes Displayed on the ZONE Table Editing Screen

For details on how to read the screen, refer to Reading the Screen on page 10-7.

ZONE Number	ZONE P	ZONE N
0	ZP000	ZN000
1	ZP001	ZN001
:	•	•
7	ZP007	ZN007

Preparation

The following conditions must be met to edit and save ZONE tables.

- The write-prohibited setting (Fn010) must not be set to write-protect parameters.
- A ZONE table save operation must not be in progress for any means other than the digital operator.

◆ Editing ZONE Tables

The operating procedure when setting ZONE N in ZONE number 5 is explained here.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn060 PGM Edit Fn061 ZONE Edit Fn062 JSPD Edit Fn063 PGM Init	MODE/SET	Press the key to open the Utility Function Mode main menu, and move the cursor with the keys to select Fn061.
2	BB -ZONE Edit- ZP000=+000000000 ZP001=+00000000 ZP002=+00000000 ZP003=+00000000	DATA	Press the key to view the Fn061 operation screen.
3	BB -ZONE Edit- ZN002=+00000000 ZN003=+00000000 ZN004=+00000000 ZN005=+00000000	< > ^ V	Move the cursor using the <>> keys and A v keys to select the ZONE table number to be edited. Refer to the following section for details on the methods to move the cursor. # Method for Moving the Cursor on page 10-11
4	BB -ZONE Edit- ZN002=+00000000 ZN003=+00000000 ZN004=+00000000 ZN005=+00000000	DATA	Press the wax key to move the cursor to the setting side of the table.
5	BB -ZONE Edit- ZN002=+00000000 ZN003=+00000000 ZN004=+00000000 ZN005=+12345678	< > ^ V	Move the cursor using the <>> keys and change the ZONE boundary values using the A v keys.*
6	BB -ZONE Edit- ZN002=+00000000 ZN003=+00000000 ZN004=+00000000 ZN005=+12345678	DATA	Press the key to enter the setting. The cursor returns to the ZONE table number side.
7	Repeat steps 3 to 6 to set the	ZONE table. On co	mpleting the setting of all the ZONE tables to be

^{*} If setting is attempted in an operation prohibited state, it will not be possible to change the setting. In this case, make the setting again by referring to ◆ Preparation.

used, save the ZONE tables to flash memory by following the procedure in ◆ Saving ZONE Tables.

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■ Method for Moving the Cursor

The values within the frames in the figure below are the ZONE table numbers displayed at the digital operator.

ZONE Number	ZONE P	ZONE N		ZONE Number	ZONE P	ZONE N
0	ZP000	ZN 000			ZP000	ZN 000
1	ZP001	ZN001		1	ZP001	ZN 001
2	ZP002	ZN 002	Moves the displayed	2	ZP002	ZN 002
3	ZP003	ZN 003	column one column	3	ZP003	ZN 003
4	ZP004	ZN004	at a time to the left or right.	4	ZP004	ZN 004
5	ZP005	ZN005	On reaching the edge		ZP005	ZN 005
6	ZP006	ZN006	of the table,		ZP006	ZN 006
	:	:	movement stops.		:	:
7	ZP007	ZN007			ZP007	ZN007



Moves the displayed rows up or down one row at a time.* On reaching step 0, the next movement is to step 7.

On reaching step 7, the next movement is to step 0.

ZONE Number	ZONE P	ZONE N
0	ZP000	ZN000
1	ZP001	ZN001
2	ZP002	ZN002
3	ZP003	ZN003
4	ZP004	ZN004
5	ZP005	ZN005
6	ZP006	ZN006
	:	:
7	ZP007	ZN007

◆ Saving ZONE Tables

The operating procedure for saving ZONE tables is shown below.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -ZONE Edit- <u>ZPOO0</u> =+00000000 ZPO01=+00000000 ZPO02=+00000000 ZPO03=+00000000	_	Display the ZONE table editing screen.
2	BB -ZONE Edit- STORE ZONE TABLE? CANCEL STORE	WRITE SERVO	Press the key to view the ZONE table save screen.
3	BB -ZONE Edit- STORE ZONE TABLE? CANCEL STORE	< >	Move the cursor with the <> keys to select "STORE". Note: Selecting "CANCEL" and pressing the key will return the display to the ZONE table editing screen.
4	BB —ZONE Edit— Storing now Please wait.	DATA	Press the key to start saving the ZONE table to flash memory.* Do not turn OFF the control power supply until saving has been completed normally.

Continued on next page.

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Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
5	BB -ZONE Edit- <u>ZP000</u> =+00000000 ZP001=+00000000 ZP002=+00000000 ZP003=+00000000	-	When saving to flash memory has been completed normally, the display returns to the ZONE table editing screen.
6	BB — FUNCTION— Fn060 PGM Edit Fn061 ZONE Edit Fn062 JSPD Edit Fn063 PGM Init	MODE/SET	Press the key to return to the Utility Function Mode main menu.

^{*} If the key is pressed in an operation prohibited state, "Error." is displayed for approximately 2 seconds and then the display returns to the ZONE table editing screen. In this case, make the setting again by referring to Preparation.

JOG Speed Table Edit/Save (Fn062)

This function edits and saves JOG speed tables. Saving a JOG speed table to flash memory after editing it ensures that the data will be retained even after the control power has been turned OFF.

Refer to the following section for information on interpreting the displays.

Reading the Screen on page 10-7

Preparation

The following conditions must be met to save and edit JOG speed tables.

- The write-prohibited setting (Fn010) must not be set to write-protect parameters.
- A JOG speed table save operation must not be in progress for any means other than the digital operator.

◆ Editing JOG Speed Tables

The operating procedure when setting the value for JOG speed table number 5 is explained here.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB — FUNCTION— Fn061 ZONE Edit Fn062 JSPD Edit Fn063 PGM Init Fn064 ZONE Init	MODE/SET CO	Press the key to open the Utility Function Mode main menu, and move the cursor with the keys to select Fn062.
2	BB -JSPD Edit- <u>JSP000</u> =00001000 JSP001=00001000 JSP002=00001000 JSP003=00001000	DATA	Press the key to view the Fn062 operation screen.
3	BB -JSPD Edit- JSP002=00001000 JSP003=00001000 JSP004=00001000 JSP005=00001000	A V	Move the cursor using the \(\times \) keys to select the JOG speed table number to be edited. Pressing the \(\times \) key when the cursor is on JOG speed table number 0 moves it to number 7. Pressing the \(\times \) key when the cursor is on JOG speed table number 7 moves it to number 0.
4	BB -JSPD Edit- JSP002=00001000 JSP003=00001000 JSP004=00001000 JSP005=00001000	DATA	Press the key to move the cursor to the setting side of the table.
5	BB -JSPD Edit- JSP002=00001000 JSP003=00001000 JSP004=00001000 JSP005=12345678	< > ^ V	Move the cursor with the <>> keys, and change the JOG speed setting with the <>\bullet \bullet

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Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
6	BB -JSPD Edit- JSP002=00001000 JSP003=00001000 JSP004=00001000 JSP005=12345678	DATA	Press the [DAND] key to enter the setting. The cursor returns to the JOG speed table number side.	
7	Repeat steps 3 to 6 to set the JOG speed table. On completing the setting of all the JOG speed tables to be used, save the JOG speed tables to flash memory by following the procedure in <i>◆ Saving JOG Speed Tables</i> .			

^{*} If setting is attempted in an operation prohibited state, it will not be possible to change the setting. In this case, make the setting again by referring to *▶* Preparation.

◆ Saving JOG Speed Tables

The operating procedure for saving JOG speed tables is shown below.

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -JSPD Edit- <u>JSP000</u> =00001000 JSP001=00001000 JSP002=00001000 JSP003=00001000	-	Display the JOG speed table editing screen.
2	BB -JSPD Edit- STORE JSPD TABLE? CANCEL STORE	WRITE SERVO	Press the water key to view the JOG speed table save screen.
3	BB -JSPD Edit- STORE JSPD TABLE? CANCEL <u>STORE</u>	< >	Move the cursor with the <>> keys to select "STORE". Note: Selecting "CANCEL" and pressing the key will return the display to the JOG speed table editing screen.
4	BB —JSPD Edit— Storing now Please wait.	DATA	Press the key to start saving the JOG speed table to flash memory.* Do not turn OFF the control power supply until saving has been completed normally.
5	BB -JSPD Edit- <u>JSP000</u> =00001000 JSP001=00001000 JSP002=00001000 JSP003=00001000	-	When saving to flash memory has been completed normally, the display returns to the JOG speed table editing screen.
6	BB -FUNCTION- Fn061 ZONE Edit Fn062 JSPD Edit Fn063 PGM Init Fn064 ZONE Init	MODE/SET	Press the key to return to the Utility Function Mode main menu.

^{*} If the wax key is pressed in an operation prohibited state, "Error." is displayed for approximately 2 seconds and then the display returns to the JOG speed table editing screen. In this case, make the setting again by referring to Preparation.

Program Table Initialization (Fn063)

This function initializes the program tables and restores the default settings.

Preparation

The following conditions must be met to initialize the program table.

- The write-prohibited setting (Fn010) must not be set to write-protect parameters.
- The program must not be running or on hold.
- A program table initialization must not be in progress for any means other than the digital operator.

◆ Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn062 JSPD Edit Fn063 PGM Init Fn064 ZONE Init Fn065 JSPD Init	MODE/SET	Press the key to open the Utility Function Mode main menu, and move the cursor with the keys to select Fn063.
2	BB — PGM Init— Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the key to view the Fn063 operation screen.
3	BB — PGM Init— Restoring now Please wait.	DATA	Press the was key to start program table initialization.* Do not turn OFF the control power supply until initialization has been completed normally. To cancel the Fn063 operation, press the key before pressing the key. The display returns to the Utility Function Mode main menu without executing the operation.
4	BB — PGM Init— Done. Press [SET] key.	-	When program table initialization has been completed normally, "Done." is displayed.
5	BB -FUNCTION- Fn062 JSPD Edit Fn063 PGM Init Fn064 ZONE Init Fn065 JSPD Init	MODE/SET	Press the 🛱 key to return to the Utility Function Mode main menu.

^{*} If the wax key is pressed in an operation prohibited state, "Error." is displayed for approximately 2 seconds and then the display returns to the Fn063 operation screen. In this case, make the setting again by referring to Preparation.

ZONE Table Initialization (Fn064)

This function initializes ZONE tables and restores the default settings.

Preparation

The following conditions must be met to initialize ZONE tables.

- The write-prohibited setting (Fn010) must not be set to write-protect parameters.
- A ZONE table initialization must not be in progress for any means other than the digital operator.

◆ Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB — FUNCTION— Fn063 PGM Init Fn064 ZONE Init Fn065 JSPD Init	MODE/SET	Press the key to open the Utility Function Mode main menu, and move the cursor with the keys to select Fn064.
2	BB —ZONE Init— Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the key to view the Fn064 operation screen.
3	BB -ZONE Init- Restoring now Please wait.	DATA	Press the key to start ZONE table initialization.* Do not turn OFF the control power supply until initialization has been completed normally. To cancel the Fn064 operation, press the key before pressing the key. The display returns to the Utility Function Mode main menu without executing the operation.
4	BB —ZONE Init— Done. Press [SET] key.	-	When ZONE table initialization has been completed normally, "Done." is displayed.
5	BB -FUNCTION- Fn063 PGM Init Fn064 ZONE Init Fn065 JSPD Init	MODE/SET	Press the key to return to the Utility Function Mode main menu.

^{*} If the way key is pressed in an operation prohibited state, "Error." is displayed for approximately 2 seconds and then the display returns to the Fn064 operation screen. In this case, make the setting again by referring to Preparation.

JOG Speed Table Initialization (Fn065)

This function initializes JOG speed tables and restores the default settings.

Preparation

The following conditions must be met to initialize JOG speed tables.

- The write-prohibited setting (Fn010) must not be set to write-protect parameters.
- A JOG speed table initialization must not be in progress for any means other than the digital operator.

◆ Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn064 ZONE Init Fn065 JSPD Init	MODE/SET V	Press the key to open the Utility Function Mode main menu, and move the cursor with the keys to select Fn065.
2	BB — JSPD Init— Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the key to view the Fn065 operation screen.
3	BB -JSPD Init- Restoring now Please wait.	DATA	Press the was key to start JOG speed table initialization.* Do not turn OFF the control power supply until initialization has been completed normally. To cancel the Fn065 operation, press the key before pressing the key. The display returns to the Utility Function Mode main menu without executing the operation.
4	BB -JSPD Init- Done. Press [SET] key.	-	When JOG speed table initialization has been completed normally, "Done." is displayed.
5	BB -FUNCTION- Fn064 ZONE Init Fn065 JSPD Init	MODE/SET	Press the key to return to the Utility Function Mode main menu.

^{*} If the wax key is pressed in an operation prohibited state, "Error." is displayed for approximately 2 seconds and then the display returns to the Fn065 operation screen. In this case, make the setting again by referring to Preparation.

Absolute Encoder Origin Setting (Fn066)

This utility function replaces the current position with a specified position. Also updates Pn63C with the absolute position offset value to achieve the position specified by this utility function.

A DANGER

This function replaces the coordinates of the reference position and is therefore very dangerous. After executing this function, check that the new coordinates match the reference position before starting operation.



- If the settings for any of parameters Pn20E to Pn210, Pn205, or PnB20 to Pn63C have been changed, turn the control power supply off and back on to bring the settings into effect before executing operation.
- The absolute position offset value is saved in parameter Pn63C, so do not rewrite this value.

Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform the absolute encoder origin setting.

- The write-prohibited setting (Fn010) must not be set to write-protect parameters.
- Distribution of position references must not be in progress.
- The absolute position offset value must not be outside the range for Pn63C.
- An absolute encoder must be connected and Pn002 must be set to n. □0□□.

Operating Procedure

Step	Display after Operation	Keys	Operation	
1	BB -FUNCTION- Fn065 JSPD Init Fn066 ZSET Fn080 Pole Detect Fn200 TuneLv1set	MODE/SET	Press the key to open the Utility Function Mode main menu, and move the cursor with the keys to select Fn066.	
2	BB -ZSET- Pos=+00000000 Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	DATA	Press the key to view the Fn066 operation screen.	
3	BB -ZSET- Pos=+00001000 Start : [DATA] Return: [SET]	< > ^ V	Move the cursor with the <>> keys, and change the setting for the position whose current position is to be replaced with the <a>\textbf{v} keys.	
4	BB —ZSET— Storing now	DATA	Press the wax key to start origin setting.* Do not turn off the control power supply until origin setting has been completed normally. To cancel the Fn066 operation, press the way key before pressing the key. The display returns to the Utility Function Mode main menu without executing the operation.	
5	BB -ZSET- Done. Press [SET] key.	-	When origin setting has been completed normally, "Done." is displayed.	
6	BB —FUNCTION— Fn065 JSPD Init Fn066 ZSET Fn080 Pole Detect Fn200 TuneLv1set	MODE/SET)	Press the key to return to the Utility Function Mode main menu.	
7		nat the current distributed position (PUN) and the current (actual) motor position (PFB) have if to the specified positions by executing FnB0A.		

^{*} If the key is pressed in an operation prohibited state, "Error." is displayed for approximately 2 seconds and then the display returns to the Fn066 operation screen. In this case, make the setting again by referring to Preparation on page 10-21

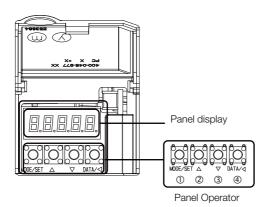
10.3 Panel Operator

10.3.1 Panel Operator Key Names and Functions

The Panel Operator consists of a panel display and Panel Operator keys.

You can use the Panel Operator to set parameters, display status, execute utility functions, and monitor SERVOPACK operation.

The Panel Operator key names and functions are given below.

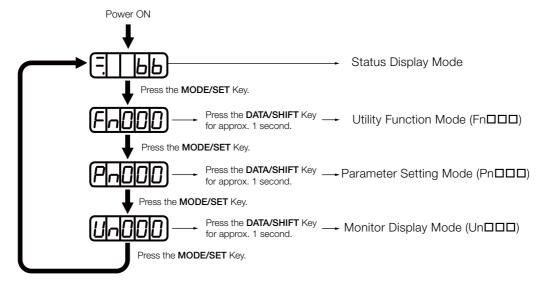


Key No.	Key Name	Function	
①	MODE/SET Key	Changes the display.Confirms settings.	
2	UP Key	Increases the setting.	
3	DOWN Key	Decreases the setting.	
4	DATA/SHIFT Key	 Displays the setting. To display the setting, press the DATA/SHIFT Key for approximately one second. Moves to the next digit on the left when a digit is flashing. 	

10.3.2 Changing Modes

Press the MODE/SET Key to change between the modes as shown below.

Refer to the reference pages for the operating procedures in each function mode.



10.3.3 Status Displays

Information

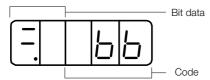
You can change the setting of Pn52F (Monitor Display at Startup) to display the Monitor Display Mode instead of the Status Display Mode after the power supply is turned ON. Set Pn52F to the Un number of the monitor display to display after the power supply is turned ON.

	Monitor Display at Startup			Speed	Position Torque
Pn52F	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Default Setting	When Enabled	Classification
	0000 to 0FFF	_	OFFF	Immediately	Setup

If OFFF is set (default setting), the SERVOPACK will enter the Status Display Mode after the power supply is turned ON.

10.3.3 Status Displays

The status is displayed as described below.



· Interpreting Bit Data

Display	Meaning
8.8	Control Power ON Display Lit while the SERVOPACK control power is ON. Not lit if the SERVOPACK control power is OFF.
8.8	Base Block Display Lit if the servo is OFF. Not lit while the servo is ON.
8.8	During Speed Control: /V-CMP (Speed Coincidence Detection) Signal Display Lit if the difference between the Servomotor speed and the reference speed is the same as or less than the setting of Pn503 or Pn582. (The default setting is 10 min ⁻¹ or 10 mm/s.) Always lit during torque control. Additional Information If there is noise in the reference voltage during speed control, the horizontal segment (-) on the top of the leftmost digit on the Panel Operator display may flash. Refer to the following manual and implement countermeasures against noise. Σ-7-Series Σ-7S SERVOPACK with Analog Voltage/Pulse Train References Product Manual (Manual No.: SIEP S800001 26) During Position Control: /COIN (Positioning Completion) Signal Display Lit if the deviation between the position reference and actual motor position is equal to or less than the setting of Pn522. (The default setting is 7 reference units.) Not lit it the deviation exceeds the setting.
88.	/TGON (Rotation Detection) Signal Display Lit if the Servomotor speed is higher than the setting of Pn502 or Pn581 and not lit if the speed is lower than the setting. (The default setting is 20 min ⁻¹ or 20 mm/s.)
88.	During Speed Control: Speed Reference Input Display Lit if the current input reference is larger than the setting of Pn502 or Pn581 and not lit if the reference is smaller than the setting. (The default setting is 20 min ⁻¹ or 20 mm/s.) During Position Control: Reference Pulse Input Display Lit while reference pulses are being input. Not lit if reference pulses are not being input.
88	During Torque Control: Torque Reference Input Display Lit if the current input torque reference is larger than the specified value (10% of the rated torque) and not lit if the reference is smaller than the specified value. During Position Control: Clear Signal Input Display Lit while the clear signal is being input. Not lit if the clear signal is not being input.
88.	Power Ready Display Lit while the main circuit power supply is ON. Not lit if the main circuit power supply is OFF.

• Interpreting Codes

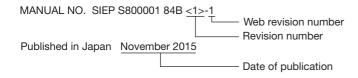
Display	Meaning	Display	Meaning
	Base Block Active Indicates that the servo is OFF.		Safety Function Indicates that the SERVOPACK is in
run	Operation in Progress Indicates that the servo is ON.	יטוטויון	the hard wire base block state due to a safety function.
Pob	Forward Drive Prohibited Indicates that the P-OT (Forward Drive Prohibit) signal is open.	(Example: Operation in Progress Status)	Test without Motor in Progress Indicates that the test without a motor is in progress. The status display changes according
not	Reverse Drive Prohibited Indicates that the N-OT (Reverse Drive Prohibit) signal is open.	(Displayed alternately.)	to the status of Servomotor and SERVOPACK. However, tSt will not be displayed during a test without a motor even if an alarm occurs.
FSE	Forced Stop Status Indicates that the FSTP (Force Stop Input) signal forced the Servomotor to stop.	020	Alarm Status Flashes the alarm number.
PLS	Forward Software Limit Indicates that the specified target position exceeds the forward software limit (Pn638).	INLIS)	Reverse Software Limit Indicates that the specified target position exceeds the reverse software limit (Pn63A).

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Revision History

The revision dates and numbers of the revised manuals are given on the bottom of the back cover.



Date of Publication	Rev. No.	Web Rev. No.	Section	Revised Contents
November 2024	<13>	0	Preface, 3.1, 3.2.1, 5.1.1, 6.2.1, 8.1.2, 9.2.2, 10.1.2	Partly revised.
April 2024	<12>	0	Preface	Partly revised.
September 2023	<11>	0	2.1, 3.1, 8.1.2	Partly revised.
			Back cover	Revision: Address
February 2023 <10> 0	0	Preface, 1.2, 6.5.1, 8.1.2, 8.2.3, 10.1.1, 10.2.2	Partly revised.	
			Back cover	Revision: Address
September 2022	<9>	0	7.4.6	Addition: Timing of Signal Changes
			Back cover	Revision: Address
August 2021	<8>	0	All chapters	Partly revised.
August 2020	<7>	0	Preface, 8.1.1, 8.1.2, 8.2.3, 10.1.2	Partly revised.
February 2020	<6>	0	Preface, chapters 9, 10	Partly revised.
			Back cover	Revision: Address
November 2019	<5>	0	Preface, chapters 5, 6, 8, 9, 10	Partly revised.
			Back cover	Revision: Address
October 2018	<4>	0	All chapters	Partly revised.
			6.5.1, 10.1.1	Deletion: Fn066
			2.1	Built-in regenerative resistor power loss for SGD7S-120A, -180A, -200A
		[7.4.3	Revision: /JSPD → /JOG
			9.2.2	Deletion: Pn52D
			Back cover	Revision: Address
December 2017	<3>	0	6.1	Completely revised.
			7.2.2, 7.2.3, 8.1.3, 9.2.2, 10.1.2	Addition: Information on pressing homing
			7.3.7	Revision: Content indicated with * in the illustration for Performing Registration
			8.2	Addition: A.941 Revision: Warning number of INDEXER function
			8.2.3	Addition: E65E
			9.2.2	Revision: Pn000 = n.□□0□ to n.□□2□
			10.1.2	Addition: Information on Un095
August 2017	<2>	0	Preface	Revision: Information on certification for UL standards and European directives
			1.2.1	Revision: Information on hardware options specifications
			2.3	Revision: Mounting type
			3.2	Partly revised.
			Back cover	Revision: Address
March 2017	<1>	0	All chapters	Completely revised
			Back cover	Revision: Address
November 2015	_	_		First edition

Σ -7-Series AC Servo Drive

Σ -7S SERVOPACK with FT/EX Specification for Indexing Application Product Manual

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